Revenue Source: Ad Valorem

Issue: Tax Exemptions for Veteran Recipient of Certain Medals

Bill Number(s): CS/SJR1686

✓ Entire Bill✓ Partial Bill:

Sponsor(s): Senator Collins

Month/Year Impact Begins: 2025 Real Property Tax Roll Date(s) Conference Reviewed: February 16, 2024

Section 1: Narrative

a. Current Law: While there are a variety of existing exemptions for Veterans, none are specifically for those receiving specific
medals.

- b. Proposed Change: A new homestead exemption is created up to \$10,000 for veterans who receive any of the following military medals:
 - a. The Purple Heart.
 - b. The Medal of Honor.
 - c. The Navy Cross.
 - d. The Air Force Cross.
 - e. The Distinguished Service Cross.
 - f. The Distinguished Service Medal with Combat V.
 - g. The Silver Star.
 - h. The Legion of Merit with Combat V.
 - i. The Distinguished Flying Cross.
 - j. The Bronze Star with Combat V.

Section 2: Description of Data and Sources

<u>Compensation and Pension by County and State 2019</u> (latest), U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs Congressional Medal of Honor Society

2023 Millage and Taxes Levied Report, 2023 Final Data Book published by Property Tax Oversight Results of the Demographic Estimating Conference, November 28, 2023 2019 Final Real Property Tax Roll

Section 3: Methodology (Include Assumptions and Attach Details)

Based on data available from US Veteran's Affairs and the real property tax roll, approximately 7.9% of permanently disabled veterans or their surviving spouses have a homestead in Florida. It is assumed that the same share applies to all veterans and their surviving spouses. Informal research conducted revealed a total of 1,835,587 of the identified medals awarded. Based on the Congressional Medal of Honor Society, 1.8% of the medal recipients are alive today. This survival rate is applied to all medals without a discernable start date. For those that start in the 1950s, a 50% survival rate is assumed. This implies a total of 43,858 surviving recipients of any of the relevant medals. Assuming 7.9% of those veterans or their surviving spouses live in Florida and the average exemption amount would be \$10,000, the impact on taxable value would be \$34,660,362 million. Aggregate millage rates are applied and the value is grown forward using the population growth rate.

This bill goes into effect January 1, 2025 and first impacts the 2025-26 fiscal year. The bill is a joint resolution submitted to the voters, and as such, has a zero/negative indeterminate impact. The impact is zero if the resolution fails to pass, or the below table if it passes.

	High		Middle		Low	
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
2024-25			\$0	\$(1.5 M)		
2025-26			\$(1.5 M)	\$(1.5 M)		
2026-27			\$(1.5 M)	\$(1.5 M)		
2027-28			\$(1.5 M)	\$(1.5 M)		
2028-29			\$(1.5 M)	\$(1.5 M)		

Revenue Source: Ad Valorem

Issue: Tax Exemptions for Veteran Recipient of Certain Medals

Bill Number(s): CS/SJR1686

Section 4: Proposed Fiscal Impact

	Н	igh	Mi	ddle	Low	
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
2024-25			0	(0/**)		
2025-26			(0/**)	(0/**)		
2026-27			(0/**)	(0/**)		
2027-28			(0/**)	(0/**)		
2028-29			(0/**)	(0/**)		

Revenue Distribution: Ad Valorem

Section 5: Consensus Estimate (Adopted: 02/16/2024): The Conference adopted the proposed estimate. The bill is a joint resolution submitted to the voters, and as such, has a zero/negative indeterminate impact.

	GR		Trust		Local/Other		Total	
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
2024-25	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/(**)	0.0	0/(**)
2025-26	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/(**)	0/(**)	0/(**)	0/(**)
2026-27	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/(**)	0/(**)	0/(**)	0/(**)
2027-28	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/(**)	0/(**)	0/(**)	0/(**)
2028-29	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/(**)	0/(**)	0/(**)	0/(**)

Note: The impact is zero if the resolution fails to pass, or the below table if it passes.

	Scho	ool	Non-S	chool	Total Local/Other		
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	
2024-25	0.0	(0.6)	0.0	(1.0)	0.0	(1.5)	
2025-26	(0.6)	(0.6)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.5)	(1.5)	
2026-27	(0.6)	(0.6)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.5)	(1.5)	
2027-28	(0.6)	(0.6)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.5)	(1.5)	
2028-29	(0.6)	(0.6)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.5)	(1.5)	

		1 5			I -	-	
	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G
1	2023 Aggregate I						
2	School	5.9923					
3	Non-School	10.3792					
4							
5	Number of Service- Connected Disability- Rating Status and Ratings for Civilian Veterans 18 Years and Over (2019)	776,458	55,440 in Florida				
6	Number of Homestead 196.081 Exemptions - Permanently and Totally Disabled Veterans and Surviving Spouses (2019)	61,169					
7	Number of Homestead 196.091 Exemptions - Disabled Veterans Confined to Wheelchars and Surviving Spouses (2019)	194					
8	Share of Disabled Service Members or Surviving Spouses with a Homestead in Florida						
9	Total Medals	1,835,587					
	Surviving Rate - Unbound	6.7%					
10	Set	0.770					
	Surviving Rate - Set	50.0%					
11	Awarded After Vietnam	50.070					
12	Total Medal Recipients	132,661	10,500	Florida DVA Provided p	ool		
	Average Exemption	\$ 10,000					
13	Amount	\$ 10,000	10.0%	Estimated overlap with	exisiting exemptions		
		ć (0.4 500 000)					
14	Impact on Taxable Value	\$ (94,500,000)					
15	School Impact	\$ (566,272)					
16	Non-School Impact	\$ (980,834)					
17	Tron sensor impact	ψ (500)05 1/					
-	Fiscal Year	Growth					
	2024-25	0.0%					
_	2025-26	0.0%					
_							
	2026-27	0.0%					
22	2027-28	0.0%					
	2028-29	0.0%					
24							
25				Impact on School			
26		Hi	gh	Mid	ddle	Lo	DW .
27		Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
28	2024-25			\$0	\$(0.6 M)		
29	2025-26			\$(0.6 M)	\$(0.6 M)		
30	2026-27			\$(0.6 M)	\$(0.6 M)		
31	2027-28			\$(0.6 M)	\$(0.6 M)		
32	2028-29			\$(0.6 M)	\$(0.6 M)		
33							
34			In	npact on Non-School			
35		Hi	gh	•	ddle	Lo	DW .
36		Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
37	2024-25			\$0	\$(1.0 M)		
38	2025-26			\$(1.0 M)	\$(1.0 M)		
39	2026-27			\$(1.0 M)	\$(1.0 M)		
40	2027-28			\$(1.0 M)	\$(1.0 M)		
41	2028-29			\$(1.0 M)	\$(1.0 M)		
42							
43		L.	I.	Total Impact	L	<u>I</u>	I.
44		Шί	gh	•	ddle	1,	DW .
45		Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
	2024-25	Cusii	necurring	\$0	\$(1.5 M)	Cusii	necurring
46			l				
46 47				\$(1.5 M/)	S(1 5 M)		
47	2025-26			\$(1.5 M) \$(1.5 M)	\$(1.5 M) \$(1.5 M)		
47 48	2025-26 2026-27			\$(1.5 M)	\$(1.5 M)		
47	2025-26						

Revenue Source: Ad Valorem

Issue: Tax Exemptions for Veteran Recipient of Certain Medals (Implementing Bill)

Bill Number(s): CS/CS/SB1684

✓ Entire Bill✓ Partial Bill:

Sponsor(s): Senator Collins

Month/Year Impact Begins: 2025 Real Property Tax Roll Date(s) Conference Reviewed: February 16, 2024

Section 1: Narrative

a. Current Law: While there are a variety of existing exemptions for Veterans, none are specifically for those receiving specific medals.

- **b. Proposed Change**: A new homestead exemption is created up to \$10,000 for veterans who receive any of the following military medals:
 - a. The Purple Heart.
 - b. The Medal of Honor.
 - c. The Navy Cross.
 - d. The Air Force Cross.
 - e. The Distinguished Service Cross.
 - f. The Distinguished Service Medal with Combat V.
 - g. The Silver Star.
 - h. The Legion of Merit with Combat V.
 - The Distinguished Flying Cross.
 - j. The Bronze Star with Combat V.

Section 2: Description of Data and Sources

<u>Compensation and Pension by County and State 2019</u> (latest), U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs Congressional Medal of Honor Society

2023 Millage and Taxes Levied Report, 2023 Final Data Book published by Property Tax Oversight Results of the Demographic Estimating Conference, November 28, 2023 2019 Final Real Property Tax Roll

Section 3: Methodology (Include Assumptions and Attach Details)

Based on data available from US Veteran's Affairs and the real property tax roll, approximately 7.9% of permanently disabled veterans or their surviving spouses have a homestead in Florida. It is assumed that the same share applies to all veterans and their surviving spouses. Informal research conducted revealed a total of 1,835,587 of the identified medals awarded. Based on the Congressional Medal of Honor Society, 1.8% of the medal recipients are alive today. This survival rate is applied to all medals without a discernable start date. For those that start in the 1950s, a 50% survival rate is assumed. This implies a total of 43,858 surviving recipients of any of the relevant medals. Assuming 7.9% of those veterans or their surviving spouses live in Florida and the average exemption amount would be \$10,000, the impact on taxable value would be \$34,660,362 million. Aggregate millage rates are applied.

This implementing bill goes into effect on January 1, 2025, based on CS/SJR1686. The impact of the implementing bill is zero due to the resolution being self-executing.

Section 4: Proposed Fiscal Impact

	High		Mic	ldle	Low	
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
2024-25			\$0	\$0		
2025-26			\$0	\$0		
2026-27			\$0	\$0		
2027-28			\$0	\$0		
2028-29			\$0	\$0		

Revenue Source: Ad Valorem

Issue: Tax Exemptions for Veteran Recipient of Certain Medals (Implementing Bill)

Bill Number(s): CS/CS/SB1684

Revenue Distribution: Ad Valorem

Section 5: Consensus Estimate (Adopted: 02/16/2026): The impact of the implementing bill is zero due to the resolution being self-executing.

	GR		Tr	Trust		Local/Other		Total	
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	
2024-25	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2025-26	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2026-27	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2027-28	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2028-29	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

Revenue Source: Corporate Income Tax

Issue: Individuals with Unique Abilities Tax Credit Program

Bill Number(s): HB7073, Section 18

Entire Bill

✓ Partial Bill: Section 18

Sponsor(s): Representative McClain Month/Year Impact Begins: July 1, 2024

Date(s) Conference Reviewed: February 16, 2024

Section 1: Narrative

a. Current Law: There is currently no persons with unique abilities tax credit.

b. Proposed Change: 220.1992 is created as the Individuals with Unique Abilities Tax Credit Program. For a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2024, a qualified taxpayer is eligible for a credit against their corporate income tax liability in an amount up to \$1,000 for each "qualified employee" such taxpayer employed during the taxable year. "Qualified employee" means an individual who has a disability, as that term is defined in s. 413.801, and has been employed for at least six months by a qualified taxpayer. The tax credit shall equal one dollar for each hour the qualified employee worked during the taxable year, up to 1,000 hours. A taxpayer may not claim a tax credit of more than \$10,000 in any one taxable year. A taxpayer may carry forward any unused portion of a tax credit under this section for up to five taxable years. The total amount of the tax credits which may be granted under this section is \$5 million in each of state fiscal years 2024-2025, 2025-2026, 2026-2027.

Section 2: Description of Data and Sources

Corporate Income Tax Return Data General Revenue Estimating Conference, January 16, 2024

Section 3: Methodology (Include Assumptions and Attach Details)

Reaching the \$5 million cap would mean there were 5,000 disabled individuals working at least 1,000 hours annually, and with the \$10K cap on individual taxpayers that would result in a minimum of 500 taxpayers employing 10 employees considered disabled applying for the credit to hit the cap. For context, there are roughly 260,000 CIT taxpayers with an average liability of approximately \$12,000.

The bill indicates: "Qualified employee" means an *individual* who *has* a disability, as that term is defined in s. 413.801, and has been employed for at least six months by a qualified taxpayer. It is unclear what term this sentence is referring to. The analysis assumes it refers to "*Individuals* who *have* a disability" which is not a term used in the proposed language. Section 413.801(2)(b), F.S, defines those individuals that would enable their employer to be eligible for this tax credit program:

"Individuals who have a disability" means persons who have a physical or intellectual impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, persons who have a history or record of such an impairment, or persons who are perceived by others as having such an impairment.

Because the disability qualification is expansive and allowed to be perception based, the pool of eligible individuals is potentially all employees in the state. As such it is estimated that the \$5 million cap will be met in Fiscal Years 2024-25, 2025-26, and 2026-27. It is assumed that there is no funding available and there will be no credit in Fiscal Years 2027-28 and 2028-29. This is presented as the low. If instead there is simply no cap to the amount of credits that can be claimed in those fiscal years, the high calculates a return-by-return estimate based on 2022-23 liability where all filers are granted a \$10,000 credit. This amount totals \$164,925,658 and is grown out to Fiscal Year 2028-29 using the Corporate Income Tax growth rate from the latest General Revenue Estimating Conference.

Section 4: Proposed Fiscal Impact

	H	igh	Mid	ddle	Low		
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	
2024-25	\$(5.0)	\$(5.0)			\$(5.0)	\$(5.0)	
2025-26	\$(5.0) \$(5.0)				\$(5.0)	\$(5.0)	
2026-27	\$(5.0)	\$(5.0)			\$(5.0)	\$(5.0)	
2027-28	\$(184.4)	\$(184.4)			\$0	\$0	
2028-29	\$(187.0)	\$(187.0)			\$0	\$0	

Revenue Source: Corporate Income Tax

Issue: Individuals with Unique Abilities Tax Credit Program

Bill Number(s): <u>HB7073, Section 18</u>

Revenue Distribution: Corporate Income Tax

Section 5: Consensus Estimate (Adopted: 02/16/2024): The Conference adopted the low estimate with no recurring impact.

	GR		Trust		Local/Other		Total	
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
2024-25	(5.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(5.0)	0.0
2025-26	(5.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(5.0)	0.0
2026-27	(5.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(5.0)	0.0
2027-28	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2028-29	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax

Issue: Back-to-School Sales Tax Holiday, 1x14 Days, \$100 Clothing/\$50 Supplies/\$1,500 or less Computers, Calculators & Others

Bill Number(s): HB 7073, SPB 7074

Entire Bill

Partial Bill: Section 27, Section 44

Sponsor(s): Representative McClain, Finance and Tax

Month/Year Impact Begins: The sales tax holiday will affect July and August 2024 activity and, subsequently, August and September

collections.

Date(s) Conference Reviewed: 2/16/2024

Section 1: Narrative

a. Current Law:

Under current law in Ch. 212, F.S., clothing, school supplies, learning aides and jigsaw puzzles, and computers and related accessories purchased in store or online are subject to the 6% Sales and Use Tax.

b. Proposed Change:

<u>Duration:</u> The sales tax holiday is proposed for one 14-day period beginning on July 29 through August 11, 2024.

Clothing: The bill exempts sales of "clothing, wallets, or bags, including handbags, backpacks, fanny packs, and diaper bags, but excluding briefcases, suitcases, and other garment bags" from the Sales and Use Tax as long as the sales price of the item does not exceed \$100. Clothing is defined as "any article of wearing apparel intended to be worn on or about the human body, excluding watches, watchbands, jewelry, umbrellas, and handkerchiefs," and including all footwear except for "skis, swim fins, roller blades, and skates."

<u>School Supplies</u>: During this same period, sales of school supplies having a sales price of \$50 or less per item are exempt from the Sales and Use Tax. School supplies are defined as "pens, pencils, erasers, crayons, notebooks, notebook filler paper, legal pads, binders, lunch boxes, construction paper, markers, folders, poster board, composition books, poster paper, scissors, cellophane tape, glue or paste, rulers, computer disks, staplers and staples used to secure paper products, protractors, and compasses." Calculators are not in school supplies.

<u>Learning aids and jigsaw puzzles</u>: Also exempt are learning aids and jigsaw puzzles having a sales price of \$30 or less. The term "learning aids" means "flashcards or other learning cards, matching or other memory games, puzzle books and search-and-find books, interactive or electronic books and toys intended to teach reading or math skills, and stacking or nesting blocks or sets."

Computers: Also exempt are personal computers or personal computer-related accessories purchased for noncommercial home or personal use, having a sales price of \$1,500 or less per item. Exempted items include "electronic book readers, calculators, laptops, desktops, handhelds, tablets, and tower computers" and related accessories including "keyboards, mice, personal digital assistants, monitors (not including devices with a television tuner), other peripheral devices, modems, routers, and nonrecreational software, regardless of whether the accessories are used in association with a personal computer base unit." The exemption does not apply to "cellular telephones, video game consoles, digital media receivers, or devices that are not primarily designed to process data." Related accessories do not include "furniture or systems, devices, software, monitors with a television tuner, or peripherals designed or intended primarily for recreational use."

The tax exemptions do not apply to sales within a theme park or entertainment complex, as defined in 509.013(9), Florida Statutes, within a public lodging establishment, as defined in 509.013(4), Florida Statutes or within an airport, as defined in 330.27(2), Florida Statutes.

The bill allows a dealer to "opt out" of the sales tax holiday if "less than five percent of the dealer's gross sales of tangible personal property in the prior calendar year are comprised of items that would be exempt" under the legislation. If the qualifying dealer chooses not to participate in the tax holiday, the dealer must notify the Department of Revenue in writing and post a copy of that notice in a conspicuous location at the place of business.

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax

Issue: Back-to-School Sales Tax Holiday, 1x14 Days, \$100 Clothing/\$50 Supplies/\$1,500 or less Computers, Calculators & Others

Bill Number(s): HB 7073, SPB 7074

Section 2: Description of Data and Sources

- Clothing and Shoes expenditures forecast, December 2023 National Economic Estimating Conference.
- Consumer Computer expenditures forecast, December 2023 National Economic Estimating Conference.
- U.S. Population (total and 65+), 3rd Quarter estimates, December 2023 National Economic Estimating Conference.
- Florida Population (total and 65+), 3rd Quarter estimates, November 2023 Demographic Estimating Conference.
- Estimates of Florida public school enrollment, August 2023 K-12 Enrollment Estimating Conference.
- Estimates of Florida private school enrollment, Private School Annual Report 2022-2023 (Florida Department of Education). Available at http://www.fldoe.org/schools/school-choice/private-schools/annual-reports.stml.
- Estimates of Florida public and private college/university fall enrollment, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (National Center for Education Statistics). Available at www.nces.ed.gov/ipeds. Estimates include Florida College System institutions, State Universities, career centers, and private institutions eligible to participate in the EASE or ABLE tuition assistance programs. Last accessed 12/13/2023.

Section 3: Methodology (Include Assumptions and Attach Details)

NOTE: The methodology below offers some incremental modifications to deriving taxable expenditures from consumer expenditure estimates.

<u>Clothing/Shoes/Backpacks</u>: Florida expenditures for clothing and shoes are derived from total national expenditures for clothing and shoes using Florida population (adjusted for ages 65+). The total Florida annual expenditures are converted to a 1-day amount and assume that 55% of the expenditures would be under the \$100 limit. Backpacks are assumed to be included in clothing. Backpacks are included in the clothing total. An advantage buying factor is also applied.

This impact is built to eliminate items, such as baby & toddler clothing and baby diapers, that are exempt from sales tax per HB 7063 Section 17 (2023). The clothing estimate in Back-to-School is reduced to exclude baby and toddler clothing and baby diapers from the expenditures categories. Baby diapers are considered clothing in the DOR TIP and in the Consumer Expenditure Survey.

School Supplies: For school supplies (including staplers), an amount of expenditures is assumed per student, by grade level. The per student expenditure is multiplied by the estimated number of students enrolled in public or private elementary and secondary schools, Florida Colleges, State Universities, public technical colleges/career centers, and private colleges/universities. The estimated total expenditure by students is increased for advantage business spending by 20% and an additional 10% is added for the extended list. It is assumed that 90% of expenditures would be under the \$50 limit.

<u>Learning Aids & Jigsaw Puzzles</u>: Florida expenditures for games, toys, and hobbies are derived from total national expenditures for games, toys, and hobbies using Florida population. It is assumed that learning aids and jigsaw puzzles as defined represent 10% of the category. The total Florida annual expenditures are converted to a 1-day amount and assume that 40% of the expenditures in the category would be under the \$30 limit. An advantage buying factor to account for additional purchasing is used.

<u>Computers</u>: Florida expenditures are derived from total national expenditures for computers and peripherals using Florida population. In addition to hardware expenditures, expenditures for computer software and accessories are added. Since only certain modes of software sales are subject to sales tax (if the software is purchased in a Florida store), only a share of expenditures on software are included. Expenditures for Calculators, Typewriters & Other are used to estimate expenditures for calculators. The total Florida expenditures are adjusted for the percentage of total expenditures assumed to be exempt. An advantage buy factor is added for additional purchases by the general public. Purchases for commercial use are not exempt.

<u>Calculators</u>: Calculators are included in computers. They are removed from school supplies. The price cap for computers applies. As a result, it is assumed that virtually all calculators will fall under the exemption and the exempted amount based on purchase price percentage is 100 percent.

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax

Issue: Back-to-School Sales Tax Holiday, 1x14 Days, \$100 Clothing/\$50 Supplies/\$1,500 or less Computers, Calculators & Others

Bill Number(s): HB 7073, SPB 7074

<u>Duration</u>: The duration is one 14-day period: 7/29/2024 - 8/11/2024.

Section 1001.42 (4)(f) provides that the opening date for schools in the district may not be earlier than August 10 of each year (August 10 is on Saturday in 2024). During school year 2023-24, out of 67 county school districts, 61 districts opened for students on August 10 (Thursday). It is likely that school supplies are purchased and sometimes required to be dropped off at school prior to the start of the school year. In prior years, some retailers, especially some frequented by lower-income consumers, have started their back-to-school sales promotions close to the beginning of July, thus possibly incentivizing consumers to purchase ahead of the sales tax holidays, while the required items are still in stock and potentially shifting sales outside of the sales tax exemption window. Another factor potentially reducing the impact during the prescribed period may be that school supply bundles tailored to each grade in a school are offered by school community associations in May of the prior school year.

The dates of the exemption period might make it less likely that parents will be purchasing the bulk of students' school supplies, clothing, or technology sales tax free. The National Conference of State Legislatures notes, "sales tax holidays also are viewed as a way to potentially mitigate the regressivity of sales taxes, which disproportionately affect low-income taxpayers." 1

			(NOI	NRECURRING)				
		2	024-25					
	Expenditure Type	P	PROPOSED	ADOPTED				
1	Clothing & Shoes - \$100 or Less	9	(56.6)					
2	School Supplies - \$50 or Less	9	(11.6)					
3	Learning Aids and Jigsaw Puzzles - \$30 or Less	9	(8.0)					
4	Personal Computers and Related Accessories - \$1,500 or Less	9	\$ (17.7)					
5	Total Impact	9	(86.7)					
	*Estimates in millions of dollars							

Section 4: Proposed Fiscal Impact: The impact is nonrecurring for FY 2024-25 only. The sales tax holiday will affect July and August 2024 activity and, subsequently, August and September collections.

Millions of Dollars

	F	ligh	Mic	ddle	Low	
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
2024-25			(86.7)			
2025-26						
2026-27						
2027-28						
2028-29						

Revenue Distribution: Sales and Use Tax

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¹ National Conference of State Legislatures, Back to School, Back to Sales Tax Holidays, by Jackson Brainerd, 8/31/2021, https://www.ncsl.org/fiscal/back-to-school-back-to-sales-tax-holidays

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax

Issue: Back-to-School Sales Tax Holiday, 1x14 Days, \$100 Clothing/\$50 Supplies/\$1,500 or less Computers, Calculators & Others

Bill Number(s): HB 7073, SPB 7074

Section 5: Consensus Estimate (Adopted: 02/16/2024): The Conference adopted the proposed estimate.

