

# **Review of Federal Funding to Florida in Fiscal Year 2008**

**November 2009**

**Florida  
Legislative Committee on Intergovernmental Relations**



# Florida Legislative Committee on Intergovernmental Relations

(As of November 2009)

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## What is the LCIR?

The Florida Legislative Committee on Intergovernmental Relations (LCIR) is a legislative entity that facilitates the development of intergovernmental policies and practices. The Florida LCIR strives to improve coordination and cooperation among state agencies, local governments, and the federal government.

## What Issues Have Been Addressed by the LCIR?

The LCIR completes several publications annually, including the Local Government Financial Information Handbook, Finalized Salaries of County Constitutional Officers and Elected School District Officials, and Intergovernmental Impact Report (Mandates and Measures Affecting Local Government Fiscal Capacity). In addition, the LCIR has addressed the following issues:

- Municipal Incorporations and Annexation
- Impact Fees
- Natural Disaster Preparedness, Response and Recovery
- Local Government Financial Emergencies
- Urban Infill & Infrastructure Capacity
- Marina and Dock Permitting
- State, Regional, and Local Planning
- Voting by Mail
- Economic Development
- Federal Grants to Florida's Local Governments
- Federal Funding to Florida
- Federal/State Relations

If you would like additional copies of this report or have comments or questions pertaining to the information contained herein, please contact the LCIR at (850) 488-9627. We welcome your input or suggestions. Our mailing address is:

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## Executive Summary

The purpose of this report is to provide the Florida Legislature and other interested parties with a review and analysis of federal funding to Florida in fiscal year 2008 using data released by the U.S. Census Bureau in July 2009. In particular, this report focuses on federal grant expenditures to Florida's state and local governments. Florida's historically low per capita ranking among the states in the receipt of federal grants has been an area of particular concern to policymakers.

This report should be useful for making statistical comparisons among states of various federal agencies' funding programs. Additionally, the report should be instructive to decision makers working to develop consensus on priorities and strategies for increasing the state's receipt of federal grants.

This report begins with a review of the two major classifications of federal financial assistance provided to states. These two classifications are: 1) federal direct expenditures and 2) other financial assistance.

### **Federal Direct Expenditures to Florida**

Federal direct expenditures constitute actual funding outlays or obligations of the federal government. These expenditures are reported by the U.S. Census Bureau in five categories: 1) direct payments for individuals for retirement and disability, 2) direct payments for individuals other than for retirement and disability, 3) grants, 4) procurement contracts, and 5) salaries & wages.

In 2008, federal direct expenditures to Florida totaled \$150 billion or \$8,177 per capita, based on the state's 2008 population estimate of 18.3 million. Florida had the 4<sup>th</sup> largest expenditure of all states, unchanged from 2007. On a per capita basis, Florida ranked 35<sup>th</sup> among the states, down from 29<sup>th</sup>.

Direct payments for individuals for retirement and disability constituted the largest category of federal direct expenditure. This category includes Social Security payments, federal retirement and disability payments, and veterans' benefits. Florida's direct payments for retirement and disability totaled \$57.7 billion, or \$3,146 per capita, and accounted for 39 percent of the state's total federal direct expenditures. Florida had the 2<sup>nd</sup> largest expenditure total of the fifty states and ranked 7<sup>th</sup> on a per capita basis, both rankings unchanged from 2007.

Considering Florida's large elderly and retiree populations, these rankings should come as no surprise. According to state population projections produced by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida's elderly population, defined as age 65 years and over, will total 3.4 million by 2010 and account for 8.5 percent of the nation's total elderly population of 40.2 million. By 2010, the elderly will constitute nearly 18 percent of the state's total population. Relative to other age groupings, the proportion of the states' total population defined as elderly is projected to be greater in Florida than in any other state.

The next largest category of federal direct expenditure was direct payments for

individuals other than for retirement and disability. This category includes such items as Medicare benefits, Excess Earned Income Tax Credits, Unemployment Compensation, and Food Stamp payments. These payments to Florida totaled \$43.9 billion, or \$2,394 per capita, and accounted for 29 percent of the state's total federal direct expenditures. Florida had the 3<sup>rd</sup> largest expenditure total of the fifty states, down from 2<sup>nd</sup> in 2007, and ranked 9<sup>th</sup> on a per capita basis, down from 7<sup>th</sup> in 2007.

Federal grant obligations to Florida totaled \$20.2 billion, or \$1,104 per capita, and represented 14 percent of total federal direct expenditures to the state. Florida had the 7<sup>th</sup> largest obligations total of the fifty states, down from 4<sup>th</sup> in 2007; and the state ranked 50<sup>th</sup> on a per capita basis, down from 49<sup>th</sup> in 2007.

The value of procurement contract obligations totaled \$16.6 billion, or \$907 per capita, and accounted for 11 percent of the state's total federal direct expenditures. Florida had the 6<sup>th</sup> largest obligations total of the fifty states, down from 5<sup>th</sup> in 2007, and ranked 32<sup>nd</sup> on a per capita basis, which was unchanged from the prior fiscal year.

The smallest category of federal direct expenditures to Florida was salaries and wages. Such payments totaled \$11.5 billion, or \$627 per capita, and accounted for 8 percent of total federal direct expenditures to the state. Florida had the 5<sup>th</sup> largest expenditure total of the fifty states, down from 4<sup>th</sup> in 2007; and the state ranked 35<sup>th</sup> on a per capita basis, down from 33<sup>rd</sup> in 2007.

## **Other Financial Assistance to Florida**

Other financial assistance consists of the face value of federal insurance coverage as well as the dollar volume of federal guaranteed and direct loans. Other financial assistance to Florida totaled \$487 billion or \$26,555 per capita. The state ranked first among the fifty states in both total and per capita assistance due to the significant face value of flood insurance coverage provided to Florida, which constituted 96 percent of total other financial assistance provided to the state by the federal government.

The total amounts of other federal assistance to Florida are summarized below:

### ***Face Value of Insurance Coverage***

*Total: \$472 billion; Rank: 1<sup>st</sup> (1<sup>st</sup> in 2007)*

*Per Capita: \$25,740; Rank: 1<sup>st</sup> (1<sup>st</sup> in 2007)*

### ***Dollar Volume of Guaranteed Loans***

*Total: \$13.8 billion; Rank: 3<sup>rd</sup> (3<sup>rd</sup> in 2007)*

*Per Capita: \$755; Rank: 41<sup>st</sup> (32<sup>nd</sup> in 2007)*

### ***Dollar Volume of Direct Loans***

*Total: \$1.1 billion; Rank: 16<sup>th</sup> (15<sup>th</sup> in 2007)*

*Per Capita: \$60; Rank: 42<sup>nd</sup> (46<sup>th</sup> in 2007)*

## **How Florida Compares to Other Populous States**

The U.S. Census Bureau reported that the federal direct expenditures (i.e., direct payments for individuals for retirement and disability, direct payments for individuals other than for retirement and disability, grants, procurement contracts, and salaries and wages) to the fifty states totaled \$2.70 trillion in 2008, up from \$2.47 trillion in 2007. The combined federal direct expenditures to the

seven most populous states of California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio, totaled \$1.17 trillion or 42 percent of the fifty states' total.

The total federal direct expenditures of the seven most populous states are as follows:

1. California: \$300 billion
2. Texas: \$210 billion
3. New York: \$174 billion
- 4. Florida: \$150 billion**
5. Pennsylvania: \$122 billion
6. Illinois: \$101 billion
7. Ohio: \$91 billion

However, as illustrated below, the states' respective rankings change when controlling for population differences. The per capita federal direct expenditures of these same seven states are as follows:

1. Pennsylvania: \$9,764 (1<sup>st</sup> in 2007)
2. New York: \$8,931 (3<sup>rd</sup> in 2007)
3. Texas: \$8,633 (5<sup>th</sup> in 2007)
- 4. Florida: \$8,177 (4<sup>th</sup> in 2007)**
5. California: \$8,160 (6<sup>th</sup> in 2007)
6. Ohio: \$7,887 (2<sup>nd</sup> in 2007)
7. Illinois: \$7,803 (7<sup>th</sup> in 2007)

### Florida's Receipt of Federal Grants

Federal grants continue to be important sources of revenue utilized by our nation's state and local governments to provide necessary infrastructure and services to their residents. Federal grant expenditures (i.e., actual outlays) to the fifty states totaled \$449 billion in fiscal year 2008.

As opposed to the \$20.2 billion of federal grant obligations to Florida previously

discussed, federal grant expenditures to our state and local governments totaled \$20.7 billion, or \$1,127 per capita. Florida had the 4<sup>th</sup> largest federal grants expenditure of the fifty states, unchanged from 2007, and the state ranked 46<sup>th</sup> on a per capita basis, down from 45<sup>th</sup> in 2007.

The grant funding received from six federal departments (i.e., Health and Human Services, Transportation, Education, Housing and Urban Development, Agriculture, and Homeland Security) totaled \$20 billion and accounted for 97 percent of all grants expenditures to Florida. A summary of these grant expenditures to Florida as well as some of the more well-known program categories within these departments are listed below:

#### ***Health and Human Services Grants***

*Total: \$11.4 billion; Rank: 5<sup>th</sup> (5<sup>th</sup> in 2007)*

*Per Capita: \$623; Rank: 46<sup>th</sup> (46<sup>th</sup> in 2007)*

- Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services
- Administration for Children and Families

#### ***Transportation Grants***

*Total: \$2.8 billion; Rank: 4<sup>th</sup> (3<sup>rd</sup> in 2007)*

*Per Capita: \$151; Rank: 37<sup>th</sup> (35<sup>th</sup> in 2007)*

- Federal Highway Administration
- Federal Transit Administration
- Federal Aviation Administration

#### ***Education Grants***

*Total: \$2.0 billion; Rank: 4<sup>th</sup> (4<sup>th</sup> in 2007)*

*Per Capita: \$109; Rank: 37<sup>th</sup> (31<sup>st</sup> in 2007)*

- Office of Elementary and Secondary Education

- Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services
- Office of Vocational and Adult Education

### ***Housing & Urban Development Grants***

*Total: \$1.6 billion; Rank: 8<sup>th</sup> (10<sup>th</sup> in 2007)*

*Per Capita: \$89; Rank: 30<sup>th</sup> (36<sup>th</sup> in 2007)*

- Housing Programs
- Community Planning and Development

### ***Agriculture Grants***

*Total: \$1.3 billion; Rank: 4<sup>th</sup> (4<sup>th</sup> in 2007)*

*Per Capita: \$69; Rank: 40<sup>th</sup> (42<sup>nd</sup> in 2007)*

- Food and Nutrition Services
- Cooperative State Research, Education and Extension Services
- Rural Development Activities

### ***Homeland Security Grants***

*Total: \$872 million; Rank: 3<sup>rd</sup> (2<sup>nd</sup> in 2007)*

*Per Capita: \$48; Rank: 18<sup>th</sup> (7<sup>th</sup> in 2007)*

- Federal Emergency Management Agency
- Domestic Preparedness and Anti-terrorism Programs

## **Federal Grants to Florida in Recent Years**

Since 1996 the LCIR has conducted an annual review of federal funding to Florida using the U.S. Census Bureau's data. Federal grant expenditures to Florida have increased significantly during this period.

Between 1996 and 2008, federal grant expenditures increased 145 percent from \$8.4 billion to \$20.7 billion, which equates to an

average annual growth rate of 12.1 percent. Florida's ranking among all states in total grant expenditures improved from 7<sup>th</sup> in 1996 to 4<sup>th</sup> in 2008. However, much of this substantial growth in federal grant expenditures to Florida occurred between 1997 and 2003. In fact, between 2004 and 2008, the average annual growth rate was only 3.4 percent.

Florida's relative share of grant expenditures to the fifty states increased from 3.9 percent in 1996 to 4.6 percent in 2008, down from 4.7 percent in 2007. Interestingly, Florida's relative share of the total population of the fifty states increased from 5.4 percent in 1996 to 6.0 percent in 2008.

Florida's per capita federal grant expenditure increased from \$586 in 1996 to \$1,127 in 2008. Although Florida's per capita ranking has shown some upward movement in recent years, it still remains low. The state's per capita ranking improved from 48<sup>th</sup> in 1996 to its highest level of 43<sup>rd</sup> in 2005, but dropped back to 46<sup>th</sup> in 2008.

## **Conclusion**

Although this report provides an overview of the various types of federal funding to Florida, the focus is on federal grant expenditures. Despite Florida's low per capita federal grants expenditure, 46<sup>th</sup> in 2008, federal assistance to our state, primarily in the form of grant funding, accounted for 29.3 percent of state government's total direct revenue during the 2007-08 fiscal year, according to the Florida Consensus Estimating Conference's most recent *Long Term Revenue Analysis (Fall 2008)*.

Numerous reasons exist for Florida's low per capita federal grants funding; however, three likely explanations are of particular significance. First, many funding formulas are based on outdated population figures or other factors that do not reflect the state's rapid growth in recent decades. Congressional support to revise funding formula inequities is difficult to obtain if other states stand to lose federal funds under revised formulas that benefit Florida. Second, small state minimums in formula allocations disadvantage more populous states like Florida. Third, Florida may not be aggressively pursuing all federal grant opportunities.

Several years ago, the LCIR surveyed Florida's state agencies regarding the receipt of federal grants. In response to the question of why the state ranked low in the per capita receipt of many federal grants, state agencies offered a number of explanations. Such explanations included a lack of sufficient state matching funds, federal "strings" or policy requirements serving as conditions for receipt of federal grants funding, and cutbacks in federal funding.

In this report, the LCIR utilized the per capita measure to control for population differences among states. However, such a measure does not take into consideration levels of need or utilization. State agency representatives have previously noted that per capita measurements of certain federal grants receipts, while low compared to other states, might not have reflected the fact that such funding was adequately serving the target populations.

On a per capita basis, only four states received less in federal grants than Florida during fiscal year 2008. The state's per capita federal

grants expenditure in 2008 was \$353 less than the national per capita expenditure. Furthermore, this difference or "gap" between the state and national per capita federal grants expenditure figures continues to increase. In 2006 and 2007, the gap was \$295 and \$331, respectively. Clearly, Florida's overall receipt of federal grants has not been keeping pace with statewide population growth in recent years.

By taking Florida's expenditure gap in a given year and multiplying it by the respective statewide population, it is possible to calculate the amount of federal grants revenue that separated Florida from the national average. Had Florida's per capita grants expenditure of \$1,127 in 2008 equaled just the national average of \$1,480, then this state would have received \$6.5 billion in additional grant funding. If the state's per capita grants expenditure equaled just the national average in each year during the 1996 to 2008 time period, then Florida would have received \$62 billion more in federal grant funding.

### **Recommendations**

During the 2007-08 legislative interim, the LCIR staff undertook a research project entitled, *Federal Grants – How Florida's Local Governments Can Improve*, to identify federal grants that the state's local governments receive and determine if similarly situated local governments are eligible to participate in those grant programs. The results of that research project were published in the Committee's June 2008 report entitled *Federal Grants to Florida's Local Governments*.

A number of recommendations, many of which have been included in prior editions of this annual report, as well as several new recommendations included in the June 2008 report, *Federal Grants to Florida Local Governments*, are offered as ways to potentially increase Florida's receipt of federal grants.

Local governments should take the following steps to increase their receipt of grant funds:

- Register with [www.Grants.gov](http://www.Grants.gov) and take full advantage of all this interactive website has to offer.
- As [www.Grants.gov](http://www.Grants.gov) website continues to evolve, local governments should provide feedback on future improvements, such as timeframes and uniformity of application processes and forms.
- Collaborate with other local governments and regional entities to explore meeting eligibility requirements of certain grants.
- Using data posted on the LCIR's website, [www.floridalcir.gov](http://www.floridalcir.gov), local governments can compare themselves with neighboring or similarly situated local governments to ascertain whether they are taking full advantage of available grant opportunities.
- Once suitable grants have been identified, local government staff should develop a direct rapport with personnel from the granting agency through phone and e-mail contact whenever possible.
- Conduct cost-benefit analyses to assess the fiscal value of hiring grant writers.
- Identify federal and state policy changes needed to enhance Florida's access to federal funding streams.
- Support state efforts to form coalitions with similarly-situated states to pursue changes in outdated or inequitable federal funding formulas.
- Work with the state and Congress to implement changes to federal funding formulas determined to be outdated or inequitable.
- Vigorously pursue increased availability of state matching funds or other locally available funds.
- Invest in training provided at the state and local levels for accessing federal and state grant funding.
- Increase communication and coordination on federal funding issues among state agencies, the Governor's Office, the Florida Washington Office, the Legislature, and the congressional delegation.
- When competing with local governments from other states for non-formula grants, enlist assistance from congressional offices, which are typically able to provide letters of support.

The Department of Environmental Protection may wish to consider:

- Advocating for amendment to Governor's Executive Order 95-359 to clarify and streamline the role and function of the Single Point of Contact (SPOC) housed



within the department, and any appropriate statutory changes to s. 403.061(40), F.S.

- Alternatively, evaluating the benefit to the state and local governments of the SPOC and determining whether the SPOC should be dispensed with or maintained.

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## Introduction

The Florida Legislative Committee on Intergovernmental Relations (LCIR) annually reviews the state's receipt of federal funds. The purpose of this report is to provide the Legislature and other interested parties with an overview and analysis of federal financial assistance to Florida. In particular, the report focuses on federal grants to Florida's state and local governments. This review is intended to be part of an ongoing strategy to improve federal-state relations generally and facilitate the development of strategies to increase the return of federal tax dollars to the state.

The LCIR reviewed and analyzed federal expenditure data for federal fiscal year 2008 (i.e., October 1, 2007 to September 30, 2008) using data obtained from two U.S. Census Bureau publications: *Consolidated Federal Funds Report for Fiscal Year 2008* and *Federal Aid to States for Fiscal Year 2008*, both issued in July 2009. Two types of federal financial assistance to states are documented in this report. These types are **federal direct expenditures** and **other financial assistance**.

