## HB 743 – Crimes Evidencing Prejudice (Similar SB 940)

Amends s. 775.085, F.S., including that the commission of a felony or misdemeanor evidences prejudice "in whole or in part" for each potential victim category, and also adds "gender" and "gender identity" to the potential basis for prejudice, while also deleting victim and adding "any person" in its place. Gender identity is defined as "a person's gender-related identity, appearance, or behavior, regardless of whether such gender-related identity, appearance, or behavior is different from that traditionally associated with the person's physiology or assigned sex at birth." This bill also amends s. 775.0863, F.S., also adding "in whole or in part" for evidencing prejudice while committing an offense against "any person" (replacing victim) with a disability. Disability is now defined as "a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of a person's major life activities." With this bill, the penalty for any felony or misdemeanor shall be reclassified as provided in this subsection if during the commission of such felony or misdemeanor evidencing prejudice is in whole or in part based on currently existing victim categories, as well as gender or gender identity and the newly expanded definition of disability.

2<sup>nd</sup> degree misdemeanor increased to 1<sup>st</sup> degree misdemeanor 1<sup>st</sup> degree misdemeanor increased to 3<sup>rd</sup> degree felony 3<sup>rd</sup> degree felony increased to 2<sup>nd</sup> degree felony 2<sup>nd</sup> degree felony increased to 1<sup>st</sup> degree felony 1<sup>st</sup> degree felony increased to life felony

Nationwide, the Uniform Crime Reports (UCR) for 2017 note that there were 40 known offenders who committed offenses with Anti-Male/Anti-Female motivations. There were 137 known offenders who committed offenses with Anti-Transgender/Anti-Gender Non-Conforming motivations. However, it is unknown how many states currently have these laws. Per FDLE's statewide UCR, in 2017, there were 40 offenses motivated by sexual orientation, with 11 arrests, and no offenses based on mental or physical disabilities. Also per FDLE's Computerized Criminal History (CCH) files, in FY 17-18, there were 7 arrests, with adjudication withheld for a 3<sup>rd</sup> degree felony under s. 775.085, F.S., with arrests possibly overlapping with UCR. There were no arrests under s. 775.0863, F.S. and nobody has been sentenced for evidencing prejudice during an offense against someone with a mental or physical disability. However, since these statutes reclassify felonies, such acts might not be captured in the initial arrest.

Since July 1, 2012 there have been two adjudications withheld for 3<sup>rd</sup> degree felonies under s. 775.085, F.S., and one 1<sup>st</sup> degree misdemeanor guilty conviction. Per DOC, 1 (adj.) person was sentenced in FY 17-18 who committed a misdemeanor that was elevated to a felony by this statute, but that person was not sentenced to prison. Furthermore, DOC does not have data available on those felonies that were increased due to this statute.

**CONFERENCE ADOPTED ESTIMATE: Positive Insignificant** 

Requested by: House