	GR		Tru	Trust		Revenue Sharing		Local Half Cent	
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	
2024-25	(76.7)	0.0	(Insignificant)	0.0	(2.6)	0.0	(7.4)	0.0	
2025-26	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2026-27	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2027-28	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2028-29	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

	6% Sub	-Total	Add: Loc	al Option	Total		
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	
2024-25	(86.7)	0.0	(10.5)	0.0	(97.2)	0.0	
2025-26	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0	
2026-27	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2027-28	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2028-29	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

	В	С	D	F	G	Н
2					•	•
3		HB 7073, S				
4			chool Sales Tax Holiday - 2 Weeks			
5		2/16/2024				
6					14	Days
7					:	2 Weeks
8					7/29/202	4 Start
9					8/11/202	
10						
15						
16						
17						
18					(No	ONRECURRING)
20					2024-25	
21			Expenditure Type		PROPOSED	ADOPTED
22			Shoes - \$100 or Less		\$ (56.6	5)
23			oplies - \$50 or Less		\$ (11.6	5)
24			ids and Jigsaw Puzzles - \$30 or Less		\$ (0.8	
25			omputers and Related Accessories - \$1,500 or Less		\$ (17.7	/
26	5		Total Impact		\$ (86.7	/
27				*Estimates in	millions of dollars	3
28 29 30						
30						
31						
32						
33						
31 32 33 34 35						
36						

	A I B I	С	D	Е	F	G		Н	
2	HB 7073, SPB 7074 SALES TAX								
3	HOLIDAY -CLOTHING								
	HOLIDAT GEOTHING		4.4	D					
4				Days					
5			2	Weeks					
6			7/29/2024	Start					
7									
			8/11/2024	Ena					
8									
14									
15	2024-25			Estimate					
16	1 National Personal Expenditure on Clothing and Shoes (Mln. \$)			514,105.1					
17	CONVERTED to TAXABLE SALES			0.1,10011					
18	CONVERTED TO THE OFFICE OF THE OFFICE				Adopted Share of Boy	s & Girls ages 2	-5 in ages 2-15	5 clothina & includ	ded in Baby & Toddl
19				Annual expenditures			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,
20	Men 16+			453.91					
21	Boys 2-15			107.07	29.54				
22	Women 16+			643.75					
23	Girls 2-15			91.46					
24	Children under 2			73.9	73.90)			
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	Men's footwear			145.3					
2b	Boys' footwear Women's footwear			48 48		•			
28	Girls' footwear			32.37	8.93				
29	Total			1643.76	150.84		9% Alr	eady included in E	Baby & Toddler Clotl
30								,	
31									
32									
33	National Personal Expenditure on Clothing and Shoes (Mln. \$)			466,929.6					
34	LESS BABY AND TODDLER CLOTHING & SHOES								
33 34 35 36 37									
36									
37	- FI : 1 O	0.00/		04 500 0					
38	2 Florida Share based on Population Forecast (Mln. \$)	6.8%		31,523.3					
39				KEPT ADJUSTMI	ENI				
40 41	3 Florida Expenditures on Apparel & Shoes (adjusted for 65+)	96.8%		30,526.7					
41									
42									
43									
44	4 Sales Tax at 6%	6.0%		1,831.6					
45									
46	5 Exempted Amount			1,282.1					
47	Assumption	55%		70.0%					
48	, 100 a.m.p.1011	5570		70.070					
49	6 Preliminary Per Day Fiscal Impact in Florida	1		(3.5)					
50	o Fremininary Fer Day Fiscal Impact III Florida	1		(3.5)					
51	7 Number of Days in the Heliday			(40.0)					
	7 Number of Days in the Holiday	14		(49.2)					
52				/=					
	a Advantage Buying	1.150		(7.38)					
	Base Adjustment for Tourists			<u>-</u>					
	c Total Adjustment			(7.38)					
56									
57	9 Adjusted Fiscal Impact in Florida			(56.6)	•				
58				Excludes baby &	toddler clothing &	baby diapers			
58 59				•	J				
60									
61									
62	11 Total Impact			(\$56.6)	•				
62 63	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			(ψου.υ)					
64									

	Α	В	С	D I	E F
1	٨	<u>P</u> 2/16/2		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
2		HB 7073, SPB 7074			
		•	L. D.:!		
3		SALES TAX HOLIDAY - SCHOOL SUPPLIES (Incl Staplers, FI			
19			14	Days	
20			2	Weeks	
21			7/29/2024	Start	
22			8/11/2024	End	
23					
29		2024-25			
29		2024-23			
			Expenditures	Number of	Total
31	Row	Grade Level	per Student	Students	Expenditures
32	1	PreK	22.00	78,213	1.7
33	2	KG	22.00	251,586	5.5
34	3	1	22.00	266,142	5.9
35	4	2	22.00	271,002	6.0
36	5	3	27.00	282,185	7.6
37	6	4	29.00	275,028	8.0
38	7	5	29.00	285,682	8.3
39	8	6	34.00	265,852	9.0
40	9	7	34.00	271,260	9.2
41	10	8	34.00	282,355	9.6
42	11	9	37.00	279,820	10.4
43	12	10	37.00	277,410	10.3
44	13	11	37.00	266,619	9.9
45	14	12	37.00	249,863	9.2
46	15	Total PK-12		3,603,015	110.5
47	16	Total HigherEd	38.00	1,440,531	54.7
48	17	Total All Students		5,043,546	165.3
49					
50					
51					
52					
53					
54	18	Advantage Buying by Business, General Public			
55	19	20% Factor to move to 14 days + 10% for Expanded List			49.6
56		·			20% + 10%
57					-
58		Remove calculators from school supplies	1.0%		0.5
59		• •			49.1
60					·
61	20	School Supplies			Adopted
	21	• •	60/		
62	∠1	Total Sales Tax	6%		12.9
63		Assumption: share of items under price limit	90%		11.6
64		-			****
65	22	Total Impact			(\$11.6)
66					

	Α	В	С	D	E
2		HB 7073, SPB 7074			2/16/2024
3		SALES TAX HOLIDAY - LEARNING AIDS & JIGSAW PUZZLES			
4				14	Days
5					Weeks
6				7/29/2024	Start
7				8/11/2024	
8				0/11/2024	LIIG
15					
16					
17		2024-25	Adopted		<u>Proposed</u>
18		National Personal Expenditure on Games, Toys, and Hobbies (Mln. \$)			116,157.4
19		CONVERTED to TAXABLE SALES			-, -
20		Assumed Share for Learning Toys & Jigsaw Puzzles		10.0%	11,615.7
21	2	Florida Share based on Population Forecast (Mln. \$)		6.7%	775.3
22					
26		ASSUMED OVERLAP WITH TOYS (Freedom Summer)		100.0%	775.3
27		Color Tour et CO/			40.5
28 29	4	Sales Tax at 6%			46.5
30	5	Exempted Amount			18.6
31		Assumption of Items under Price Limit		40%	40.0%
32		Assumption of items under Frice Limit		40 /6	40.076
33	6	Preliminary Per Day Fiscal Impact in Florida		1	(0.05)
34				•	(3.33)
35	7	Number of Days in the Holiday		14	(0.7)
36					
37	8	Advantage Buying		1.150	(0.11)
38					(2.2)
39	9	Adjusted Fiscal Impact in Florida			(0.8)
40 41					
41	10	Total Impact			(\$0.8)
44	10	Total Impact			(\$0.0)

	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G
2		HB7073, SPB 7074					2/16/2024
3		SALES TAX HOLIDAY - COMPUTERS = \$1,500 or less, in	ncluding calcu	lators			_
4					14	Days	
5						Weeks	
6					7/29/2024	Start	
7					8/11/2024		
-					0/11/2024	LIIU	
8							
14							
15							
16							
17		2024-25			Adopted		
		BEA/ NEEC forecast			Computers &	Computer	Calculators,
1.		National Information Processing Equipment			Peripheral	Software &	Typewriters &
18 19		Annual expenditures		¢ mln	Equipment	Accessories	Other 398.1
20		Annual expenditures converted to taxable sales Percent of category		\$ mln	90,666.7 100%	215,544.6 5%	50%
21	2	Percent of category			90,666.7	10,777.2	199.0
21		IBIS World Industry Report 44312, Computer Stores in the US, estimates	that 61.5% of con	nuter st	,	10,777.2	199.0
22		from sales of computers, while 5.6% of sales come from sales of softwar		,,			
24							
25	4	Florida Share based on Population Forecast	6.8%	\$ mln	6,121.1	727.6	13.4
30							
31	5	Annual Sales Tax at 6%	6.0%	\$ mln	367.3	43.7	0.8
32							
33		5		•	4		
34	6	Exempted Amount based on Purchase Price		\$ mln		32.7	0.81
35 36					75.0%	75.0%	100.0%
36					\$1500 or Less	\$1500 or Less	\$1500 or Less
38	7	Preliminary Per Day Fiscal Impact in Florida	1.0	\$ mln	0.75	0.09	0.002
	·	Trommary Cor Day Floods Impact In Florida		Ψ	00	0.00	0.002
39							
40 41	0	14-Day Holiday	1.1	\$ mln	10.6	1.3	0.031
42	0	Assumption (55% - 30% - 25%)	14	ψιιιιι	10.0	1.5	0.031
43		Assumption (35 % - 30 % - 25 %)					
44	9	Advantage Buying by the General Public	50.0%		5.3	0.6	0.015
45	Ŭ	That amage 2 aying 2y and content alone	00.070		0.0	0.0	0.0.0
47	10				(\$15.8)	(\$1.9)	\$0.000
48					(\$10.0)	(+)	\$0.000
49		Total Impact		\$ mln		(\$17.7)]
50							
51		Commission Franchism Korr					
52		Computers Exemption Key	000/				
53		First \$1500	80% 75%				
54 55		First \$1000 First \$750	75% 50%				
56		\$1500 or Less	70%				
57		\$1000 or Less	70% 55%				
58		\$750 or Less	55% 45%				
Oδ		\$130 OI LESS	43%				

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax

Issue: Business Rent Tax 1-Year Rate Reduction

Bill Number(s): HB 7073

☐ Entire Bill

▼ Partial Bill: Section 10

Sponsor(s): Representative McClain **Month/Year Impact Begins**: July 1st, 2024

Date(s) Conference Reviewed: February 16th, 2024

Section 1: Narrative

a. Current Law: Commercial Rent is taxed at a 4.5% rate which is expected to decline to a 2% rate in June 2024 based on the most recent Reemployment Tax Trust Fund estimate.

b. Proposed Change: The commercial rent tax rate would be reduced to a 1.25% rate for Fiscal Year 2025, after which the rate becomes 2%.

Section 2: Description of Data and Sources

DOR Return Data

Jan 2024 Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund Estimating Conference

Jan 2024 General Revenue Estimating Conference (Business Investment Growth rates – adjusted for trust fund rate reduction)

Section 3: Methodology (Include Assumptions and Attach Details)

Taxable sales of commercial rent are measurable in DOR Return Data. The Business investment Growth Rates adopted at the January 2024 General Revenue Estimating Conference are adjusted for measures by removing the impact from the expected rate reduction to 2%. This "Measures Adjusted" Growth Rate series is used to grow the taxable sales of commercial rent in FY23 to FY25 levels. Once at FY25 levels, collections at both the 2% (per current law) and 1.25% (per proposal) levels are computed. The difference between these two levels is the impact.

An investigation into the lags of previous commercial rent rate reductions demonstrates that the *effective lag* is often very short, 2-3 days. Therefore, a 3-day lag is presented in this impact.

Section 4: Proposed Fiscal Impact

	Hi	igh	Midd	le	Low		
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	
2024-25			(\$306.1) M				
2025-26			(\$2.5) M				
2026-27							
2027-28							
2028-29							

Revenue Distribution: Sales and Use Tax

Section 5: Consensus Estimate (Adopted: 02/16/2024): The Conference adopted the proposed estimate but placed the entire impact in FY 2024-25.

	GR		Trust		Revenue	e Sharing	Local Half Cent		
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Cash Recurring		Recurring	Cash	Recurring	
2024-25	(273.3)	0.0	(Insignificant)	0.0	(9.2)	0.0	(26.2)	0.0	
2025-26	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	
2026-27	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2027-28	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2028-29	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

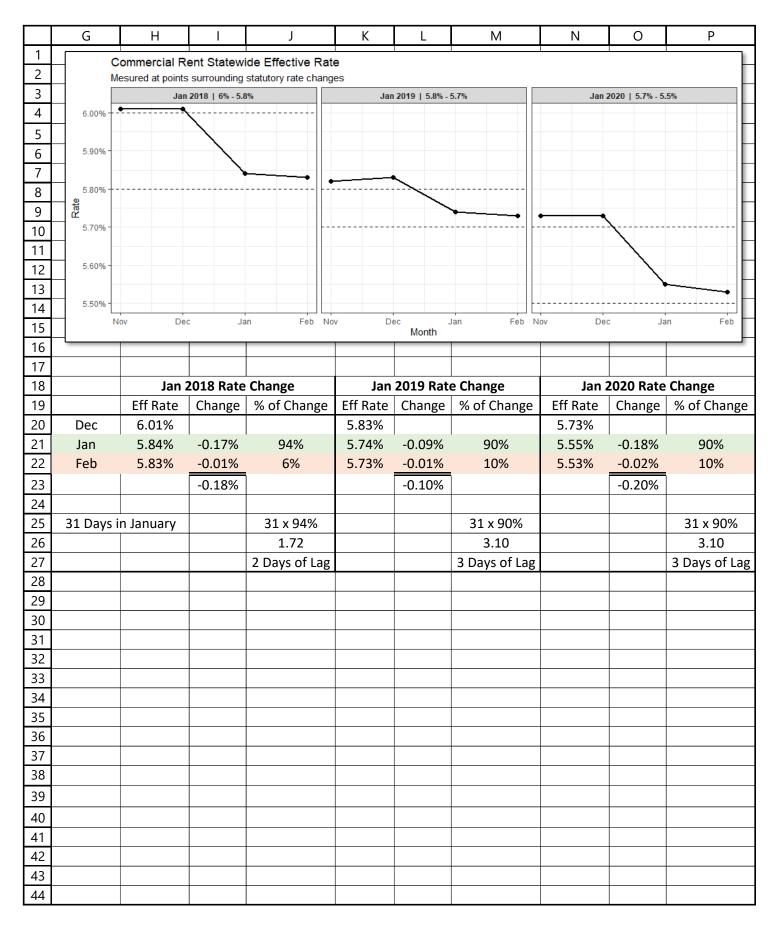
Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax

Issue: Business Rent Tax 1-Year Rate Reduction

Bill Number(s): HB 7073

	Local O	ption	Total	Local	Total		
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	
2024-25	0.0	0.0	(35.4)	0.0	(308.7)	0.0	
2025-26	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2026-27	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2027-28	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2028-29	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

	A		B		С	D	l E	F
1	Return	F'	Y23 Taxable Sales				_	•
2	DR-15	\$	25,929,496,831					
3	DR-15 EZ	\$	8,588,438,454					
4	DR-7 Members	\$	6,188,249,913					
5	Total	\$	40,706,185,198					
6			, , ,					
7								
8	2024 Leg. GR Sales Tax E	Busin	ess Investment			That -12.9% inclu	ides the	
9			Collections		Growth	anticipated drop		rate.
10	2022-23	\$	7,819.90			In order to meas		
11	2023-24	\$	7,825.30		0.1%	growth of the eco		
12	2024-25	\$	6,814.30	•	-12.9%	forecast must be remove this effective.	-	
13						remove this effect	J.	
14	2024 Leg. GR Sales Tax E	Busin	ess Investment Adjus	stmen	t			
15			Collections		Measures	Adj. Collections	Growth	
16	2022-23	\$	7,819.90			\$ 7,819.90		
17	2023-24	\$	7,825.30			\$ 7,825.30	0.1%	
18	2024-25	\$	6,814.30	\$	1,091.70	\$ 7,906.00	1.0%	
19								
_	2024 Leg. Business Inves	stme	<u>-</u>	ustme	d for Measures			
21	2023-24		0.1%					
22	2024-25		1.0%					
23								
24	Grown to 2024-25							
25			Taxable Sales					
	2022-23	\$	40,706,185,198					
	2023-24	\$	40,734,294,688					
28	2024-25	\$	41,154,375,398					
29								
30	FY25 Tax Collected at Pr							
31	4.50%	\$	1,851,946,893					
32	2.00%	\$	823,087,508					
33	1.25%	\$	514,429,692					
34								
35 36	Impact of rate reduction	fron	2 0% to 1 25%					
37	2024-25	\$	308,657,815					
38	202 4 -23	ې 	300,037,613					
39	Lag Factor (In Days)		0					
	Lag Factor (III Days)		U	ļ				
40			B 6: -L					
41			Midd	iie	Docurring			
42	2024 25	<u> </u>	Cash 209 657 915	\$	Recurring			
	2024-25	\$ ¢	308,657,815	i.	-			
44	2025-26	\$	-	\$	-			



Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax

Issue: Disaster Preparedness Sales Tax Holidays

Bill Number(s) - HB 7073 - Section 25, SPB 7074 - Section 42

Entire Bill

□ Partial Bill: Section 25, Section 42

Sponsor(s): Representative McClain, Finance and Tax

Month/Year Impact Begins: Sales Tax Holidays Dates: 6/1/2024 to 6/14/2024, Collections Affected: July 2024 and 8/24/2024 to

9/6/2024, Collections Affected: September 2024-October 2024

Date(s) Conference Reviewed: 2/16/2024

Section 1: Narrative

a. Current Law: Under current law in Ch. 212, all of the items listed in the bill are subject to the 6% Sales and Use Tax when purchased.

b. Proposed Change: The proposed language provides an exemption from sales tax for the items listed below that are purchased during the time period specified for two periods of 14 days each: 5/25/2024 to 6/7/2024, Collections Affected: June 2024-July 2024 and 8/24/2024 to 9/6/2024, Collections Affected: September 2024-October 2024.

(a)	Portable self-powered light source	\$	40 or less
(b)	Portable self-powered radio, two-way radio or weather band radio	\$	50 or less
(c)	Tarpaulin or other flexible waterproof sheeting	\$	100 or less
(d)	Ground anchor system or tie-down kit	\$	100 or less
(e)	Gas or diesel fuel tank	\$	50 or less
(f)	Package of AA-cell, AAA-cell, C-cell, D-cell, 6-volt or 9-volt batteries,		
	excluding automobile and boat batteries	\$	50 or less
(g)	Non-electric food storage cooler	\$	60 or less
(h)	Portable generator	\$3	3,000 or less
(i)	Reusable ice	\$	20 or less
(j)	Portable power bank	\$	60 or less
(k)	Smoke detector or smoke alarm	\$	70 or less
(I)	Fire extinguisher	\$	70 or less
(m)	Carbon monoxide detector	\$	70 or less

Supplies necessary for the evacuation of household pets, purchased for noncommercial use:

1.	Bags of dry pet food weighing 50 or fewer pounds	\$ 100 or less
2.	Cans or pouches of wet pet food or the equivalent in a box or case	\$ 10 or less
3.	Over-the-counter pet medications	\$ 100 or less
4.	Portable kennels or pet carriers	\$ 100 or less
5.	Manual can openers	\$ 15 or less
6.	Leashes, collars, and muzzles	\$ 20 or less
7.	Collapsible or travel-size food or water bowls	\$ 15 or less
8.	Cat litter weighing 25 or fewer pounds	\$ 25 or less
9.	Cat litter pans	\$ 15 or less
10	. Pet waste disposal bags	\$ 15 or less
11	. Pet pads	\$ 20 or less
12	. Hamster or rabbit substrate	\$ 15 or less
13	. Pet beds	\$ 40 or less

The tax exemption does not apply to sales within a theme park or entertainment complex; public lodging establishment; or within an airport.

Section 2: Description of Data and Sources

- Office of Insurance Regulation Hurricane Ian Information, Submitted claims as of January 2023 for 2022 Hurricane Ian, Claims Data by County for Top 20 Counties, https://www.floir.com/home/ian
- Various websites for price comparisons: www.lowes.com; www.homedepot.com; www.bestbuy.com;

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax

Issue: Disaster Preparedness Sales Tax Holidays

Bill Number(s) - HB 7073 - Section 25, SPB 7074 - Section 42

• U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Consumer Expenditure Survey, 2021 and 2022, Table R-1 All consumer units: Annual detailed expenditure means, standard errors, coefficients of variation, and weekly (D) or quarterly (I) percents reporting, Table Florida Quintiles of Income, 2020-21.

- Florida Demographic Estimating Conference, November 2023.
- Florida Economic Estimating Conference, December 2023.
- Florida Sales Tax Contributions from Households, Businesses and Tourists, Contributions to General Revenue from Sales Tax Collections in FY 2020-21, By http://edr.state.fl.us/Content/economy/FloridaSalesTaxContributions FY20-21.pdf

Section 3: Methodology (See attached.)

Data Source - CE

The methodology uses the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Expenditure Survey (CE) to estimate expenditures on the exempted items in Florida. The CE is the most detailed publicly available source of consumer expenditure data. BLS uses a direct survey and a consumer diary type of survey to collect data. Aggregate level data, such as income and total expenditures are available for Florida. However, data for the most detailed level of items is not available for Florida but is available for the US.

Aggregate Expenditures

Florida number of consumer units (households), average annual income, and average annual consumer expenditures from the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Expenditure Survey (CE) and grows them to the impact year by the growth rate of resident households from the FDEC and the growth rate in personal income from the FEEC respectively, assuming that the ratio of expenditures to income remained constant in the adjustment period. This process estimates aggregate annual consumer expenditures by Florida residents in the impact year.

Item's Share of Aggregate Expenditures

For each item or group of items, the analysis selects an expenditure category deemed most appropriate and likely to contain the exempt item or group of items. The decision is based on a review of the broad and detailed expenditure categories in the hierarchical structure of the CE, a review of adjacent categories, and a review of instructions to survey respondents. A further determination is made on whether the exempt items would comprise the entire expenditure category or only a relatively small share of the category.

Annual to Daily

Since the expenditure data include state and local sales tax, an adjustment is made to deduct state and local sales taxes from the expenditures to estimate taxable expenditures. The annual taxable expenditures for each category are used to calculate annual and average daily sales tax collections.

Length of Holiday, Shifted Timing of Purchases

The length of the holiday multiplied by average daily tax collections produces the base impact of the holiday, affecting purchases that happen on average regardless of any sales tax holidays. This forms the minimum impact of the holiday. It is further assumed that consumers are sensitive to pre-announced sales tax holidays and they will shift purchases from periods adjacent to the holiday into the holiday to take advantage of the sales tax savings. Specifically, this impact assumes that consumers shift one week before and one week after the holiday into the holiday period. This doubles the minimum holiday impact.

Factor Adjustments for Hurricanes, Businesses, Tourists or Shifted Level of Purchases

The methodology uses the following adjustment factors.

- Hurricane sensitivity adjustment factor: A ratio of the number of claims reported in the last fiscal year to the number of
 Florida resident households. The analysis assumes that consumers are most sensitive to disaster preparation immediately
 following a major disaster and such an even may induce purchases of disaster preparedness items that would not have
 otherwise occurred. The calculated factor is applied to sales tax collection to estimate additional induced purchases that
 otherwise may not have occurred. If no major hurricane occurred within the past year, the factor is not used.
- Business purchases factor: A ratio of business purchases to household purchases subject to sales tax based on Florida Sales
 Tax Contributions from Households, Businesses, and Tourists as published on the EDR website. Expenditure data in the CE
 reflects consumer purchases only. However, sales tax in Florida is generally paid by businesses as well, except in conditions

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax

Issue: Disaster Preparedness Sales Tax Holidays

Bill Number(s) - HB 7073 - Section 25, SPB 7074 - Section 42

as specified in statute. To account for business purchases of the exempt items, a business purchases factor is applied to sales tax collection from consumers to estimate additional business purchases of the exempt items. This is an estimate of average business purchases that occur on average in Florida regardless of the holiday. This factor may be varied to account for induced activity in addition to average activity or to account for reduced activity since the item does not have a business application.

- Tourists purchases factor: A ratio of tourists purchases to household purchases based on Florida Sales Tax Contributions from Households, Businesses, and Tourists as published on the EDR website. Expenditure data in the CE reflects <u>resident</u> consumer purchases only. In addition, the number of consumer units and FDEC household data only reflect resident households, not snowbirds or other types of visitors. To account for tourists purchases of the exempt items, a tourists purchases factor is applied to sales tax collection from consumers to estimate additional tourists purchases of the exempt items. This is an estimate of average tourists purchases that occur on average in Florida regardless of the holiday. This factor may be varied to account for induced activity in addition to average activity or to account for reduced activity since the item may rarely be purchased by tourists. The consumer expenditure data for residents also includes resident purchases out-of-state (tourism etc.). These expenditures have not been subtracted at present.
- Bill language conditions & exclusions factor: Includes price limits, bill modifications from price caps to "first XXX Dollars of" price and other price conditions, certain tourism-related dealers, impulse purchases, and other bill language exclusions not explicitly accounted for elsewhere.
- Effective sales tax factor (State + Local Option): Includes an adjustment to deduct state and local sales taxes, which are included in consumer expenditures to estimate taxable sales.

The following are some of the specific adjustments made in the analysis.

- 1. The series were updated with new FDEC, FEEC, NEEC, and Census Population Estimates.
- 2. The duration of the proposed sales tax holiday is two 14-day periods: the first period is June 1 June 14, 2024 and the second period is August 24 to September 6, 2024.
- 3. The price cap on portable generators is \$3,000.
 - a. To build the impact for over-the-counter pet medications with a sales price of \$100 or less per item, the holiday duration of 28 days is increased by an assumed additional 120 days to account for time-shifted purchases. In addition, the bill language and conditions factor accounts for the price cap of \$100 per item.

Section 4: Proposed Fiscal Impact:

Sales Tax Holiday Dates: 6/1/2024 to 6/14/2024, Collections Affected: July 2024 and 8/24/2024 to 9/6/2024, Collections Affected: September 2024-October 2024. The proposed impact is nonrecurring for FY 2024-25.

Millions of Dollars

	Hi	igh	Middle		Lo)W
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
2024-25			(71.5)			
2025-26						
2026-27						
2027-28						
2028-29						

Revenue Distribution: Sales and Use Tax

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax

Issue: Disaster Preparedness Sales Tax Holidays

Bill Number(s) – HB 7073 - Section 25, SPB 7074 - Section 42

Section 5: Consensus Estimate (Adopted: 02/16/2024): The Conference adopted the proposed estimate.