Federal direct expenditures constitute actual outlays or obligations of the federal government. These expenditures are reported by the U.S. Census Bureau in five categories: 1) direct payments for individuals for retirement and disability, 2) direct payments for individuals other than for retirement and disability, 3) grants, 4) procurement contracts, and 5) salaries and wages. Federal direct expenditures to the state totaled \$150 billion or \$8,177 per capita.

Other financial assistance does not constitute actual outlays but, in large measure, reflects the contingent liability of the federal government via the face value of insurance coverages and the dollar volume of loans made. Other financial assistance to Florida totaled \$487 billion or \$26,555 per capita.

This report is divided into four parts and includes one appendix.

**Part One** discusses the types of federal financial assistance to states by addressing the five categories of federal direct expenditure and the three categories of other financial assistance. A series of tables summarize dollar amounts of federal financial assistance to the fifty states collectively, and Florida specifically. In addition, Florida's rankings among the fifty states, the seven most populous states, and the sixteen southern states on the basis of total and per capita funding are included.

**Part Two** summarizes federal direct expenditures to each of Florida's sixty-seven counties by addressing total expenditures by category, per capita expenditures by category, and category expenditures as a percentage of total expenditures.

**Part Three** focuses on federal grant expenditures to state and local governments. A series of tables provide detailed summaries of grant expenditures to Florida by federal agency. Additionally, Florida's rankings among the fifty states, the seven most populous states, and the sixteen southern states on the basis of total and per capita expenditures are listed.

**Part Four** examines the states' per capita federal grant expenditures by agency as a percentage of the national per capita expenditures. The intent is to show how the states fare, relative to the national average, after controlling for population differences.

The **Appendix** lists the websites of federal agencies.

### **Additional LCIR Resources**

In addition to this report summarizing federal funding to Florida in fiscal year 2008 and prior reports summarizing federal funding to the state in previous fiscal years,<sup>1</sup> the LCIR has published the following reports relating to Florida's receipt of federal grants.

March 2009: *Local Government Grant Expenditures Associated with the High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA) Designation.*<sup>2</sup>

February 2009: *Federal Grants to Florida's Local Governments (Updated to Include Expenditures in FY 2007).*<sup>3</sup>

October 2008: *Federal Grant Expenditures by School District.*<sup>4</sup>

June 2008: *Federal Grants to Florida's Local Governments.*<sup>5</sup>

Furthermore, the Committee has compiled federal grant expenditures to Florida's county and municipal governments in fiscal years 2005-07 as well as to the states' school districts in fiscal years 2006-07. These data files can be downloaded from the Committee's website.<sup>6</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> [www.floridalcir.gov/annual\\_reports.cfm](http://www.floridalcir.gov/annual_reports.cfm)

<sup>2</sup> [www.floridalcir.gov/UserContent/docs/File/reports/HIDTA09.pdf](http://www.floridalcir.gov/UserContent/docs/File/reports/HIDTA09.pdf)

<sup>3</sup> [www.floridalcir.gov/UserContent/docs/File/reports/fedgrants09.pdf](http://www.floridalcir.gov/UserContent/docs/File/reports/fedgrants09.pdf)

<sup>4</sup> [www.floridalcir.gov/UserContent/docs/File/reports/sdgrants08.pdf](http://www.floridalcir.gov/UserContent/docs/File/reports/sdgrants08.pdf)

<sup>5</sup> [www.floridalcir.gov/UserContent/docs/File/reports/fedgrants08.pdf](http://www.floridalcir.gov/UserContent/docs/File/reports/fedgrants08.pdf)

<sup>6</sup> [www.floridalcir.gov/dataatof.cfm](http://www.floridalcir.gov/dataatof.cfm)

## **Part One: Federal Financial Assistance to Florida**

### **A. Introduction**

This part summarizes the five categories of federal direct expenditures (i.e., direct payments for individuals for retirement and disability, direct payments for individuals other than for retirement and disability, grants, procurement contracts, and salaries and wages) provided to Florida. Three categories of other financial assistance (i.e., insurance coverage, guaranteed loans, and direct loans) are summarized as well. Reported dollar amounts for these other assistance programs represent the face value of insurance coverage or the dollar volume of loans made rather than actual expenditures.

### **B. Data Source**

The source of the data summarized in this part is the U.S. Census Bureau publication entitled *Consolidated Federal Funds Report for Fiscal Year 2008* issued in July 2009. This publication presents federal government expenditures or obligations in state, county, and subcounty areas of the United States. Although the Census Bureau's report includes the relevant data for the District of Columbia and U.S. outlying areas, the focus here is on the assistance provided to the fifty states collectively and Florida specifically.

The financial activity of all federal government agencies is covered except for those agencies that do not submit data to any of the federal reporting systems that serve as information sources for the Census Bureau's report. As a general guide, the grants and procurement data represent obligated funds, while the direct payments and salaries and wages data represent actual expenditures.

### **C. Federal Financial Assistance to Florida**

The distribution of federal financial assistance to states in fiscal year 2008 is summarized in **Table 1-1** on page 9. Federal direct expenditures to the fifty states totaled \$2.70 trillion or \$8,904 per capita while other financial assistance totaled \$1.60 trillion or \$5,267 per capita. Federal direct expenditures to Florida totaled \$150 billion or \$8,177 per capita, and other financial assistance totaled \$487 billion or \$26,555 per capita.

Federal direct expenditures to Florida constituted approximately 5.5 percent of such expenditures to all fifty states. Florida had the 4<sup>th</sup> largest expenditure of all states and the seven most populous states, and the 2<sup>nd</sup> largest expenditure of the southern states, after Texas.<sup>1</sup> On a per capita basis, the

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<sup>1</sup> Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates prepared by the U.S. Census Bureau, the seven most populous states were California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio. The Census Bureau has classified 16 states in the South region. They are Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

state ranked 35<sup>th</sup> among all states, 4<sup>th</sup> among the most populous states, and 13<sup>th</sup> among the southern states.

Other financial assistance to Florida constituted 30 percent of such assistance to all fifty states. The state ranked first among all states in both total and per capita assistance due to the significant face value of flood insurance coverage.

#### **D. Federal Direct Expenditures**

As previously mentioned, there are five categories of federal direct expenditures: 1) direct payments for individuals for retirement and disability, 2) direct payments for individuals other than for retirement and disability, 3) grants, 4) procurement contracts, and 5) salaries and wages. Each of these categories is discussed in more detail in the following sections.

##### ***1. Direct Payments for Individuals for Retirement and Disability***

Retirement and disability payments represented the largest category of federal direct expenditure to states. Such payments totaled \$809 billion, or \$2,665 per capita, and represented approximately 30 percent of total direct expenditures to states. These payments to Florida totaled \$57.7 billion, or \$3,146 per capita, and accounted for 39 percent of total direct expenditures to the state. Florida had the 2<sup>nd</sup> largest expenditure of all states and the most populous states, after California; and the largest expenditure of the southern states. On a per capita basis, Florida ranked 7<sup>th</sup> among all states; 2<sup>nd</sup> among the most populous states, and 5<sup>th</sup> among the southern states.

As illustrated in **Table 1-2** on page 10, this category includes four types of payments: 1) Social Security payments, 2) federal retirement and disability payments, 3) veterans benefits, and 4) other payments. In Florida, Social Security payments accounted for 79 percent of the state's total value of federal retirement and disability payments to individuals.

Florida's large elderly population is a primary reason for the state's high per capita expenditure relative to other states. According to state population projections issued by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida's elderly population (i.e., age 65 years and over) will total 3.4 million by 2010 and account for 8.5 percent of the nation's total elderly population of 40.2 million. In Florida, the elderly will constitute nearly 18 percent of the state's total population. Relative to other age groupings, the proportion of the states' total population defined as elderly is projected to be greater in Florida than any other state.

##### ***2. Direct Payments for Individuals Other Than for Retirement and Disability***

These payments represented the second largest category of federal direct expenditure to states. Such payments totaled \$624 billion, or \$2,056 per capita, and represented approximately 23 percent of total direct expenditures to states. These payments to Florida totaled \$43.9 billion, or \$2,394 per

capita, and accounted for 29 percent of total direct expenditures to the state. As illustrated in **Table 1-3** on page 11, this category includes eight types of payments. Medicare benefits accounted for 76 percent of other direct payments to the state. Florida had the 3<sup>rd</sup> largest expenditure of all states and the most populous states, after California and New York; and the largest expenditure of the southern states. On a per capita basis, Florida ranked 9<sup>th</sup> among all states, 2<sup>nd</sup> among the most populous states, and 3<sup>rd</sup> among the southern states.

### **3. Grants**

Grant obligations represented the third largest category of federal direct expenditure to states. These obligations to states totaled \$562 billion, or \$1,852 per capita, and represented 21 percent of total direct expenditures. These grant obligations to Florida totaled \$20.2 billion, or \$1,104 per capita, and represented 14 percent of total direct expenditures to the state. As illustrated in **Table 1-4** on pages 12-13, Florida had the 7<sup>th</sup> largest expenditure of all states; the 6<sup>th</sup> largest expenditure of the most populous states; and the 2<sup>nd</sup> largest expenditure of the southern states. On a per capita basis, Florida ranked last among all states.

A more in-depth discussion of federal grant expenditures (i.e., actual outlays) to state and local governments is addressed in Part Three of this report. The amount of total grant obligations to Florida discussed here is approximately \$0.5 billion less than the amount of total grant expenditures listed in Part Three. The funding amount presented here includes obligations to state and local governments as well as non-governmental entities while the funding amount presented in Part Three reflects expenditures to state and local governments only. The grant expenditures total is greater than the grant obligations total because expenditures in the current year can reflect amounts obligated in the current year as well as prior years.

### **4. Procurement Contracts**

Procurement contracts represented the fourth largest category of federal direct expenditure to states. Such payments to states totaled \$476 billion, or \$1,569 per capita, and represented 18 percent of total direct expenditures. These payments to Florida totaled \$16.6 billion, or \$907 per capita, and represented 11 percent of total direct expenditures to the state. As illustrated in **Table 1-5** on pages 14-15, Florida had the 6<sup>th</sup> largest expenditure of all states, the 4<sup>th</sup> largest expenditure of the most populous states and the southern states. On a per capita basis, Florida ranked 32<sup>nd</sup> among all states, 5<sup>th</sup> among the most populous states, and 11<sup>th</sup> among the southern states.

This category includes contract awards to the Department of Defense and non-defense agencies. In Florida, contracts awarded by the Department of Defense accounted for 74 percent of total procurement contracts awarded.

## **5. Salaries and Wages**

Federal salary and wage payments represented the smallest category of direct expenditure to states. Such payments to states totaled \$231 billion, or \$762 per capita, and represented 9 percent of total direct expenditures. These payments to Florida totaled \$11.5 billion, or \$627 per capita, and represented 8 percent of direct expenditures to the state. As illustrated in **Table 1-6** on pages 16-17, Florida had the 5<sup>th</sup> largest expenditure of all states, the 3<sup>rd</sup> largest expenditure of the most populous states, and the 4<sup>th</sup> largest expenditure of the southern states. On a per capita basis, Florida ranked 35<sup>th</sup> among all states, 2<sup>nd</sup> among the most populous states, and 15<sup>th</sup> among the southern states.

This category includes salary and wage payments made by the Department of Defense and non-defense agencies. In Florida, the payments made by non-defense agencies accounted for 66 percent of total salary and wage payments.

## **6. Summary**

One way to assess how individual states are doing in their fiscal relationship with the federal government is to calculate each state's proportional share for each direct expenditure category. If the state's share for each expenditure category is roughly equivalent to the state's share of the national population, then perhaps a measure of equality has been satisfied. The shares for each state are summarized in **Table 1-7** on pages 18-19.

The first column lists each state's share of the July 1, 2008 national population. The next column lists each state's share of total federal direct expenditure with subsequent columns listing the states' shares for each of the five components of federal spending. Based on the percentages listed, Vermont is the best example of a state that reflects an average performance with a 0.2 percent share of the national population and identical shares for three of the five separate components of federal spending. Other states reflecting average performances include Delaware, Idaho, Kansas, Maine, Mississippi, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, North Dakota, Rhode Island, South Dakota, West Virginia, and Wyoming.

Florida recorded 6.0 percent of the national population but only 5.5 percent of total direct expenditures. At 7.1 and 7.0 percent, the state's proportional shares for direct payments for retirement/disability and other direct payments, respectively, were well above the 6.0 percent average. However, the state's proportional shares for each of the remaining components were well below the 6.0 percent average with 3.6 percent for grant obligations, 3.5 percent for procurement contracts, and 5.0 percent for salaries and wages.

This type of analysis may be useful with respect to grant funding since many grant formulas rely on national population, or some variation of it, to distribute funds. Interestingly, New York had the largest positive percentage difference between its share of the grant obligations (i.e., 9.7 percent) and its share of national population (i.e., 6.4 percent). Florida had the largest negative percentage

difference between its share of the grant obligations (i.e., 3.6 percent) and its share of national population (i.e., 6.0 percent).

## **E. Other Financial Assistance**

The three categories of other financial assistance are: 1) face value of insurance coverages, 2) dollar volume of guaranteed loans, and 3) dollar volume of direct loans. Other financial assistance to Florida totaled \$487 billion, or \$26,555 per capita. Florida's share constituted 30 percent of such assistance to all states. The state ranked first among the fifty states in both total and per capita assistance due to the significant face value of flood insurance coverage provided to Florida.

### ***1. Face Value of Insurance Coverage***

The face value of insurance coverage represented the largest category of other financial assistance to states. Such assistance to states totaled \$1.27 trillion, or \$4,172 per capita, and represented 79 percent of other financial assistance provided to all states. Such coverage in Florida totaled \$472 billion, or \$25,740 per capita, and represented 97 percent of other financial assistance provided to the state by the federal government. Florida had the largest face value of insurance coverage of the fifty states and ranked first among the states in both total and per capita insurance coverage. As illustrated in **Table 1-8** on page 20, flood insurance accounted for 99 percent of the total face value of all federal insurance coverage provided to the state.

### ***2. Dollar Volume of Guaranteed Loans***

The second largest category of other financial assistance to states was guaranteed loans. Such assistance to the fifty states totaled \$295 billion, or \$972 per capita, and represented 19 percent of other financial assistance provided to states by the federal government. These loans to Florida totaled \$13.8 billion, or \$755 per capita, and represented only 3 percent of other financial assistance to the state. As illustrated in **Table 1-9** on page 21, Mortgage Insurance for Homes accounted for 62 percent of the total dollar volume of federal guaranteed loans made to the state. Florida had the 3<sup>rd</sup> largest dollar volume of all states and the most populous states, and the 2<sup>nd</sup> largest volume of the southern states. On a per capita basis, Florida ranked 34<sup>th</sup> among all states, 4<sup>th</sup> among the most populous states, and 13<sup>th</sup> among the southern states.

### ***3. Dollar Volume of Direct Loans***

Direct loans represented the smallest category of other financial assistance provided to states. Such assistance to the fifty states totaled \$37 billion, or \$123 per capita, and represented 2 percent of other financial assistance to states. These loans to Florida totaled \$1.1 billion, or \$60 per capita, and represented only 0.2 percent of other financial assistance to the state. As illustrated in **Table 1-10** on page 22, Florida had the 16<sup>th</sup> largest dollar volume of all states, the 7<sup>th</sup> largest volume of the most populous states, and the 5<sup>th</sup> largest volume of the southern states. On a per capita basis, Florida

ranked 42<sup>nd</sup> among all states, and last among the most populous states and the southern states.

#### **4. Summary**

Using the same methodology applied in Table 1-7, **Table 1-11** on page 23 accesses how individual states did in their fiscal relationship with the federal government with respect to the various types of other financial assistance offered to states.

While Florida recorded 6.0 percent of the national population, it recorded 30.4 percent of total other financial assistance. Due to the effect of federal flood insurance, Florida's proportional share for insurance programs at 37.3 percent was greater than the 6.0 percent average; however, the state's proportional shares for guaranteed loans at 4.7 percent and for direct loans at 2.9 percent were less than its share of the national population.

#### **F. Conclusion**

Federal direct expenditures represent either actual expenditures or obligations of the federal government to this state. By contrast, the reported amounts of other financial assistance reflect the face value of insurance coverage and the dollar volume of loans made.

Florida had high per capita expenditures for federal direct payments for individuals when compared to the national average. This was due primarily to the state's large retiree and elderly populations. However, in the remaining categories of federal direct expenditure (i.e., grants, procurement contracts, and salaries and wages), Florida had per capita expenditures that were considerably lower than the national average.

The allocation of federal financial assistance has significant impacts on the finances of state and local governments. Since numerous federal policies govern the distribution of federal funding to states, future policy changes will likely affect individual states quite differently. Knowing the magnitude of such financial assistance to Florida should be useful to policy makers as they assess strategies for increasing the state's share of federal funding.