	(GR	Trust		Revenue	e Sharing	Local Half Cent	
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
2024-25	(63.3)	0.0	(Insignificant)	0.0	(2.1)	0.0	(6.1)	0.0
2025-26	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2026-27	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2027-28	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2028-29	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

	Local C	ption	Total	Local	Total		
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	
2024-25	(71.5)	0.0	(8.7)	0.0	(80.2)	0.0	
2025-26	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2026-27	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2027-28	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2028-29	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

2/16/2024 HB7073 - Section 25, SPB 7074 - Section 42

2024 Disaster Preparedness Sales Tax Holidays - 2 x 14 Days

28 Days 4 Weeks 6/1/2024 Start 6/14/2024 End

8/24/2024 Start 9/6/2024 End

BOTH PERIODS HAVE THE SAME IMPACT

2 x 14-Day Impact (TOTAL)

TOTAL IMPACT

Category	Items	Sales	Tax Collections
Disaster Preparedness	Portable self-powered radio, two-way radio or weather band radio	\$	16,819
Disaster Preparedness	Tarpaulin or other flexible waterproof sheeting	\$	1,734,056
Disaster Preparedness	Ground anchor system or tie-down kit, Gas or diesel fuel tank	\$	2,552,873
	Portable self-powered light source, Package of AA-cell, AAA-cell, C-cell, D-cell, 6-volt or 9-volt batteries, excluding automobile and boat batteries, Reusable ice, Non-		
Disaster Preparedness	electric food storage cooler	\$	11,261,581
Disaster Preparedness	Fire extinguisher, Smoke detector or smoke alarm, Carbon monoxide detector	\$	1,235,048
Disaster Preparedness	Portable power bank	\$	3,734,884
Disaster Preparedness	Portable generator	\$	1,161,111
Pets	Pet supplies	\$	6,944,539
Pets	Pet food	\$	31,136,084
Pets	Pet medications - OTC with a sales price of \$100 or less	\$	11,736,635
	Total	\$	71,513,629

	В	C	D I	E	F	G	Н	ı	
1		HB7073 - Secti	on 25, SPB7074 - Section 42			_		28	Days
-			edness Sales Tax Holidays - Disaster Preg	narodnose Itom	s and Pat Sunnline				Weeks
3		ASSUMPTIONS	curioss cales rax riolidays Disaster rick	Jai Caricoo itcii	is and i or ouppiles			6/1/2024	
			IVITY BUBOULACING ACCUMPTIONS					6/14/2024	
4 I		HURRICANE SENSIII	IVITY PURCHASING ASSUMPTIONS					0/14/2024	Ena
5									
6								8/24/2024	
7								9/6/2024	End
8									
9			NUMBER OF HURRICANE CLAIMS REPORTED						
			2022 Index based on Claims Data as of Jan 2023						
24 25			(Hurricane Ian)						
25			Reported Loss % HHs	1.70%	(diminsihing effect from I	Hurrincane Ian)			
27									
28 I	II.	GENERAL PURCHAS	ING ASSUMPTIONS						
29			ADJUSTMENT FACTORS						
			Business purchases factor based on Florida Sales						
30			Tax Contributions from Businesses	0.2802					
-			Tourists purchases factor based on Florida Sales	0.2002	_				
31			Tax Contributions from Tourists	0.2101					
32			Bill language conditions & exclusions*	1.00					
33			Effective sales tax factor (State + Local Option)	6.8%					
32 33 34		* Includes price limits a	and other price exclusions, certain tourism-related deal		 -}	age exclusions not explic	citly accounted for else	where.	
35			,	pp		-9	,		
36 I	III.	GROWTH RATE ASS	SUMPTIONS						
37					FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25
38			FDEC growth in population		1.67%	1.71%	1.64%	1.53%	1.41%
39			FDEC growth in resident households		1.70%	1.84%	1.73%	1.59%	1.49%
40			FEEC growth in personal income		10.29%	6.61%	7.87%	6.35%	6.43%
40			CPI growth (June to June)		10.2970	0.0178	7.07/6	0.5576	0.43%
41			Actuals to June 2023 and NEEC		5.39%	9.06%	2.97%	2.70%	1.90%
42									
43		AGGREGATE EXPEN	DITURE CALCULATIONS						
44 I		FLORIDA CONSUME							
45			Florida Consumer Expenditures		ACTUAL	FORECAST			
46			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25
47					2020-2021 Avg.	202 . 22	2022 20	2020 2-	202 - 20
48		Florida	Number of Consumer Units		9,200,869	9,370,362	9,532,569	9,683,708	9,827,773
49		onda	by growth in households		3,200,009	3,370,302	3,332,309	0,000,700	5,021,115
50			by grown in nousenoids						
51		Florida	Income before taxes per Consumer Unit		\$72,775.52	\$77,588	\$83,691	\$89,002	\$94,725
57		i iuilua		CPI Index	Φ12,113.52	\$77,588 \$79,369	\$79,892	\$85,953	\$90,697
52			by grown in personal income	OF I IIIUEX		φ <i>19</i> ,309	φ19,09Z	φου, 9 03	φ90,097
55 E/I		Elorido	Average annual expenditures per Consumer Unit		ФЕЕ Б ОО	¢ E0 205	Φ 62.062	PG7.04 F	¢70 004
54		Florida		CDI Indov	\$55,533	\$59,205 \$60,564	\$63,862	\$67,915	\$72,281
55			constant share (2020-2021) of income before taxes	CPI Inaex		\$60,564	\$60,963	\$65,588	\$69,208
56		-			000 500 005 555	707.000.000.000	707 707 000 757	004 074 477 767	000 001 717 533
57		Florida	Aggregate income before taxes		669,598,025,927	727,026,602,652	797,787,986,569	861,871,457,520	930,931,545,398
52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59		Florida	Aggregate expenditures**		\$510,949,925,995	\$554,771,929,482	\$608,767,793,383	\$657,667,944,625	\$710,365,601,166
<u> </u>			constant share (2020-2021) of income before taxes		76.3%	76.3%	76.3%	76.3%	76.3%
ווטט			** Includes state and local sales tax			1 0.070	10.070	7 0.070	10.070
60 61			"" Inclines state and local sales tay		357				

	ВС	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J
1	HB7073 - Section	on 25, SPB7074 - Section 42					28	Days
2	2024 Disaster Prepare	dness Sales Tax Holidays - Disaster Pre	paredness Items	and Pet Supplies			4	Weeks
63	EXPENDITURE CALCU	JLATIONS						
64	V. DISASTER PREPARE	DNESS ITEMS						
65			% of Expenditures		FY 2024-25			
66	Num CE CATEGORY	ITEM	adj. % of category	% of cat for item	Taxable Expenditures	Sales Tax-Annual	Sales Tax-Daily	# Purchased daily
67		Portable self-powered radio, two-way radio or weather band radio	0.00052%	50%	\$1,739,170	\$104,350.19	\$285.89	159
68		Woulder barra radio	Preserved 2021	3070	ψ1,733,170	Ψ104,000.10	Ψ203.03	100
69	A.	Florida Resident Consumer purchases (happeni		rdless of sales tax holic	day)			
70	1		Days	Sales Tax (State)				
71		Holiday duration	28	\$8,005				
72		Additional days - time shifting of purchases	28	\$8,005				
73		Total consumer purchases for days impacted	56	\$16,010				
74	_				_			
75	В.	Other Florida purchases			-			
76			Factors	Sales Tax (State)				
77		Hurricane sensitivity factor	0.068	\$1,089				
78		Business purchases factor	0.280	\$4,486				
79		Visitor purchases factor	0.053	\$841				
80		Total Other Florida purchases		\$6,415				
81 82	А. & В.	Total Florida purchases		\$22,425				
83	۸. ۵ تا.			722,423				
84		Bill language conditions & exclusions*	0.750					
85	1	SALES TAX IMPACT		\$16,819	210%			
86								

	ВС	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J
1	HB7073 - Section	on 25, SPB 7074 - Section 42					28	Days
2	2024 Disaster Prepare	edness Sales Tax Holidays - Disaster Pre	paredness Items	s and Pet Supplies			4	Weeks
87	CE CATEGORY	ITEM		% of cat for item	Taxable Expenditures	Sales Tax-Annual	Sales Tax-Daily	# Purchased daily
	Materials for plastering, panels, roofing, and gutters,							
88	2 etc. [I]	Tarpaulin or other flexible waterproof sheeting	0.02295%	100%	\$152,649,414	\$9,158,964.85	\$25,093.05	8,487
89			Preserved 2021		-			
90	A.	Florida Resident Consumer purchases (happeni	ng on average rega	rdless of sales tax holi	day)			
91			Days	Sales Tax (State)				
92		Holiday duration	28	\$702,606				
93		Additional days - time shifting of purchases	56	\$1,405,211				
94		Total consumer purchases for days impacted	84	\$2,107,817				
95 96	В.	Other Florida purchases - level shifting of purch	ases		<u>-</u>			
97			Factors	Sales Tax (State)]			
98		Hurricane sensitivity factor	0.085	\$179,164				
99		Business purchases factor	0.560	\$1,181,131				
100		Visitor purchases factor	-	\$0				
101		Total Other Florida purchases		\$1,360,296				
102								
103	A. & B.	Total Florida purchases		\$3,468,112				
104								
105		Bill language conditions & exclusions*	0.500					
106		SALES TAX IMPACT		\$1,734,056	247%			
107								

	ВС	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J
1	HB7073 - Section	on 25, SPB 7074 - Section 42					28	Days
		edness Sales Tax Holidays - Disaster Pre	paredness Items	s and Pet Supplies				Weeks
108	CE CATEGORY	ITEM	•		Taxable Expenditures	Sales Tax-Annual	Sales Tax-Daily	# Purchased daily
	Miscellaneous						•	
	supplies and	Ground anchor system or tie-down kit, Gas or				•		
109	3 equipment [I]	diesel fuel tank	0.0976%	50%	\$324,649,685	\$19,478,981.08	\$53,367.07	17,366
110	Δ.	Florida Bookland Communication (homosis	2022		-11			
111	A.	Florida Resident Consumer purchases (happenin	1		<i>day)</i> 1			
112 113		Holiday duration	Days 28	Sales Tax (State) \$1,494,278	-			
114		Additional days - time shifting of purchases	28	\$1,494,278				
		Additional days time similing of parenases	20	71,434,270				
115		Total consumer purchases for days impacted	56	\$2,988,556				
116					<u>.</u>			
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126	В.	Other Florida purchases	,		1			
118		11.1	Factors	Sales Tax (State)				
119		Hurricane sensitivity factor	0.034	\$101,611	-			
120		Business purchases factor	0.280	\$837,330				
121		Visitor purchases factor Total Other Florida purchases	-	\$0				
122		Total Other Florida purchases		\$938,941	-			
124	A. & B.	Total Florida purchases		\$3,927,497	-			
125	7 α 5.			ψ3,327,137	•			
126		Bill language conditions & exclusions*	0.650					
127		SALES TAX IMPACT		\$2,552,873				
127 128 129								
129	CE CATEGORY	ITEM	ŀ	% of cat for item	Taxable Expenditures	Sales Tax-Annual	Sales Tax-Daily	# Purchased daily
		Portable self-powered light source, Package of AA-						
	Miscellaneous	cell, AAA-cell, C-cell, D-cell, 6-volt or 9-volt						
		batteries, excluding automobile and boat batteries,						
130	4 and parts [D]	Reusable ice, Non-electric food storage cooler	0.11%	100%	\$745,924,012	\$44,755,440.74	\$122,617.65	77,883
131		[F B	2022		•			
132	A.	Florida Resident Consumer purchases (happenin	1		<i>day)</i> 1			
133		Holiday duration	Days 28	Sales Tax (State) \$3,433,294	-			
131 132 133 134 135		Additional days - time shifting of purchases	56	\$6,866,588				
.55			30	70,000,000	1			
136		Total consumer purchases for days impacted	84	\$10,299,882				
137					-			
138	В.	Other Florida purchases			1			
139		11 1 20 20 20 20	Factors	Sales Tax (State)				
140		Hurricane sensitivity factor	0.034	\$350,196				
141		Business purchases factor Visitor purchases factor	0.280	\$2,885,809				
142		Total Other Florida purchases	0.053	\$541,089 \$3,777,094				
143		rom other riorida parollases		\$3,777,094				
139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147	A. & B.	Total Florida purchases		\$14,076,976	1			
146	7 Q D.			71,0,0,0,0	1			
147		Bill language conditions & exclusions*	0.800		1			
148		SALES TAX IMPACT		360 \$11,261,581	328%			
					-			

	ВС	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J
1	HB7073 - Secti	on 25, SPB7074 - Section 42					28	Days
2	2024 Disaster Prepar	edness Sales Tax Holidays - Disaster Pre	paredness Item	s and Pet Supplies			4	Weeks
149								
150	CE CATEGORY	ITEM		% of cat for item	Taxable Expenditures	Sales Tax-Annual	Sales Tax-Daily	# Purchased daily
	Electrical supplies, heating, and cooling	Fire extinguisher, Smoke detector or smoke alarm,						
151	5 equipment [I]	Carbon monoxide detector	0.0241604%	100%	\$160,699,286	\$9,641,957.14	\$26,416.32	13,135
152	0 - 4[-]		2021	10070	ψ100,000, <u>2</u> 00	ψο,στι,σστιτί	ψ20, 110.02	10,100
153	A	Florida Resident Consumer purchases (happeni	ng on average rega	ardless of sales tax holi	day)			
154			Days	Sales Tax (State)]			
155		Holiday duration	28	\$739,657				
156		Additional days - time shifting of purchases	28	\$739,657				
157		Total consumer purchases for days impacted	56	\$1,479,314				
158	_		1		<u>-</u>			
159	В	Other Florida purchases			1			
160 161		Hurricane sensitivity factor	Factors	Sales Tax (State)				
162		Business purchases factor	0.004 0.280	\$6,287 \$414,472	-			
163		Visitor purchases factor	0.280	\$0				
164		Total Other Florida purchases		\$420,760				
165		,		ψ 12 <i>0)1</i> 00				
166	A. & B.	. Total Florida purchases		\$1,900,074				
167								
168		Bill language conditions & exclusions*	0.650					
169		SALES TAX IMPACT		\$1,235,048	167%			
170					_			
171								

	ВС	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J
1		on 25, SPB7074 - Section 42					28	Days
2		edness Sales Tax Holidays - Disaster Pre	paredness Item	s and Pet Supplies				Weeks
172	CE CATEGORY	ITEM			Taxable Expenditures	Sales Tax-Annual	Sales Tax-Daily	# Purchased daily
	Telephones and				•		•	
470	accessories [I] -	5		/	***	*	* 40 0 40 00	40.00=
173	6 PARTIAL 1/4	Portable power bank	0.17652%	25%	\$293,520,142	\$17,611,208.50	\$48,249.89	16,087
174	•	Florido Bosidord Communications (homosis	2022		-1\			
175 176	Α.	Florida Resident Consumer purchases (happenin	1		l			
177		Holiday duration	Days 28	Sales Tax (State) \$1,350,997				
178		Additional days - time shifting of purchases	42	\$2,026,495				
170		Additional days time similing of parenases	72	72,020,433				
179		Total consumer purchases for days impacted	70	\$3,377,492				
180					•			
181	В.	Other Florida purchases			•			
182			Factors	Sales Tax (State)				
183		Hurricane sensitivity factor	0.085	\$287,087				
182 183 184 185 186 187		Business purchases factor	0.280	\$946,302				
185		Visitor purchases factor	0.053	\$177,432				
186		Total Other Florida purchases		\$1,410,820				
187	A. & B.	Total Florida purchases		¢4 700 212				
188 189	А. Q Б.	Total Florida purchases		\$4,788,312				
190		Bill language conditions & exclusions*	0.780					
191		SALES TAX IMPACT	0.700	\$3,734,884	276%			
192				+0,101,001	2,0,0			
193	CE CATEGORY	ITEM		% of cat for item	Taxable Expenditures	Sales Tax-Annual	Sales Tax-Daily	# Purchased daily
	Miscellaneous				-		-	
	household appliances							
194		Portable generator	0.00814%	100%	\$54,162,715	\$3,249,762.92	\$8,903.46	186
195		Price cap \$3,000 or less	2021		· <u>.</u> .			
196 197	A.,	Florida Resident Consumer purchases (happenin	1		day) I			
197		Haliday dynatian	Days	Sales Tax (State)				
198		Holiday duration Additional days - time shifting of purchases	28 42	\$249,297 \$373,945				
199		Additional days - time stillting of purchases	42	,545,c1cç				
200		Total consumer purchases for days impacted	70	\$623,242				
200 201					•			
202	В.	Other Florida purchases			•			
203	•		Factors	Sales Tax (State)				
204		Hurricane sensitivity factor	0.068	\$42,380				
205		Business purchases factor	0.841	\$523,858				
206		Visitor purchases factor	0.053	\$32,741				
204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213		Total Other Florida purchases		\$598,979				
208	л О п	Total Florida purchases		¢1 111 111				
210	A. & B.	Total Florida pulcilases		\$1,222,222				
211		Bill language conditions & exclusions*	0.950		Generators \$3,000 cap	HB 7063 (2023)		
212		SALES TAX IMPACT	0.000	\$1,161,111	466%	, 555 (2525)		
<u> </u>				362	1.30/0			
213								

	ВС	D	E	F	G	Н	ı	l j
1		on 25, SPB7074 - Section 42	_		, ,		28	Days
		edness Sales Tax Holidays - Disaster Pre	paredness Item	s and Pet Supplies				Weeks
214	CE CATEGORY	ITEM			Taxable Expenditures	Sales Tax-Annual	Sales Tax-Daily	# Purchased daily
	Pet food [D], Pet							
	purchase, supplies,							
215	8 and medicine [I]	Pet supplies	0.2243%	76%	\$1,134,705,634	\$68,082,338.02	\$186,526.95	
216 217			2022					
217	A.	Florida Resident Consumer purchases (happeni	1		αay) 1			
218		Holiday duration	Days 28	Sales Tax (State) \$5,222,755	-			
218 219 220		Additional days - time shifting of purchases	28					
		Additional days time siming of parenases	20	Ψ3,222,733	-			
221		Total consumer purchases for days impacted	56	\$10,445,509				
222								
223	В.	Other Florida purchases			1			
224		Libraria de la constituito de la	Factors	Sales Tax (State)	-			
221 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234		Hurricane sensitivity factor Business purchases factor	0.017	\$177,574				
225		Visitor purchases factor	0.070 0.021	\$731,653 \$219,496				
228		Total Other Florida purchases	0.021	\$1,128,722				
229		Total Care French paramace		71,120,722				
230	A. & B.	Total Florida purchases		\$11,574,232	•			
231								
232		Bill language conditions & exclusions*	0.600					
233		SALES TAX IMPACT		\$6,944,539	133%			
234			Descript of Assessed					ı
235	CE CATEGORY	ITEM	Percent of Annual Expenditures	Percent exempt	Taxable Expenditures	Sales Tax-Annual	Sales Tax-Daily	# Purchased daily
	Pet food; Pet			T droom oxompt	Taxable Expellantilles	Guido Tux 7 miliau	Guide Tax Bany	" i di ciidoca dany
	purchase, supplies,	D . (•	
236	9 and medicine	Pet food [D]	0.3957% 2 <i>0</i> 22	82%	\$2,158,330,173	\$129,499,810.35	\$354,794.00	
237 238	A.	Florida Resident Consumer purchases (happeni		ordlass of sales tay hali	day)			
230	Α.	Florida Resident Consumer purchases (happenin	Days	Sales Tax (State)	l			
239 240		Holiday duration	28	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-			
241		Additional days - time shifting of purchases	60					
242		Total consumer purchases for days impacted	88	\$31,221,872]			
243	_	· · ·	1		-			
244	В.	Other Florida purchases	Fostore	Colos Tav (Chaha)	1			
245		Hurricane sensitivity factor	Factors 0.017	Sales Tax (State) \$530,772	1			
247		Business purchases factor	0.017	\$2,186,927				
248		Visitor purchases factor	0.021	\$656,078	1			
249		Total Other Florida purchases		\$3,373,777				
245 246 247 248 249 250 251 252 253 254 255								
251	A. & B.	Total Florida purchases		\$34,595,649				
252		Dill language and diving a Company						
253		Bill language conditions & exclusions*	0.900	*** *** *				
254		SALES TAX IMPACT		\$31,136,084	313%			
755	TOTAL PET:	SALES TAX IMPACT: PET FOOD and SUPPLIES		³⁶³ \$38,080,623				

	В	С	D	E		F	G	Н	I	J
1		HB7073 - Section	on 25, SPB7074 - Section 42						28	Days
2	202	4 Disaster Prepare	edness Sales Tax Holidays - Disaster Prep	aredness Item	s and	Pet Supplies			4	Weeks
256										
257	VI.	TOTAL IMPACT								
258			TOTAL IMPACT - Disaster Preparedness Items and P	et Supplies			•			
258259260261262						Middle				
260			Portable self-powered radio, two-way radio or weat	her band radio	\$	16,819	\$8,005			
261			Tarpaulin or other flexible waterproof sheeting		\$	1,734,056	\$702,606			
			Ground anchor system or tie-down kit, Gas or diese	l fuel tank	\$	2,552,873	\$1,494,278			
263			Portable self-powered light source, Package of AA-co	ell, AAA-cell, C-cell	\$	11,261,581	\$3,433,294			
264			Fire extinguisher, Smoke detector or smoke alarm, C	arbon monoxide de	\$	1,235,048	\$739,657			
265			Portable power bank		\$	3,734,884	\$1,350,997			
266			Portable generator		\$	1,161,111	\$249,297			
267			Pet supplies		\$	6,944,539	\$5,222,755			
268			Pet food	·	\$	31,136,084				
263 264 265 266 267 268 269 270 271			Total		\$	59,776,994	\$13,200,888	453%		
270				•		•	•			
271										

	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I
1	HB7	7073 - Section 25	5, SPB7074 - Section 42				28	Days
			dness Sales Tax Holidays - Over-the-Counte	r Pet Medications				Weeks
	2024	Disaster i repare	uness dates Tax Hondays - Over-the-odditte	i i ci mcaications			5/27/2023	
3								
4							6/9/2023	End
5								
6	I.	GENERAL PURCHAS	ING ASSUMPTIONS				8/24/2024	Start
7			ADJUSTMENT FACTORS		_		9/6/2024	End
			Business purchases factor based on Florida Sales					
8			Tax Contributions from Businesses	0.2802				
Ť			Tourists purchases factor based on Florida Sales Tax					
9			Contributions from Tourists	0.2101				
10			Bill language conditions & exclusions*	1.00				
11			Effective sales tax factor (State + Local Option)	6.8%				
12		* Includes price limits a	and other price exclusions, certain tourism-related deale	rs, impulse purchases, a	nd other bill language exc	lusions not explicitly acc	counted for elsewhere.	
13								
14	II.	GROWTH RATE ASS	UMPTIONS					
15				FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25
16			FDEC growth in population	1.67%	1.71%	1.64%	1.53%	1.41%
17			FDEC growth in resident households	1.70%	1.84%	1.73%	1.59%	1.49%
18			FEEC growth in personal income	10.29%	6.61%	7.87%	6.35%	6.43%
4.0			CPI growth (June to June)	= /				
19			Actuals to June 2022 and NEEC	5.39%	9.06%	2.97%	2.70%	1.90%
20		ACCRECATE EVEN	DITURE OALOUR ATIONS					
21	III.		DITURE CALCULATIONS					
22	111.	FLORIDA CONSUMEI	Florida Consumer Expenditures	ACTUAL				
24			riorida Consumer Experiorides	FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25
25				2020-2021 Avg.	F1 2021-22	F1 2022-23	F1 2023-24	F1 2024-25
26		Florida	Number of Consumer Units	9,200,869	9,370,362	9,532,569	9,683,708	9,827,773
27		Tiorida	by growth in households	3,200,000	0,070,002	0,002,000	0,000,700	0,021,110
28			by grown in modernoide					
29		Florida	Income before taxes per Consumer Unit	\$72,775.52	\$77,588	\$83,691	\$89,002	\$94,725
30			by growth in personal income	¥:-,::	***,	***	¥33,33=	¥
31			<u>, G</u>					
32		Florida	Average annual expenditures per Consumer Unit	\$55,533	\$59,205	\$63,862	\$67,915	\$72,281
33			constant share (2019-2020) of income before taxes	, ,	. ,	. , -	. ,	, , -
34								
35		Florida	Aggregate income before taxes	\$669,598,025,927	\$727,026,602,652	\$797,787,986,569	\$861,871,457,520	\$930,931,545,398
36								
37		Florida	Aggregate expenditures**	\$510,949,925,995	\$554,771,929,482	\$608,767,793,383	\$657,667,944,625	\$710,365,601,166
38			constant share (2019-2020) of income before taxes	76.3%	76.3%	76.3%	76.3%	76.3%
39			** Includes state and local sales tax					

	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	ı
1	HB7	073 - Section 25	5, SPB7074 - Section 42	•			28	Days
		•						Weeks
41		Diodoto: Troparo	ances cares rax nemacys ever me ecume				•	Treens
42	IV.	EXPENDITURE CALC	CULATIONS					
43				% of Expenditures		FY 2023-24		
44	Num	CE CATEGORY	ITEM	adj. % of category	Percent of category Exempted under Proposed Language	Taxable Expenditures	Sales Tax-Annual	Sales Tax-Daily
		Pet purchase, supplies, and						
45		medicine [I]	Pet medications - OTC	0.14951%	33.0%	\$328,166,327	\$19,689,979.62	\$53,945.15
46		• •	Reduced to only capture OTC medications based on ite	ms below (analyst judgm	nent)		, , ,	, ,
\Box	Ī	Pet store products	, ,	. , , , , ,	,			
47		(IBIS World)	Pet supplies	67%				
48			Live animals	9%				
49			Other	24%				
50				Para de la composición del composición de la com				
		Pet supplies (IBIS World definition)	Products in this segment include over-the-counter med			ng, brushes and combs, s	shovels and	
51 52	ļ	vvolid delimition)	scoopers, cat litter, cages birds and reptiles, travel carri	iers and other various ac	cessories for pets.			
53		A.	Florida Resident Consumer purchases (happening	on average regardless	of sales tay holiday)	1		
54		7.6	Tierraa Nesiaerik Gerisamer paremases (nappening	Days	Sales Tax (State)			
55			Holiday duration	28	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
56			Additional days - time shifting of purchases	120	\$6,473,418	+		
57			Total consumer purchases for days impacted	148				
58					. , , ,	ı		
59		B.	Other Florida purchases			•		
60				Factors	Sales Tax (State)			
61			Business purchases factor	0.448	\$3,575,631		1.60	
62			Visitor purchases factor	0.002	\$16,777			
63			Total Other Florida purchases		\$3,592,408			
64								
65		A. & B.	Total Florida purchases		\$11,576,290			
66 67			Bill language conditions & exclusions*	0.850		Reduced for price cap o	of \$100 or less	
68			SALES TAX IMPACT	·	\$9,839,847			
69								
70								

	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I
1	HB7073 - Section 25, SPB7074 - Section 42 28 Days							Days
2							Weeks	
71		OF CATEGORY	ITEM		Percent of category Exempted	Tavable Funanditus	Colon Tow Americal	Calaa Tay Daiby
71 72	٠,	CE CATEGORY Vet services [D]	ITEM Pet medications OTC - through vet offices	0.26886%		Taxable Expenditures		Sales Tax-Daily
73		ver services [D]		0.26886%	4.0%	\$71,531,405	\$4,291,884.33	\$11,758.59
74	+	۸	Reduced to only capture OTC medications		of color toy boliday)	ī		
	-	A. Florida Resident Consumer purchases (happening on average regardless of sales tax holiday)						
75	-		Haliday dyration	Days	Sales Tax (State)			
76	1		Holiday duration	28	\$329,240			
77	4		Additional days - time shifting of purchases Total consumer purchases for days impacted	120	\$1,411,030			
75 76 77 78 79	-		rotal consumer purchases for days impacted	148	\$1,740,271			
80	-	В.	Other Florida purchases - level shifting of purchase	26		•		
81	-	В.	Other Florida purchases - level shifting of purchase		Colos Toy (State)	•		
82	1		Business purchases factor	Factors 0.280	Sales Tax (State) \$487,587			
83			Visitor purchases factor	0.280	\$467,367			
84	1		Total Other Florida purchases	0.002	\$491,244			
85	-		Total Other Florida parchases		3431,244			
86	1	Δ & Β	Total Florida purchases		\$2,231,515			
87	1	Α. α. υ.	Total Florida paronacce		72,231,313			
88	1		Bill language conditions & exclusions*	0.850		Reduced for price cap o	of \$100 or less	
89	1		SALES TAX IMPACT	0.000	\$1,896,788		7. 4. 200 01 1000	
90	1				¥ 1,000,000			
91	1							
92	1							
93		TOTAL IMPACT						
94	1		TOTAL IMPACT					
	1					Adopted TOTAL		
95					Middle	Sales Tax		
96	1		Pet medications - OTC		\$ 9,839,847			
96 97	1		Pet medications OTC - through vet offices		\$ 1,896,788			
98	1		Total SALES TAX IMPACT: PET OTC MEDICATIONS		\$ 11,736,635	\$ -	\$ 195,610,577.58	
99	_						1	
100								

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax
ssue: Freedom Month Sales Tax Holiday
Bill Number(s): HB 7073, SPB 7074
☐ Entire Bill
7

Partial Bill: Section 26, Section 42

Sponsor(s): Representative McClain, Finance and Tax

Month/Year Impact Begins: Sales Tax Holiday Dates: 7/1/2024 to 7/31/2024, Collections Affected: August 2024

Date Conference Reviewed: 2/16/2024

Section 1: Narrative

a. Current Law: Chapter 212, F.S. authorizes the collection of sales and use tax on admissions to ticketed events, gym memberships, museum tickets and memberships, and retail sales of the listed items.

b. Proposed Change: During the period of July 1, 2024 to July 31, 2024, the following items are exempt from sales and use tax: sales of tickets to live music events, state parks, live sporting events, festivals (including ballets, plays and musical performances), movie tickets, and museum tickets that are scheduled to be held between July 1, 2024 and December 31, 2024; use of or access to clubs providing physical fitness facilities between July 1, 2024 and December 31, 2024; the retail sale of specified boating and water activity supplies, camping supplies, fishing supplies, general outdoor supplies, and residential pool supplies between July 1, 2024 and July 31, 2024.