**Table 1-1**  
**Florida's Federal Direct Expenditures and Other Financial Assistance**  
**Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Funding Categories / Subcategories	Total Funding					Per Capita Funding			
	Amount	% of Total	State's Rankings			Amount	State's Rankings		
			All	Populous	Region		All	Populous	Region
<b>Federal Direct Expenditures</b>									
Direct Payments for Individuals	\$ 101,535,281,000	67.7%	2nd	2nd	1st	\$ 5,540	7th	2nd	4th
Retirement and Disability	57,665,378,000	38.5%	2nd	2nd	1st	3,146	7th	2nd	5th
Other Than Retirement and Disability	43,869,903,000	29.3%	3rd	3rd	1st	2,394	9th	2nd	3rd
Grants	20,226,447,000	13.5%	7th	6th	2nd	1,104	50th	7th	16th
Procurement Contracts	16,624,628,000	11.1%	6th	4th	4th	907	32nd	5th	11th
Salaries and Wages	11,485,822,000	7.7%	5th	3rd	4th	627	35th	2nd	15th
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 149,872,178,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>4th</b>	<b>4th</b>	<b>2nd</b>	<b>\$ 8,177</b>	<b>35th</b>	<b>4th</b>	<b>13th</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 2,701,954,086,000</b>					<b>\$ 8,904</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>		<b>5.5%</b>							
<b>Other Financial Assistance</b>									
Face Value of Insurance Coverages	\$ 471,780,472,000	96.9%	1st	1st	1st	\$ 25,740	1st	1st	1st
Dollar Volume of Guaranteed Loans	13,832,688,000	2.8%	3rd	3rd	2nd	755	41st	4th	13th
Dollar Volume of Direct Loans	1,093,204,000	0.2%	16th	7th	5th	60	42nd	7th	16th
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 486,706,364,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>1st</b>	<b>1st</b>	<b>1st</b>	<b>\$ 26,555</b>	<b>1st</b>	<b>1st</b>	<b>1st</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 1,598,429,258,000</b>					<b>\$ 5,267</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>		<b>30.4%</b>							

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) Funding figures for federal direct expenditures represent either actual expenditures or obligations. Generally, the federal grants and procurement data represent obligated funds, while the direct payments to individuals and salaries and wages represent actual expenditures. Direct and guaranteed loan figures represent the dollar volume of loans made. Data on insurance coverages represent the face value of coverage provided. In the published report, the funding data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 3) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 4) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Funding: U.S. Census Bureau, "Consolidated Federal Funds Report for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cffr.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cffr.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html)

**Table 1-2  
Florida's Federal Direct Payments for Individuals for Retirement and Disability  
Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Funding Categories / Subcategories	Total Funding					Per Capita Funding			
	Amount	% of Total	State's Rankings			Amount	State's Rankings		
			All	Populous	Region		All	Populous	Region
Social Security Payments	\$ 45,467,315,000	78.8%	2nd	2nd	1st	\$ 2,480.71	9th	2nd	6th
Retirement Insurance Payments	29,229,046,000	50.7%	2nd	2nd	1st	1,594.75	2nd	2nd	1st
Survivors Insurance Payments	7,336,458,000	12.7%	3rd	3rd	2nd	400.28	24th	3rd	11th
Disability Insurance Payments	6,394,180,000	11.1%	4th	4th	2nd	348.87	26th	4th	13th
Supplemental Security Income Payments	2,507,631,000	4.3%	4th	4th	2nd	136.82	17th	5th	8th
Federal Retirement and Disability Payments	8,060,059,000	14.0%	3rd	2nd	2nd	439.76	15th	1st	6th
Civilian	4,266,422,000	7.4%	4th	2nd	3rd	232.78	22nd	1st	9th
Military	3,793,637,000	6.6%	1st	1st	1st	206.98	8th	1st	4th
Veterans Benefits	3,065,819,000	5.3%	3rd	3rd	2nd	167.27	16th	1st	8th
Payments for Service Connected Disability	2,434,566,000	4.2%	3rd	3rd	2nd	132.83	16th	1st	8th
Other Benefit Payments	631,253,000	1.1%	2nd	2nd	2nd	34.44	12th	1st	9th
Other	1,072,184,000	1.9%	3rd	3rd	1st	58.50	29th	4th	11th
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 57,665,378,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>2nd</b>	<b>2nd</b>	<b>1st</b>	<b>\$ 3,146.24</b>	<b>7th</b>	<b>2nd</b>	<b>5th</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 808,760,353,000</b>					<b>\$ 2,665.06</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>		<b>7.1%</b>							

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 3) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Funding: U.S. Census Bureau, "Consolidated Federal Funds Report for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cffr.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cffr.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html)

Table 1-3

**Florida's Federal Direct Payments for Individuals Other Than for Retirement and Disability  
Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Funding Categories / Subcategories	Total Funding					Per Capita Funding				
	Amount	% of Total	State's Rankings			Amount	State's Rankings			
			All	Populous	Region		All	Populous	Region	
Medicare Benefits	\$ 33,374,537,000	76.1%	2nd	2nd	1st	\$ 1,820.93	3rd	2nd	1st	
Hospital Insurance	16,411,620,000	37.4%	3rd	3rd	1st	895.42	7th	2nd	3rd	
Supplemental Medical Insurance	16,962,917,000	38.7%	2nd	2nd	1st	925.50	1st	1st	1st	
Excess Earned Income Tax Credits	3,072,116,000	7.0%	3rd	3rd	2nd	167.62	11th	2nd	10th	
Unemployment Compensation	1,680,832,000	3.8%	7th	5th	1st	91.71	29th	6th	7th	
Food Stamp Payments	1,778,645,000	4.1%	4th	4th	2nd	97.04	32nd	6th	14th	
Housing Assistance	375,117,000	0.9%	9th	7th	2nd	20.47	39th	6th	15th	
Agricultural Assistance	240,187,000	0.5%	28th	5th	12th	13.10	42nd	5th	16th	
Federal Employees Life and Health Insurance	1,229,452,000	2.8%	6th	3rd	4th	67.08	21st	2nd	6th	
Other	2,119,017,000	4.8%	9th	6th	4th	115.61	29th	4th	7th	
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 43,869,903,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>3rd</b>	<b>3rd</b>	<b>1st</b>	<b>\$ 2,393.56</b>	<b>9th</b>	<b>2nd</b>	<b>3rd</b>	
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 624,003,234,000</b>					<b>\$ 2,056.24</b>				
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>		<b>7.0%</b>								

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 3) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Funding: U.S. Census Bureau, "Consolidated Federal Funds Report for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cffr.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cffr.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html)

**Table 1-4  
Florida's Federal Grant Obligations  
Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Funding Categories / Subcategories	Total Funding					Per Capita Funding			
	Amount	% of Total	State's Rankings			Amount	State's Rankings		
			All	Populous	Region		All	Populous	Region
* Agency for International Development	\$ 2,973,000	< 0.1%	13th	3rd	6th	\$ 0.16	20th	3rd	8th
Department of Agriculture	\$ 1,337,055,000	6.6%	4th	4th	2nd	\$ 72.95	42nd	6th	14th
* Appalachian Regional Commission	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Department of Commerce	91,065,000	0.5%	6th	4th	2nd	4.97	40th	3rd	13th
Corporation for National and Community Service	20,007,000	0.1%	9th	5th	4th	1.09	48th	6th	15th
* Corporation for Public Broadcasting	9,500,000	< 0.1%	2nd	1st	1st	0.52	27th	1st	10th
Department of Defense	187,339,000	0.9%	6th	4th	3rd	10.22	38th	5th	10th
* Delta Regional Authority	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Department of Education	1,852,389,000	9.2%	4th	4th	2nd	101.07	44th	6th	15th
Election Assistance Commission	6,478,000	< 0.1%	4th	4th	2nd	0.35	41st	5th	13th
Department of Energy	44,450,000	0.2%	16th	7th	3rd	2.43	48th	7th	15th
Environmental Protection Agency	105,275,000	0.5%	8th	6th	2nd	5.74	50th	7th	16th
* Equal Employment Opportunity Commission	1,069,000	< 0.1%	7th	6th	1st	0.06	39th	6th	6th
Department of Health and Human Services	12,033,923,000	59.5%	9th	7th	2nd	656.57	48th	7th	15th
Department of Homeland Security	311,850,000	1.5%	8th	4th	4th	17.01	35th	5th	11th
Department of Housing and Urban Development	1,168,369,000	5.8%	7th	6th	3rd	63.75	34th	6th	10th
Institute of Museum and Library Services	12,904,000	0.1%	3rd	3rd	2nd	0.70	33rd	3rd	10th
Department of the Interior	38,736,000	0.2%	22nd	4th	6th	2.11	44th	6th	14th
Department of Justice	228,956,000	1.1%	3rd	3rd	1st	12.49	7th	2nd	2nd
Department of Labor	249,698,000	1.2%	9th	7th	3rd	13.62	50th	7th	16th
National Aeronautics and Space Administration	12,999,000	0.1%	17th	5th	6th	0.71	46th	7th	13th
* National Archives and Records Administration	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
National Endowment for the Arts	2,057,000	< 0.1%	13th	6th	4th	0.11	50th	7th	16th
National Endowment for the Humanities	1,938,000	< 0.1%	18th	7th	6th	0.11	50th	7th	16th
National Science Foundation	154,375,000	0.8%	9th	6th	2nd	8.42	40th	7th	7th
Small Business Administration	6,978,000	< 0.1%	6th	6th	2nd	0.38	40th	6th	11th
Social Security Administration	2,943,000	< 0.1%	7th	5th	2nd	0.16	45th	5th	14th
Department of State	8,052,000	< 0.1%	7th	6th	2nd	0.44	43rd	7th	12th
* State Justice Institute	12,000	< 0.1%	28th	5th	8th	< 0.01	34th	5th	11th
* Tennessee Valley Authority	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Department of Transportation	2,301,950,000	11.4%	4th	4th	2nd	125.60	50th	7th	16th
Department of the Treasury	5,729,000	< 0.1%	7th	4th	5th	0.31	11th	3rd	5th
Department of Veterans Affairs	23,860,000	0.1%	7th	5th	2nd	1.30	40th	5th	10th
Other	3,517,000	< 0.1%	13th	7th	5th	0.19	45th	7th	13th
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 20,226,447,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>7th</b>	<b>6th</b>	<b>2nd</b>	<b>\$ 1,103.56</b>	<b>50th</b>	<b>7th</b>	<b>16th</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 561,969,213,000</b>					<b>\$ 1,851.82</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>		<b>3.6%</b>							

Table 1-4

**Florida's Federal Grant Obligations  
Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Funding Categories / Subcategories	Total Funding					Per Capita Funding			
	Amount	% of Total	State's Rankings			Amount	State's Rankings		
			All	Populous	Region		All	Populous	Region

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) An asterisk indicates that one or more states had no reported federal grant obligations.
- 3) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 4) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Funding: U.S. Census Bureau, "Consolidated Federal Funds Report for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cffr.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cffr.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.htm](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.htm)

**Table 1-5  
Florida's Federal Procurement Contract Obligations  
Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Funding Categories / Subcategories	Total Funding					Per Capita Funding			
	Amount	% of Total	State's Rankings			Amount	State's Rankings		
			All	Populous	Region		All	Populous	Region
Department of Defense	\$ 12,228,148,000	73.6%	6th	4th	4th	\$ 667.17	28th	5th	10th
Army	5,255,224,000	31.6%	8th	4th	4th	286.73	24th	3rd	8th
Navy	2,453,358,000	14.8%	14th	6th	6th	133.86	26th	6th	7th
Air Force	3,323,271,000	20.0%	3rd	3rd	2nd	181.32	20th	4th	5th
Other Defense	1,196,295,000	7.2%	15th	7th	7th	65.27	34th	7th	11th
Nondefense Agencies	4,396,480,000	26.4%	9th	4th	5th	239.87	36th	5th	13th
Department of Agriculture	58,090,000	0.3%	25th	7th	8th	3.17	41st	7th	15th
Department of Commerce	31,756,000	0.2%	8th	3rd	3rd	1.73	21st	2nd	8th
* Department of Education	675,000	< 0.1%	27th	7th	9th	0.04	44th	7th	13th
Department of Energy	19,529,000	0.1%	25th	7th	11th	1.07	38th	7th	12th
Environmental Protection Agency	21,747,000	0.1%	18th	7th	7th	1.19	30th	6th	10th
General Services Administration	423,870,000	2.5%	7th	4th	4th	23.13	25th	3rd	10th
Department of Health and Human Services	70,977,000	0.4%	24th	7th	9th	3.87	44th	7th	16th
Department of Homeland Security	313,879,000	1.9%	6th	3rd	5th	17.13	20th	3rd	10th
* Department of Housing and Urban Development	50,912,000	0.3%	5th	2nd	4th	2.78	10th	2nd	6th
Department of the Interior	61,555,000	0.4%	16th	4th	4th	3.36	30th	3rd	8th
Department of Justice	148,655,000	0.9%	8th	4th	6th	8.11	23rd	4th	12th
* Department of Labor	81,302,000	0.5%	4th	3rd	3rd	4.44	24th	3rd	10th
* National Aeronautics and Space Administration	1,118,778,000	6.7%	4th	3rd	3rd	61.04	10th	3rd	7th
* National Archives and Records Administration	295,000	< 0.1%	20th	6th	9th	0.02	26th	6th	10th
* National Science Foundation	139,000	< 0.1%	21st	6th	7th	0.01	27th	6th	9th
Postal Service	858,178,000	5.2%	4th	4th	2nd	46.82	34th	5th	9th
* Small Business Administration	236,000	< 0.1%	13th	6th	5th	0.01	18th	6th	7th
Social Security Administration	4,357,000	< 0.1%	14th	6th	7th	0.24	36th	6th	12th
* Department of State	21,745,000	0.1%	10th	3rd	7th	1.19	17th	2nd	9th
Department of Transportation	124,486,000	0.7%	8th	3rd	4th	6.79	21st	3rd	5th
Department of the Treasury	34,510,000	0.2%	14th	6th	6th	1.88	21st	6th	7th
Department of Veterans Affairs	907,458,000	5.5%	4th	4th	2nd	49.51	20th	3rd	7th
Other Nondefense	43,351,000	0.3%	15th	5th	9th	2.37	24th	5th	12th
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 16,624,628,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>6th</b>	<b>4th</b>	<b>4th</b>	<b>\$ 907.04</b>	<b>32nd</b>	<b>5th</b>	<b>11th</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 476,005,184,000</b>					<b>\$ 1,568.55</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>		<b>3.5%</b>							

Table 1-5

**Florida's Federal Procurement Contract Obligations  
Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Funding Categories / Subcategories	Total Funding			Per Capita Funding					
	Amount	% of Total	State's Rankings			Amount	State's Rankings		
			All	Populous	Region		All	Populous	Region

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) An asterisk indicates that one or more states had no reported federal procurement contract obligations.
- 3) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 4) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Funding: U.S. Census Bureau, "Consolidated Federal Funds Report for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cfpr.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cfpr.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html)

**Table 1-6**  
**Florida's Federal Salary and Wage Expenditures**  
**Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Funding Categories / Subcategories	Total Funding						Per Capita Funding			
	Amount	% of Total	State's Rankings			Amount	State's Rankings			
			All	Populous	Region		All	Populous	Region	
Department of Defense	\$ 3,966,373,000	34.5%	6th	3rd	5th	\$ 216.41	30th	2nd	14th	
Army	843,956,000	7.3%	17th	5th	9th	46.05	46th	5th	16th	
Active Military	375,648,000	3.3%	19th	4th	11th	20.50	32nd	3rd	14th	
Inactive Military	355,142,000	3.1%	7th	5th	2nd	19.38	46th	5th	16th	
Civilian	113,166,000	1.0%	21st	6th	10th	6.17	46th	6th	16th	
Navy	1,155,494,000	10.1%	5th	2nd	3rd	63.04	11th	2nd	6th	
Active Military	636,333,000	5.5%	4th	2nd	2nd	34.72	11th	2nd	6th	
Inactive Military	39,385,000	0.3%	3rd	3rd	2nd	2.15	8th	1st	3rd	
*    Civilian	479,776,000	4.2%	5th	2nd	3rd	26.18	11th	2nd	6th	
Air Force	1,853,267,000	16.1%	2nd	2nd	2nd	101.11	22nd	1st	9th	
Active Military	1,379,188,000	12.0%	2nd	2nd	2nd	75.25	21st	1st	8th	
Inactive Military	21,870,000	0.2%	3rd	3rd	1st	1.19	35th	2nd	11th	
Civilian	452,209,000	3.9%	7th	4th	4th	24.67	18th	3rd	7th	
Other Defense: Civilian	113,656,000	1.0%	11th	5th	6th	6.20	26th	5th	10th	
Nondefense Agencies	7,519,449,000	65.5%	5th	4th	3rd	410.26	37th	5th	11th	
Department of Agriculture	115,285,000	1.0%	19th	3rd	9th	6.29	44th	5th	16th	
Department of Commerce	65,539,000	0.6%	7th	2nd	3rd	3.58	24th	1st	7th	
Department of Education	375,000	< 0.1%	12th	7th	3rd	0.02	19th	7th	6th	
*  Department of Energy	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
*  Environmental Protection Agency	7,102,000	0.1%	20th	7th	6th	0.39	29th	7th	10th	
*  Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation	6,685,000	0.1%	9th	5th	4th	0.36	37th	6th	14th	
General Services Administration	8,691,000	0.1%	14th	6th	5th	0.47	41st	7th	11th	
Department of Health and Human Services	37,489,000	0.3%	18th	7th	6th	2.05	32nd	7th	9th	
Department of Homeland Security	925,370,000	8.1%	4th	3rd	3rd	50.49	10th	2nd	3rd	
Department of Housing and Urban Development	19,419,000	0.2%	9th	7th	3rd	1.06	34th	7th	12th	
Department of the Interior	78,491,000	0.7%	15th	2nd	2nd	4.28	36th	3rd	11th	
Department of Justice	453,678,000	3.9%	5th	4th	3rd	24.75	11th	4th	7th	
Department of Labor	40,940,000	0.4%	7th	6th	3rd	2.23	18th	6th	7th	
*  National Aeronautics and Space Administration	209,448,000	1.8%	5th	3rd	4th	11.43	7th	3rd	6th	
*  National Archives and Records Administration	90,000	< 0.1%	21st	7th	6th	< 0.01	21st	7th	6th	
*  National Science Foundation	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Postal Service	3,483,115,000	30.3%	4th	4th	2nd	190.04	34th	5th	9th	
Small Business Administration	7,672,000	0.1%	7th	4th	4th	0.42	32nd	5th	11th	
Social Security Administration	146,527,000	1.3%	9th	6th	4th	7.99	29th	7th	14th	
*  Department of State	25,690,000	0.2%	3rd	1st	2nd	1.40	4th	1st	3rd	
Department of Transportation	264,946,000	2.3%	5th	4th	3rd	14.46	22nd	3rd	6th	
Department of the Treasury	255,335,000	2.2%	11th	5th	5th	13.93	22nd	7th	9th	
Department of Veterans Affairs	1,329,800,000	11.6%	2nd	2nd	1st	72.55	12th	1st	5th	
All Other Nondefense	37,763,000	0.3%	11th	6th	5th	2.06	21st	7th	6th	