Lines 1237-1238 list "children's toys" and "children's athletic equipment" among the categories that are exempt. These two categories and the items they include are not listed in the detailed category descriptions starting on line 1240.

The retail sales exemption is valid only for the listed items and subject to the following price conditions. The retail exemption is not valid for commercial fishing supplies.

Expenditure Type	Description
Boating and water activity supplies	 Life jackets, coolers (\$75 or less) Recreational pool tubes, pool floats, inflatable chairs, and pool toys (\$35 or less) Safety flares (\$50 or less) Water skis, wakeboards, and kneeboards and recreational inflatable water tubes or floats capable of being towed (\$150 or less) Paddleboards and surfboards (\$300 or less) Canoes & kayaks (\$500 or less) Paddles, and oars (\$75 or less) Snorkels, goggles, and swimming masks (\$25 or less)
Camping supplies	 Tents (\$200 or less) Sleeping bags, portable hammocks, and camping stoves and collapsible camping chairs (\$50 or less) Camping lanterns and flashlights (\$30 or less)
Fishing supplies	 Rods and reels (\$75 or less if sold individually or \$150 or less if sold as a set) Tackle boxes or bags (\$30 or less) Bait or fishing tackle (\$5 or less if sold individually or \$10 or less if sold as a set)
General outdoor supplies	Sunscreen or insect repellant (\$15 or less) Sunglasses (\$100 or less) Binoculars (\$200 or less) Water bottles (first \$30 or less) Hydration packs (\$50 or less) Outdoor Gas or Charcoal Grills (\$250 or less) Bicycle Helmets (\$50 or less) Bicycles (\$500 or less)
Residential pool supplie	 Individual residential pool and spa replacement parts, nets, filters, lights, and cover (\$100 or less) Residential pool and spa chemicals purchased by an individual (\$150 or less)

The tax exemptions do not apply to sales within a theme park or entertainment complex as defined in s. 509.013(9), Florida Statutes, within a public lodging establishment as defined in s. 509.013(4), Florida Statutes, or within an airport as defined in s. 330.27(2), Florida Statutes.

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax Issue: Freedom Month Sales Tax Holiday Bill Number(s): HB 7073, SPB 7074

Section 2: Description of Data and Sources

- Florida Economic Estimating Conference, December 2023.
- Florida Demographic Estimating Conference, November 2023.
- US Bureau of Labor Statistics, Consumer Expenditures Survey, Average annual expenditures and characteristics, Table 1800, 2022
- US Bureau of Labor Statistics, Table R-1. All consumer units: Annual detailed expenditure means, standard errors, coefficients of variation, and weekly or quarterly percents reporting, Consumer Expenditure Surveys, 2021 & 2022.
- US Bureau of Labor Statistics, Consumer Expenditures Survey, Annual expenditure means and characteristics, Florida: Quintiles of income before taxes, 2020-2021.
- US Census Bureau, Annual Estimates of the Resident Population for the United States, Regions, States, and the District of Columbia: April 1, 2022 to July 1, 2023.
- IBIS World Industry Report OD4853, Swimming Pool Equipment Stores, September 2023.
- Source: IBISWorld, US Industry (Specialized) Report OD4244, Sunscreen Manufacturing Sunny outlook: A return to outdoor gatherings and activities will drive demand for sunscreen, September 2023.
- Source: IBISWorld Reports, US Industry (Specialized) Report OD4948, Insect Repellent Manufacturing, Constant buzz: Ecoconscious, natural products will be the industry's saving grace going forward, January 2022.
- Source: IBISWorld, US Industry (Specialized) Report OD4229, Sunglasses Stores, Bright lights: Industry revenue is expected to grow as the economy rebounds from the pandemic, February 2021.

Section 3: Methodology (Include Assumptions and Attach Details)

The analysis was split into multiple components, each using a separate methodology. The first methodology was used to estimate the sales and use tax impact on ticket sales and memberships. This methodology relied on IBISWorld Industry Reports to estimate the amount of ticket and membership revenue generated by the qualified industries in Florida. Next, the analysis led to an estimate of the portion of annual ticket and membership revenue that will be purchased during the sales tax holiday. Underlying the analysis is an expectation that the tax holiday will shift ticket and membership sales from later periods into the qualified week. The analysis also assumed that a large majority of museum ticket sales (83%) are already tax exempt because these museums are operated by a 501(c)(3) (Florida Statute 212.042(a), F.S.. The estimates were grown by a CPI estimate of 5.4%, which is the 2023 CPI estimate for admissions.

Second, the estimate for sales tax on State Park entrance fees was based on FY 2023-24 annual pass and day pass fees and assumptions made on the number of months' worth of annual passes and number of weeks' worth of single-day passes that would be sold during the tax exemption period.

Third, the estimates for retail sales for boating and water activities, camping supplies, fishing supplies, sports equipment, and partially for outdoor supplies used average annual expenditures by consumer unit by category from the Consumer Expenditures Survey for the United States and applied their respective shares of total expenditures to Florida average annual expenditures for the last year for which actual survey data was published. The expenditures were then grown by Florida personal income growth (FEEC) to the impact year.

Boating and Water Activity Supplies

Expenditures for canoes, kayaks, wakeboards, and kneeboards and recreational inflatable water tubes or floats, paddleboards and surfboards are included in the CE category, "Un-motored recreational vehicles/ Boats without motor and boat trailers."

General outdoor supplies

The current estimate reflects updated IBIS World reports, some of which have significant revisions based on significant revisions in US Census economic data. The estimate for outdoor supplies used IBISWorld reports for the US market size for sunscreen, insect repellent, and sunglasses and assumed Florida's market for these items was proportional to Florida's share of the US population. Other sports equipment expenditures from the Consumer Expenditures Survey were used as an estimate for spending on water bottles, hydration packs, and binoculars. It appears that IBIS World may have discontinued the insect repellent and sunglasses reports. The most recent reports are two-three years old.

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax Issue: Freedom Month Sales Tax Holiday Bill Number(s): HB 7073, SPB 7074 Residential pool supplies

Expenditures for recreational recreational pool tubes, pool floats, inflatable chairs, and pool toys, Individual residential pool and spa replacement parts, nets, filters, lights, and covers, and pool and spa chemicals were developed using an IBIS World report on Swimming Pool Equipment Stores revenues. Since these items are also sold by general merchandise stores, online retailers, and other specialty stores, this approach might underestimate the expenditures in this category. As a result, the REC 2/18/2022 doubled the estimate for specialized pool stores to account for sales occurring on other retail locations.

Price caps

The bill proposes each item to have a price cap of "\$xxx or less" price exemption.

Bicycles

The bicycle estimate was reduced for the permanent exemption of baby bicycle seats and children's helmets.

Pool toys

Pool toys are explicitly exempt in "Boating and water activity supplies."

Some of the areas that affect this analysis include the following.

- 1. The series were updated with new FDEC, FEEC, NEEC, and Census Population Estimates.
- 2. The duration of "Freedom Month" for retail sales is one month, July. The assumed duration is a total of eight weeks: four weeks for the actual days of the holiday plus four more weeks added to account for induced/ shifted/ impulse purchases, presumably two weeks before and two weeks after the actual holiday (cell G 52 on the Summary retail sales worksheet).
- 3. The language lists "children's toys" and "children's athletic equipment" as exempted categories on lines 1237-1238. However, the detailed category descriptions starting on line 1240 do not include itemizations for these categories. These categories were assumed not to be included and there is no sales tax impact analysis for them.
- 4. The following categories list exempt items with price caps as "\$\$\$ or less than price":
 - a. Boating and water activity supplies
 - b. Camping supplies
 - c. Fishing supplies
 - d. General outdoor supplies
 - e. The price cap for bicycles is \$500 or less. The assumed percentage of the bicycles category that falls below the price cap is 50 percent.
 - f. Bicycles expenditures were reduced for the permanent exemption of baby bicycle seats, carriers, or trailers and for the pre-existing exemption on child bicycle helmets.

Amusements parks and other tourist-related establishments

As discussed at the 2/17/2023 REC, impact from the bill language excluding amusement parks, lodging establishments, and airports from the sales tax exemption is not included regardless of whether the bill language contains it. Whether these establishments are required to comply or exempted from complying with the sales tax holiday is not considered in this analysis.

The table below shows the estimated impacts.

Estimated Sales Tax Exemptions (Millions of Dollars)

<u> </u>	
EXEMPTION TYPE	
Admissions	(63.8 m)
Retail sales	(16.9 m)
Total	(80.7 m)

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax Issue: Freedom Month Sales Tax Holiday Bill Number(s): HB 7073, SPB 7074

Section 4: Proposed Fiscal Impact: Sales Tax Holiday Dates: 7/1/2024 to 7/31/2024, Collections Affected: August 2024

Millions of Dollars

	Н	igh	Mic	ddle	Lo)W
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
2024-25			(80.7)			
2025-26						
2026-27						
2027-28						
2028-29						

Revenue Distribution: Sales and Use Tax

Section 5: Consensus Estimate (Adopted: 02/16/2024): The Conference adopted the proposed estimate.

	(GR	Tru	st	Revenue	e Sharing	Local Half Cent		
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	
2024-25	(71.4)	0.0	(Insignificant)	0.0	(2.4)	0.0	(6.9)	0.0	
2025-26	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2026-27	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2027-28	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2028-29	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

	6% Sub	-Total	Add: Loc	al Option	To	Гotal			
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	sh Recurring Cash		Recurring			
2024-25	(80.7)	0.0	(9.8)	0.0	(90.5)	0.0			
2025-26	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
2026-27	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
2027-28	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
2028-29	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			

	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
1	HB7073, S. 26 - Freedom MON	NTH, less than \$\$\$ price, all categori	es				
2	One Month						
3	31	Days					
4	4	Weeks					
5	7/1/2024	Start					
6	7/31/2024	End					
7							
8	2/16/2024						
9	Summary						
10	Estimated	Sales Tax Exemptions (Millions o	f Dollars)				
11	EXEMPTION TYPE	HIGH	MIDDLE	LOW	ADOPTED		
12	Admissions	(63.8)	(32.0)		(63.8)		
13	Retail sales	(16.9)	(16.9)		(16.9)		
14	Total	(80.7)	(48.9)		(80.7)		
15							
16							
17							
			IMPACT				
	EXEMPTION CATEGORY	EXEMPTION TYPE	(\$ m)				
	Admissions	Admissions	(63.8)				
	Retail sales	Boating & water activity supplies	(1.9)				
_	Retail sales	Camping supplies	(1.2)				
	Retail sales	Fishing supplies	(1.8)				
	Retail sales	General outdoor supplies	(5.6)				
	Retail sales	Residential pool supplies	(6.4)				
28	Total		(80.7)				

				_						T .,	
	A B		D	E	F	G	Н	ı	J	K	L
	4 weeks, July 1, 2024 - July 31, 20	, less than \$\$\$ price, all categories									
	ADMISSIONS	24									
4	ADIVIISSIONS										
_	CPI Growth in Admissions	5.40%									
F	CFT GTOWETH III AUTHISSIONS	3.40/0				Number of Weeks Wo	with of Marria Tielras	o Cald During the			
6	Industry	Total Industry Revenue (2023)	US Ticket Revenue (Est.)	Florida Ticket Revenue (Est.)			rth of Movie Ticket x-Exempt Period	s Sola During the			
	Movie Theaters in the US	\$10,200,000,000	\$6,500,000,000	\$404,209,000		l a	x-exempt Period	Q			
8	Movie Theaters in the 03	\$10,200,000,000	\$0,500,000,000								
Ŭ					Exempt Ticket Revenue:		31,093,000	62,186,000			
9					Expected Sales Tax Impact (6%):		1,865,580	3,731,160			
10											
11									=' -		
			US Membership Revenue	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Number of Months Wo					
12		Total Industry Revenue (2023)	(Est.)	(Est.)		the '	Tax-Exempt Period	1			
13	Gym, Health & Fitness Clubs in the U	\$31,200,000,000	\$19,900,000,000	\$1,048,730,000			2	4			
14					Exempt Membership Revenue:		40,335,769	80,671,538			
15					Expected Sales Tax Impact (6%):		2,420,146	4,840,292			
16									ī		
17			US Ticket Sales - Live Music			Number of Months Wo	uth of Course at T'	to Cold Desire - 41			
18		Total Industry Revenue (2023)	(Est.)				rtn of Concert Ticke x-Exempt Period	ets Sold During the			
	Concert & Event Promotion &	\$35,700,000,000	\$22,300,000,000	\$1,645,294,000		l a	x-exempt Period	1			
	Plays, Ballets, Musical Theatre, State		322,300,000,000		Exempt Ticket Revenue:		274,215,667	548,431,333			
21	riays, ballets, iviusical fileatre, state	e rails, Cultural Events			Expected Sales Tax Impact (6%):		16,452,940	32,905,880			
22					Expected Sales Tax IIIIpact (0%).		10,432,540	32,303,880			
23									Ĭ		
			US Ticket Sales - Admission			Number of Months W	Vouth of Cuputing Fo	rout Tielrote Cold			
24		Total Industry Revenue (2023)	(Est.)	Florida Ticket Revenue (Est.)			the Tax-Exempt Per				
25	Live Sports Industry	\$39,300,000,000	\$13,100,000,000	\$1,076,977,200		During t	2	10u			
26	Live Sports muustry	\$35,300,000,000	\$13,100,000,000		Exempt Ticket Revenue:		179,496,200	358,992,400			
27					Expected Sales Tax Impact (6%):		10,769,772	21,539,544			
28					Expected sales Tax III pact (679).		10,703,772	21,555,511			
29											
		Takel to divide along Family America	Tatal Bally Fatanasa Basa			No		C-ld DoolAb-	Normalis and Aldert	144	-l- D D
30	Government	Total Individual and Family Annual Pass Revenue (FY22-23)	Total Daily Entrance Pass Revenue (FY22-23)			Number of Months Wo	orth of Annual Passi x-Exempt Period	es Sola During the	Number of Weel	the Tax-Exemp	
30	Government	rass nevenue (1122-25)	Revenue (1122-23)			I a	x-exempt remou		3010 During	the rax-exemp	l renou
31	Florida Parks	5,667,461	27,192,671			Exempt	1	2		4	6
32		3,007,401	27,132,071			Exempt Pass Revenue:	472,288	944,577		2,091,744	3,137,616
33	Source: State Park Trust Fund				Expected	d Sales Tax Impact (6%):	28,337	56,675		125,505	188,257
34								55,5.5	_		
35						=					
			For-Profit Museum Industry	For-Profit Florida Membership	For-Profit Florida Ticket Revenue	Number of Months Wo	rth of Membership	Passes Sold During	Number of Weel	s Worth of Sing	le-Day Passes
36	Museums	Total Industry Revenue (2023)	Revenue (US)	Revenue (Est.)	(Est.)	the .	Tax-Exempt Period		Sold During	the Tax-Exemp	t Period
37							1	1		1	
38	Museum Industry	\$11,900,000,000	2,023,000,000	10,878,240	48,276,635		2	4		4	6
39					Exempt Pass Revenue:		1,813,040	3,626,080		3,713,587	5,570,381
40					Expected Sales Tax Impact (6%):		108,782	217,565		222,815	334,223
41						1					
42						I			1		
	Total Sales Tax Impact	LOW	MIDDLE	HIGH	Ţ						
	FY2023-24	\$0	MIDDLE								
46		\$0 \$0									
	FY2024-25 FY2025-26	\$0 \$0	\$31,993,878 \$0								
	FY2025-26 FY2026-27	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0								
40											
	FY2027-28	\$0									

	А	В	С	D	Е	F		G	Н
1	HB7073, S. 26 - F	reedom MONTH, less than \$\$\$ price, all categories			31	Days			
2	2/16/2024				4	Weeks			
3		RETAIL SALES EXEMPTIONS			7/1/2024				
4		SUMMARY			7/31/2024	End			
5		1. Total Taxable Sales		1					
			Annual Expenditures						
6	Exempt Group	Category	(\$)						
		 Life jackets, coolers Recreational pool tubes, pool floats, inflatable chairs, and 							
		pool toys							
	Boating and water	• Safety flares							
7	activity supplies	 Snorkels, goggles, and swimming masks 	\$ 113.5		Effective sales tax		6.8%		
		Water skis, wakeboards, and kneeboards and recreational							
		inflatable water tubes or floats capable of being towed							
		 Paddleboards and surfboards 							
		• Canoes & kayaks							
	Boating and water	• Paddles, and oars							
8	activity supplies		\$ 289.6						
		Camping lanterns and flashlights Cleaning have partially because and committee and committe							
		Sleeping bags, portable hammocks, and camping stoves and callengible compine shairs.							
a	Camping supplies	collapsible camping chairs • Tents	\$ 261.2						
	Carriping supplies	• Rods and reels	γ 201.2						
		Tackle boxes or bags							
10	Fishing supplies	Bait or fishing tackle	\$ 396.0						
	General outdoor								
11	supplies	Insect repellent, sunscreen, sunglasses	\$ 235.9						
1,2	General outdoor	Dieveloo Maria da Maria	ć 700 0						
12	supplies	Bicycles, bicycle helmets	\$ 728.8						
	General outdoor								
13	supplies	Outdoor grills	\$ 191.2						
	er	• Water bottles							
1	General outdoor	Hydration packs							
14	supplies	• Binoculars	\$ 64.1						
		Any item used in individual or team sports, not including							
15	Sports equipment	clothing or footware (\$40)							
		Individual residential pool and spa replacement parts, nets,							
1		filters, lights, and cover (\$100)							
4.0	Residential pool	• The combined sales price of all residential pool and spa	4 446.5	A	1/40/2022	- 41			
16	supplies	chemicals (\$150)		Adopted at REC 2	2/18/2022 at doub	e the prop	osed am	ount to accou	nt for retailers oth
17		Florida Expenditures	\$ 3,427.1						

	Α	В	С	D	T E	F		G	Н
18	A	5	Ç	D				G	
19		2. Percent of Category that falls below price cap.		% of Cat	egory that falls be	low price ca	p		
			Annual Expenditures		<u> </u>				Previously
20		% of Category that falls below price cap	(\$)	Low	Middle	Hig	gh	Adopted	adopted
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29		Boating and water activity supplies		25%	40%	50	%	50%	•
22		Camping supplies		30%	40%	50	%	50%	
23		Fishing supplies		25%	30%	60'	%	50%	
24		General outdoor supplies		30%	60%	70	%	50%	
25		Sports equipment	\$ -	30%	40%	75	%	50%	
26		Residential pool supplies	\$ 1,146.8	40%	50%	75	%	60%	
27		Florida Expenditures	\$ 3,427.1			•			1
28				•					
29		3. Annual expenditures below the cap.							
			Annual Expenditures		8.01.41.			Adamtad	
30		Annual expenditures (millions of \$)	(\$)	Low	Middle	Hig	gn	Adopted	
31		Boating and water activity supplies	\$ 403.1	100.7	7 161.2	4	201.55	201.55	
32		Camping supplies		78.3	7 104.4	.9	130.61	130.61	
33		Fishing supplies		99.0	118.8	0	237.61	198.01	
34		General outdoor supplies		365.9	731.9	6	853.95	609.96	
35		Sports equipment	\$ -	-	-		-	-	
36		Residential pool supplies		458.7	573.4		860.11	688.09	
37		Florida Expenditures	\$ 3,427.1	\$ 1,102.	3 \$ 1,689.	9 \$	2,283.8	\$ 1,828.2	
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38									
39		4. Weekly expenditures below the cap.							
40		Weekly expenditures (millions of \$)							
			Weekly						
			Expenditures (\$)	Low	Middle	Hig	gh	Adopted	
41			Total Market						
42		Boating and water activity supplies	\$ 7.8			1 \$	3.9	\$ 3.88	
43		Camping supplies	\$ 5.0	\$ 1.	5 \$ 2.	0 \$	2.5	\$ 2.51	
44		Fishing supplies		\$ 1.		3 \$	4.6	\$ 3.81	
45		General outdoor supplies		\$ 7.			16.4	\$ 11.73	
43 44 45 46 47 48		Sports equipment		\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	
47		Residential pool supplies		\$ 8.			16.5	\$ 13.23	
48		Florida Expenditures	\$ 65.9	\$ 21.	2 \$ 32.	5 \$	43.9	\$ 35.2	

	A	В		С	D	E		F	G	Н
49					•			•		
50		5. Spending behavior (number of weeks of shopping induced)								
51		Spending Behavior	L	ow (LAW)	Middle	High		Adopted penditures	Adopted Weeks	Adopted Expenditures
52		# weeks		4	6	8			8	
53 54		Boating and water activity supplies	\$	15.5	\$ 23.3	\$ 31.0	\$	31.0	8	
54		Camping supplies	\$	10.0	\$ 15.1	\$ 20.1	\$	20.1	8	
55		8		15.2	\$ 22.8	\$ 30.5	\$	30.5	8	
55 56 57		General outdoor supplies		46.9	\$ 70.4	\$ 93.8	\$	93.8	8	
57		Sports equipment		-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	8	
58 59		Residential pool supplies		52.9	\$ 79.4	\$ 105.9	\$	105.9	8	
		Florida Expenditures	Ş	140.6	\$ 210.9	\$ 281.3	\$	281.3		-
60 61 62		6. Sales tax collections.								
63		<u>Sales Tax</u>		Low	Middle	High	UI	Adopted NDER CAP Sales Tax		
64		# weeks		4	6	8		8		
65 66 67		Boating and water activity supplies	\$	0.9	\$ 1.4	\$ 1.9	\$	1.9		
66		Camping supplies	\$	0.6	\$ 0.9	\$ 1.2	\$	1.2		
67		Fishing supplies	\$	0.9	\$ 1.4	\$ 1.8	\$	1.8		
68		General outdoor supplies	\$	2.8	\$ 4.2	\$ 5.6	\$	5.6		
69		Sports equipment		-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-		
70		Residential pool supplies		3.2	\$ 4.8	\$ 6.4	\$	6.4		
71		Florida Expenditures	\$	8.4	\$ 12.7	\$ 16.9	\$	16.9		

	Α	В	C			D		E	F	G	Н
72 85 86		8. Total impact (UNDER price cap PLUS ABOVE if included)									
87				ow		Middle		High	Adopted TOTA Sales Tax	r	
88		Boating and water activity supplies	\$	1.9	\$	2.8	\$	3.7	\$ 1.	9	
89 90		Camping supplies		1.5	\$	2.3	\$	3.0	\$ 1.		
90		Fishing supplies		3.0	\$	4.5	\$	6.0	\$ 1.		
91		General outdoor supplies		7.0	\$	10.6	\$	14.1	\$ 5.	6	
92		Sports equipment		-	Ş	-	Ş	-	\$ -		
93		Residential pool supplies		4.8	Ş	7.1	Ş	9.5	\$ 6.		
93 96 97		Total	Ş	18.1	Ş	27.2	Ş	36.3	\$ 16.	9	
98											
			Lo	N		Middle		High	Adopted TOTA	L	
100									Jaies I ax		_
101		Total retail sales tax impact	\$	(18.1)	\$	(27.2)	\$	(36.3)	\$ (16.	9)	
102										_	

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	1
1	HB7073, S. 26 - Freedom MONTH, less than \$\$\$ price	e. all categorie	es						Days
2	2/16/2024	,							Veeks
3	RETAIL SALES EXEMPTIONS							7/1/2024 9	
4	Camping, boating, fishing, water sports, and other sp	norts equipme	ent			100		7/31/2024	
5						100		7,02,202	
	Consumer Expenditures by Category					Fatingatas	El manufation annual	le EV analina	
-	Consumer Expenditures by Category					Estimates	FL population growtl	_	
7			2022	2022	CYs 2020-21		FL households growt		
8			Linkerd Chahar	C	El-side	2022	FL Pers. Income grov		2025
_	Number of Consumer Units		United States	South	Florida 9,200,869.00	2022	2023	2024 1.5	2025 1.4
	Florida FTE Visitors (converted to CUs)		134,090,000	52,034,000	9,200,869.00		1.6	1.5	1.4
	Average number in consumer unit:		2.4	2.4	,			6.3	1.4 6.4
	Income after taxes per Consumer Unit (\$)		83,195	75,370	75,370	0.0	7.9	0.5	0.4
	Average annual expenditures per Consumer Unit (\$)		72,967	65,576	55,533	-			
15	Average annual experiultures per Consumer Offic (5)		72,907	05,376	JJ,555	=			
	Average annual expenditures per Consumer Unit (Househo	ld)				-			
17	Average annual expenditures per consumer offic (nouseno	iuj				-			
-	Camping equipment	0.0001972	6.83	18.41	15.59	168,119,022	181,342,864	192,851,818	205,251,140
-	% of average annual expenditures	0.00936%	0.00936%	0.0281%			101,542,004	132,031,010	203,231,140
13	Camping lanterns and flashlights	0.0093070	0.0033070	0.020170	0.028170	_			
	Sleeping bags, portable hammocks, and camping stoves								
	and collapsible camping chairs								
20	• Tents			West					
21	Tento			West		-			
	Hunting and fishing equipment		30.67	78.69	66.64	718,430,524	774,940,560	824,122,286	877,108,861
	% of average annual expenditures	0.042032%	0.0420%	0.1200%			,,	- , ,	- ,,
	Fishing only (share from FW survey, 48.22%)			0.120%		346,427,198.90	373,676,338	397,391,766	422,941,893
25	, , ,	0.4822		South			, ,	, ,	, ,
	Rods and reels					=			
	Tackle boxes or bags								
26	Bait or fishing tackle								
27						-			
28	Hunting and fishing equipment - INCREMENTAL for tackle	boxes				-			
29			0.74	0.66	0.56	6,067,166	6,544,395	6,959,736	7,407,209
30	% of average annual expenditures	0.001%	0.0010%	0.0010%	0.0010%			_	
-	Assumed 5% of fishing equipment	5.000%				-			
32						-			
33	Water sports equipment		12.10	10.88	9.21	99,293,007	107,103,158	113,900,477	121,223,658
34	% of average annual expenditures	0.016585%	0.0166%	0.0166%	0.0166%				
	Life jackets, coolers					-			
	Recreational pool tubes, pool floats, inflatable chairs,								
	and pool toys								
35	Safety flaresSnorkels, goggles, and swimming masks								
36	Chornels, goggies, and swifffilling masks	<u> </u>				-			
50									

	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I
37	Un-motored recreational vehicles/ Boats without motor a	nd boat trailer	S				-		
38			30.88	27.75	23.50	253,331,990	273,258,482	290,600,875	309,284,929
39	% of average annual expenditures	0.04%	0.0423%	0.0423%	0.0423%				
	Water skis, wakeboards, and kneeboards and								
	recreational inflatable water tubes or floats capable of								
	being towed								
	Paddleboards and surfboards Canoes & kayaks								
40	Paddles, and oars								
41	r dddioo, drid odro								
42	Other sports equipment		6.83	6.14	5.20	56,039,674	60,447,621	64,283,939	68,417,047
43	% of average annual expenditures	0.0094%	0.0094%	0.0094%	0.0094%				
	Water bottles								
	Hydration packs								
44	Binoculars								
45									
46	Bicycles		60.59	54.45	46.11	671,134,582	723,924,432	769,868,411	819,366,757
47	% of average annual expenditures	0.0830%	0.0830%	0.0830%	0.0830%				
48	Bicycles								
	Reduced for permanent exemption of baby bicycle seats								
-	and pre-existing exemption on child bicycle helmets.	5.00%							778,398,419
-	Bicycle helmets	0.05	3.03	2.72	2.31	24,856,836	26,812,016	28,513,645	-
	% of bicycle expenditures (assumed 5%)	0.004%	0.0042%	0.0042%	0.0042%				
	Bicycle Helmets								
53									
54	Miscellaneous household equipment - Other household a	ppliances	20.38	18.32	15.51	167,216,480	180,369,330	191,816,498	204,149,255
55	% of average annual expenditures	0.0279%	0.0279%	0.0279%	0.0279%				
	Outdoor Gas or Charcoal Grills								
57									
62	Source: US Bureau of Labor Statistics, Table 1800. Region o	f residence: Av	erage annual expend	itures and charad	teristics, Consume	r Expenditure Survey	2021, 2022.		
	Table R-1. All consumer units: Annual detailed expenditure	means, stnd. e	rrors, coeff. of variat	ion, & weekly (D)	or quarterly (I) per	rcents reporting, Con	sumer Expenditure S	urveys, 2021, 2022	
64									

Total revenue (2022 \$ m) Total revenue (2022 \$ m) Sales to homeowners		А	В	С	D	Е	F
3 RETAIL SALES EXEMPTIONS	1	HB7073, S. 2	26 - Freedom MONTH, less than \$\$\$ price, all categories			31	Days
A Swimming pool equipment & supplies	2	2/16/2024	•			4	Weeks
Florida share of US population	3	RETAIL SALE	S EXEMPTIONS			7/1/2024	Start
Florida share of US population	4	Swimming p	ool equipment & supplies			7/31/2024	End
Total revenue (2022 \$ m) Sales to homeowners	5						
Source: US Census Bureau, Annual Estimates of the Resident Population for the United States, Regions, States, and the District of Columbia.	6		Florida share of US population				
Florida	7		Ju	ly 1, 2023 Population	on		
Florida's share of US total	8		United States	334,914,895			
TTE visitors			Florida	22,610,726			
Plus adjustment for FTE visitors 7.4%			Florida's share of US total	6.8%			
Source: US Census Bureau, Annual Estimates of the Resident Population for the United States, Regions, States, and the District of Columbia.			FTE visitors	2,096,050			
Source: US Census Bureau, Annual Estimates of the Resident Population for the United States, Regions, States, and the District of Columbia.	12		Plus adjustment for FTE visitors	7.4%			
15 16 2022 2023 2024 2026 2026 2027 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028 2028							
The content of the			Source: US Census Bureau, Annual Estimates of the Resident Population for the	ne United States, Regi	ons, States, and the I	District of Columb	oia.
Total revenue (2022 \$ m) Sales to homeowners (excluding commercial or government purchases from retail stores) 100% 5,712 5,799 5,80							
Swimming pool retail stores - U.S. FY ending: % of Total 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2027 2028 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029				2022	2023	2024	2025
Swimming pool retail stores - U.S. FY ending: % of Total 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2027 2027 2028 2028 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 2029 20			FL population growth, FY ending, FDEC	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4
Total revenue (2022 \$ m) 5,712 5,799 5,88	18						
Total revenue (2022 \$ m) 5,712 5,799 5,8	19		Swimming pool retail stores - U.S.				
Sales to homeowners	20		FY ending:	% of Total	2023	2024	2025
22 (excluding commercial or government purchases from retail stores) 100% 5,712 5,799 5,80	21		Total revenue (2022 \$ m)		5,712	5,799	5,881
22 (excluding commercial or government purchases from retail stores) 100% 5,712 5,799 5,80							
Pool chemicals 46% 2,599 2,639 2,675.							
24 Pool equipment & recreational items 30% 1,731 1,757 1,781. 25 All other products 24% 1,382 1,403 1,423. Source: IBISWorld Reports, INDUSTRY REPORT OD4853 Swimming Pool Equipment Stores, September 2023. 27 28 Florida share based on housing starts FY2023-24 FY2024-25 29 US Housing starts 1,358,330 1,341,04 30 FL Housing starts 210,364 184,2 31 FL % of US 15% 1							5,881
All other products 24% 1,382 1,403 1,423.							2,675.76
Source: IBISWorld Reports, INDUSTRY REPORT OD4853							1,781.88
26 Swimming Pool Equipment Stores, September 2023. 27 Florida share based on housing starts FY2023-24 FY2024-25 29 US Housing starts 1,358,330 1,341,000 30 FL Housing starts 210,364 184,200 31 FL % of US 15% 1	25			24%	1,382	1,403	1,423.15
27 28 Florida share based on housing starts FY2023-24 FY2024-25 29 US Housing starts 1,358,330 1,341,04 30 FL Housing starts 210,364 184,22 31 FL % of US 15% 1	26		• •				
28 Florida share based on housing starts FY2023-24 FY2024-25 29 US Housing starts 1,358,330 1,341,04 30 FL Housing starts 210,364 184,24 31 FL % of US 15% 1			ownmining root equipment stores, september 2023.				
29 US Housing starts 1,358,330 1,341,0-1 30 FL Housing starts 210,364 184,2-1 31 FL % of US 15% 1		1	Florida chara based on bousing starts			EV2022 24	FV2024 2F
30 FL Housing starts 210,364 184,23 31 FL % of US 15% 1			<u> </u>				
31 FL % of US 15% 1			-				
		4					184,225
TO A TELEVALUATION DE LE		l l					612.4
			re swithining poor ferall stores revenue (annual) (\$ 111)			0.00.8	012.4
33 34							

	Α	В	С	D	E	F
		Swimming pool retail stores -	U.S.			
35		Categories & Items Include	ed			
36		Pool equipment & recreational ite	ms			
37		pool covers, reels and liners, slides, ladders, diving boards and other mequipment	iscellaneous			
38		swimming pool floats, games, lounges, masks, fins and fitness items, among more. This segment also includes a variety of backyard a paint and other swimming pool related items	nd patio furniture,	pool and deck		
39		Pool chemicals				
40 41		chlorine, algae control, water clarifiers, stain removers and tile cleaner All other products	'S			
42		above ground pools, spas and hot tubs				

	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G
1	HB7073, S	5. 26 - Freedom MONTH, less than \$\$\$	price, all categories			31	Days
2		2/16/2024				4	Weeks
3	RETAIL SA	LES EXEMPTIONS				7/1/2024	Start
4	Outdoor i	tems				7/31/2024	End
5							
6		Florida share of US population					
7			uly 1, 2023 Populatio	n			
8		United States	334,914,895				
9		Florida	22,610,726				
10		Florida's share of US total	6.8%				
11		Plus adjustment for FTE visitors	7.4%				
40		Source: US Census Bureau, Annual Estimates	of the Resident Populati	on for the United Stat	es, Regions, States, an	d the District of Col	umbia: April 1,
12 13		2020 to July 1, 2023.					
14		FL population growth, FY ending, FDEC	2022	2023	2024	2025	
15		re population growth, FY ending, FDEC	1.7			1.4	
16			1.7	1.0	1.5	1.4	
17		Insect repellent	IBIS Data	EDR Estimate	EDR Estimate		
18		United States	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25		
19		Domestic demand (\$)	517,215,427	525,144,721	532,545,635	EDEC no	pulation growth
19		Source: IBISWorld Reports, US INDUSTRY (SPE				•	
20		products will be the industry's saving grace go			vianuracturing, consta	ant buzz. Eco-consci	ous, natural
21		F		· ·			
22			FY 2024-25]			
23		Florida insect repellent demand	39,286,057				
24				•			
25		Sunscreen	IBIS Data	EDR Estimate	EDR Estimate		
26		United States	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25		
27		Domestic demand (\$)	861,000,000	874,199,766	886,519,946		
		Source: IBISWorld, US INDUSTRY (SPECIALIZEI	D) REPORT OD4244, Sun	screen Manufacturing	Sunny outlook: A retu	urn to outdoor gath	erings and
28		activities will drive demand for sunscreen, Se	•		,	0	Ĭ
29			FY 2024-25				
30		Florida sunscreen demand	65,398,852				

	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G
31							
32		Sunglasses stores	EDR Estimate	EDR Estimate			
33		United States	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25		
34		Domestic demand (\$)	1,938,350,828	1,968,067,178	1,995,803,335	FDEC po	opulation growth
		Source: IBISWorld, US INDUSTRY (SPECIALIZEI	D) REPORT OD4229, Sun	glasses Stores, Bright I	ights: Industry revenu	ue is expected to gro	ow as the
35		economy rebounds from the pandemic, Febru	uary 2021.				
36				•			
37			FY 2024-25				
38		Florida sunglass store revenues	147,231,032				
39			FY 2024-25				
40		Florida - Other sports equipment	68,417,047				
		Source: US Bureau of Labor Statistics, Table 1	800. Region of residence	e: Average annual expe	enditures and charact	eristics, Consumer I	Expenditure
41		Survey, 2021, 2022.					
42			T	1			
43			FY 2024-25				
44		Florida total outdoor sales	320,332,987				

	В С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J
3	HB7073, S. 26 - Freedoi	m MONTH, less than \$\$\$ price, all cate	egories				31	Days
4	Children's Athletic Equipme	•	3					Weeks
5	Officer 5 Action Equipme	31K					7/1/2024	
6							7/31/2024	End
7								
8	 GENERAL PURCHASING A 	SSUMPTIONS						
9		ADJUSTMENT FACTORS		_				
		Business purchases factor based on Florida Sales Tax						
10		Contributions from Businesses	0.2802					
		Tourists purchases factor based on Florida Sales Tax	0.2002					
11		Contributions from Tourists	0.2101					
12		Bill language conditions & exclusions*	1.00	i.				
13		Effective sales tax factor (State + Local Option)	6.8%	v				
14	* Includes price limits and oth	er price exclusions, certain tourism-related dealers, impuls		II language exclusions not	explicitly accounted for elsewhere.			
15	,	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			•			
16	II. GROWTH RATE ASSUMPT	TIONS						
17			FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	•
18		FDEC growth in population	1.67%	1.71%	1.64%	1.53%	1.41%	
19		FDEC growth in resident households	1.70%	1.84%	1.71%	1.50%	1.43%	
20		FEEC growth in personal income	10.29%	6.61%	7.87%	6.35%	6.43%	
22								•
23	AGGREGATE EXPENDITUR							
24	III. FLORIDA CONSUMER EXP							
25		Florida Consumer Expenditures		FORECAST				
26 27			FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	
27			2020-2021 Avg.					
28	Florida	Number of Consumer Units	9,200,869	9,370,371	9,530,940	9,673,911	9,812,050	
29		by growth in households			_			
30		-						
31	Florida	Income before taxes per Consumer Unit	\$72,775.52	\$77,588	\$83,691	\$89,002	\$94,725	
32		by growth in personal income	•					
33	Et. 21.	A	AFF = 2.2	AFC 225	***	007.015	A70.00	•
34	Florida	Average annual expenditures per Consumer Unit	\$55,533	\$59,205	\$63,862	\$67,915	\$72,281	
35		constant share (2020-2021) of income before taxes						
36	Florido	Aggregate income hefere toyon	\$660 E00 00E 007	\$707 007 0E0 0E0	\$707 CE4 040 000	£060 000 444 400	£000 440 0E0 400	i
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	Florida	Aggregate income before taxes	\$669,598,025,927	\$727,027,250,653	\$797,651,619,898	\$860,999,441,493	\$929,442,253,480	•
30	Florida	Aggregate expenditures**	\$510,949,925,995	\$554,772,423,953	\$608,663,736,115	\$657,002,535,668	\$709,229,167,715	i
40	i iorida	constant share (2020-2021) of income before taxes	76.3%	76.3%		76.3%	76.3%	•
41		** Includes state and local sales tax	70.576	70.370	10.376	10.5/6	70.376	
41		includes state and local sales tax						

	ВС	D	E	F	G	Н	1	j
		m MONTH, less than \$\$\$ price, all ca	tegories		<u> </u>		31	Days
	hildren's Athletic Equipm		iogonico					Weeks
43	maron o ramono Equipin	5.II.					•	Weeks
44 IV	. EXPENDITURE CALCULA	TIONS						
45			% of Expenditures	Percent Exempted During	FY 2023-24			
46 N		ITEM	adj. % of category	Holiday	Taxable Expenditures	Sales Tax-Annual	Sales Tax-Daily	,
47	Sports, recreation, and exercise equipment Sports, recreation, and	Athletic gear, game tables, and exercise equipment	0.11300%	15.00000%	\$112,601,815	\$6,756,109	\$18,510	
48	1 exercise equipment Sports, recreation, and	Bicycles	0.08304%	0.00000%	\$0	\$0	\$0	Eliminated overlap with
49	1 exercise equipment Sports, recreation, and	Scooters and other single-rider transportation	0.00012%	50.00000%	\$397,050	\$23,823	\$65	
50	1 exercise equipment Sports, recreation, and	Winter sports equipment	0.01603%	5.00000%	\$5,326,223	\$319,573	\$876	
51	1 exercise equipment Sports, recreation, and	Water Sports Equipment	0.01659%	30.00000%	\$33,054,424	\$1,983,265	\$5,434	
52	1 exercise equipment	Other Sports Equipment	0.00936%	50.00000%	\$31,092,395	\$1,865,544	\$5,111	
53	'							•
53 54 55								
55	A	. Florida Resident Consumer purchases (happening	g on average regardless of	sales tax holiday)				
56 57 58			Days	Sales Tax (State)				
57		Holiday duration	31					
58		Additional days - time shifting of purchases	14					
59		Total consumer purchases for days impacted	45	\$1,349,792				
60 61	_							
61	В	Other Florida purchases						
62		Durings and the state	Factors	Sales Tax (State)				
63		Business purchases factor Visitor purchases factor	0.28018	\$378,183				
65		Total Other Florida purchases	0.00210	\$2,836				
66		Total Outer I fortua purchases		\$381,020				
62 63 64 65 66	Δ & Β	Total Florida purchases		\$1,730,812				
68	Α. α. υ			71,730,812				
68 69		Bill language conditions & exclusions*	0.970					
70		SALES TAX IMPACT	0.0.0	\$1,678,887				
70 71 72 73 74				7.,,5,001				
72								
73								
74								
75		TOTAL IMPACT						
76 V .	. TOTAL IMPACT	Sales Tax		Middle				
77		Children's Athletic Equipment		\$ 1,678,887				
78		Total		\$ 1,678,887				
79								

П	A	В	С	D	E	F	T	G	Н	I	J		K
2		HR	7073 S 26 - Freedou	m MONTH, less than \$\$\$ price, all cate	enories					21	Days	•	
-				ii iii Oi v i i i, i coo than φφφ prioc, an oat	egories						•		
4		Chil	dren's Toys								Weeks		
5										7/1/2024	Start		
6										7/31/2024	End		
7										7,,			
5 6 7 8			OFNEDAL BURGUACING A	CCUMPTIONS									
8		I.	GENERAL PURCHASING A										
9				ADJUSTMENT FACTORS		-							
1 1				Business purchases factor based on Florida Sales									
10				Tax Contributions from Businesses	0.2802								
10				Tourists purchases factor based on Florida Sales Tax		1							
11				Contributions from Tourists	0.2101								
12				Bill language conditions & exclusions*	1.00	1							
12				Effective sales tax factor (State + Local Option)	6.8%	1							
1/1			* Includes price limits and at	her price exclusions, certain tourism-related dealers, imp			chieione	e not explicitly accounte	nd for alcowhere				
15			includes price limits and ou	nei price exclusions, certain tourism-related dealers, imp	puise purchases, and our	iei bili lariguage ex	Ciusioni	3 Hot explicitly accounte	d for elsewhere.				
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 22 23 24 25 26 27 28		II.	GROWTH RATE ASSUMPT	TIONS									
17		•••	CROWNIN RATE ACCOUNT	1010	FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22	,	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25			
18				FDEC growth in population	1.67%		1.71%	1.64%	1.53%	1.41%			
19				FDEC growth in resident households	1.70%		1.84%	1.71%	1.50%	1.43%			
20				FEEC growth in personal income	10.29%		5.61%	7.87%	6.35%	6.43%			
22						-			******				
23			AGGREGATE EXPENDITUR	RE CALCULATIONS									
24		III.	FLORIDA CONSUMER EXP	ENDITURES									
25				Florida Consumer Expenditures	ACTUAL	FORECAST							
26					FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22	F	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25			
27					2020-2021 Avg.								
28	CE		Florida	Number of Consumer Units	9,200,869	9.37	70,371	9,530,940	9,673,911	9,812,050			
29				by growth in households	.,,		- , -	-,,-	-,,-				
29 30 31													
31	CE		Florida	Income before taxes per Consumer Unit	\$72,775.52	\$77	7,588	\$83,691	\$89,002	\$94,725			
32				by growth in personal income									
33													
32 33 34	CE		Florida	Average annual expenditures per Consumer Unit	\$55,533	\$59	9,205	\$63,862	\$67,915	\$72,281			
35				constant share (2020-2021) of income before taxes	******	***		* /	** **	* * *			
36				· ·						,			
37	Calculated		Florida	Aggregate income before taxes	\$669,598,025,927	\$727,027,250	0,653	\$797,651,619,898	\$860,999,441,493	\$929,442,253,480			
38													
39	Calculated		Florida	Aggregate expenditures**	\$510,949,925,995	\$554,772,423	3,953	\$608,663,736,115	\$657,002,535,668	\$709,229,167,715			
40				constant share (2020-2021) of income before taxes	76.3%	7	76.3%	76.3%	76.3%	76.3%			
41				** Includes state and local sales tax						,			
41				** Includes state and local sales tax									

$\overline{}$	Α	В	С	D	l E	F	G	Н		l k	$\overline{}$
	A			n MONTH, less than \$\$\$ price, all cat		r	<u> </u>	п	21		
3				ı MONTA, iess man şşş price, an cat	egories					Days	
4		Chi	ldren's Toys						4	Weeks	
43 44 45			EXPENDITURE CALCULATION	ONS							
45			EXPENDITURE CALCULATION	ONS	% of Expenditures			FY 2023-24			
43					70 OI Experiolitures	Percent Exempted During	Taxable	112023-24	l		
46	ITEMS SPECIFIED IN BILL		CE CATEGORY	CE SUBCATEGORY/ ITEM	adj. % of category	Holiday	Expenditures	Sales Tax-Annual	Sales Tax-Daily		
			Toys, hobbies, and								
47			playground equipment	Toys, games, arts and crafts, and tricycles [D]	0.29710%	91.00%	\$1,796,099,980	\$107,765,999	\$295,249		
48			Toys, hobbies, and playground equipment	Playground equipment [I]	0.01086%	15.00%	\$10,824,579	\$649,475	\$1,779		
40			Other entertainment	r layground equipment [i]	0.01000%	15.00%	\$10,024,579	\$649,475	\$1,779		
			supplies, equipment, and								
49			services	Un-motored recreational vehicles [I]	0.25000%	1.50%	\$24,912,911	\$1,494,775	\$4,095		
П			Other entertainment								
1			supplies, equipment, and	Matarian discounting all control of the control of							
50		-	services Audio and visual equipment	Motorized recreational vehicles [I]	0.51847%	7.50%	\$258,330,747	\$15,499,845	\$42,465		
51			and services	Musical instruments and accessories [I]	0.05108%	10.00%	\$33,937,861	\$2,036,272	\$5,579		
31			Sports, recreation, and	macical metramente and accessories [i]	0.0310070	10.0078	ψ55,957,001	ΨΖ,030,272	ψ5,57 9		
52			exercise equipment	Bicycles [I]	0.08384%	0.00%	\$0	\$0	\$0	Eliminated overlap with General	Outdoo
П			Sports, recreation, and				•				
53			exercise equipment	Scooters and other single-rider transportation [D]	0.00012%	0.00%	\$0	\$0	\$0		
54											
55			Α.	Florida Resident Consumer purchases (happening	g on average regardless	of sales tax holiday)					
56					Days	Sales Tax (State)					
57				Holiday duration	31	\$10,824,211.79					
58				Additional days - time shifting of purchases	14						
59				Total consumer purchases for days impacted	45	\$15,712,566					
60											
61			В.	Other Florida purchases							
62					Factors	Sales Tax (State)					
63				Business purchases factor (25%)	0.03502	\$550,291					
64				Visitor purchases factor	0.05253	\$825,437					
65				Total Other Florida purchases		\$1,375,728					
66											
67			A. & B.	Total Florida purchases		\$17,088,293					
68											
69				Bill language conditions & exclusions*	0.950		•				
70				SALES TAX IMPACT		\$16,233,878					
71							•				
72											
73											
74											
75				TOTAL IMPACT							
76		٧.	TOTAL IMPACT			Middle					
77				Other entertainment supplies, equipment, and service	es	\$ 16,233,878					
55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77				Total		\$ 16,233,878					
79											

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax

Issue: Tax Collection Enforcement Diversion Program

Bill Number(s): HB 7073

Entire Bill

Partial Bill: Section 23

Sponsor(s): Representative McClain Month/Year Impact Begins: July 1, 2024 Date(s) Conference Reviewed: 2/16/2024

Section 1: Narrative

a. Current Law: Under current law, Section 413.4021, F.S. requires 75 percent of the revenues collected from the Tax Collection Enforcement Diversion Program (TCEDP) to be deposited into the special reserve account of the Florida Association of Centers for Independent Living (FACIL).