**Table 1-6  
Florida's Federal Salary and Wage Expenditures  
Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Funding Categories / Subcategories	Total Funding					Per Capita Funding			
	Amount	% of Total	State's Rankings			Amount	State's Rankings		
			All	Populous	Region		All	Populous	Region
<b>Total - Florida</b>	\$ 11,485,822,000	100%	5th	3rd	4th	\$ 626.67	35th	2nd	15th
<b>Total - All States</b>	\$ 231,216,102,000					\$ 761.91			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>		5.0%							

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) An asterisk indicates that one or more states had no reported federal salary and wage expenditures.
- 3) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 4) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Funding: U.S. Census Bureau, "Consolidated Federal Funds Report for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cffr.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cffr.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html)

**Table 1-7**  
**States' Percentage Share of Federal Direct Expenditures by Category**  
**Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

State	Population	Total Direct Expenditures	Direct Payments: Retirement	Direct Payments: Other	Grants	Procurement Contracts	Salaries and Wages
Alabama	1.5%	1.8%	2.0%	1.7%	1.3%	2.2%	1.7%
Alaska	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%	0.1%	0.5%	0.5%	1.0%
Arizona	2.1%	2.0%	2.0%	1.6%	1.8%	2.9%	1.8%
Arkansas	0.9%	0.9%	1.2%	1.0%	0.9%	0.3%	0.8%
California	12.1%	11.1%	9.4%	10.9%	14.6%	10.9%	9.5%
Colorado	1.6%	1.4%	1.4%	1.1%	1.2%	1.6%	2.3%
Connecticut	1.2%	1.4%	1.1%	1.2%	1.3%	2.7%	0.7%
Delaware	0.3%	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%	0.3%	0.1%	0.3%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>6.0%</b>	<b>5.5%</b>	<b>7.1%</b>	<b>7.0%</b>	<b>3.6%</b>	<b>3.5%</b>	<b>5.0%</b>
Georgia	3.2%	2.7%	2.8%	2.5%	2.6%	2.3%	4.4%
Hawaii	0.4%	0.6%	0.5%	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%	1.8%
Idaho	0.5%	0.4%	0.5%	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%
Illinois	4.3%	3.7%	3.8%	4.3%	4.0%	2.8%	3.1%
Indiana	2.1%	2.0%	2.2%	2.3%	1.6%	1.9%	1.4%
Iowa	1.0%	0.9%	1.0%	1.1%	0.9%	0.4%	0.6%
Kansas	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%	1.0%	0.8%	0.9%	1.3%
Kentucky	1.4%	1.9%	1.6%	3.0%	1.5%	1.6%	1.9%
Louisiana	1.5%	1.6%	1.5%	1.8%	2.2%	1.3%	1.3%
Maine	0.4%	0.4%	0.6%	0.4%	0.5%	0.2%	0.4%
Maryland	1.9%	2.9%	2.1%	2.1%	1.9%	5.4%	5.1%
Massachusetts	2.1%	2.7%	2.1%	2.8%	3.6%	2.8%	1.8%
Michigan	3.3%	3.1%	3.5%	3.5%	3.4%	1.8%	1.9%
Minnesota	1.7%	1.4%	1.6%	1.6%	1.6%	0.7%	1.2%
Mississippi	1.0%	1.1%	1.1%	1.1%	1.2%	1.2%	1.0%
Missouri	1.9%	2.3%	2.1%	2.2%	1.8%	3.0%	2.2%
Montana	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%	0.3%	0.4%	0.1%	0.4%
Nebraska	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.7%	0.7%	0.3%	0.6%
Nevada	0.9%	0.6%	0.8%	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.7%
New Hampshire	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%	0.3%
New Jersey	2.9%	2.7%	2.8%	3.1%	2.9%	1.9%	2.1%
New Mexico	0.7%	0.9%	0.7%	0.5%	1.0%	1.5%	1.0%
New York	6.4%	6.4%	6.1%	7.3%	9.7%	2.9%	4.8%
North Carolina	3.0%	2.6%	3.2%	2.4%	2.7%	1.2%	3.4%
North Dakota	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%	0.4%	0.3%	0.1%	0.4%
Ohio	3.8%	3.4%	3.9%	4.1%	3.2%	1.9%	2.8%
Oklahoma	1.2%	1.2%	1.4%	1.2%	1.1%	0.6%	1.7%
Oregon	1.2%	1.0%	1.3%	1.0%	1.1%	0.5%	0.9%
Pennsylvania	4.1%	4.5%	4.9%	5.4%	3.9%	3.8%	3.3%
Rhode Island	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.2%	0.4%
South Carolina	1.5%	1.4%	1.7%	1.2%	1.1%	1.6%	1.3%
South Dakota	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.5%	0.3%	0.1%	0.4%

**Table 1-7**  
**States' Percentage Share of Federal Direct Expenditures by Category**  
**Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

State	Population	Total Direct Expenditures	Direct Payments: Retirement	Direct Payments: Other	Grants	Procurement Contracts	Salaries and Wages
Tennessee	2.0%	2.2%	2.3%	2.0%	2.5%	2.1%	1.4%
Texas	8.0%	7.8%	6.6%	6.3%	6.8%	12.8%	8.0%
Utah	0.9%	0.6%	0.6%	0.4%	0.6%	0.6%	1.1%
Vermont	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.4%	0.1%	0.2%
Virginia	2.6%	4.4%	3.1%	2.4%	1.6%	11.3%	6.8%
Washington	2.2%	2.1%	2.2%	1.6%	2.0%	2.2%	3.0%
West Virginia	0.6%	0.7%	0.9%	0.6%	0.7%	0.3%	0.7%
Wisconsin	1.9%	1.5%	1.9%	1.6%	1.5%	0.9%	1.0%
Wyoming	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.4%	0.1%	0.3%

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Funding: U.S. Census Bureau, "Consolidated Federal Funds Report for Fiscal Year 2008." U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009) <http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cffr.html>
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. <http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-ann-est.html>

Table 1-8

**Florida's Face Value of Federal Insurance Coverages**  
**Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Funding Categories / Subcategories	Total Funding					Per Capita Funding			
	Amount	% of Total	State's Rankings			Amount	State's Rankings		
			All	Populous	Region		All	Populous	Region
Flood Insurance	\$ 467,050,858,000	99.0%	1st	1st	1st	\$ 25,482.44	1st	1st	1st
Crop Insurance	3,333,899,000	0.7%	10th	3rd	1st	181.90	21st	3rd	5th
* Foreign Investment Insurance	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Life Insurance for Veterans	1,376,388,000	0.3%	2nd	2nd	1st	75.10	2nd	1st	1st
* Other	19,328,000	< 0.1%	6th	3rd	3rd	1.05	27th	5th	9th
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 471,780,472,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>1st</b>	<b>1st</b>	<b>1st</b>	<b>\$ 25,740.49</b>	<b>1st</b>	<b>1st</b>	<b>1st</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 1,266,077,510,000</b>					<b>\$ 4,172.03</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>	<b>37.3%</b>								

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) An asterisk indicates that one or more states had no reported federal insurance coverages.
- 3) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 4) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Funding: U.S. Census Bureau, "Consolidated Federal Funds Report for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cffr.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cffr.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html)

**Table 1-9  
Florida's Dollar Volume of Federal Guaranteed Loans  
Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Funding Categories / Subcategories	Total Funding					Per Capita Funding			
	Amount	% of Total	State's Rankings			Amount	State's Rankings		
			All	Populous	Region		All	Populous	Region
Mortgage Insurance for Homes	\$ 8,629,714,000	62.4%	3rd	3rd	2nd	\$ 470.84	34th	4th	13th
* Federal Family Education Loan Program	663,209,000	4.8%	19th	6th	7th	36.18	33rd	6th	10th
Veterans Housing Loans	2,799,001,000	20.2%	3rd	2nd	3rd	152.71	15th	1st	5th
Mortgage Insurance: Condominiums	455,992,000	3.3%	6th	3rd	3rd	24.88	18th	3rd	3rd
Dept. of Agriculture: Guaranteed Loans	330,907,000	2.4%	16th	5th	8th	18.05	39th	3rd	15th
Small Business Loans	823,889,000	6.0%	3rd	3rd	2nd	44.95	23rd	3rd	5th
* Other	129,976,000	0.9%	3rd	3rd	2nd	7.09	5th	4th	3rd
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 13,832,688,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>3rd</b>	<b>3rd</b>	<b>2nd</b>	<b>\$ 754.72</b>	<b>41st</b>	<b>4th</b>	<b>13th</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 294,973,522,000</b>					<b>\$ 972.01</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>	<b>4.7%</b>								

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) An asterisk indicates that one or more states had no reported federal guaranteed loans.
- 3) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 4) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Funding: U.S. Census Bureau, "Consolidated Federal Funds Report for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cffr.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cffr.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html)

**Table 1-10**  
**Florida's Dollar Volume of Federal Direct Loans**  
**Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Funding Categories / Subcategories	Total Funding					Per Capita Funding			
	Amount	% of Total	State's Rankings			Amount	State's Rankings		
			All	Populous	Region		All	Populous	Region
Department of Agriculture	\$ 152,119,000	13.9%	15th	4th	9th	\$ 8.30	45th	6th	16th
* Commodity Loans: Price Supports	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	152,119,000	13.9%	13th	4th	7th	8.30	44th	5th	16th
* Federal Direct Student Loans	880,694,000	80.6%	13th	6th	3rd	48.05	29th	6th	8th
* Other	60,391,000	5.5%	6th	1st	4th	3.29	13th	1st	6th
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 1,093,204,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>16th</b>	<b>7th</b>	<b>5th</b>	<b>\$ 59.65</b>	<b>42nd</b>	<b>7th</b>	<b>16th</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 37,378,226,000</b>					<b>\$ 123.17</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>	<b>2.9%</b>								

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the published data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) An asterisk indicates that one or more states had no reported federal direct loans.
- 3) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 4) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Funding: U.S. Census Bureau, "Consolidated Federal Funds Report for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cffr.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cffr.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html)

Table 1-11

**States' Percentage Share of Other Financial Assistance by Category  
Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

State	Population	Other Financial Assistance	Insurance Programs	Guaranteed Loans	Direct Loans
Alabama	1.5%	1.0%	0.9%	1.3%	1.7%
Alaska	0.2%	0.1%	0.0%	0.3%	0.1%
Arizona	2.1%	1.2%	0.7%	2.9%	7.4%
Arkansas	0.9%	0.4%	0.2%	0.9%	1.1%
California	12.1%	6.1%	5.4%	9.0%	7.2%
Colorado	1.6%	1.0%	0.5%	2.9%	2.4%
Connecticut	1.2%	0.7%	0.7%	1.0%	0.3%
Delaware	0.3%	0.4%	0.5%	0.3%	0.3%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>6.0%</b>	<b>30.4%</b>	<b>37.3%</b>	<b>4.7%</b>	<b>2.9%</b>
Georgia	3.2%	2.2%	1.7%	4.0%	2.9%
Hawaii	0.4%	0.7%	0.8%	0.1%	0.1%
Idaho	0.5%	0.3%	0.2%	0.6%	0.7%
Illinois	4.3%	1.9%	1.4%	3.5%	6.3%
Indiana	2.1%	1.0%	0.7%	1.8%	3.1%
Iowa	1.0%	1.1%	1.1%	0.9%	3.0%
Kansas	0.9%	0.5%	0.5%	0.7%	1.2%
Kentucky	1.4%	0.6%	0.3%	1.7%	1.0%
Louisiana	1.5%	6.5%	7.9%	0.9%	2.3%
Maine	0.4%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.4%
Maryland	1.9%	1.6%	1.1%	3.4%	2.1%
Massachusetts	2.1%	1.1%	0.9%	2.0%	3.3%
Michigan	3.3%	1.0%	0.5%	2.6%	5.6%
Minnesota	1.7%	1.0%	0.8%	1.5%	3.3%
Mississippi	1.0%	1.2%	1.3%	0.6%	3.1%
Missouri	1.9%	0.8%	0.5%	2.2%	1.7%
Montana	0.3%	0.2%	0.1%	0.4%	0.2%
Nebraska	0.6%	0.7%	0.7%	1.1%	0.5%
Nevada	0.9%	0.5%	0.3%	1.4%	0.4%
New Hampshire	0.4%	0.2%	0.1%	0.4%	0.2%
New Jersey	2.9%	3.7%	3.8%	3.2%	1.7%
New Mexico	0.7%	0.3%	0.2%	0.7%	0.1%
New York	6.4%	3.1%	2.8%	3.9%	5.0%
North Carolina	3.0%	2.6%	2.5%	3.1%	1.8%
North Dakota	0.2%	0.5%	0.5%	0.2%	0.2%
Ohio	3.8%	1.2%	0.7%	2.8%	3.0%
Oklahoma	1.2%	0.4%	0.3%	1.2%	0.7%
Oregon	1.2%	0.7%	0.6%	1.1%	1.3%
Pennsylvania	4.1%	1.6%	1.0%	3.8%	3.0%
Rhode Island	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%	0.5%
South Carolina	1.5%	3.1%	3.6%	1.3%	0.8%
South Dakota	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%
Tennessee	2.0%	0.8%	0.5%	2.2%	1.4%
Texas	8.0%	11.4%	12.2%	8.6%	6.2%
Utah	0.9%	0.4%	0.1%	1.9%	0.3%
Vermont	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%
Virginia	2.6%	2.5%	2.0%	4.6%	5.2%
Washington	2.2%	1.2%	0.8%	3.0%	1.3%
West Virginia	0.6%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	1.2%
Wisconsin	1.9%	0.9%	0.4%	3.4%	1.2%
Wyoming	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Funding: U.S. Census Bureau, "Consolidated Federal Funds Report for Fiscal Year 2008." U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). <http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cffr.html>
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. <http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-ann-est.html>

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## **Part Two: Federal Direct Expenditures to Florida Counties**

### **A. Introduction**

Federal spending can significantly impact the finances of local governments. The purpose of this part is to illustrate how the \$150 billion in federal direct expenditures to Florida in fiscal year 2008 was distributed among the state's sixty-seven counties.

### **B. Data Source**

The source of the data summarized in this part is the U.S. Census Bureau publication entitled *Consolidated Federal Funds Report for Fiscal Year 2008*. This publication summarizes federal government expenditures or obligations to states, counties, and subcounty areas. However, the focus here is on the distribution of federal direct expenditures among Florida's counties, as geographic areas rather than units of local government.

### **C. Geographic Coding of Federal Direct Expenditures**

The basis for the geographic coding of federal direct expenditures to counties varies depending on the data sources; however, the following general guidelines apply. For salaries and wages, the distribution is based on the place of employment. The distribution of procurement contract awards is based on the place of performance. For retirement and disability payments as well as other direct payments, the distribution is based on the recipient's location.

The distribution of grants is based on the location of the initial recipient. For grants that are ultimately distributed throughout the state, the reader should note that significant dollar amounts are included in Leon County's total, which reflects the data coding of such grants to state government as the initial recipient. Many federal grants involve a direct payment to state government that is then responsible for program administration. Such examples include those grants that are 'passed-through' to local governments. Another example includes those grants, such as for highway construction, in which the financial impact is spread over all areas of the state. A third example includes those grant programs that the state government administers but for which the ultimate beneficiaries are found throughout the state.

### **D. Federal Direct Expenditures by County**

As previously mentioned, federal direct expenditures are categorized as direct payments to individuals for retirement and disability, direct payments for individuals other than for retirement and disability, grants, procurement contracts, or salaries and wages. The distribution of such expenditures within Florida is discussed in more detail in the following sections.

### ***1. Federal Direct Expenditures by Category***

The distribution of the \$150 billion in federal direct expenditures by county geographic area is summarized in **Table 2-1** on pages 24-25. In total, the magnitude of federal direct expenditures varied significantly by county from a low of \$38 million within Glades County to a high of \$13.6 billion within Leon County.

Direct payments for individuals for retirement and disability totaled \$57.7 billion statewide. The value of such payments varied from a low of \$14.5 million within Lafayette County to a high of \$4.8 billion within Miami-Dade County. Such payments to individuals totaled one billion dollars or more in 18 counties: Brevard, Broward, Collier, Duval, Escambia, Hillsborough, Lake, Lee, Manatee, Marion, Miami-Dade, Orange, Palm Beach, Pasco, Pinellas, Polk, Sarasota, and Volusia.

Direct payments to individuals other than for retirement and disability totaled \$43.9 billion statewide. Such payments ranged from a low of \$9.5 million within Lafayette County to a high of \$5.8 billion within Leon County. Other direct payments to individuals totaled one billion dollars or more in 11 counties: Broward, Duval, Hillsborough, Lee, Leon, Orange, Palm Beach, Pasco, Pinellas, Sarasota, and Volusia.

Federal grant obligations totaled \$20.2 billion statewide. Leon County had the largest grant obligation at \$6.8 billion; Glades County had the smallest at \$4.8 million. Although the majority of Leon County's total is due to the coding issue previously discussed, reported grant obligations still exceeded \$200 million in 14 other counties: Alachua, Brevard, Broward, Duval, Escambia, Hillsborough, Lee, Marion, Miami-Dade, Orange, Palm Beach, Pinellas, Polk, and Volusia.

Federal procurement contracts totaled \$16.6 billion statewide. The value of such contracts ranged from a low of \$199,000 within Glades County to a high of \$3.7 billion within Orange County. In addition to Orange County, Bay, Brevard, Duval, Hillsborough, Miami-Dade, Okaloosa, and Pinellas counties each had contracts valued greater than \$500 million.

Federal salary and wage payments totaled \$11.5 billion statewide. The value of such payments varied from a low of \$863,000 within Glades County to a high of \$1.5 billion within Miami-Dade County. Federal salary and wage payments totaled \$200 million or more in 13 counties: Alachua, Bay, Brevard, Broward, Duval, Escambia, Hillsborough, Miami-Dade, Okaloosa, Orange, Palm Beach, Pinellas, and Walton.

### ***2. Per Capita Federal Direct Expenditures by Category***

**Table 2-2** on pages 26-27 lists the per capita federal direct expenditures by category within each county geographic area. Excluding Leon County due to the data coding of significant federal funding to the seat of state government, per capita total direct expenditures varied significantly from a low of \$3,357 within Glades County to a high of \$17,393 within Okaloosa County.

Per capita direct payments to individuals for retirement and disability varied from a low of \$1,754 within Lafayette County to a high of \$5,719 within Lake County. Per capita direct payments to individuals other than for retirement and disability ranged from a low of \$307 within Miami-Dade County to a high of \$3,067 within Pinellas County.

Again excluding Leon County from consideration, per capita grants varied from a low of \$220 within Osceola County to a high of \$2,397 within Jackson County. Of the ten counties having the highest per capita grants figures, eight are less populated, rural counties in the northwest and north central regions of the state, which demonstrates the relative importance of federal grants as a revenue sources in these counties.

Per capita procurement contracts varied from a low of \$18 within Glades County to a high of \$7,361 within Okaloosa County. Per capita salary and wage payments ranged from a low of \$76 within Glades County to a high of \$6,387 within Walton County. Federal procurement and salary and wage spending associated with Eglin Air Force Base in northwest Florida are factors in Okaloosa and Walton counties' high per capita dollar figures, respectively.

### ***3. Federal Direct Expenditures by Category as a Percentage of Total***

**Table 2-3** on pages 28-29 provides a county-by-county list of federal direct expenditures by category as a percentage of total expenditures. A number of factors explain differences in counties' proportional shares attributable to each expenditure category. For example, the relative share attributable to federal direct payments to individuals was generally highest in counties with large elderly or retiree populations, such as Clay, Flagler, and Santa Rosa; or with proportionately larger populations receiving certain benefits, such as Broward, De Soto, and Pasco. The relative share attributable to federal grants (excluding Leon County) was highest in less populated, rural counties such as Gadsden, Jefferson, and Madison. The relative share attributable to federal procurement was highest in counties such as Brevard, Okaloosa, and Orange, which are engaged in significant military and space-related contracting. The relative share attributable to federal salary and wage payments was generally highest in those counties such as Okaloosa and Walton where military installations are located.

### **E. Conclusion**

The economic impact of federal direct expenditures varies significantly from county to county. Past changes in federal spending have had unequal impacts on local economies. Likewise, future changes in the receipt of federal funding are likely to affect areas of the state quite differently. This information should be useful to policy makers as they assess the impact of future changes in federal direct expenditures on Florida's local economies.

**Table 2-1  
Florida's Federal Direct Expenditures by County  
Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

<b>County</b>	<b>Retirement &amp; Disability</b>	<b>Other Direct Payments</b>	<b>Grants</b>	<b>Procurement Contracts</b>	<b>Salaries &amp; Wages</b>	<b>Total</b>
Alachua	\$ 600,305,000	\$ 340,753,000	\$ 549,169,000	\$ 276,258,000	\$ 277,073,000	\$ 2,043,559,000
Baker	67,227,000	29,249,000	28,724,000	1,439,000	4,402,000	131,041,000
Bay	666,270,000	278,699,000	190,703,000	557,148,000	368,758,000	2,061,577,000
Bradford	74,783,000	44,914,000	29,550,000	2,662,000	3,232,000	155,141,000
Brevard	2,287,529,000	977,561,000	295,464,000	3,319,564,000	537,019,000	7,417,137,000
Broward	3,952,219,000	4,341,602,000	1,076,440,000	491,426,000	595,337,000	10,457,025,000
Calhoun	40,416,000	26,878,000	27,731,000	826,000	2,552,000	98,404,000
Charlotte	734,784,000	439,294,000	52,587,000	7,848,000	25,987,000	1,260,500,000
Citrus	720,127,000	348,807,000	43,038,000	4,809,000	19,984,000	1,136,765,000
Clay	659,936,000	146,556,000	48,538,000	15,511,000	24,696,000	895,238,000
Collier	1,035,850,000	435,115,000	118,383,000	33,435,000	54,398,000	1,677,181,000
Columbia	242,179,000	101,519,000	70,966,000	44,446,000	78,198,000	537,307,000
De Soto	85,129,000	81,100,000	35,433,000	706,000	3,846,000	206,214,000
Dixie	61,644,000	25,447,000	14,139,000	1,126,000	1,506,000	103,863,000
Duval	2,455,037,000	1,807,945,000	934,579,000	935,572,000	1,262,243,000	7,395,377,000
Escambia	1,279,247,000	524,369,000	627,093,000	391,703,000	397,684,000	3,220,096,000
Flagler	413,169,000	92,416,000	22,957,000	11,346,000	14,822,000	554,709,000
Franklin	35,171,000	27,866,000	19,054,000	324,000	1,961,000	84,376,000
Gadsden	144,833,000	83,067,000	101,058,000	3,469,000	8,211,000	340,638,000
Gilchrist	51,357,000	20,901,000	12,196,000	684,000	2,656,000	87,794,000
Glades	20,167,000	11,981,000	4,797,000	199,000	863,000	38,007,000
Gulf	55,363,000	36,770,000	22,867,000	361,000	9,034,000	124,396,000
Hamilton	42,614,000	22,492,000	23,241,000	590,000	2,305,000	91,242,000
Hardee	55,903,000	47,378,000	32,492,000	833,000	3,608,000	140,213,000
Hendry	72,305,000	57,471,000	27,206,000	17,539,000	3,992,000	178,513,000
Hernando	833,190,000	456,592,000	86,150,000	7,557,000	29,521,000	1,413,010,000
Highlands	450,302,000	284,437,000	52,975,000	32,144,000	19,660,000	839,517,000
Hillsborough	2,939,104,000	1,817,646,000	1,363,302,000	1,323,357,000	1,140,296,000	8,583,706,000
Holmes	72,000,000	45,415,000	41,042,000	1,000,000	4,436,000	163,893,000
Indian River	580,100,000	364,834,000	86,954,000	9,572,000	33,774,000	1,075,236,000
Jackson	173,648,000	109,457,000	126,163,000	18,881,000	32,794,000	460,943,000
Jefferson	46,015,000	23,653,000	31,928,000	834,000	2,928,000	105,358,000
Lafayette	14,536,000	9,512,000	6,531,000	3,016,000	10,858,000	44,453,000
Lake	1,649,144,000	550,409,000	139,501,000	22,473,000	49,316,000	2,410,843,000
Lee	2,021,508,000	1,056,692,000	274,846,000	51,632,000	186,738,000	3,591,415,000
Leon	834,763,000	5,800,515,000	6,758,067,000	69,461,000	125,194,000	13,588,000,000
Levy	145,059,000	68,902,000	41,139,000	1,821,000	7,951,000	264,871,000
Liberty	20,178,000	9,530,000	11,624,000	8,343,000	4,264,000	53,939,000
Madison	60,824,000	41,600,000	45,403,000	833,000	3,379,000	152,039,000
Manatee	1,035,481,000	601,572,000	143,412,000	139,118,000	81,232,000	2,000,816,000
Marion	1,471,478,000	583,486,000	212,174,000	36,888,000	60,038,000	2,364,064,000
Martin	589,526,000	353,227,000	61,351,000	27,138,000	23,504,000	1,054,745,000
Miami-Dade	4,770,160,000	760,484,000	1,533,277,000	855,226,000	1,537,322,000	9,456,468,000
Monroe	224,216,000	146,155,000	115,281,000	68,572,000	114,119,000	668,344,000
Nassau	257,173,000	75,497,000	47,922,000	24,249,000	65,118,000	469,958,000
Okaloosa	915,242,000	227,222,000	128,023,000	1,454,569,000	711,813,000	3,436,870,000
Okeechobee	125,686,000	102,064,000	32,509,000	2,048,000	26,969,000	289,276,000
Orange	2,268,406,000	1,389,492,000	730,333,000	3,657,165,000	596,370,000	8,641,766,000
Osceola	625,016,000	259,041,000	60,321,000	16,082,000	33,919,000	994,378,000
Palm Beach	4,075,530,000	3,245,848,000	719,590,000	470,322,000	497,026,000	9,008,317,000
Pasco	1,480,934,000	1,127,404,000	173,668,000	54,356,000	71,682,000	2,908,044,000
Pinellas	3,629,461,000	2,878,423,000	600,708,000	1,424,886,000	568,952,000	9,102,431,000
Polk	1,830,430,000	888,111,000	378,138,000	86,622,000	108,425,000	3,291,726,000
Putnam	291,546,000	167,333,000	105,944,000	2,460,000	11,098,000	578,381,000

**Table 2-1  
Florida's Federal Direct Expenditures by County  
Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

<b>County</b>	<b>Retirement &amp; Disability</b>	<b>Other Direct Payments</b>	<b>Grants</b>	<b>Procurement Contracts</b>	<b>Salaries &amp; Wages</b>	<b>Total</b>
Saint Johns	567,790,000	205,585,000	131,968,000	72,389,000	37,748,000	1,015,480,000
Saint Lucie	974,353,000	501,651,000	129,003,000	60,898,000	56,770,000	1,722,675,000
Santa Rosa	575,106,000	146,046,000	(187,455,000)	60,705,000	54,001,000	648,402,000
Sarasota	1,902,518,000	1,109,444,000	143,148,000	154,737,000	86,575,000	3,396,422,000
Seminole	921,202,000	448,804,000	160,250,000	64,670,000	122,111,000	1,717,036,000
Sumter	237,138,000	97,588,000	52,193,000	20,696,000	89,187,000	496,801,000
Suwannee	154,857,000	77,010,000	34,704,000	2,305,000	8,424,000	277,300,000
Taylor	66,011,000	41,746,000	33,856,000	28,290,000	2,787,000	172,691,000
Union	30,139,000	14,552,000	15,095,000	1,818,000	1,869,000	63,473,000
Volusia	1,910,773,000	1,092,973,000	296,434,000	162,386,000	116,617,000	3,579,183,000
Wakulla	66,978,000	25,574,000	21,466,000	2,603,000	5,885,000	122,505,000
Walton	160,107,000	56,700,000	50,820,000	1,563,000	369,073,000	638,262,000
Washington	84,528,000	52,411,000	51,013,000	1,403,000	3,470,000	192,825,000
State Undistributed	729,659,000	6,205,113,000	777,274,000	(281,000)	668,240,000	8,380,005,000
<b>Statewide</b>	<b>\$ 57,665,378,000</b>	<b>\$ 43,869,903,000</b>	<b>\$ 20,226,447,000</b>	<b>\$ 16,624,628,000</b>	<b>\$ 11,485,822,000</b>	<b>\$149,872,178,000</b>

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the expenditure data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) The figures reported as "state undistributed" reflect data that were reported without specific county geographic designations.

Data Source:

U.S. Census Bureau, "Consolidated Federal Funds Report for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009) [<http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cffr.html>]

**Table 2-2**  
**Florida's Per Capita Federal Direct Expenditures by County**  
**Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

<b>County</b>	<b>Retirement &amp; Disability</b>	<b>Other Direct Payments</b>	<b>Grants</b>	<b>Procurement Contracts</b>	<b>Salaries &amp; Wages</b>	<b>Total</b>
Alachua	\$ 2,379	\$ 1,350	\$ 2,176	\$ 1,095	\$ 1,098	\$ 8,097
Baker	2,597	1,130	1,109	56	170	5,061
Bay	3,935	1,646	1,126	3,291	2,178	12,177
Bradford	2,573	1,546	1,017	92	111	5,339
Brevard	4,113	1,758	531	5,968	965	13,335
Broward	2,248	2,469	612	279	339	5,947
Calhoun	2,824	1,878	1,938	58	178	6,877
Charlotte	4,432	2,650	317	47	157	7,603
Citrus	5,070	2,456	303	34	141	8,003
Clay	3,564	791	262	84	133	4,835
Collier	3,112	1,307	356	100	163	5,039
Columbia	3,663	1,535	1,073	672	1,183	8,126
De Soto	2,468	2,352	1,027	20	112	5,979
Dixie	3,862	1,594	886	71	94	6,506
Duval	2,713	1,998	1,033	1,034	1,395	8,172
Escambia	4,081	1,673	2,000	1,250	1,269	10,272
Flagler	4,326	968	240	119	155	5,808
Franklin	2,852	2,260	1,545	26	159	6,843
Gadsden	2,862	1,641	1,997	69	162	6,731
Gilchrist	2,976	1,211	707	40	154	5,088
Glades	1,781	1,058	424	18	76	3,357
Gulf	3,271	2,173	1,351	21	534	7,351
Hamilton	2,883	1,522	1,573	40	156	6,174
Hardee	2,003	1,698	1,164	30	129	5,024
Hendry	1,754	1,394	660	426	97	4,331
Hernando	5,052	2,769	522	46	179	8,569
Highlands	4,494	2,838	529	321	196	8,378
Hillsborough	2,448	1,514	1,136	1,102	950	7,150
Holmes	3,644	2,299	2,077	51	225	8,295
Indian River	4,095	2,575	614	68	238	7,590
Jackson	3,299	2,079	2,397	359	623	8,757
Jefferson	3,162	1,625	2,194	57	201	7,240
Lafayette	1,754	1,148	788	364	1,310	5,364
Lake	5,719	1,909	484	78	171	8,360
Lee	3,241	1,694	441	83	299	5,758
Leon	3,037	21,101	24,584	253	455	49,430
Levy	3,554	1,688	1,008	45	195	6,489
Liberty	2,473	1,168	1,425	1,023	523	6,612
Madison	3,018	2,064	2,253	41	168	7,545
Manatee	3,259	1,894	451	438	256	6,298
Marion	4,467	1,771	644	112	182	7,176
Martin	4,098	2,455	426	189	163	7,331
Miami-Dade	1,926	307	619	345	621	3,817
Monroe	2,947	1,921	1,515	901	1,500	8,785
Nassau	3,576	1,050	666	337	905	6,535
Okaloosa	4,632	1,150	648	7,361	3,602	17,393

**Table 2-2  
Florida's Per Capita Federal Direct Expenditures by County  
Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

<b>County</b>	<b>Retirement &amp; Disability</b>	<b>Other Direct Payments</b>	<b>Grants</b>	<b>Procurement Contracts</b>	<b>Salaries &amp; Wages</b>	<b>Total</b>
Okeechobee	3,142	2,551	813	51	674	7,231
Orange	2,034	1,246	655	3,280	535	7,751
Osceola	2,284	946	220	59	124	3,633
Palm Beach	3,148	2,507	556	363	384	6,958
Pasco	3,376	2,570	396	124	163	6,629
Pinellas	3,867	3,067	640	1,518	606	9,699
Polk	3,125	1,516	646	148	185	5,620
Putnam	3,888	2,231	1,413	33	148	7,713
Saint Johns	3,134	1,135	728	400	208	5,605
Saint Lucie	3,523	1,814	466	220	205	6,228
Santa Rosa	3,990	1,013	(1,301)	421	375	4,499
Sarasota	4,834	2,819	364	393	220	8,629
Seminole	2,160	1,053	376	152	286	4,027
Sumter	2,549	1,049	561	222	959	5,340
Suwannee	3,784	1,882	848	56	206	6,775
Taylor	2,845	1,799	1,459	1,219	120	7,444
Union	1,887	911	945	114	117	3,974
Volusia	3,741	2,140	580	318	228	7,008
Wakulla	2,180	833	699	85	192	3,988
Walton	2,771	981	879	27	6,387	11,046
Washington	3,411	2,115	2,059	57	140	7,782
<b>Statewide</b>	<b>\$ 3,066</b>	<b>\$ 2,333</b>	<b>\$ 1,075</b>	<b>\$ 884</b>	<b>\$ 611</b>	<b>\$ 7,969</b>

Note: The calculations of per capita expenditures were made using April 1, 2008 population estimates for Florida counties as published by the Bureau of Economic and Business Research, University of Florida.