The Tax Collection Enforcement Diversion program, which collects revenue owed by persons who have not remitted their sales tax collections as required, began as a pilot program in 2002 and was fully implemented in 2005. The program is operated by participating State Attorney's Offices in cooperation with DOR. To be eligible for the program, taxpayers must meet certain requirements. They must show a pattern of delinquency for several months and the delinquency cannot exceed the misdemeanor level. Eight State Attorney's Offices currently participate in the program: Jacksonville, Clearwater, Miami, Tampa, West Palm Beach, Fort Lauderdale, Fort Myers, and Orlando (Key West participated in the program from FY 2008-09 through FY 2013-14).

The Department of Revenue identifies these payments as TCEDP payments and apportions 75 percent to go into the Audit Warrant Clearing Trust Fund for use by FACIL and the remaining 25 percent is comingled with all other sales tax funds and distributed as sales tax collections via 212.20, F.S. (2023).

The 75 percent of funds are deposited monthly into the special reserve account of the Florida Association of Centers for Independent Living (FACIL). Those funds are to be used for administering the James Patrick Memorial Work Incentive Personal Attendant Services and Employment Assistance Program (JP-PAS) and for contracting with the State Attorneys participating in the tax collection enforcement diversion program. The JP-PAS provides personal care attendants and other support and services to persons with significant and chronic disabilities to enable them to obtain or maintain competitive and integrated employment, including self-employment.

b. Proposed Change: Section 23 of PCB WMC 24-05 amends Subsection (1) of Section 413.4021, F.S. to deposit 100 percent of the revenues collected from the tax collection enforcement diversion program into the special reserve account of the Florida Association of Centers for Independent Living (FACIL).

Section 2: Description of Data and Sources

- REC Tax Collection Enforcement Diversion Program, January 22, 2024.
- Florida Department of Revenue data.
- Email correspondence with the Department of Revenue dated 2/15/2024.

Section 3: Methodology (Include Assumptions and Attach Details)

The Revenue Estimating Conference adopts a forecast by fiscal year for the entire amount collected from the tax collection enforcement diversion program. The most recent forecast estimates that FY 2024-25 collections will be 3,566,975. Currently, 25 percent is treated as regular sales tax collections and distributed as sales tax collections via 212.20, F.S. (2023). The currently adopted forecast for the entire amount collected is shown below:

	Actual	Forecast					
ADOPTED FORECAST - JANUARY 2024	FY 22-23	FY 23-24	FY 24-25	FY 25-26	FY 26-27	FY 27-28	FY 28-29
Estimated Total Collections based on holding to FY2022-23 actuals (Cell Q14)	3,566,975	3,566,975	3,566,975	3,566,975	3,566,975	3,566,975	3,566,975
Percent change over the prior FY	-20.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax

Issue: Tax Collection Enforcement Diversion Program

Bill Number(s): HB 7073

Since the REC, DOR has provided tax collections for January 2024. The monthly collections for FY 2023-24 by circuit are shown below.

				-		~						~ "							_	
				Ta	ax (Collection E					- 0		cti	on Data	a					
						Dat	ta S	ource: Flori	da 1	Department	of F	levenue					_			
																		t Meyers	l	
			~-												l_			arlotte,	l	_
	0.000			arwater		lando			_			st Palm			For		Coll		Tot	
			(Pas			ange,						ch (Palm		ey West			Glad	,		icipating
	23 Sub Total \$ 530,676 23 \$ 22,139 2-23 \$ 26,266 23 \$ 26,739 2-23 \$ 40,144 2-23 \$ 46,959 2-24 \$ 66,476 2-24 2-24 2-24 2-24	1)	Pine		Osc	ceola)			(Hillsborough)				(Monroe)		(Broward)		Hendry, Lee)		Circuits	
Month	_			Sixth		Ninth		Eleventh		Thirteenth		Fifteenth	S	ixteenth	Se	eventeenth		[wentieth	G	rand Total
22-23 Sub Total	\$	530,670	\$	615,797	\$	440,449	\$	372,275	\$	626,124	\$	204,528	\$	=	\$	555,806	\$	221,324	\$	3,566,975
Jul-23	\$	22,139	\$	37,779	\$	15,768	\$	25,330	\$	32,010	\$	51,153	\$	-	\$	24,987	\$	14,350	\$	223,516
Aug-23	\$	26,266	\$	78,227	\$	23,141	\$	24,822	\$	60,350	\$	56,666	\$	-	\$	64,555	\$	29,460	\$	363,488
Sep-23	\$	26,735	\$	60,794	\$	15,496	\$	20,219	\$	36,290	\$	13,778	\$	-	\$	34,657	\$	19,852	\$	227,822
Oct-23	\$	40,146	\$	116,021	\$	16,271	\$	37,706	\$	100,983	\$	81,401	\$	-	\$	77,233	\$	21,732	\$	491,493
Nov-23	\$	46,954	\$	85,221	\$	31,717	\$	48,145	\$	48,714	\$	16,703	\$	-	\$	22,148	\$	26,102	\$	325,703
Dec-23	\$	18,961	\$	49,758	\$	27,832	\$	51,611	\$	36,502	\$	8,425	\$	-	\$	34,728	\$	20,192	\$	248,009
Jan-24	\$	66,476	\$	65,111	\$	55,976	\$	38,616	\$	46,257	\$	17,582	\$	-	\$	40,006	\$	25,549	\$	355,573
Feb-24																				
Mar-24																				
Apr-24																				
May-24																				
Jun-24																				
23-24 Sub Total -																				
YTD	\$	247,677	\$	492,911	\$	186,201	\$	246,449	\$	361,107	\$	245,708	\$	-	\$	298,315	\$	157,237	\$	2,235,604

	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26	FY 2026-27	FY 2027-28	FY 2028-29
Estimated tax collections							
(January 2024 REC)	3,566,975	3,566,975	3,566,975	3,566,975	3,566,975	3,566,975	3,566,975
Growth rate	-20.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Current distributions	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26	FY 2026-27	FY 2027-28	FY 2028-29
Sales tax collections (25%)	891,744	891,744	891,744	891,744	891,744	891,744	891,744
FACIL (75%)	2,675,231	2,675,231	2,675,231	2,675,231	2,675,231	2,675,231	2,675,231
Loss to sales tax							
final liability	(891,744)	(891,744)	(891,744)	(891,744)	(891,744)	(891,744)	(891,744)

Section 4: Proposed Fiscal Impact The impact begins in July 2024. Per DOR, there will be no lag due to collections.

Millions of Dollars

	Н	ligh	Mid	ddle	Low		
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	
2024-25			(0.9)	(0.9)			
2025-26			(0.9)	(0.9)			
2026-27			(0.9)	(0.9)			
2027-28			(0.9)	(0.9)			
2028-29			(0.9)	(0.9)			

Revenue Distribution: Sales and Use Tax

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax

Issue: Tax Collection Enforcement Diversion Program

Bill Number(s): HB 7073

Section 5: Consensus Estimate (Adopted: 02/16/2024) The Conference adopted the proposed estimate.

	GR Cash Recurring		Trust		Revenue	Sharing	Local Half Cent		
			Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	
2024-25	(0.8)	(0.8)	(Insignificant)	(Insignificant)	(Insignificant)	(Insignificant)	(0.1)	(0.1)	
2025-26	(0.8)	(0.8)	(Insignificant)	(Insignificant)	(Insignificant)	(Insignificant)	(0.1)	(0.1)	
2026-27	(0.8)	(0.8)	(Insignificant)	(Insignificant)	(Insignificant)	(Insignificant)	(0.1)	(0.1)	
2027-28	(0.8)	(0.8)	(Insignificant)	(Insignificant)	(Insignificant)	(Insignificant)	(0.1)	(0.1)	
2028-29	(0.8)	(0.8)	(Insignificant)	(Insignificant)	(Insignificant)	(Insignificant)	(0.1)	(0.1)	

	6% Sub-	-Total	Add: Loc	al Option	Total		
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	
2024-25	(0.9)	(0.9)	0.0	0.0	(0.9)	(0.9)	
2025-26	(0.9)	(0.9)	0.0	0.0	(0.9)	(0.9)	
2026-27	(0.9)	(0.9)	0.0	0.0	(0.9)	(0.9)	
2027-28	(0.9)	(0.9)	0.0	0.0	(0.9)	(0.9)	
2028-29	(0.9)	(0.9)	0.0	0.0	(0.9)	(0.9)	

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax

Issue: Sales Tax Holiday for Items Related to Electric Transportation

Bill Number(s): CS/CS/SB58 & CS/CS/HB475

☑ Entire Bill☑ Partial Bill:

Sponsor(s): Senator Stewart, Representative Killebrew

Month/Year Impact Begins: August 1 – September 14 and November 1 – December 15, 2024 (Affecting September, October,

December, 2024 and January 2025 collections with a one month collection lag)

Date(s) Conference Reviewed: 1/26/2024, 2/2/2024, 2/16/2024

Section 1: Narrative

a. Current Law:

The items specified or envisioned in the proposed bill are currently subject to sales tax, except for an exemption for vehicles used by the disabled.

Section 212.08(2), F.S. exempts wheelchairs. The Nontaxable Medical Items and General Grocery List (DR-46NT) lists "Wheelchairs, including powered models, their parts, and repairs" as an exempt item. The exemption is included in Rule 12A-1.021, F.A.C., since 1987. DOR has also determined that "... personal mobility scooters ... are functionally equivalent to powered wheelchairs and are therefore specifically exempt from Florida sales tax." The determination was provided in TAA 14A-014.

Section 316.003 (23), F.S. (2023) defines an electric bicycle as follows:

- (23) ELECTRIC BICYCLE.—A bicycle or tricycle equipped with fully operable pedals, a seat or saddle for the use of the rider, and an electric motor of less than 750 watts which meets the requirements of one of the following three classifications:
- (a) "Class 1 electric bicycle" means an electric bicycle equipped with a motor that provides assistance only when the rider is pedaling and that ceases to provide assistance when the electric bicycle reaches the speed of 20 miles per hour.
- (b) "Class 2 electric bicycle" means an electric bicycle equipped with a motor that may be used exclusively to propel the electric bicycle and that ceases to provide assistance when the electric bicycle reaches the speed of 20 miles per hour.
- (c) "Class 3 electric bicycle" means an electric bicycle equipped with a motor that provides assistance only when the rider is pedaling and that ceases to provide assistance when the electric bicycle reaches the speed of 28 miles per hour.

Section 316.003, F.S. (2023) also includes the following definitions:

- (41) MICROMOBILITY DEVICE.—Any motorized transportation device made available for private use by reservation through an online application, website, or software for point-to-point trips and which is not capable of traveling at a speed greater than 20 miles per hour on level ground. This term includes motorized scooters and bicycles as defined in this chapter.
- (48) MOTORIZED SCOOTER.—Any vehicle or micromobility device that is powered by a motor with or without a seat or saddle for the use of the rider, which is designed to travel on not more than three wheels, and which is not capable of propelling the vehicle at a speed greater than 20 miles per hour on level ground. The term does not include an electric bicycle.

b. Proposed Change:

The proposed amendment to CS for SB 58 exempts from sales tax the retail sale of the following items during the period August 1 – September 14 and November 1 – December 15, 2024.

- (a) "Electric bicycle" as defined in s. 316.003, Florida Statutes.
- (b) "Electric scooter" means a vehicle having two or fewer wheels, with or without a seat or saddle, which is equipped to be propelled by an electric motor and which weighs less than 75 pounds, is less than 2 feet wide, and is designed for a maximum speed of less than 35 miles per hour.
- (c) "Protective clothing and equipment" means apparel designed and intended for use during the operation of an electric bicycle or electric scooter which incorporates padding to protect from or mitigate injury.

The bill has the following price limits.

- (a) An electric bicycle: \$1,750 or less.
- (b) An electric scooter: \$500 or less.
- (c) The following protective clothing and equipment:

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax

Issue: Sales Tax Holiday for Items Related to Electric Transportation

Bill Number(s): CS/CS/SB58 & CS/CS/HB475

A helmet: \$150 or less.
 Knee pads: \$50 or less.
 Elbow pads: \$50 or less.

The bill does not speak to the battery that comes with an e-bike. In some cases, the battery is sold separately. In this case, the consumer will have to purchase the battery and be charged sales tax on it.

Section 1 (4) specifies: "The lease or rental of an electric bicycle, an electric scooter, or protective clothing and equipment does not qualify as an exempt retail sale under this exemption."

Section 2: Description of Data and Sources

- REC Impact of CS/SB 58 Proposed Amendment, 2/2/2024, http://edr.state.fl.us/Content/conferences/revenueimpact/archives/2024/ pdf/page245-256.pdf
- U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Consumer Expenditure Survey, 2022 and 2021, Table R-1 All consumer units: Annual detailed expenditure means, standard errors, coefficients of variation, and weekly (D) or quarterly (I) percents reporting, Table Florida Quintiles of Income, 2020-21.
- Florida Demographic Estimating Conference, November 2023.
- Florida Economic Estimating Conference, December 2023.
- Florida Sales Tax Contributions from Households, Businesses and Tourists, Contributions to General Revenue from Sales Tax Collections in FY 2020-21, by source http://edr.state.fl.us/Content/economy/FloridaSalesTaxContributions FY20-21.pdf.
- United States Consumer Product Safety Commission, Micromobility Products-Related Deaths, Injuries, and Hazard Patterns: 2017-2022, September 2023, https://www.cpsc.gov/s3fs-public/Micromobility-Products-Related-Deaths-Injuries-and-Hazard-Patterns-2017-2022.pdf.

Section 3: Methodology (Include Assumptions and Attach Details)

Data Source - CE

The methodology uses the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Expenditure Survey (CE) to estimate expenditures on the exempted items in Florida. The CE is the most detailed publicly available source of consumer expenditure data. BLS uses a direct interview survey and a consumer diary survey to collect data. Aggregate level data, such as income and total expenditures are available for Florida. However, data for the most detailed level of expenditures is not available for Florida but is available for the US.

Aggregate Expenditures

Florida number of consumer units (households), average annual income, and average annual consumer expenditures from the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Expenditure Survey (CE) are grown to the impact year by the growth rate of resident households from the FDEC and the growth rate in personal income from the FEEC respectively, assuming that the ratio of expenditures to income remained constant in the adjustment period. This process estimates aggregate annual consumer expenditures by Florida residents in the impact year.

<u>Item's Category and Share of Aggregate Expenditures</u>

For each item or group of items, the analysis selects an expenditure category deemed most appropriate and likely to contain the exempt item or group of items. The decision is based on a review of the broad and detailed expenditure categories in the hierarchical structure of the CE, a review of adjacent categories, and a review of instructions to survey respondents.

A further determination is made on whether the exempt items would comprise the entire expenditure category or only a relatively small share of the category. This step is now shown separately for each category as a **lever** for the conference to adjust as needed.

Annual to Daily

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax

Issue: Sales Tax Holiday for Items Related to Electric Transportation

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The annual taxable expenditures for each category are used to calculate annual and average daily sales tax collections. Since the expenditure data include state and local sales tax, an adjustment is made to deduct state and local sales taxes from the expenditures to estimate taxable expenditures.

Length of Holiday, Shifted Timing of Purchases

The length of the holiday multiplied by average daily tax collections produces the base impact of the holiday, affecting purchases that happen on average regardless of any sales tax holidays. This forms the base impact of the holiday. It is further assumed that consumers are sensitive to pre-announced sales tax holidays and they will shift purchases from periods adjacent to the holiday into the holiday to take advantage of the sales tax savings. Another **lever** allows to vary assumptions about how many days of spending is shifted from outside the holiday window into the holiday window. These additional days are added to the base holiday impact.

Factor Adjustments

The methodology uses the following adjustment factors that can also be used as levers.

- Business purchases factor: A ratio of business purchases to household purchases subject to sales tax based on Florida Sales Tax Contributions from Households, Businesses, and Tourists as published on the EDR website. Expenditure data in the CE reflects consumer purchases only. However, sales tax in Florida is generally paid by businesses as well, except in conditions as specified in statute. To account for business purchases of the exempt items, a business purchases factor is applied to sales tax collection from consumers to estimate additional business purchases of the exempt items. This is an estimate of business purchases that occur on average in Florida regardless of the holiday. This factor may be varied to account for induced activity in addition to average activity or to account for reduced activity since the item does not have a business application.
- Tourists purchases factor: A ratio of tourists purchases to household purchases based on Florida Sales Tax Contributions from Households, Businesses, and Tourists as published on the EDR website. Expenditure data in the CE reflects resident consumer purchases only. In addition, the number of consumer units and FDEC household data only reflect resident households, not snowbirds or other types of visitors. A tourist purchases factor is applied to sales tax collection from resident households to estimate additional tourists purchases of the exempt items. This is an estimate of average tourist purchases that occur on average in Florida regardless of the holiday. This factor may be varied to account for induced activity in addition to average activity or to account for reduced activity since the item may rarely be purchased by tourists. The consumer expenditure data for residents also includes resident purchases out-of-state (tourism etc.). These expenditures have not been subtracted at present.
- Bill language conditions & exclusions factor: This **lever** includes price limits, bill modifications from price caps to "first XXX Dollars of" price and other price conditions, certain tourism-related dealers, impulse purchases, and other bill language exclusions not explicitly accounted for elsewhere.

Motorized mobility aid devices, primarily used by persons with disabilities or difficulties walking, are already exempt from sales tax. Devices, such as powered wheelchairs and mobility scooters are categorized in the CE category "Supportive and convalescent medical equipment."

As in the prior version, this bill version does not address whether the electric scooter vehicles must be operated by a human, but due to the reference to the definition of an electric bicycle, this analysis assumes an electric bicycle by definition must be operated by a human.

Due to the changes in the bill language, relative to the REC impact dated 11/17/2023, the 1/26/2024 analysis changed as follows.

- 1. The bill no longer uses the "micromobility" language as a definition and instead uses the "electric transportation" language.
- 2. The bill specifies two vehicles as exempt: electric bicycle and electric scooter. While electric bicycle is interpreted to mean a specific vehicle, the definition of an electric scooter is interpreted to include an assortment of vehicles.
- 3. The bill now excludes regular bicycles. Human-powered bicycles were exempted in the November version but not in this version.
- 4. To define electric bicycles, the bill now cites Section 316.003 (23), F.S. (2023).
- 5. The bill introduces price caps by category.

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax

Issue: Sales Tax Holiday for Items Related to Electric Transportation

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6. The bill removed the general other small micromobility vehicle category. However, electric scooter now still includes a somewhat tightened (by weight and width limitations) version of this "other" category. This category can be open to interpretation as to what is included.

- 7. The bill reduces the eligible width to two (2) feet from three (3) feet in the prior version.
- 8. The bill now specifically includes protective clothing with the qualification that it is "apparel designed and intended for use during the operation of an electric bicycle or electric scooter."
- 9. The bill provides for two sales tax holidays of 45 days each rather than six months (90 days vs. 180 days).

Relative to the 11/17/2023 analysis, the 1/26/2024 analysis includes the following.

- 1. Updated data with new FDEC and FEEC conference data.
- 2. Reduces the bicycle category by removing expenditures on already existing sales tax exemptions for child bicycle seats, carriers, and trailers, and child bicycle helmets.
- 3. Reduces the bicycle category by only including assumed expenditures on electric bicycles based on product shares from an IBIS World report on bicycle manufacturing.
- 4. Reduces the bill factors due to the introduction of price caps.
- 5. Includes certain categories of clothing, less assumed expenditures on already existing permanent sales tax exemptions for toddler clothing.
- 6. Adjusts the duration of the holiday.
- 7. Clarifies that if a commercial entity takes advantage of the holiday as a final sale, rather than sale for resale, then this sale will be exempt and have an impact according to this bill.

Due to the changes in the bill language, relative to the REC impact dated 1/26/2024, the 2/2/2024 analysis changed as follows.

- 1. The bill language qualifies the term "motor" by adding the adjective "electric" to "motor" in the definition of "electric scooter." The 1/26/2024 analysis already narrowly construed the word "motor" to mean only electric motors. No gasoline motor products were included in the assumptions or calculations.
- 2. The "protective clothing" language (definition and itemization) in the 2/2/2024 analysis remained the same as the prior language in the 1/26/2024 analysis.

Relative to the 1/26/2024 analysis, the 2/2/2024 analysis includes the following.

- 1. No change was made to the impact since a motor was assumed to be electric even though not explicitly specified.
- 2. In the 2/2/2024 analysis and the 1/26/2024 analysis, "protective clothing" and the itemized list were narrowly construed to mean that the exemption applies only to specialized protective clothing even though the language "A shirt, pants, a jacket, or gloves" as a standalone is and remains unqualified in both bill versions. The 1/26/2024 impact was already narrowly construed and calculated to only include assumed portions of clothing that represent protective clothing only. No change was made to the impact.
- 3. The assumptions for the HIGH estimate were modified in the 2/2/2024 analysis. The HIGH assumes that the induced, or shifted, purchases will amount to 90 additional days of average daily purchases for all three categories because consumers are expected to shift their purchases just to save on the sales tax. Effectively, the induced purchases will double the number of effective days from 90 to 180 total purchasing days, resulting in a HIGH impact equal to 1.6 times the middle impact.

Relative to the 2/2/2024 analysis, the 2/16/2024 analysis differs as follows.

- 1. The "protective clothing" exemption previously listed as 2(c)4. was removed from the bill. However, Section 1, 1(c) on line 25 still contains "clothing" in the definition of "protective clothing and equipment" and the bill continues to define it as "apparel...which incorporates padding..." This analysis assumes that by "clothing" and "apparel" the bill means accessories, such as elbow pads, knee pads, and helmets. The impact from clothing is eliminated.
- 2. As in prior versions of the impact, this analysis only includes purchases of goods. It does not include impact from payment of rental fees, such as renting scooters or electric bicycles. The rental or lease of scooters and electric bicycles is not exempt as specified in the CS for CS for SB 58 and all other previous versions.
- 3. This analysis and the analyses for RECs dated 1/26/2024, 2/2/2024 consider only the sales tax impact from factory-built electric bicycles and electric scooters. The analysis does not include any potential impact from sales of combinations of electric motor kits and non-electric bicycles or scooters that a dealer may assemble and then sell to the consumer. DOR has stated in an email to EDR dated 2/13/2024 that the sale of such combinations by a dealer will be tax-exempt. If such

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax

Issue: Sales Tax Holiday for Items Related to Electric Transportation

Bill Number(s): CS/CS/SB58 & CS/CS/HB475

combinations are contemplated in the bill, there may be potential additional revenue impact that is not considered or included in the sales tax impact here.

Several categories from the CE survey are assumed to encompass the electric transportation vehicles envisioned by the bill.

The CE category "bicycles" contains both regular and electric bicycles. <u>The category is reduced</u> to include only electric bicycles. Based on internet research, it appears that most electric bikes reach maximum speeds of less that 30 mph, so most will qualify for the exemption. However, not all fall under the set price cap.

The CE category "scooters" includes both manual and electric devices as well. The category is reduced to include only electric scooters. It appears that most scooters will qualify for the exemption because the maximum speeds they reach appear to be most likely below the maximum set in the bill.

The category "motorcycles" is included to account for motorcycle helmet purchases. The US Consumer Product Safety Commission report "Micromobility Products-Related Deaths, Injuries, and Hazard Patterns: 2017-2022" discusses deaths and injuries associated with the use of micromobility devices. It appears that bicycle helmets may not provide the necessary protection for such devices. For this reason, motorcycle helmets under the motorcycle category are included in the impact under the assumption that consumers may opt for the maximum possible head protection device considering the risks associated with micromobility devices. Also, micromobility products advertised on the internet seem to feature riders with motorcycle-type helmets rather than bicycle-type helmets.

The estimate for electric scooters includes the category "scooters" as well as the categories "Other sports equipment" and "Toys, games, arts and crafts, and tricycles" to capture the "other electric scooters" term, which is interpreted to include two-wheeled items for adults or for children that may not be captured in scooters, such as electric sit-down toys, electric skateboards, electric hoverboards, etc.

"Related personal safety equipment" is generally included in the main equipment category in the Consumer Expenditure Survey. For example, kneepads expenditures for bicycles are included in the bicycles category.

A reduced business purchases factor is used to account for potential purchases of scooters etc. by businesses.

A significantly reduced tourist factor is proposed assuming that most tourists are not likely to make such purchases while traveling to Florida.