Data Source:

U.S. Census Bureau, "Consolidated Federal Funds Report for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009) [<http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cffr.html>]

**Table 2-3  
Florida's Federal Direct Expenditures by County - Category as % of Total  
Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

<b>County</b>	<b>Retirement &amp; Disability</b>	<b>Other Direct Payments</b>	<b>Grants</b>	<b>Procurement Contracts</b>	<b>Salaries &amp; Wages</b>
Alachua	29.4%	16.7%	26.9%	13.5%	13.6%
Baker	51.3%	22.3%	21.9%	1.1%	3.4%
Bay	32.3%	13.5%	9.3%	27.0%	17.9%
Bradford	48.2%	29.0%	19.0%	1.7%	2.1%
Brevard	30.8%	13.2%	4.0%	44.8%	7.2%
Broward	37.8%	41.5%	10.3%	4.7%	5.7%
Calhoun	41.1%	27.3%	28.2%	0.8%	2.6%
Charlotte	58.3%	34.9%	4.2%	0.6%	2.1%
Citrus	63.3%	30.7%	3.8%	0.4%	1.8%
Clay	73.7%	16.4%	5.4%	1.7%	2.8%
Collier	61.8%	25.9%	7.1%	2.0%	3.2%
Columbia	45.1%	18.9%	13.2%	8.3%	14.6%
De Soto	41.3%	39.3%	17.2%	0.3%	1.9%
Dixie	59.4%	24.5%	13.6%	1.1%	1.4%
Duval	33.2%	24.4%	12.6%	12.7%	17.1%
Escambia	39.7%	16.3%	19.5%	12.2%	12.4%
Flagler	74.5%	16.7%	4.1%	2.0%	2.7%
Franklin	41.7%	33.0%	22.6%	0.4%	2.3%
Gadsden	42.5%	24.4%	29.7%	1.0%	2.4%
Gilchrist	58.5%	23.8%	13.9%	0.8%	3.0%
Glades	53.1%	31.5%	12.6%	0.5%	2.3%
Gulf	44.5%	29.6%	18.4%	0.3%	7.3%
Hamilton	46.7%	24.7%	25.5%	0.6%	2.5%
Hardee	39.9%	33.8%	23.2%	0.6%	2.6%
Hendry	40.5%	32.2%	15.2%	9.8%	2.2%
Hernando	59.0%	32.3%	6.1%	0.5%	2.1%
Highlands	53.6%	33.9%	6.3%	3.8%	2.3%
Hillsborough	34.2%	21.2%	15.9%	15.4%	13.3%
Holmes	43.9%	27.7%	25.0%	0.6%	2.7%
Indian River	54.0%	33.9%	8.1%	0.9%	3.1%
Jackson	37.7%	23.7%	27.4%	4.1%	7.1%
Jefferson	43.7%	22.5%	30.3%	0.8%	2.8%
Lafayette	32.7%	21.4%	14.7%	6.8%	24.4%
Lake	68.4%	22.8%	5.8%	0.9%	2.0%
Lee	56.3%	29.4%	7.7%	1.4%	5.2%
Leon	6.1%	42.7%	49.7%	0.5%	0.9%
Levy	54.8%	26.0%	15.5%	0.7%	3.0%
Liberty	37.4%	17.7%	21.6%	15.5%	7.9%
Madison	40.0%	27.4%	29.9%	0.5%	2.2%
Manatee	51.8%	30.1%	7.2%	7.0%	4.1%
Marion	62.2%	24.7%	9.0%	1.6%	2.5%
Martin	55.9%	33.5%	5.8%	2.6%	2.2%



**Table 2-3  
Florida's Federal Direct Expenditures by County - Category as % of Total  
Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

<b>County</b>	<b>Retirement &amp; Disability</b>	<b>Other Direct Payments</b>	<b>Grants</b>	<b>Procurement Contracts</b>	<b>Salaries &amp; Wages</b>
Miami-Dade	50.4%	8.0%	16.2%	9.0%	16.3%
Monroe	33.5%	21.9%	17.2%	10.3%	17.1%
Nassau	54.7%	16.1%	10.2%	5.2%	13.9%
Okaloosa	26.6%	6.6%	3.7%	42.3%	20.7%
Okeechobee	43.4%	35.3%	11.2%	0.7%	9.3%
Orange	26.2%	16.1%	8.5%	42.3%	6.9%
Osceola	62.9%	26.1%	6.1%	1.6%	3.4%
Palm Beach	45.2%	36.0%	8.0%	5.2%	5.5%
Pasco	50.9%	38.8%	6.0%	1.9%	2.5%
Pinellas	39.9%	31.6%	6.6%	15.7%	6.3%
Polk	55.6%	27.0%	11.5%	2.6%	3.3%
Putnam	50.4%	28.9%	18.3%	0.4%	1.9%
Saint Johns	55.9%	20.2%	13.0%	7.1%	3.7%
Saint Lucie	56.6%	29.1%	7.5%	3.5%	3.3%
Santa Rosa	88.7%	22.5%	-28.9%	9.4%	8.3%
Sarasota	56.0%	32.7%	4.2%	4.6%	2.5%
Seminole	53.7%	26.1%	9.3%	3.8%	7.1%
Sumter	47.7%	19.6%	10.5%	4.2%	18.0%
Suwannee	55.8%	27.8%	12.5%	0.8%	3.0%
Taylor	38.2%	24.2%	19.6%	16.4%	1.6%
Union	47.5%	22.9%	23.8%	2.9%	2.9%
Volusia	53.4%	30.5%	8.3%	4.5%	3.3%
Wakulla	54.7%	20.9%	17.5%	2.1%	4.8%
Walton	25.1%	8.9%	8.0%	0.2%	57.8%
Washington	43.8%	27.2%	26.5%	0.7%	1.8%
<b>Statewide</b>	<b>38.5%</b>	<b>29.3%</b>	<b>13.5%</b>	<b>11.1%</b>	<b>7.7%</b>

Data Source:

U.S. Census Bureau, "Consolidated Federal Funds Report for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009) [<http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cfpr.html>]

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## Part Three: Federal Grants to Florida's State and Local Governments

### A. Introduction

Federal grant expenditures to Florida's state and local governments totaled \$20.7 billion, or \$1,127 per capita, in fiscal year 2008. Florida had the 4<sup>th</sup> largest expenditure of all states and the seven most populous states, and the 2<sup>nd</sup> largest expenditure of the southern states, after Texas.<sup>1</sup> Compared to 2007, Florida's rankings were unchanged. On a per capita basis, Florida ranked 46<sup>th</sup> among all states, last among the most populous states, and 14<sup>th</sup> among the southern states. The state's per capita rankings among the most populous and southern states were unchanged from 2007; however, Florida's per capita ranking among all states dropped from 45<sup>th</sup> to 46<sup>th</sup>.

A summary of Florida's federal grant expenditures by department or agency can be found in **Table 3-1** on page 39. In addition to total reported expenditures, calculations of per capita expenditures have been included. Florida's rankings among the fifty states, the seven most populous states, and the other southern states on the basis of total and per capita expenditures are listed as well. Of the \$20.7 billion in total grant expenditures to Florida in 2008, the grant funding received from six federal departments: Health and Human Services, Transportation, Education, Housing and Urban Development, Agriculture, and Homeland Security totaled \$20 billion and accounted for 97 percent of all grant expenditures to Florida.

### B. Data Sources

The data reported in this part was obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau publication entitled *Federal Aid to States for Fiscal Year 2008* issued July 2009. The Census Bureau's publication presents federal expenditures to state and local governments by state and U.S. outlying areas. However, the focus of this part is on the total expenditures made to the fifty states collectively and the expenditures by program category made to Florida.

The total grant expenditures to Florida of \$20.7 billion are slightly more than the state's federal grant obligations of \$20.2 billion discussed previously in Part One. This difference results from the use of the *Federal Aid to States* (FAS) report as the data source here as opposed to the use of the *Consolidated Federal Funds Report* (CFFR). The FAS report presents state-by-state distributions of federal expenditures for grants to state and local governments only. By contrast, federal grants reported in the CFFR generally represent obligations. Obligations are federal funds designated state-by-state and available to be "drawn down" through a variety of program requirements. Additionally, the CFFR includes payments to state and local governments as well as nongovernmental recipients.

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<sup>1</sup>Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates prepared by the U.S. Census Bureau, the seven most populous states were California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio. The Census Bureau has classified 16 states in the South region. They are Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Distributions and obligations will eventually translate into expenditures by the state and local governments, which are addressed in the Committee's reports *Federal Grants to Florida's Local Governments* and subsequent updates.<sup>2</sup> This report profiles grant expenditures reported to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse by local governments and is part of an ongoing effort by the Committee to assist local governments in maximizing their drawdown of federal awards. Furthermore, local government expenditures sorted by grant program have been compiled and are available for download on the committee's website.<sup>3</sup>

### **C. Federal Grants by Department or Agency**

The tables in this part provide more detailed summaries of federal grant expenditures to Florida by department or agency. In the FAS report, these federal grant expenditures are reported by program categories. It is important to note that the majority of these program categories reflect the sum total of numerous individual grant programs.

In the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA), federal grants are classified into one of two types: formula grants and project grants.<sup>4</sup> Formula grants are allocations of money to states or their subdivisions in accordance with distribution formulas prescribed by law or administrative regulation for activities of a continuing nature not confined to a specific project. Project grants are funding for specific projects for fixed or known periods of time and can include fellowships, scholarships, research grants, training grants, traineeships, experimental and demonstration grants, evaluation grants, planning grants, technical assistance grants, survey grants, and construction grants. Currently, the CFDA lists 237 formula grant programs and 1,299 project grant programs. In total, 1,536 separate federal grant programs are listed in the CFDA. Data on states' participation in each of these individual grant programs is not part of the FAS report.

Utilizing the data published in the FAS report, the following tables summarize federal grant expenditures to Florida by department or agency.

- Table 3-2:** U.S. Department of Agriculture (page 40)
- Table 3-3:** U.S. Department of Commerce (page 41)
- Table 3-4:** U.S. Department of Defense (page 42)
- Table 3-5:** U.S. Department of Education (page 43)
- Table 3-6:** U.S. Department of Energy (page 44)
- Table 3-7:** U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (page 45)

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<sup>2</sup> [www.floridalcir.gov/UserContent/docs/File/reports/fedgrants08.pdf](http://www.floridalcir.gov/UserContent/docs/File/reports/fedgrants08.pdf)

<sup>3</sup> [www.floridalcir.gov/dataatof.cfm](http://www.floridalcir.gov/dataatof.cfm)

<sup>4</sup> The purpose of the CFDA is to provide a database of all federal programs available to state and local governments, including the District of Columbia; federally-recognized Indian tribal governments; territories and possessions of the United States; domestic public, quasi-public, and private profit and nonprofit organizations and institutions; specialized groups; and individuals. The Catalog is available online at [www.cfda.gov](http://www.cfda.gov). Programs in the Catalog are classified into 15 types of assistance, seven of which are financial types of assistance and eight are non-financial types of assistance.

- Table 3-8:** U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (page 46)  
**Table 3-9:** U.S. Department of Homeland Security (page 47)  
**Table 3-10:** U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (page 48)  
**Table 3-11:** U.S. Department of Interior (page 49)  
**Table 3-12:** U.S. Department of Justice (page 50)  
**Table 3-13:** U.S. Department of Labor (page 51)  
**Table 3-14:** U.S. Department of Transportation (page 52)  
**Table 3-15:** U.S. Department of the Treasury (page 53)

Two additional tables summarize changes in federal grant expenditures to Florida by department or agency for the period of 1996 through 2008. **Table 3-16** on pages 54-57 lists the total expenditures, the percentage change in total expenditures from one year to the next, and Florida's rankings among the fifty states. **Table 3-17** on pages 58-59 lists the per capita expenditures and Florida's rankings among the fifty states. **Table 3-18** on pages 60-61 provides a comparison of each state's proportional receipt of federal grants by agency in 2008. If the state's proportional share by agency is roughly equivalent to the state's share of the national population, then perhaps a measure of equality has been satisfied. Supplemental information describing each federal department or agency and many of the grant programs can be obtained from their respective websites. A list of those websites can be found in the **Appendix**.

**Chart 3-1** on page 62 illustrates total federal grant expenditures to states and their respective local governments plotted against the states' populations. A trend line is utilized to visually illustrate the expenditure level predicted by an individual state's population. Although this analysis does not consider the numerous other factors that affect states' receipts of grant funding, it does allow for a comparison similar to the analysis of per capita measures utilized in this report. Federal grant expenditures to state and local governments generally cluster around the trend line, indicating a high level of dependence on population. However, expenditures to a few states differ substantially, indicating that they receive more or less grant funding than would be predicted by population alone. Louisiana, Mississippi, and New York illustrate expenditures substantially above their predicted levels while Florida, Texas, and Virginia illustrate those substantially below their predicted levels.

#### **D. Conclusion**

For reporting purposes, the federal government aggregates expenditures of hundreds of separate grant programs into broad program categories. Consequently, it is difficult to determine why the state ranks so low, on a per capita basis, relative to other states in many program categories. Certainly, this aggregation of expenditure data masks differences from one grant program to another. Within the same program category, a high per capita ranking in an individual grant program may be offset to some degree by a low per capita ranking in another program.

According to past statements made by representatives of several state agencies, per capita measurements of certain federal grants receipts, while low compared to other states, may not reflect

the fact that the amounts are adequately serving their target populations. Additionally, some grant funding formulas incorporate variables other than the population at large; therefore, the use of a per capita measure for comparisons among states may not be appropriate. Florida's per capita expenditures for select grants may be lower than for most other states because of the state's unique demographic composition, which features large elderly and retiree populations. However, when funding is compared in terms of actual dollars, or per target populations, the state may actually rank much higher nationally.

It is important to note that a number of factors determine how successful or not an individual state can be in maximizing federal grant funding. How a state fares in the receipt of grant funding is largely determined by formula. Although the total number of project grants outnumbers the total number of formula grants by a factor of five, the cumulative dollar value of project grants is small relative to the cumulative dollar value of the large formula grant programs that exist in education, health care, and transportation, for example.

Another factor that affects states' receipt of grant funding is the natural resources existing within their boundaries. States that typically do well in the receipt of grant funding are those that receive payments for the value of natural resources extracted from their public lands. The existence of such extractable natural resources favors states like Alaska, Louisiana, and Wyoming, relative to a state like Florida with fewer extractable natural resources.

Medicaid is another factor that affects how a state fares in the receipt of grant funding, given the size of the program itself. While Medicaid spending has been increasing, an individual state could experience a smaller than average increase if its Medicaid matching rate declines. Conversely, a state experiencing an increase in its matching rate could see a substantial increase in grant funding. Additionally, the type of Medicaid program run by the state, whether relatively modest and less expensive or more expansive and more expensive, will affect the level of federal reimbursements.

In spite of the caveats mentioned above, the data presented in this part suggest that it is possible for Florida to realize improvement in the acquisition of federal grants. Therefore, elected federal, state, and local officials should consider the development of a comprehensive strategy in the evaluation and acquisition of federal grants and identify federal and state policy changes to enhance the state's access and receipt of such funding.

**Table 3-1  
Federal Grant Expenditures to Florida State and Local Governments  
Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Federal Agency or Department	Total Expenditures	% of State's Total	Florida's Rankings: Total Expenditures			Per Capita Expenditures	Florida's Rankings: Per Capita Expenditures		
			All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region		All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region
Health and Human Services	\$ 11,410,340,000	55.2%	5th	5th	2nd	\$ 622.55	46th	7th	15th
Transportation	2,768,353,000	13.4%	4th	4th	2nd	151.04	37th	3rd	10th
Education	1,997,038,000	9.7%	4th	4th	2nd	108.96	37th	5th	14th
Housing and Urban Development	1,632,819,000	7.9%	8th	6th	3rd	89.09	30th	6th	10th
Agriculture	1,267,396,000	6.1%	4th	4th	2nd	69.15	40th	6th	14th
Homeland Security	872,199,000	4.2%	3rd	2nd	2nd	47.59	18th	1st	5th
Labor	258,976,000	1.3%	9th	7th	3rd	14.13	50th	7th	16th
Justice	196,219,000	0.9%	2nd	2nd	1st	10.71	14th	2nd	5th
Environmental Protection Agency	117,898,000	0.6%	8th	6th	2nd	6.43	50th	7th	16th
Interior	33,354,000	0.2%	26th	4th	8th	1.82	48th	6th	16th
Veterans Affairs	23,860,000	0.1%	7th	5th	2nd	1.30	41st	5th	12th
National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities	13,884,000	0.1%	4th	4th	2nd	0.76	44th	5th	14th
Commerce	13,050,000	0.1%	12th	5th	5th	0.71	44th	6th	15th
Energy	11,087,000	0.1%	19th	7th	4th	0.60	50th	7th	16th
* Defense	10,465,000	0.1%	14th	4th	6th	0.57	30th	5th	11th
* Corporation for Public Broadcasting	9,500,000	< 0.1%	2nd	1st	1st	0.52	27th	1st	10th
* Corporation for National and Community Service	7,588,000	< 0.1%	7th	4th	2nd	0.41	37th	5th	10th
Treasury	5,461,000	< 0.1%	7th	4th	5th	0.30	12th	5th	5th
Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation	3,481,000	< 0.1%	12th	6th	5th	< 0.19	43rd	7th	12th
* Equal Employment Opportunity Commission	3,423,000	< 0.1%	6th	5th	1st	0.19	37th	6th	6th
Social Security Admin.-Supplemental Security Income	2,220,000	< 0.1%	5th	5th	2nd	0.12	30th	6th	11th
* State Justice Institute	12,000	< 0.1%	28th	5th	8th	< 0.01	34th	5th	11th
* Appalachian Regional Commission	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
* Payments to D.C. and Metro System	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
* Tennessee Valley Authority-Payments in Lieu of Taxes	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 20,658,623,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>4th</b>	<b>4th</b>	<b>2nd</b>	<b>\$ 1,127.14</b>	<b>46th</b>	<b>7th</b>	<b>14th</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 449,136,097,000</b>					<b>\$ 1,480.01</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>	<b>4.6%</b>								

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) An asterisk indicates that one or more states had no reported federal grant expenditures.
- 3) The calculation of per capita expenditures was made using population estimates that represent the state's resident population as of July 1, 2008.
- 4) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 5) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Expenditures: U.S. Census Bureau, "Federal Aid to States for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html)

**Table 3-2**  
**Federal Grant Expenditures to Florida State and Local Governments**  
**U.S. Department of Agriculture**  
**Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Program Categories / Subcategories	Total Expenditures	% of State's Total	Florida's Rankings: Total Expenditures			Per Capita Expenditures	Florida's Rankings: Per Capita Expenditures		
			All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region		All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region
Agricultural Marketing Service	\$ 18,682,000	1.5%	8th	5th	4th	\$ 1.02	45th	7th	14th
Cooperative State Research Education and Extension Service	31,082,000	2.5%	10th	6th	4th	1.70	48th	6th	16th
Extension Activities	25,452,000	2.0%	14th	6th	8th	1.39	48th	6th	16th
Research and Education Activities	5,630,000	0.4%	13th	5th	5th	0.31	46th	7th	15th
* Farm Service Agency	103,000	< 0.1%	19th	3rd	12th	0.01	24th	2nd	13th
* Food Safety and Inspection Service	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food and Nutrition Service	1,202,644,000	94.9%	4th	4th	2nd	65.62	32nd	5th	14th
Child Nutrition Programs	763,150,000	60.2%	4th	4th	2nd	41.64	24th	4th	14th
Commodity Assistance Programs	6,720,000	0.5%	8th	6th	3rd	0.37	49th	7th	15th
Food Stamp Program	96,380,000	7.6%	9th	7th	2nd	5.26	49th	7th	15th
Supplemental Food Program (WIC)	336,394,000	26.5%	4th	4th	2nd	18.35	27th	4th	13th
* Forest Service	2,499,000	0.2%	22nd	4th	6th	0.14	34th	4th	10th
* Payments to States and Counties	2,499,000	0.2%	18th	4th	6th	0.14	30th	4th	10th
* Rural Community and Emergency Fire Fighting Program	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
* State and Private Forestry	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
* National Forest Service	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
* Other	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
* Natural Resources Conservation Service	155,000	< 0.1%	23rd	5th	11th	0.01	34th	5th	14th
Rural Development Activities	12,231,000	1.0%	25th	7th	13th	0.67	45th	5th	15th
* Community Facilities Grants	1,497,000	0.1%	6th	1st	4th	0.08	32nd	1st	13th
Rural, Regional, and Cooperative Development Programs	1,112,000	0.1%	21st	4th	11th	0.06	41st	3rd	15th
* Housing Preservation Grants	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Systems and Waste Disposal Systems Grants	7,422,000	0.6%	30th	7th	13th	0.40	47th	6th	16th
* Other	2,200,000	0.2%	4th	1st	3rd	0.12	26th	3rd	9th
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 1,267,396,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>4th</b>	<b>4th</b>	<b>2nd</b>	<b>\$ 69.15</b>	<b>40th</b>	<b>6th</b>	<b>14th</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 25,436,930,000</b>					<b>\$ 83.82</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>	<b>5.0%</b>								

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) An asterisk indicates that one or more states had no reported federal grant expenditures.
- 3) The calculation of per capita expenditures was made using population estimates that represent the state's resident population as of July 1, 2008.
- 4) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 5) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Expenditures: U.S. Census Bureau, "Federal Aid to States for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.htm](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.htm)



**Table 3-3**  
**Federal Grant Expenditures to Florida State and Local Governments**  
**U.S. Department of Commerce**  
**Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Program Categories / Subcategories	Total Expenditures	% of State's Total	Florida's Rankings: Total Expenditures			Per Capita Expenditures	Florida's Rankings: Per Capita Expenditures		
			All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region		All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region
* Economic Development Administration	\$ 3,849,000	29.5%	30th	7th	12th	\$ 0.21	47th	7th	15th
* National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration	8,161,000	62.5%	11th	4th	4th	0.45	24th	4th	9th
* National Telecommunications and Information Administration	1,040,000	8.0%	6th	3rd	2nd	0.06	30th	3rd	9th
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 13,050,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>12th</b>	<b>5th</b>	<b>5th</b>	<b>\$ 0.71</b>	<b>44th</b>	<b>6th</b>	<b>15th</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 515,462,000</b>					<b>\$ 1.70</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>	<b>2.5%</b>								

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) An asterisk indicates that one or more states had no reported federal grant expenditures.
- 3) The calculation of per capita expenditures was made using population estimates that represent the state's resident population as of July 1, 2008.
- 4) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 5) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Expenditures: U.S. Census Bureau, "Federal Aid to States for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html)

**Table 3-4**  
**Federal Grant Expenditures to Florida State and Local Governments**  
**U.S. Department of Defense**  
**Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Program Categories / Subcategories	Total Expenditures	% of State's Total	Florida's Rankings: Total Expenditures			Per Capita Expenditures	Florida's Rankings: Per Capita Expenditures		
			All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region		All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region
* U.S. Army Corps of Engineers - Civilian Construction Program	\$ 98,000	0.9%	16th	5th	9th	\$ 0.01	24th	4th	11th
* U.S. Army National Guard - Construction	10,367,000	99.1%	14th	4th	6th	0.57	29th	5th	11th
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 10,465,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>14th</b>	<b>4th</b>	<b>6th</b>	<b>\$ 0.57</b>	<b>30th</b>	<b>5th</b>	<b>11th</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 601,606,000</b>					<b>\$ 1.98</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>	<b>1.7%</b>								

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) An asterisk indicates that one or more states had no reported federal grant expenditures.
- 3) The calculation of per capita expenditures was made using population estimates that represent the state's resident population as of July 1, 2008.
- 4) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 5) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Expenditures: U.S. Census Bureau, "Federal Aid to States for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html)

**Table 3-5  
Federal Grant Expenditures to Florida State and Local Governments  
U.S. Department of Education  
Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Program Categories / Subcategories	Total Expenditures	% of State's Total	Florida's Rankings: Total Expenditures			Per Capita Expenditures	Florida's Rankings: Per Capita Expenditures		
			All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region		All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region
* Office of English Language Acquisition	\$ 35,439,000	1.8%	4th	4th	2nd	\$ 1.93	11th	5th	2nd
Office of Educational Research and Improvement	25,242,000	1.3%	3rd	3rd	1st	1.38	19th	3rd	5th
Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services	805,781,000	40.3%	4th	4th	2nd	43.96	25th	3rd	8th
Rehabilitation Services and Disability Research Programs	168,655,000	8.4%	3rd	3rd	1st	9.20	21st	1st	8th
Office of Special Education Programs	637,126,000	31.9%	4th	4th	2nd	34.76	36th	4th	14th
Office of Vocational and Adult Education	102,870,000	5.2%	3rd	3rd	2nd	5.61	25th	4th	8th
* Vocational Technical Education Programs	66,057,000	3.3%	3rd	3rd	2nd	3.60	33rd	4th	12th
* Adult Education and Literacy Programs	36,813,000	1.8%	4th	4th	2nd	2.01	5th	3rd	2nd
Office of Elementary and Secondary Education	941,572,000	47.1%	4th	4th	2nd	51.37	38th	6th	13th
* Programs for the Disadvantaged - Migrants	20,362,000	1.0%	3rd	3rd	2nd	1.11	12th	3rd	4th
* Programs for the Disadvantaged - Others	82,510,000	4.1%	4th	4th	2nd	4.50	16th	4th	10th
* Impact Aid	11,989,000	0.6%	23rd	4th	6th	0.65	38th	5th	13th
* American Indian, Alaska and Hawaiian Native Programs	4,000	< 0.1%	37th	5th	10th	< 0.01	38th	5th	11th
No Child Left Behind Act	241,887,000	12.1%	4th	4th	2nd	13.20	32nd	6th	11th
* Title I Programs	531,492,000	26.6%	5th	5th	2nd	29.00	33rd	6th	13th
Other	53,328,000	2.7%	3rd	3rd	2nd	2.91	12th	1st	4th
Office of Postsecondary Education	38,492,000	1.9%	5th	4th	3rd	2.10	42nd	4th	15th
* International Education Programs	2,466,000	0.1%	8th	4th	2nd	0.13	17th	4th	3rd
Other	36,026,000	1.8%	7th	4th	5th	1.97	41st	4th	15th
Office of Student Financial Assistance	47,642,000	2.4%	4th	4th	2nd	2.60	39th	5th	11th
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 1,997,038,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>4th</b>	<b>4th</b>	<b>2nd</b>	<b>\$ 108.96</b>	<b>37th</b>	<b>5th</b>	<b>14th</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 34,907,951,000</b>					<b>\$ 115.03</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>	<b>5.7%</b>								

Notes:

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- 3) The calculation of per capita expenditures was made using population estimates that represent the state's resident population as of July 1, 2008.
- 4) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 5) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Expenditures: U.S. Census Bureau, "Federal Aid to States for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html)

**Table 3-6  
Federal Grant Expenditures to Florida State and Local Governments  
U.S. Department of Energy  
Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Program Categories / Subcategories	Total Expenditures	% of State's Total	Florida's Rankings: Total Expenditures			Per Capita Expenditures	Florida's Rankings: Per Capita Expenditures		
			All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region		All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region
* National Nuclear Security Administration	\$ 1,564,000	14.1%	14th	5th	5th	\$ 0.09	22nd	5th	9th
* Nuclear Waste Disposal	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
* Environmental and Other Defense Programs	2,749,000	24.8%	12th	5th	3rd	0.15	35th	4th	10th
* Energy Conservation Programs	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
* Energy Research and Development Programs	6,774,000	61.1%	20th	7th	4th	0.37	50th	7th	16th
* Other Programs	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 11,087,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>19th</b>	<b>7th</b>	<b>4th</b>	<b>\$ 0.60</b>	<b>50th</b>	<b>7th</b>	<b>16th</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 608,836,000</b>					<b>\$ 2.01</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>	<b>1.8%</b>								

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) An asterisk indicates that one or more states had no reported federal grant expenditures.
- 3) The calculation of per capita expenditures was made using population estimates that represent the state's resident population as of July 1, 2008.
- 4) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 5) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Expenditures: U.S. Census Bureau, "Federal Aid to States for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html)

**Table 3-7**  
**Federal Grant Expenditures to Florida State and Local Governments**  
**U.S. Environmental Protection Agency**  
**Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Program Categories / Subcategories	Total Expenditures	% of State's Total	Florida's Rankings: Total Expenditures			Per Capita Expenditures	Florida's Rankings: Per Capita Expenditures		
			All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region		All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region
Hazardous Substance Response (Superfund and L.U.S.T.)	\$ 1,768,000	1.5%	34th	7th	11th	\$ 0.10	50th	7th	16th
Other	116,130,000	98.5%	7th	6th	2nd	6.34	50th	7th	16th
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 117,898,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>8th</b>	<b>6th</b>	<b>2nd</b>	<b>\$ 6.43</b>	<b>50th</b>	<b>7th</b>	<b>16th</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 3,910,303,000</b>					<b>\$ 12.89</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>	<b>3.0%</b>								

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) An asterisk indicates that one or more states had no reported federal grant expenditures.
- 3) The calculation of per capita expenditures was made using population estimates that represent the state's resident population as of July 1, 2008.
- 4) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 5) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Expenditures: U.S. Census Bureau, "Federal Aid to States for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html)

**Table 3-8  
Federal Grant Expenditures to Florida State and Local Governments  
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  
Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Program Categories / Subcategories	Total Expenditures	% of State's Total	Florida's Rankings: Total Expenditures			Per Capita Expenditures	Florida's Rankings: Per Capita Expenditures		
			All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region		All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region
Administration for Children and Families	\$ 2,016,216,000	17.7%	5th	5th	2nd	\$ 110.01	41st	6th	11th
Child Care and Development	258,466,000	2.3%	4th	4th	2nd	14.10	36th	5th	13th
Child Support Enforcement	163,144,000	1.4%	3rd	3rd	1st	8.90	26th	5th	7th
Children and Family Services (Head Start)	338,534,000	3.0%	5th	5th	2nd	18.47	46th	7th	15th
Safe and Stable Families	23,328,000	0.2%	3rd	3rd	2nd	1.27	25th	2nd	10th
Foster Care and Adoption Assistance	251,507,000	2.2%	7th	7th	2nd	13.72	34th	6th	7th
Low Income Home Energy Assistance	32,541,000	0.3%	23rd	7th	6th	1.78	48th	7th	16th
* Refugee and Entrant Assistance	123,438,000	1.1%	1st	1st	1st	6.73	1st	1st	1st
Social Services Block Grant	124,490,000	1.1%	3rd	3rd	2nd	6.79	6th	2nd	4th
Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF)	680,696,000	6.0%	4th	4th	1st	37.14	32nd	6th	7th
Other	20,072,000	0.2%	11th	5th	4th	1.10	35th	7th	12th
Administration on Aging	90,918,000	0.8%	3rd	3rd	1st	4.96	24th	3rd	5th
* Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality	488,000	< 0.1%	21st	6th	8th	0.03	28th	6th	9th
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	56,719,000	0.5%	8th	6th	3rd	3.09	47th	7th	14th
Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services	8,679,683,000	76.1%	5th	5th	2nd	473.57	46th	7th	15th
Health Resources and Services Administration	407,231,000	3.6%	3rd	3rd	1st	22.22	20th	2nd	8th
Indian Health Service	8,019,000	0.1%	18th	4th	5th	0.44	34th	5th	11th
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration	151,066,000	1.3%	4th	4th	2nd	8.24	41st	6th	12th
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 11,410,340,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>5th</b>	<b>5th</b>	<b>2nd</b>	<b>\$ 622.55</b>	<b>46th</b>	<b>7th</b>	<b>15th</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 264,896,260,000</b>					<b>\$ 872.90</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>	<b>4.3%</b>								

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) An asterisk indicates that one or more states had no reported federal grant expenditures.
- 3) The calculation of per capita expenditures was made using population estimates that represent the state's resident population as of July 1, 2008.
- 4) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 5) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Expenditures: U.S. Census Bureau, "Federal Aid to States for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html)

**Table 3-9  
Federal Grant Expenditures to Florida State and Local Governments  
U.S. Department of Homeland Security  
Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Program Categories / Subcategories	Total Expenditures	% of State's Total	Florida's Rankings: Total Expenditures			Per Capita Expenditures	Florida's Rankings: Per Capita Expenditures		
			All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region		All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region
* Coast Guard	\$ 13,337,000	1.5%	1st	1st	1st	\$ 0.73	14th	1st	5th
Domestic Preparedness and Anti-terrorism Programs	343,578,000	39.4%	4th	4th	2nd	18.75	42nd	5th	13th
Federal Emergency Management Agency	515,284,000	59.1%	2nd	1st	2nd	28.11	6th	1st	4th
Disaster Relief	505,376,000	57.9%	2nd	1st	2nd	27.57	6th	1st	4th
* Emergency Management Planning and Assistance	4,520,000	0.5%	9th	2nd	4th	0.25	25th	2nd	10th
* Other	5,388,000	0.6%	3rd	1st	3rd	0.29	11th	1st	7th
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 872,199,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>3rd</b>	<b>2nd</b>	<b>2nd</b>	<b>\$ 47.59</b>	<b>18th</b>	<b>1st</b>	<b>5th</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 11,401,546,000</b>					<b>\$ 37.57</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>	<b>7.6%</b>								

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) An asterisk indicates that one or more states had no reported federal grant expenditures.
- 3) The calculation of per capita expenditures was made using population estimates that represent the state's resident population as of July 1, 2008.
- 4) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 5) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Expenditures: U.S. Census Bureau, "Federal Aid to States for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html)

**Table 3-10  
Federal Grant Expenditures to Florida State and Local Governments  
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development  
Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Program Categories / Subcategories	Total Expenditures	% of State's Total	Florida's Rankings: Total Expenditures			Per Capita Expenditures	Florida's Rankings: Per Capita Expenditures		
			All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region		All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region
* Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity	\$ 2,651,000	0.2%	4th	4th	2nd	\$ 0.14	19th	4th	6th
Community Planning and Development	304,259,000	18.6%	7th	5th	4th	16.60	26th	6th	7th
Community Development Block Grant	243,704,000	14.9%	7th	5th	4th	13.30	25th	7th	6th
* Empowerment Zones and Other Economic Development	598,000	< 0.1%	28th	6th	10th	0.03	41st	6th	14th
Emergency Shelter and Homeless Assistance	59,957,000	3.7%	5th	5th	1st	3.27	24th	6th	5th
Housing Programs	1,325,909,000	81.2%	7th	6th	2nd	72.34	31st	6th	12th
* College Housing	8,000	< 0.1%	37th	7th	12th	< 0.01	40th	7th	12th
* Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	35,734,000	2.2%	2nd	2nd	1st	1.95	2nd	2nd	1st
* Native American Block Grant	723,000	< 0.1%	29th	4th	9th	0.04	33rd	3rd	9th
Housing for Special Populations	78,346,000	4.8%	3rd	3rd	1st	4.27	10th	3rd	1st
Public Housing Programs	1,100,570,000	67.4%	8th	6th	2nd	60.05	34th	6th	13th
Low Rent Housing Assistance	950,987,000	58.2%	6th	5th	2nd	51.89	28th	6th	12th
* Neighborhood Revitalization	28,303,000	1.7%	8th	5th	4th	1.54	19th	5th	10th
* Drug Elimination	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Housing Certificate Program	46,910,000	2.9%	15th	7th	4th	2.56	38th	7th	11th
Capital Programs	74,370,000	4.6%	10th	7th	4th	4.06	38th	6th	16th
Home Ownership Assistance	109,887,000	6.7%	4th	4th	2nd	6.00	19th	4th	5th
* Other	641,000	< 0.1%	15th	6th	6th	0.03	22nd	7th	8th
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 1,632,819,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>8th</b>	<b>6th</b>	<b>3rd</b>	<b>\$ 89.09</b>	<b>30th</b>	<b>6th</b>	<b>10th</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 39,325,188,000</b>					<b>\$ 129.59</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>	<b>4.2%</b>								

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) An asterisk indicates that one or more states had no reported federal grant expenditures.
- 3) The calculation of per capita expenditures was made using population estimates that represent the state's resident population as of July 1, 2008.
- 4) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 5) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Expenditures: U.S. Census Bureau, "Federal Aid to States for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html)