TOTAL IMPACT (Millions of Dollars)

	FY 2024-25
Electric bicycles & equipment	\$ (2.4)
Electric scooters & equipment	\$ (3.4)
-Protective clothing	\$ <u>_</u>
Total	\$ (5.8)

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax

Issue: Sales Tax Holiday for Items Related to Electric Transportation

Bill Number(s): CS/CS/SB58 & CS/CS/HB475

Examples of Electric Transportation Vehicles and Equipment



Source: Harley-Davidson Electric Balance Bike, <a href="https://www.harley-davidson.com/us/en/shop/c/electric-balance-bikes?format=json;i=1;locale=en_US;q1=kids;q2=electric-balance-bikes;sp_cs=UTF-8;x1=primaryCategoryCode;x2=superCategoryCodes



Source: TREK FX + 2, https://www.trekbikes.com/us/en_US/bikes/hybrid-bikes/electric-hybrid-bikes/fx/fx-2/p/35842/?colorCode=black



Source: Razor Pocket Mod, https://razor.com/products/electric-rides/pocket-mod/

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax

Issue: Sales Tax Holiday for Items Related to Electric Transportation

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Source:Segway Ninebot-2, https://store.segway.com/ninebot-s2



Source: GoTrax GMax Ultra-Electric Scooter, Joseph Kaminski, CNET,

https://www.cnet.com/roadshow/news/best-electric-scooter/



Source: Hover-1 Titan Hoverboard, https://www.hover-1.com/products/hover-1

1-titan-hoverboard



Source: http://onlinetips.altervista.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/06/protective-gear.jpg

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax

Issue: Sales Tax Holiday for Items Related to Electric Transportation

Bill Number(s): CS/CS/SB58 & CS/CS/HB475

Section 4: Proposed Fiscal Impact: The REC on 2/2/2024 adopted an adjusted high. That adjusted high is shown as the middle

estimate here.

Millions of Dollars

	Н	igh	Mid	ddle	Low		
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	
2024-25			(5.8)				
2025-26							
2026-27							
2027-28							
2028-29							

Revenue Distribution: Sales and Use Tax

Section 5: Consensus Estimate (Adopted: 02/16/2024) The Conference adopted the proposed estimate.

	GI	GR		Trust		Sharing	Local Half Cent	
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
2024-25	(5.1)	0.0	(Insignificant)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.5)	0.0
2025-26	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2026-27	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2027-28	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2028-29	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

	6% Sub	-Total	Add: Loc	al Option	Total		
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	
2024-25	(5.8)	0.0	(0.7)	0.0	(6.5)	0.0	
2025-26	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2026-27	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2027-28	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2028-29	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

CS/CS/SB 58 & CS/CS/HB475

Sales Tax Holiday for Items Related to Electric Transportation

2/16/2024

90 Days

6 Weeks

8/1/2024 11/1/2024 Start

9/14/2024 12/15/2024 End

TOTAL IMPACT (Millions of Dollars)		MIDDLE		HIGH		ADOPT		OPTED
			FY 2024-25	FY	2024-25		FY 2	024-25
Electric bicycle		\$	(2.2)	\$	(2.4)		\$	(2.4)
Electric scooter		\$	(2.3)	\$	(3.4)		\$	(3.4)
Protective clothing		\$		\$				
Total		\$	(4.5)	\$	(5.8)		\$	(5.8)

3	0/40/0004					'	G	Н	ı
4	2/16/2024	CS/	CS/SB 58 & CS/CS/HB475					90	Days
		Sale	es Tax Holiday for Items R	elated to Electric Transportation				6	Weeks
5			•	•			8/1/2024	11/1/2024	Start
6			NOTE: All Levers are in y	vellow			9/14/2024	12/15/2024	
7			NOTE: All Levels are in s	yenow.			3/14/2024	12/10/2024	Liid
8		I.	GENERAL PURCHASING	ASSUMPTIONS					
9				ADJUSTMENT FACTORS					
				Business purchases factor based on Florida	I I				
10				Sales Tax Contributions from Businesses	0.2802				
				Tavrieta numberos fastas based on Florida					
11				Tourists purchases factor based on Florida Sales Tax Contributions from Tourists	0.2101				
12				Bill language conditions & exclusions*	1.00				
13				Effective sales tax factor (State + Local Option					
14			* Includes price limits and otl	her price exclusions, certain tourism-related dealers,		l other bill language exc	clusions not explicitly ac	counted for elsewhere.	
15			р		pailed pailettaces, and		made on priority and		
16		II.	GROWTH RATE ASSUM	IPTIONS					
17					FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25
18				FDEC growth in population	1.67%	1.71%	1.64%	1.53%	1.41%
19				FDEC growth in resident households	1.70%	1.84%	1.73%	1.59%	1.49%
20				FEEC growth in personal income	10.29%	6.61%	7.87%	6.35%	6.43%
22			ACCRECATE EVENDIT	THE CALCULATIONS					
23 24		III.	AGGREGATE EXPENDIT FLORIDA CONSUMER E						
25		ш.	FLORIDA CONSUMER E	Florida Consumer Expenditures	ACTUAL				
26				Tiorida Consumer Experiantires	FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25
27					2020-2021 Avg.	I I ZUZI ZZ	I I ZUZZ ZU	1 1 2020 24	1 1 2024 20
28 CE			Florida	Number of Consumer Units	9,200,869	9,370,362	9,532,569	9,683,708	9,827,773
29				by growth in households	3,233,333	3,5: 3,55=	3,33=,333	3,333,133	3,5_1,1.0
30									
31 CE			Florida	Income before taxes per Consumer Unit	\$72,775.52	\$77,588	\$83,691	\$89,002	\$94,725
32				by growth in personal income					
33	_								
34 CE	=		Florida	Average annual expenditures per Consumer		\$59,205	\$63,862	\$67,915	\$72,281
35				constant share (2019-2020) of income before	taxes				
36 37 Ca	alculated		Florida	Aggregate income before taxes	\$669,598,025,927	\$727,026,606,033	\$797,787,990,190	\$861,871,459,304	\$930,931,550,348
37 Ca	alculateu		i ioliua	Aggregate income before taxes	ψ003,030,020,327	ψι Ζι ,υΖυ,υυυ,υ33	Ψ(31,101,1810,180)	ψυυ1,011,408,304	ψ 3 30,331,330,340
	alculated		Florida	Aggregate expenditures**	\$510,949,925,995	\$554,771,932,062	\$608,767,796,145	\$657,667,945,987	\$710,365,604,943
40				constant share of income before taxes	76.3%	76.3%	76.3%	76.3%	76.3%
41				** Includes state and local sales tax	10.070	10.070	10.070	10.070	1 0.0 70

	A	В С	D	T E	F	G	н	ı
3	2/16/2024	CS/CS/SB 58 & CS/CS/HB4	75	,			90	Days
4			Related to Electric Transportation					Weeks
43		cured ran remand for norm	The state of the s				·	
44		IV. EXPENDITURE CALC	JLATIONS					
45				% of Expenditures			FY 2024-25	
					Percent of	Taxable		
46	ITEMS SPECIFIED IN BILL	CE CATEGORY	CE SUBCATEGORY/ ITEM		Category for Item	Expenditures	Sales Tax-Annual	Sales Tax-Daily
	Electric bicycles							
_	Electric-assist bicycles	Sports, recreation, and	D'a de M	0.000040/	40.4700/	# 00.044.000	Φ= 000 00 d	0.4.4.00
47	Protective equipment	exercise equipment	Bicycles [I]	0.08304%	16.170%	\$89,344,903	\$5,360,694	\$14,687
48			E-bikes share of bicycles, IBIS World	11.50%				
49 50			E-bikes protective equipment Existing exemption for child bicycle seats (-)	5.00% 1.00%				
51			Existing exemption for child bicycle helmets (-)	1.00%				
5.		Vehicle purchases (net	Zxioxing exemption for arms project from the ()	110070				
52	Protective equipment (helmets)	outlay) [l]	New motorcycles [I]	0.04629%	5.00%	\$15,400,404	\$924,024	\$2,532
53		•	<u> </u>	•				
54								
55			A. Florida Resident Consumer purchases (h			tax holiday)		
56				MID	DLE		HIC	
57				Days	Sales Tax (State)		Days	Sales Tax (State)
58			Holiday duration	90	' ' '		90	\$1,549,656.60
59			Additional days - time shifting of purchas	30	\$516,552.20		60	\$1,033,104.40
			Total consumer purchases for days	400			450	#0 =00 =04
60			impacted	120	\$2,066,209		150	\$2,582,761
61			D Other Floride nurshages					
62			B. Other Florida purchases	Factors	Salac Tay (State)		Factors	Salas Tay (State)
63			Business purchases factor	Factors 0.28018	Sales Tax (State) \$578,908		Factors 0.14009	Sales Tax (State) \$361,817
65			Visitor purchases factor	0.02101	\$43,418		0.02101	\$54,273
66			Total other Florida purchases	0.02101	\$622,326		0.02101	\$416,090
67			- Car Circi Fronta paronacco		ΨΟΖΖ,ΟΖΟ			Ψ+10,000
68		А	& B. Total Florida purchases		\$2,688,535			\$2,998,851
		74.			\$2,000,000			ΨΞ,000,001
				1				
69			Bill language conditions & exclusions*	0.800			0.800	
			Bill language conditions & exclusions* SALES TAX IMPACT	0.800	\$2,150,828		0.800	\$2,399,081

			Т -	- I	<u> </u>	1 11	1
A 2/46/2024		D	<u> </u>	f l	G	Н 90	Days
3 2/16/2024	CS/CS/SB 58 & CS/CS/HB475	leted to Flootic Transportation					•
	Sales Tax Holiday for Items Re	lated to Electric Transportation	0/ of Evpanditures			FY 2024-25	Weeks
73	T T	I	% of Expenditures	Percent of	Taxable	F1 2024-25	
74 ITEMS SPECIFIED IN BILL	CE CATEGORY	CE SUBCATEGORY/ ITEM		Category for Item	Expenditures	Sales Tax-Annual	Sales Tax-Daily
75 Electric scooters	TO CATEGORY	OL GOBGATEGORI / ITEM	0.22773%		\$147,105,938	\$8,826,356	\$24,182
Electric scooters	Sports, recreation, and	Scooters and other single-rider	0.2211070		ψ111,100,000	40,020,000	Ψ21,102
76 Protective equipment	exercise equipment	transportation [D]	0.00012%	80.00%	\$636,298	\$38,178	\$105
A vehicle having two or fewer wheels, with or without a seat or a saddle, equipped to be propelled by a motor, weighs less than 75 pounds, is less than 2 feet in width, and is designed for a max speed of less than 35 mph.	Sports, recreation, and exercise equipment	Other sports equipment [I]	0.00936%	2.00%	\$1,245,689	\$74,741	\$205
 Powered ride-ons (Razor). Electric skateboards (one-wheeled). 	Toys, hobbies, and	Toys, games, arts and crafts, and tricycles			V ., L ., C ,	4 ,	
78 • Electric hoverboards.	playground equipment	[D]	0.21825%	10.00%	\$145,223,952	\$8,713,437	\$23,872
81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88		Holiday duration Additional days - time shifting of purchas Total consumer purchases for days impacted Other Florida purchases	Days 90	Sales Tax (State) \$2,176,362 \$725,454		Days 90 60 150 Factors	\$2,176,362 \$2,176,908 \$1,450,908 \$3,627,270
90		Business purchases factor	0.28018			0.14009	\$508,142
91		Visitor purchases factor	0.02101	\$60,977		0.02101	\$76,221
92 93		Total other Florida purchases	0.02.10.1	\$874,004		0.02.10.1	\$584,363
94 95	A. & B.	Total Florida purchases		\$3,775,820			\$4,211,633
96		Bill language conditions & exclusions*	0.600			0.800	
97		SALES TAX IMPACT		\$2,265,492			\$3,369,307
98 135 136							
137		TOTAL IMPACT		MIDDLE			HIGH
	V. TOTAL IMPACT		7	FY 2024-25			FY 2024-25
139		Electric bicycles & equipment		\$2,150,828			\$2,399,081
140		Electric scooters & equipment		\$2,265,492			\$3,369,307
141		Protective clothing and equipment		\$0.0			\$ 5 760 200
142 143		Total		\$ 4,416,320			\$ 5,768,388
143							

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax Issue: Tool Time

Sales Tax Holiday

Bill Number(s): HB 7073, SPB 7074

☐ Entire Bill

Partial Bill: Section 28, Section 45

Sponsor(s): Representative McClain, Finance and Tax

Month/Year Impact Begins: 07/2024 Date(s) Conference Reviewed: 2/16/2024

Section 1: Narrative

a. Current Law: F.S. 212 - Sales and Use Tax

- **b. Proposed Change**: The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida Statutes, may not be collected during the period from September 1, 2024 through September 7, 2024, on the retail sale of
 - (a) Hand tools selling for \$50 or less.
 - (b) Power tools selling for \$300 or less.
 - (c) Power tool batteries selling for \$150 or less.
 - (d) Work gloves selling for \$25 or less.
 - (e) Safety glasses selling for \$50 or less.
 - (f) Protective coveralls selling for \$50 or less.
 - (g) Work boots selling for \$175 or less.
 - (h) Tool belts selling for \$100 or less.
 - (i) Duffle/tote bags selling for \$50 or less.
 - (j) Tool boxes selling for \$75 or less.
 - (k)Tool boxes for vehicles selling for \$300 or less per item.
 - (I) Industry text books and code books selling for \$125 or less.
 - (m) Electrical voltage and testing equipment selling for \$100 or less.
 - (n) LED flashlights selling for \$50 or less per item
 - (o) Shop Lights selling for \$100 or less per item
 - (p) Handheld pipe cutters, drain opening tools, plumbing inspection equipment selling for \$150 or less.
 - (q) Shovels with a sales price of \$50 or less
 - (r) Rakes with a sales price of \$50 or less
 - (s) Hard hats and other head protection with a sales price of \$100 or less
 - (t) Hearing Protection items with a sales price of \$75 or less
 - (u) Ladders with a sales price of \$250 or less
 - (v) Fuel Cans with a sales price of \$50 or less
 - (w) High Visibility safety vests with a sales price of \$30 or les

Section 2: Description of Data and Sources

2023 IBIS World Reports

Market Research

2022 Consumer Expenditure Survey

2023 Consumer Price Index

Section 3: Methodology (Include Assumptions and Attach Details)

The analysis relied on IBIS World Reports to get an estimate of the revenue generated by Worker Tools at both Home Improvement Stores and Hardware Stores in the state of Florida. Market Research on prominent Home Improvement and Hardware Store websites was used to get an estimate of the percentage of tools that will qualify for the sales tax exemption. The low, middle, and high represent the percentage of worker tools that will be purchased during the tax-free holiday.

The Other category includes industries that may have qualified expenditures. The industries were chosen due to having categories that offer hand tools and may qualify for the exemption. The US Consumer Expenditure survey was chosen to estimate annual Florida household purchases of these products. The low, middle, and high represent the percentage of household purchases that will occur during the tax-free holiday.

An escalator was used to estimate retail sales not captured in the analysis of the industries discussed above. The estimates were grown by Consumer Price Index Non-Durables Less Food.

Revenue Source: Sales and Use Tax Issue: Tool Time Sales Tax Holiday Bill Number(s): HB 7073, SPB 7074

Section 4: Proposed Fiscal Impact

	Н	igh	Mid	ddle	Low	
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
2024-25	(\$31.3m)		(\$17.7m)		(\$13.3m)	
2025-26						
2026-27						
2027-28						
2028-29						

Revenue Distribution: Sales and Use Tax

Section 5: Consensus Estimate (Adopted: 02/16/2024) The Conference adopted the middle estimate.

	GR		Trust		Revenue Sharing		Local Half Cent	
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
2024-25	(15.7)	0.0	(Insignificant)	0.0	(0.5)	0.0	(1.5)	0.0
2025-26	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2026-27	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2027-28	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2028-29	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

	6% Sub-Total		Add: Loc	al Option	Total		
	Cash	Cash Recurring		Cash Recurring		Recurring	
2024-25	(17.7)	0.0	(2.1)	0.0	(19.8)	0.0	
2025-26	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2026-27	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2027-28	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2028-29	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

Home Improvement S	itores			#050 000 000 000
Est. Home Improvement Store Revenue (2023) Source: IBIS				\$258,000,000,000
Est. Home Improvement Store Revenue - Florida Percentage of Revenue Associated with Hardware, Tools, Plumbing, and Electrical Supplies		24%		\$16,770,000,000
Percentage of Revenue Associated with Hardware, Tools, Plumbing, and Electrical Supplies		24%		
Estimate of Tools, Tool Accessories		6%		
Estimate Tool Revenue - Home Improvement Store				\$1,006,200,000
Qualified Tools		36.1%		\$373,045,631
	Low	Middle	High	
Number of Weeks Worth of Purchases		4	8	16
	•	\$28,695,818	\$57,391,636	\$114,783,271
Hardware Stores	S			•
Est. Home Improvement Store Revenue (2023) Source: IBIS				\$36,600,000,000
Est. Home Improvement Store Revenue - Florida		4004		\$1,830,000,000
Percentage of Revenue Associated with Hardware Tools, Hand Tools, Accessories		12%		****
Estimate Tool and Tool Accessories Revenue - Hardware Store		000/		\$225,090,000
Qualified Tools		36%		\$83,451,442
	Low	Middle	High	
Number of Weeks Worth of Purchases	LOW	1VIIdale	8 8	16
Number of Weeks Worth of Fulchases		\$6,419,342	\$12,838,683	\$25,677,367
		φο ₁ . το 10 . Σ	ψ12,000,000	Ψ20,011,001
Amazon Market Pla	ace			
Amazon Total Sales of Tools and Other Home Improvement Items				\$6,573,276
Est. Home Improvement Store Revenue - Florida				\$414,116
Percentage of Revenue Associated with Hardware, Tools, Plumbing, and Electrical Supplies		24%		
Estimate of Tools, Tool Accessories		6%		
Estimate Tool Revenue - Home Improvement Store				\$24,847
Qualified Tools		36%		\$9,212
	Low	Middle	High	
Number of Weeks Worth of Purchases		1	2	4
		\$177	\$354	\$709
Auto Parts Store	S			
Est. Home Improvement Store Revenue (2023) Source: IBIS				\$81,700,000,000
Est. Home Improvement Store Revenue - Florida				\$5,147,100,000
Percentage of Revenue Associated with Hardware Tools, Hand Tools, Accessories		6%		
Estimate Tool and Tool Accessories Revenue - Hardware Store				\$308,826,000
Qualified Tools		28%		\$88,806,005
	[
	Low	Middle	High	
Number of Weeks Worth of Purchases		4	8	16
		\$6,831,231	\$13,662,462	\$27,324,924
Total Qualified Tool Burchases		\$44.046.EG0	¢02 002 426	¢167 700 074
Total Qualified Tool Purchases		\$41,946,568 \$2,516,704	\$83,893,136 \$5,033,599	\$167,786,271 \$10,067,176
Sales and Use Tax (6%)		\$2,516,794	\$5,033,588	\$10,067,176
	Low	Middle	High	
Total	ILOW	\$4,419,304	\$8,838,609	\$22,433,493
1.000		ψ 1, 110,00π	ψ0,000,000	Ψ22,700,730
	Addition	al Sales Tax Not Included	I	\$8,838,609
	Addition	a. Jaios Tax Hot Illoludou	1	ψο,οοο,οοο
	Low	Middle	High	
	1		_	_
Total		\$13,257,913	\$17,677,217	\$31,272,102

Ac	dditional Sales Tax Impac	1	
Total Florida Households (20	-	8,986,250	
Tableware, Kitchenwar (2022 CES)	\$	29.88	
Expected Annual Expenditures:	\$	268,513,397	
Qualified Expenditures:		13%	
Total Expenditures on Qualified Kitchenware		35,801,786	
Lo	w Midd	dle I	High
Number of Weeks Worth of Purchases	4	8	26
	\$2,753,984	\$5,507,967	\$17,900,893
Lawn and Garden Supplies (2022 CES)		134.92	
Expected Annual Expenditures:	\$	1,212,433,240	
Qualified Expenditures:		30%	
Total Expenditures on Qualified Lawncare		363,729,972	
Lo	w Midd	dle l	High
Number of Weeks Worth of Purchases	4	8	26
	\$27,979,229	\$55,958,457	\$181,864,986
Toys, games, arts and crafts, and tricycles (2022	CES)	167.97	
Craft Supplies (By Product Revenue, Source: Ibl	S))	14.00%	
Expected Annual Expenditures:	\$	211,313,314	
Qualified Expenditures:		6.0%	
Total Expenditures on Qualified Hobbies		12,678,799	
Lo	w Mide		High
Number of Weeks Worth of Purchases	4	8	26
	\$975,292	\$1,950,584	\$6,339,399
Total Qualified Tool Purchases	\$31,708,504	\$63,417,009	\$206,105,279
Sales and Use Tax (6%)	\$1,902,510	\$3,805,021	\$12,366,317

CPI NonDurables Less Foo	d
CPI 2023	2.7%
Estimate CPI 2024	2.7%

Revenue Source: Beverage, Corporate Income, Direct Sales, IPT and Severance

Issue: Strong Families Tax Credit Cap Increase

Bill Number(s): HB 7073

Entire Bill

Sponsor(s): Representative McClain Month/Year Impact Begins: July 1, 2024

Date(s) Conference Reviewed: February 16, 2024

Section 1: Narrative

a. Current Law:

The Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program (FTC) was established in 2001 through the provision of tax credits to corporate income taxpayers that contribute money to nonprofit Scholarship-Funding Organizations (SFOs). The SFOs award scholarships to students, with the greatest benefit going to families with limited financial resources. In 2009, the program was expanded to provide credits against the insurance premium tax. In 2010, the program was expanded again to provide tax credits against severance taxes on oil and gas production, self-accrued sales tax liabilities of direct pay permit holders, and alcoholic beverage taxes on beer, wine, and spirits. The applicable authorizing statutes are:

- s. 211.0251, F.S., for Severance Taxes on oil and gas
- s. 212.1831, F.S., for Sales and Use Taxes due from direct pay permit holders
- s. 220.1875, F.S., for Corporate Income Tax
- s. 561.1211, F.S., for Beverage Taxes on malt, wine, and liquor
- s. 624.51055, F.S., for Insurance Premium Tax

More recently, CS/HB 7055 became law on March 12, 2018 (Ch. 2018-6, L.O.F.). Section 3 of the bill created s. 212.1832, Florida Statutes, entitled "Credit for Contributions to the Hope Scholarship Program." The program's intent is to give the purchaser of a motor vehicle "...a credit of 100 percent of an eligible contribution made to an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization under s. 1002.40 against any tax imposed by the state and collected from the purchaser by a dealer, designated agent, or private tag agent as a result of the purchase or acquisition of a motor vehicle on or after October 1, 2018." The credit may not exceed the state tax that is actually imposed and is further limited to a maximum of \$105 per motor vehicle. On behalf of the purchaser, the dealer, designated agent, or private tag agent makes the actual contribution to the SFO and applies the credit as part of its submission of taxes to the state.

In addition, CS/HB 7055 established a second new program designated as the "Credit for Contributions to Eligible Nonprofit Scholarship Funding Organizations." Any tenant or person occupying, using, or entitled to the use of any property for which the rental or license fee is subject to taxation under s. 212.031, F.S., may receive a credit against the tax imposed under that section that is equal to his or her monetary contribution to an SFO. Total credits are capped at \$57.5 million per year on a first come, first-served basis. The tenant must apply to the Department of Revenue for the desired allocation of credits, by dealer if multiple locations and landlords are involved. The program has had low participation, with comments by interested parties indicating that the program is cumbersome to use.

Finally, the associated reduction in tax revenue caused by the application of any of the credits described above must be apportioned in its entirety to the General Revenue Fund.

In 2021, Ch. 2021-31, L.O.F. created the Strong Families Tax Credit, which provides a credit for 100% of an eligible contribution to an eligible charitable organization under s. 402.62, F.S., beginning January 1, 2022. The eligible organizations provide services focused on child welfare and well-being. It authorized tax credits dollar-for-dollar up to \$5 million annually against certain tax liabilities:

- s. 211.02 or s. 211.025 F.S., for Severance Taxes on oil and gas
- s. 212.183, F.S., for Sales and Use Taxes due from direct pay permit holders
- s. 220.13, F.S., for Corporate Income Tax
- s. 561.1211, F.S., for Beverage Taxes on malt, wine, and liquor
- s. 624.51055, F.S., for Insurance Premium Tax

Revenue Source: Beverage, Corporate Income, Direct Sales, IPT and Severance

Issue: Strong Families Tax Credit Cap Increase

Bill Number(s): HB 7073

Businesses applied to DOR beginning October 1, 2021, for an allocation of tax credit. The taxpayer must specify in the application each tax, a taxpayer may apply for a credit to be used for a prior taxable year before the date the taxpayer is required to file a return for that year pursuant to s. 220.222, F.S. For purposes of s. 624.51056, F.S., a taxpayer may apply for a credit to be used for a prior taxable year before the date the taxpayer is required to file a return for that year pursuant to s. 624.509, F.S., or s. 624.5092, F.S. The DOR is required to approve the tax credits on a first-come, first serve basis and must obtain the approval of the Division prior to approving an alcoholic beverage tax credit under s. 561.1212, F.S.

In 2022, Ch. 2022-97, L.O.F. increased the cap from \$5 million to \$10 million beginning in FY 2022-23.

In 2023, Ch. 2023-157, L.O.F. increased the cap from \$10 million to \$20 million beginning in FY 2023-24.

b. Proposed Change: Amends s.402.62 (5), F.S. and increases the annual cap from \$20 million to \$40 million beginning in FY 2024-25.

Section 2: Description of Data and Sources

Scholarship Data from DOR – February 2024 January 2024 General Revenue Conference

Section 3: Methodology (Include Assumptions and Attach Details)

The current forecast for the program from the General Revenue Conference is:

Strong Families Credit (Child Welfare and Well-Being)--based on data through November 30, 2023

		FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26	FY 2026-27	FY 2027-28	FY 2028-29
New: January 2024	Beverage	5.0	6.0	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.7
	Direct Sales	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
	IPT	0.0	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
	Severance	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	CIT	0.0	3.2	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
	Totals	5.0	10.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0

The program reached its allocation caps in <u>January of 2024</u> for both FY 2023-24 and FY 2024-25. The analysis assumes the increased cap can be fully met within the first year of implementation.

Section 4: Proposed Fiscal Impact

	Н	igh	Mic	ddle	Low	
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
2024-25			(\$20m)	(\$20m)		
2025-26			(\$20m)	(\$20m)		
2026-27			(\$20m)	(\$20m)		
2027-28			(\$20m)	(\$20m)		
2028-29			(\$20m)	(\$20m)		

Revenue Distribution: General Revenue only, with the same revenue forecast breakout as the January 2024 GR conference.

Section 5: Consensus Estimate (Adopted: 02/16/2024) The Conference adopted the proposed estimate.

	GR		Trust		Local/Other		Total	
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
2024-25	(20.0)	(20.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(20.0)	(20.0)
2025-26	(20.0)	(20.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(20.0)	(20.0)
2026-27	(20.0)	(20.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(20.0)	(20.0)
2027-28	(20.0)	(20.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(20.0)	(20.0)
2028-29	(20.0)	(20.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(20.0)	(20.0)

Nevenue Source: Insurance i remain rax
Issue: Surplus Lines Tax Exemption
Bill Number(s): Proposed Language
_
Entire Bill
Partial Bill:
Sponsor(s): N/A

Revenue Source: Insurance Premium Tay

Month/Year Impact Begins: Upon Becoming Law Date(s) Conference Reviewed: February 16th, 2024

Section 1: Narrative

a. Current Law: Surplus Lines policies for flood coverage are taxable at the surplus lines rate of 4.94%.

b. Proposed Change: Subsection (7) of the proposed language exempts Surplus Lines policies covering flood peril and excess flood coverage from taxation.

Section 2: Description of Data and Sources

Florida Surplus Lines Office

Jan 2024 General Revenue Estimating Conference

Section 3: Methodology (Include Assumptions and Attach Details)

Subsection (7): Data from the Florida Office of Surplus Lines was used to find the total premium volume for flood insurance premiums in FY23. The premium values are multiplied by the tax rate to calculate the surplus lines tax on flood and excess flood coverage for FY23 and grown through FY29 using the Surplus Lines growth rates adopted at the January 2024 General Revenue Estimating Conference. There is no effective date, and as such, "upon becoming law" is assumed. This could result in an impact to Fiscal Year 2023-24 of approximately (\$4) M, depending more precisely on the timing of passage. A qualification rate lever on premium volume is presented, but not used (rates are set to 100%), to allow for evaluation of tightening the impact.

Section 4: Proposed Fiscal Impact

Surplus Lines Flood Insurance Exemption

	High		Mic	ddle	Low	
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
2024-25			(\$14.8) M	(\$14.8) M		
2025-26			(\$15.8) M	(\$15.8) M		
2026-27			(\$16.7) M	(\$16.7) M		
2027-28			(\$17.6) M	(\$17.6) M		
2028-29			(\$18.5) M	(\$18.5) M		

Revenue Distribution: Insurance Premium Tax

Section 5: Consensus Estimate (Adopted: 02/16/2024) The Conference adopted the proposed estimate.

	GR		Trust		Local/Other		Total	
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
2024-25	(13.5)	(13.5)	(1.3)	(1.3)	0.0	0.0	(14.8)	(14.8)
2025-26	(14.4)	(14.4)	(1.4)	(1.4)	0.0	0.0	(15.8)	(15.8)
2026-27	(15.2)	(15.2)	(1.5)	(1.5)	0.0	0.0	(16.7)	(16.7)
2027-28	(16.1)	(16.1)	(1.5)	(1.5)	0.0	0.0	(17.6)	(17.6)
2028-29	(16.9)	(16.9)	(1.6)	(1.6)	0.0	0.0	(18.5)	(18.5)

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G
1	Surplus Lines Flood Insurance Exemptio						
2	https://www.fslso.com/Florida/Marke	tData/surplusline	spremium		Assumption		Impact
3	Policy Name	Policy Count	FY23 Premiums		Qualification		Tax @ 4.94%
4	Flood - Personal	79,456	102,517,118		100%		5,064,346
5	Flood - Commercial	5,035	55,013,783		100%		2,717,681
6	Excess Flood - Personal	7,410	37,453,631		100%		1,850,209
7	Excess Flood - Commercial	2,671	28,961,252		100%		1,430,686
8							11,062,922
9		Growth Rates	From Jan 2024 GR				
10		FY23	26.60%		(11.1)		
11		FY24	23.00%		(13.6)		
12		FY25	8.40%		(14.8)		
13		FY26	7.10%		(15.8)		
14		FY27	5.90%		(16.7)		
15		FY28	5.10%		(17.6)		,
16		FY29	5.00%		(18.5)		,

Revenue Source: Ad Valorem
ssue: Affordable Housing

Bill Number(s): Proposed Language

✓ Entire Bill✓ Partial Bill:Sponsor(s): N/A

Month/Year Impact Begins: January 2024 Tax Roll

Date(s) Conference Reviewed: February 2, 2024; February 9, 2024; February 16, 2024

Section 1: Narrative

a. Current Law: Section 196.1978, Florida Statutes, currently reads:

"Property used to provide affordable housing to eligible persons as defined by s. 159.603 and natural persons or families meeting the extremely-low-income, very-low-income, low-income, or moderate-income limits specified in s. 420.0004, which is owned entirely by a nonprofit entity that is a corporation not for profit, qualified as charitable under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and in compliance with Rev. Proc. 96-32, 1996-1 C.B. 717, is considered property owned by an exempt entity and used for a charitable purpose, and those portions of the affordable housing property that provide housing to natural persons or families classified as extremely low income, very low income, low income, or moderate income under s. 420.0004 are exempt from ad valorem taxation to the extent authorized under s. 196.196."

b. Proposed Change: The proposed language adds affordable housing owned by a Florida limited partnership, the sole general partner of which is a corporation not for profit pursuant to chapter 617, to the list of exempt business types.

Section 2: Description of Data and Sources

2013 Session Impact of SB740

Results of the Ad Valorem Estimating Conference, January 5, 2023 2023 Millage and Taxes Levied Report, 2023 Final Data Book published by Property Tax Oversight 2023 Final Real Property Assessment Rolls, NAL data Florida Housing Data Clearinghouse, Assisted Housing Inventory, Accessed 02/05/2024

Total Totaling Data Clearing Totaling Totaling Thermoly, Necessed 02, 03, 2

Data Provided by the Florida Housing Finance Corporation

Section 3: Methodology (Include Assumptions and Attach Details)

A 2011 revenue impact for the removal of these business was part of the methodology of an impact from a 2013 bill. That 2011 value was grown forward to a 2023 impact value of \$275.8 million using the non-homestead residential taxable value growth rate from the latest ad valorem conference. A complete update to the underlying data is not available. This represents the high impact.

Florida Housing provided an update to the prior data based on the data they have available today. This provides a count, but not a measure of revenue loss, for for-profit owners. A similar data source is the Florida Housing Data Clearinghouse, which identifies for-profit multifamily projects with an agreement with the Florida Housing Finance Corporation, their total units, affordable units, and just value. Properties without Just Value or Just Value less than \$100,000 were removed from the analysis. For these properties, there is assumed to be no differentials or exemptions. The ratio of affordable to total units is used to share the just value to the expected exempted amount. The average expected exemption per for-profit affordable unit was applied to the for-profit affordable unit count provided by Florida Housing to arrive at an estimated impact to taxable value. Applying the aggregate millage rates arrives at a 2023 impact value of \$84.4 million used as the low impact.

Based on the data used in the middle provided by Florida Housing, 86.6% of affordable units in eligible properties are for-profit. The ratio of affordable units with these agreements to total units in the state in multifamily parcels is 13.2 percent. Properties on the roll today with more than 70 units may be eligible for an exemption under 196.1978 that did not exist for the 2023 tax roll. Approximately 33.1% of the taxable value on such properties was assumed to become exempt under that exemption, so those properties are shared down to account for that. It is assumed that 53.7 percent of for-profit multifamily projects would be able to adjust their structure to have a not-for-profit sole general partner. Applying these shares to the aggregate of non-exempt multifamily parcels on the roll and applying aggregate millage rates to the respective taxable values arrives at a 2023 impact value of \$180.1 million used as the middle impact.

Revenue Source: Ad Valorem **Issue**: Affordable Housing

Bill Number(s): Proposed Language

The non-homestead residential taxable value growth rate from the latest ad valorem conference is used to grow out the 2023 estimates through the forecast horizon. The bill goes into effect July 1, 2024 and is therefore expected to impact Fiscal Year 2024-25.

Section 4: Proposed Fiscal Impact

	Hi	gh	Mic	ldle	Low		
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	
2024-25	\$(298.5 M)	\$(298.5 M)	\$(194.9 M)	\$(194.9 M)	\$(84.4 M)	\$(84.4 M)	
2025-26	\$(324.6 M)	\$(324.6 M)	\$(211.9 M)	\$(211.9 M)	\$(99.3 M)	\$(99.3 M)	
2026-27	\$(346.5 M)	\$(346.5 M)	\$(226.3 M)	\$(226.3 M)	\$(106.0 M)	\$(106.0 M)	
2027-28	\$(366.1 M)	\$(366.1 M)	\$(239.1 M)	\$(239.1 M)	\$(112.0 M)	\$(112.0 M)	
2028-29	\$(384.5 M) \$(384.5 M)		\$(251.1 M)	\$(251.1 M)	\$(117.6 M)	\$(117.6 M)	

Revenue Distribution: Ad Valorem

Section 5: Consensus Estimate (Adopted: 02/16/2024) The Conference adopted the low estimate for the first fiscal year and the middle estimate for the subsequent years.

	Scho	ool	Non-S	chool	Total Local/Other		
	Cash Recurring		Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	
2024-25	(30.9)	(30.9)	(53.5)	(53.5)	(84.4)	(84.4)	
2025-26	(77.6)	(77.6)	(134.4)	(134.4)	(211.9)	(211.9)	
2026-27	(82.8) (82.8	(82.8)	(143.4)	(143.4)	(226.3)	(226.3)	
2027-28	8 (87.5) (87.5)		(151.6)	(151.6)	(239.1)	(239.1)	
2028-29	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(159.2)	(159.2)	(251.1)	(251.1)	

	GR		Trust		Local/Other		Total	
	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
2024-25	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(84.4)	(84.4)	(84.4)	(84.4)
2025-26	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(211.9)	(211.9)	(211.9)	(211.9)
2026-27	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(226.3)	(226.3)	(226.3)	(226.3)
2027-28	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(239.1)	(239.1)	(239.1)	(239.1)
2028-29	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(251.1)	(251.1)	(251.1)	(251.1)

				1	1		1
	А	В	С	D	E	F	G
1	2023 Aggregate M	illage Rates					
2 9	School	5.99					
3 I	Non-School	10.38					
4							
5	Assumptions For Middle						
6 I	For-Profit Share	86.6%					
7	Affordable Share	13.2%					
9	Sharedown if >70 Units,	CC 00/					
8 I	Live Local Exempt	66.9%					
9 (Can Fit Corp. Structure	53.7%					
10							
11	2023	High	Middle	Low			
12	School Impact	\$ 100,945,852	\$ 72,397,006	\$ 30,883,392			
13 I	Non-School Impact	\$ 174,847,251	\$ 107,687,641	\$ 53,492,800			
14							
15 I	Roll Year	High Revenue Lost	Middle Revenue Lost	Low Revenue Lost	Non-Homestead Taxable Value	Growth	
16	2011	\$ 115,203,232			\$ 420,405,908,837		
17	2012				\$ 417,505,121,423	-0.7%	
18	2013	\$ 120,614,141			\$ 440,151,693,398	5.4%	
19	2014	\$ 132,712,005			\$ 484,299,877,020	10.0%	
20	2015	\$ 144,362,116			\$ 526,814,097,125	8.8%	
21	2016				\$ 573,383,981,026	8.8%	
22	2017	. , ,			\$ 614,937,313,199	7.2%	
23	2018	\$ 178,336,383			\$ 650,794,842,597	5.8%	
24	2019				\$ 684,771,201,994	5.2%	
25	2020				\$ 714,919,724,009	4.4%	
26	2021				\$ 757,550,504,622	6.0%	
27	2022	\$ 242,251,711			\$ 884,038,137,463	16.7%	
28	2023	. , ,	\$ 180,084,648		\$ 1,006,439,211,203	13.8%	
29	2024		\$ 194,912,068	\$ 91,323,377	\$ 1,089,305,228,717	8.2%	
30	2025		\$ 211,932,040	\$ 99,297,852	\$ 1,184,424,760,072	8.7%	
31	2026		\$ 226,263,496	\$ 106,012,659	\$ 1,264,518,980,127 \$ 1,336,147,231,539	6.8%	
32	2027 2028		\$ 239,080,116	\$ 112,017,710	\$ 1,336,147,231,539 \$ 1,403,249,349,218	5.7% 5.0%	
33 34	2028		\$ 251,086,863 \$ 263,103,260	\$ 117,643,307 \$ 123,273,425	\$ 1,470,405,394,590	4.8%	
35	2023	\$ 402,333,033	Ş 203,103,200	\$ 123,273,425	3 1,470,403,394,390	4.0/0	
36			Impa	t on School			
37			High	C OII SCHOOL	Middle	1.0)W
38		Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
39	2024-25	\$(109.3 M)	\$(109.3 M)	\$(71.3 M)	\$(71.3 M)	\$(30.9 M)	\$(30.9 M)
40	2025-26	\$(118.8 M)	\$(103.3 M) \$(118.8 M)	\$(77.6 M)	\$(77.6 M)	\$(36.3 M)	\$(36.3 M)
41	2026-27	\$(126.8 M)	\$(126.8 M)	\$(82.8 M)	\$(82.8 M)	\$(38.8 M)	\$(38.8 M)
42	2027-28	\$(134.0 M)	\$(134.0 M)	\$(87.5 M)	\$(87.5 M)	\$(41.0 M)	\$(41.0 M)
43	2028-29	\$(140.7 M)	\$(140.7 M)	\$(91.9 M)	\$(91.9 M)	\$(43.1 M)	\$(43.1 M)
44		,	. , ,	, ,		, , ,	, ,
45			Impact o	on Non-School	•	1	ı
46		ŀ	High		Middle	Lo)W
47		Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
48	2024-25	\$(189.2 M)	\$(189.2 M)	\$(123.6 M)	\$(123.6 M)	\$(53.5 M)	\$(53.5 M)
49	2025-26	\$(205.8 M)	\$(205.8 M)	\$(134.4 M)	\$(134.4 M)	\$(63.0 M)	\$(63.0 M)
50	2026-27	\$(219.7 M)	\$(219.7 M)	\$(143.4 M)	\$(143.4 M)	\$(67.2 M)	\$(67.2 M)
51	2027-28	\$(232.1 M)	\$(232.1 M)	\$(151.6 M)	\$(151.6 M)	\$(71.0 M)	\$(71.0 M)
52	2028-29	\$(243.8 M)	\$(243.8 M)	\$(159.2 M)	\$(159.2 M)	\$(74.6 M)	\$(74.6 M)
53							
54			Tot	al Impact			
55		ŀ	High		Middle	Lo)W
56		Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring	Cash	Recurring
57	2024-25	\$(298.5 M)	\$(298.5 M)	\$(194.9 M)	\$(194.9 M)	\$(84.4 M)	\$(84.4 M)
	2025-26	\$(324.6 M)	\$(324.6 M)	\$(211.9 M)	\$(211.9 M)	\$(99.3 M)	\$(99.3 M)
58					4/22 2 2 4 4)	44	¢(400 0 NA)
59	2026-27	\$(346.5 M)	\$(346.5 M)	\$(226.3 M)	\$(226.3 M)	\$(106.0 M)	\$(106.0 M)
_	2026-27 2027-28 2028-29	\$(346.5 M) \$(366.1 M) \$(384.5 M)	\$(346.5 M) \$(366.1 M) \$(384.5 M)	\$(226.3 M) \$(239.1 M) \$(251.1 M)	\$(226.3 M) \$(239.1 M) \$(251.1 M)	\$(112.0 M)	

1	I	J	K Clearinghouse D	ı
2	County	For-Profit Units	For-Profit Assisted Units	Just Value of For-Profit Affordable Units
_	Alachua	1,814	1,592	\$ 35,907,72
4	Baker	102	102	\$ 1,708,98
5	Bay	1,984	1,816	\$ 58,440,48
	Bradford	196	196	\$ 5,143,39
7	Brevard	3,040	2,970	\$ 69,608,13
8	Broward	11,088	10,423	\$ 457,785,36
-	Calhoun	50	50	\$ 1,149,40
_	Charlotte	928	928	\$ 26,631,0
_	Citrus	377	377	\$ 9,416,7
_	Clay	886	846	\$ 21,457,2
_	Collier	2,969	2,969	\$ 127,210,4
-	Columbia	317	317	\$ 5,422,9
-	DeSoto	538	538	\$ 10,920,0
-	Dixie	-		\$ -
$\overline{}$	Duval	7,560	7,170	\$ 169,085,0
_	Escambia	2,158	2,123	\$ 41,134,2
$\overline{}$	Flagler	322	322	\$ 9,412,0
-	Franklin	53	53	\$ 951,3
$\overline{}$				
$\overline{}$	Gadsden Gilchrist	627	627	\$ 15,630,3 \$ 945,0
_		36	36	
$\overline{}$	Glades	404	-	\$ -
_	Gulf	101	101	\$ 2,533,8
$\overline{}$	Hamilton	109	109	\$ 2,104,6
$\overline{}$	Hardee	458	458	\$ 9,945,5
-	Hendry	322	322	\$ 16,398,0
$\overline{}$	Hernando	1,282	1,273	\$ 37,461,8
_	Highlands	700	700	\$ 17,797,4
$\overline{}$	Hillsborough	16,330	15,480	\$ 429,433,6
-	Holmes	38	38	\$ 690,1
$\overline{}$	Indian River	1,540	1,540	\$ 37,449,3
	Jackson	627	618	\$ 13,198,6
$\overline{}$	Jefferson	150	150	\$ 3,563,7
$\overline{}$	Lafayette	-	-	\$ -
-	Lake	2,832	2,809	\$ 65,419,3
-	Lee	3,593	3,334	\$ 69,263,0
-	Leon	2,751	2,491	\$ 72,016,9
$\overline{}$	Levy	287	287	\$ 5,266,5
_	Liberty	-	-	\$ -
-	Madison	264	264	\$ 4,457,8
-	Manatee	1,688	1,688	\$ 47,717,9
-	Marion	1,290	1,287	\$ 27,951,4
-	Martin	232	232	\$ 9,403,9
15	Miami-Dade	21,835	21,676	\$ 670,597,6
16	Monroe	472	471	\$ 19,858,7
$\overline{}$	Nassau	492	460	\$ 13,828,8
48	Okaloosa	510	510	\$ 12,784,4
$\overline{}$	Okeechobee	214	214	\$ 4,821,1
50	Orange	19,534	17,938	\$ 669,820,7
51	Osceola	4,247	4,162	\$ 126,468,2
52	Palm Beach	6,680	6,503	\$ 234,486,7
53	Pasco	2,074	1,982	\$ 36,512,1
54	Pinellas	3,749	3,619	\$ 110,920,1
55	Polk	3,048	3,046	\$ 51,024,7
6	Putnam	442	432	\$ 8,462,7
57	Santa Rosa	276	276	\$ 8,982,6
-	Sarasota	881	861	\$ 27,407,3
_	Seminole	4,920	4,700	\$ 234,787,6
_	St. Johns	1,124	1,003	\$ 25,974,2
_	St. Lucie	2,217	2,217	\$ 45,199,9
_	Sumter	233	233	\$ 4,161,0
$\overline{}$	Suwannee	229	229	\$ 4,867,8
-	Taylor	137	137	\$ 2,840,9
-	Union	48	48	\$ 798,9
,,	Volusia	3,950	3,826	\$ 98,782,7
36 I	v UIUSIA	J 2,930	3,820	۶۵,/82,/
_		· ·	C.	4 000 0
57	Wakulla Walton	64 253	64 253	\$ 1,683,6 \$ 6,730,1

1 I		FHC Data	P	Q	R	S
2	County	For Profit Affordable Units	Estimated Taxable Value - For-Profit	School Impact	Non-School Impact	Rev Loss
3	Alachua	2,696	53,366,713	\$ 319,789	\$ 553,904	\$ 873,69
4	Baker	2,696	· · ·			
			837,739		\$ 8,695	-
5	Bay	2,532	74,582,307	\$ 446,920	\$ 774,105	\$ 1,221,02
5	Bradford	316	8,292,412	\$ 49,691	\$ 86,069	\$ 135,75
7	Brevard	3,449	78,973,182	\$ 473,231	\$ 819,678	\$ 1,292,90
3	Broward	13,650	563,561,526	\$ 3,377,030	\$ 5,849,318	\$ 9,226,34
9	Charlotte	1,756	40,367,174	\$ 241,892	\$ 418,979	\$ 660,87
0	Citrus	783	22,469,947	\$ 134,647	\$ 233,220	\$ 367,86
1	Clay	1,398	34,919,363	\$ 209,247	\$ 362,435	\$ 571,68
2	Collier	4,507	109,150,900	\$ 654,065	\$ 1,132,899	\$ 1,786,96
3	Columbia	517	22,151,493	\$ 132,738	\$ 229,915	\$ 362,65
4	DeSoto	834	14,267,341	\$ 85,494	\$ 148,084	\$ 233,57
5	Dixie	32	649,517	\$ 3,892	\$ 6,741	\$ 10,6
6	Duval	13,358	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
7	Escambia	2,133	47,706,151	\$ 285,870	\$ 495,152	\$ 781,02
8	Flagler	646	12,313,594	\$ 73,787	\$ 127,805	\$ 201,59
9	Franklin	91	2,659,913	\$ 15,939	\$ 27,608	\$ 43,54
0	Gadsden	531	9,531,079	\$ 57,113	\$ 98,925	\$ 156,03
1	Gilchrist	60	1,495,729	\$ 8,963	\$ 15,524	\$ 24,48
2	Glades	-	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
.3	Gulf	51	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
4	Hamilton	109	2,734,592	\$ 16,386	\$ 28,383	\$ 44,7
.5	Hardee	538	10,388,331	\$ 62,250	\$ 107,823	\$ 170,0
6	Hendry	244	5,298,489	\$ 31,750	\$ 54,994	\$ 86,7
.7	Hernando	1,839	93,652,389	\$ 561,193	\$ 972,037	\$ 1,533,2
8	Highlands	695	20,308,888	\$ 121,697	\$ 210,790	\$ 332,4
.9	Hillsborough	17,746	451,191,011	\$ 2,703,672	\$ 4,683,002	\$ 7,386,6
0	Holmes	38	999,295	\$ 5,988	\$ 10,372	\$ 16,3
1	Indian River	1,836	33,344,756	\$ 199,812	\$ 346,092	\$ 545,9
2	Jackson	617	15,004,054	\$ 89,909	\$ 155,730	\$ 245,6
3	Jefferson	39	820,969	\$ 4,919	\$ 8,521	\$ 13,4
4	Lake	2,819	66,974,084	\$ 401,329	\$ 695,137	\$ 1,096,4
5	Lee	3,945	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
6	Leon	3,654	84,407,589	\$ 505,796	\$ 876,083	\$ 1,381,8
7	Levy	263	5,069,907	\$ 30,380	\$ 52,622	\$ 83,0
8	Madison	268	7,015,831	\$ 42,041	\$ 72,819	\$ 114,8
9	Manatee	3,740	68,629,652	\$ 411,249	\$ 712,321	\$ 1,123,5
.0	Marion	1,482	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
.1	Martin	725	12,242,078	\$ 73,358	\$ 127,063	\$ 200,4
2	Miami-Dade	39,198	1,108,085,011	\$ 6,639,978	\$ 11,501,036	\$ 18,141,0
.3	Monroe	1,695	36,726,841	\$ 220,078	\$ 381,195	\$ 601,2
4	Nassau	400	16,213,724	\$ 97,157	\$ 168,285	\$ 265,4
.5	Okaloosa	785	24,108,962	\$ 144,468	\$ 250,232	\$ 394,7
6	Okeechobee	255	10,728,788	\$ 64,290	\$ 111,356	\$ 175,6
7	Orange	25,605	719,690,222	\$ 4,312,600	\$ 7,469,809	\$ 11,782,4
8	Osceola	7,683	192,593,467	\$ 1,154,078	\$ 1,998,966	\$ 3,153,0
9	Palm Beach	11,582	260,929,741	\$ 1,563,569	\$ 2,708,242	\$ 4,271,8
0	Pasco	2,574	88,262,448	\$ 528,895	\$ 916,094	\$ 1,444,9
1	Pinellas	5,768	171,760,956	\$ 1,029,243		\$ 2,811,9
2	Polk	4,244	148,976,342	\$ 892,711	\$ 1,546,255	\$ 2,438,9
3	Putnam	4,244	8,045,348	\$ 48,210	\$ 83,504	\$ 2,438,3
4	Santa Rosa	391	11,568,358	\$ 69,321	\$ 120,070	\$ 189,3
5	Sarasota	1,967	32,928,362	\$ 197,317	\$ 341,770	\$ 539,0
6	Seminole	4,714	90,256,430	\$ 540,844	\$ 936,790	\$ 1,477,6
7	St. Johns	1,135	36,939,447	\$ 221,352	\$ 383,402	\$ 1,477,0
8	St. Lucie	2,368	73,667,022	\$ 221,332		\$ 1,206,0
9	Sumter	488	23,287,883	\$ 441,435	\$ 764,603	\$ 1,206,0
0	Suwannee	233			\$ 241,710	
1			5,384,341	-		\$ 88,1
	Taylor	136	2,772,750	\$ 16,615	\$ 28,779	\$ 45,3
2	Volusia	5,888	105,150,583			\$ 1,721,4
3	Wakulla	64	1,360,450			
4	Walton	409	8,481,415			
5	Washington	33	549,287			
6	Total	208,059	5,153,846,168	\$ 30,883,392	\$ 53,492,800	\$ 84,376,1
7						
3						