**Table 3-11**  
**Federal Grant Expenditures to Florida State and Local Governments**  
**U.S. Department of the Interior**  
**Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Program Categories / Subcategories	Total Expenditures	% of State's Total	Florida's Rankings: Total Expenditures			Per Capita Expenditures	Florida's Rankings: Per Capita Expenditures		
			All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region		All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region
* Bureau of Indian Affairs	\$ 4,061,000	12.2%	19th	2nd	3rd	\$ 0.22	28th	2nd	5th
* Bureau of Land Management	2,762,000	8.3%	13th	2nd	1st	0.15	30th	2nd	9th
* Payments in Lieu of Taxes	2,762,000	8.3%	13th	2nd	1st	0.15	30th	2nd	9th
* Shared Revenues	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
* Bureau of Reclamation	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fish and Wildlife Service	21,390,000	64.1%	13th	5th	4th	1.17	48th	7th	16th
Wildlife Conservation and Restoration	9,360,000	28.1%	21st	6th	7th	0.51	49th	7th	16th
Sport Fish Restoration	11,204,000	33.6%	6th	3rd	2nd	0.61	44th	4th	15th
* Other	826,000	2.5%	9th	3rd	4th	0.05	25th	4th	9th
* Minerals Management Service	6,000	< 0.1%	32nd	6th	10th	< 0.01	32nd	6th	10th
* Minerals Leasing Act	6,000	< 0.1%	24th	3rd	7th	< 0.01	24th	3rd	7th
* Other	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
National Park Service	5,135,000	15.4%	5th	2nd	3rd	0.28	39th	2nd	12th
* Historic Preservation	785,000	2.4%	30th	7th	11th	0.04	49th	7th	16th
* Other	4,350,000	13.0%	3rd	2nd	1st	0.24	25th	2nd	8th
* Office of Surface Mining, Reclamation, and Enforcement	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
* Abandoned Mine Reclamation	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
* Other	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
* Office of Insular Affairs	-	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 33,354,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>26th</b>	<b>4th</b>	<b>8th</b>	<b>\$ 1.82</b>	<b>48th</b>	<b>6th</b>	<b>16th</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 4,752,931,000</b>					<b>\$ 15.66</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>		<b>0.7%</b>							

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) An asterisk indicates that one or more states had no reported federal grant expenditures.
- 3) The calculation of per capita expenditures was made using population estimates that represent the state's resident population as of July 1, 2008.
- 4) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 5) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Expenditures: U.S. Census Bureau, "Federal Aid to States for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html)

**Table 3-12**  
**Federal Grant Expenditures to Florida State and Local Governments**  
**U.S. Department of Justice**  
**Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Program Categories / Subcategories	Total Expenditures	% of State's Total	Florida's Rankings: Total Expenditures			Per Capita Expenditures	Florida's Rankings: Per Capita Expenditures		
			All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region		All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region
* Federal Prison System	\$ 1,108,000	0.6%	4th	2nd	3rd	\$ 0.06	23rd	2nd	7th
* Office of Asset Forfeiture	80,385,000	41.0%	1st	1st	1st	4.39	2nd	1st	2nd
Office of Justice Programs	114,726,000	58.5%	4th	4th	2nd	6.26	29th	4th	8th
* Corrections, Probation, and Parole	4,252,000	2.2%	5th	3rd	2nd	0.23	16th	3rd	6th
Crime Victims Programs	28,014,000	14.3%	4th	4th	2nd	1.53	37th	6th	12th
Education, Research, and Statistics Program	1,365,000	0.7%	19th	5th	10th	0.07	40th	6th	14th
Juvenile Justice Programs	11,316,000	5.8%	3rd	2nd	1st	0.62	29th	1st	6th
Law Enforcement Assistance	10,748,000	5.5%	3rd	3rd	2nd	0.59	18th	2nd	5th
Bulletproof Vests	1,034,000	0.5%	4th	4th	2nd	0.06	22nd	4th	5th
* Community Oriented Policing Program (COPS)	208,000	0.1%	7th	3rd	2nd	0.01	11th	4th	3rd
* Law Enforcement Block Grant	(3,000)	0.0%	32nd	6th	8th	< (0.01)	25th	6th	7th
* Violence Against Women and Children	859,000	0.4%	11th	5th	3rd	0.05	25th	5th	6th
* Weed and Seed	1,202,000	0.6%	6th	4th	2nd	0.07	26th	4th	9th
Other	7,448,000	3.8%	3rd	3rd	2nd	0.41	8th	1st	3rd
Substance Abuse Programs	7,491,000	3.8%	9th	4th	4th	0.41	36th	5th	12th
Other	51,540,000	26.3%	3rd	3rd	1st	2.81	16th	4th	5th
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 196,219,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>2nd</b>	<b>2nd</b>	<b>1st</b>	<b>\$ 10.71</b>	<b>14th</b>	<b>2nd</b>	<b>5th</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 2,610,037,000</b>					<b>\$ 8.60</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>		<b>7.5%</b>							

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) An asterisk indicates that one or more states had no reported federal grant expenditures.
- 3) The calculation of per capita expenditures was made using population estimates that represent the state's resident population as of July 1, 2008.
- 4) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 5) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Expenditures: U.S. Census Bureau, "Federal Aid to States for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html)

**Table 3-13**  
**Federal Grant Expenditures to Florida State and Local Governments**  
**U.S. Department of Labor**  
**Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Program Categories / Subcategories	Total Expenditures	% of State's Total	Florida's Rankings: Total Expenditures			Per Capita Expenditures	Florida's Rankings: Per Capita Expenditures		
			All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region		All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region
Bureau of Labor Statistics	\$ 2,850,000	1.1%	6th	5th	2nd	\$ 0.16	49th	6th	15th
Employment and Training Administration	245,124,000	94.7%	9th	7th	3rd	13.37	50th	7th	16th
State Unemployment Insurance and Employment Service	126,277,000	48.8%	10th	7th	3rd	6.89	49th	7th	16th
Workforce Investment	91,150,000	35.2%	8th	7th	2nd	4.97	47th	7th	15th
Other	27,697,000	10.7%	11th	7th	5th	1.51	46th	7th	14th
* Mine Safety Health and Administration	168,000	0.1%	20th	6th	8th	0.01	47th	7th	15th
Occupational Health and Safety Administration	2,240,000	0.9%	26th	4th	8th	0.12	48th	5th	16th
Veterans Employment and Training Administration	8,594,000	3.3%	3rd	3rd	2nd	0.47	42nd	5th	15th
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 258,976,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>9th</b>	<b>7th</b>	<b>3rd</b>	<b>\$ 14.13</b>	<b>50th</b>	<b>7th</b>	<b>16th</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 8,377,433,000</b>					<b>\$ 27.61</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>	<b>3.1%</b>								

Notes:

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- 2) An asterisk indicates that one or more states had no reported federal grant expenditures.
- 3) The calculation of per capita expenditures was made using population estimates that represent the state's resident population as of July 1, 2008.
- 4) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 5) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Expenditures: U.S. Census Bureau, "Federal Aid to States for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html)

**Table 3-14**  
**Federal Grant Expenditures to Florida State and Local Governments**  
**U.S. Department of Transportation**  
**Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Program Categories / Subcategories	Total Expenditures	% of State's Total	Florida's Rankings: Total Expenditures			Per Capita Expenditures	Florida's Rankings: Per Capita Expenditures		
			All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region		All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region
Federal Aviation Administration	\$ 163,085,000	5.9%	4th	3rd	2nd	\$ 8.90	42nd	6th	12th
Federal Highway Administration	2,265,086,000	81.8%	3rd	3rd	2nd	123.58	27th	1st	9th
* Demonstration Projects	26,630,000	1.0%	1st	1st	1st	1.45	9th	1st	4th
Highway Trust Fund	2,171,514,000	78.4%	3rd	3rd	2nd	118.48	28th	2nd	8th
* Other	66,942,000	2.4%	5th	2nd	3rd	3.65	8th	2nd	4th
* Federal Railroad Administration	40,000	< 0.1%	17th	4th	4th	< 0.01	18th	4th	4th
Federal Transit Administration	323,410,000	11.7%	9th	5th	2nd	17.65	30th	5th	6th
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration	16,187,000	0.6%	11th	6th	5th	0.88	50th	7th	16th
Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration	545,000	< 0.1%	23rd	7th	8th	0.03	50th	7th	16th
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 2,768,353,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>4th</b>	<b>4th</b>	<b>2nd</b>	<b>\$ 151.04</b>	<b>37th</b>	<b>3rd</b>	<b>10th</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 49,612,032,000</b>					<b>\$ 163.48</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>	<b>5.6%</b>								

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) An asterisk indicates that one or more states had no reported federal grant expenditures.
- 3) The calculation of per capita expenditures was made using population estimates that represent the state's resident population as of July 1, 2008.
- 4) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 5) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Expenditures: U.S. Census Bureau, "Federal Aid to States for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html)

**Table 3-15  
Federal Grant Expenditures to Florida State and Local Governments  
U.S. Department of the Treasury  
Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

Program Categories / Subcategories	Total Expenditures	% of State's Total	Florida's Rankings: Total Expenditures			Per Capita Expenditures	Florida's Rankings: Per Capita Expenditures		
			All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region		All States	7 Most Populous States	16 States in "South" Region
* Asset Forfeiture Fund	\$ 5,289,000	96.9%	7th	4th	5th	\$ 0.29	11th	3rd	6th
* Other	172,000	3.1%	10th	6th	3rd	0.01	23rd	6th	5th
<b>Total - Florida</b>	<b>\$ 5,461,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>7th</b>	<b>4th</b>	<b>5th</b>	<b>\$ 0.30</b>	<b>12th</b>	<b>5th</b>	<b>5th</b>
<b>Total - All States</b>	<b>\$ 96,842,000</b>					<b>\$ 0.32</b>			
<b>Florida as % of All States</b>	<b>5.6%</b>								

Notes:

- 1) In the published report, the data are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.
- 2) An asterisk indicates that one or more states had no reported federal grant expenditures.
- 3) The calculation of per capita expenditures was made using population estimates that represent the state's resident population as of July 1, 2008.
- 4) Based on July 1, 2008 population estimates, the seven most populous states, in descending population order, were: California, Texas, New York, Florida, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.
- 5) As designated by the U.S. Census Bureau, Florida is one of 16 states in the South region. The other states in the South region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Data Sources:

- 1) Federal Expenditures: U.S. Census Bureau, "Federal Aid to States for Fiscal Year 2008," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009). [www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html](http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/fas.html)
- 2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. [www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html)

**Table 3-16**  
**Total Federal Grant Expenditures to Florida's State and Local Governments by Federal Agency**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal Department / Agency	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
<b>Agriculture</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 727,798,000	\$ 793,313,000	\$ 829,750,000	\$ 869,936,000	\$ 827,812,000	\$ 863,661,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	9.0%	4.6%	4.8%	-4.8%	4.3%
FL's Ranking Among the States	4th	4th	4th	4th	4th	4th
<b>Appalachian Regional Commission</b>						
Total Expenditures	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
% Change From Prior Year	-	-	-	-	-	-
FL's Ranking Among the States	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Commerce</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 38,660,000	\$ 34,210,000	\$ 28,421,000	\$ 28,792,000	\$ 29,088,000	\$ 36,850,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	-11.5%	-16.9%	1.3%	1.0%	26.7%
FL's Ranking Among the States	2nd	7th	7th	6th	8th	7th
<b>Corporation for National and Community Service</b>						
Total Expenditures	NA	NA	NA	NA	\$ 15,987,000	\$ 11,098,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	-	-	-	-	-30.6%
FL's Ranking Among the States	-	-	-	-	5th	10th
<b>Corporation for Public Broadcasting</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 2,726,000	\$ 10,661,000	\$ 10,163,000	\$ 9,848,000	\$ 11,805,000	\$ 13,666,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	291.1%	-4.7%	-3.1%	19.9%	15.8%
FL's Ranking Among the States	15th	5th	6th	6th	5th	4th
<b>Defense</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 2,041,000	\$ 7,453,000	\$ 3,402,000	\$ 162,000	\$ 171,000	\$ 6,622,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	265.2%	-54.4%	-95.2%	5.6%	3772.5%
FL's Ranking Among the States	35th	8th	20th	43rd	36th	8th
<b>Education</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 670,655,000	\$ 740,893,000	\$ 1,074,145,000	\$ 1,021,054,000	\$ 1,154,177,000	\$ 1,199,151,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	10.5%	45.0%	-4.9%	13.0%	3.9%
FL's Ranking Among the States	4th	5th	3rd	4th	4th	4th
<b>Election Assistance Commission</b>						
Total Expenditures	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
% Change From Prior Year	-	-	-	-	-	-
FL's Ranking Among the States	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Energy</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,986,000	\$ 4,918,000	\$ 5,216,000	\$ 2,564,000	\$ 1,922,000	\$ 3,149,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	147.6%	6.1%	-50.8%	-25.0%	63.8%
FL's Ranking Among the States	34th	4th	4th	22nd	35th	27th
<b>Environmental Protection Agency</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 77,613,000	\$ 77,661,000	\$ 71,691,000	\$ 95,128,000	\$ 88,232,000	\$ 109,427,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	0.1%	-7.7%	32.7%	-7.2%	24.0%
FL's Ranking Among the States	11th	9th	12th	10th	12th	10th
<b>Equal Employment Opportunity Commission</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 951,000	\$ 988,000	\$ 1,136,000	\$ 893,000	\$ 1,181,000	\$ 1,362,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	3.9%	15.0%	-21.4%	32.3%	15.3%
FL's Ranking Among the States	7th	9th	9th	8th	8th	7th
<b>Federal Emergency Management Agency</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 137,820,000	\$ 99,978,000	\$ 132,458,000	\$ 168,941,000	\$ 210,811,000	\$ 157,770,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	-27.5%	32.5%	27.5%	24.8%	-25.2%
FL's Ranking Among the States	2nd	11th	3rd	2nd	3rd	6th
<b>Health and Human Services</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 4,765,354,000	\$ 4,529,224,000	\$ 5,197,789,000	\$ 5,825,280,000	\$ 6,370,651,000	\$ 7,362,945,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	-5.0%	14.8%	12.1%	9.4%	15.6%
FL's Ranking Among the States	7th	7th	6th	5th	5th	5th
<b>Homeland Security</b>						
Total Expenditures	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
% Change From Prior Year	-	-	-	-	-	-
FL's Ranking Among the States	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Housing and Urban Development</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 748,903,000	\$ 809,124,000	\$ 973,312,000	\$ 1,054,629,000	\$ 1,117,059,000	\$ 1,117,104,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	8.0%	20.3%	8.4%	5.9%	0.0%
FL's Ranking Among the States	9th	9th	9th	9th	9th	9th
<b>Institute of Museum and Library Services</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 275,000	\$ 133,000	\$ 8,713,000	\$ 6,858,000	\$ 7,564,000	\$ 7,659,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	-51.6%	6451.1%	-21.3%	10.3%	1.3%
FL's Ranking Among the States	10th	26th	3rd	4th	4th	4th
<b>Interior</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 14,313,000	\$ 24,717,000	\$ 19,349,000	\$ 18,972,000	\$ 20,506,000	\$ 21,731,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	72.7%	-21.7%	-1.9%	8.1%	6.0%
FL's Ranking Among the States	32nd	26th	28th	26th	29th	28th
<b>Justice</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 117,971,000	\$ 151,111,000	\$ 169,972,000	\$ 296,751,000	\$ 192,023,000	\$ 273,674,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	28.1%	12.5%	74.6%	-35.3%	42.5%
FL's Ranking Among the States	4th	4th	4th	4th	3rd	3rd

Table 3-16 Total Federal Grant Expenditures to Florida's State and Local Governments by Federal Agency Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008						
2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
\$ 980,605,000 13.5% 4th	\$ 972,874,000 -0.8% 4th	\$ 1,015,824,000 4.4% 4th	\$ 1,051,130,000 3.5% 4th	\$ 1,079,860,000 2.7% 4th	\$ 1,117,608,000 3.5% 4th	\$ 1,267,396,000 13.4% 4th
NA - -	NA - -	NA - -	NA - -	NA - -	\$ 2,000 - 16th	NA - -
\$ 46,248,000 25.5% 5th	\$ 24,205,000 -47.7% 11th	\$ 34,898,000 44.2% 7th	\$ 25,904,000 -25.8% 9th	\$ 23,742,000 -8.3% 7th	\$ 12,194,000 -48.6% 18th	\$ 13,050,000 7.0% 12th
\$ 4,172,000 -62.4% 12th	\$ 2,835,000 -32.0% 17th	\$ 1,693,000 -40.3% 18th	\$ 1,959,000 15.7% 18th	\$ 6,455,000 229.5% 5th	\$ 8,186,000 26.8% 5th	\$ 7,588,000 -7.3% 7th
\$ 14,771,000 8.1% 5th	\$ 12,811,000 -13.3% 4th	\$ 13,314,000 3.9% 6th	\$ 13,314,000 0.0% 6th	\$ 10,614,000 -20.3% 1st	\$ 9,061,000 -14.6% 1st	\$ 9,500,000 4.8% 2nd
\$ 1,507,000 -77.2% 25th	\$ 289,000 -80.8% 39th	\$ 6,000 -97.9% 46th	\$ 14,817,000 246850.0% 6th	\$ 11,370,000 -23.3% 11th	\$ 19,782,000 74.0% 5th	\$ 10,465,000 -47.1% 14th
\$ 1,553,340,000 29.5% 4th	\$ 1,646,297,000 6.0% 4th	\$ 1,814,563,000 10.2% 4th	\$ 1,985,213,000 9.4% 4th	\$ 2,057,824,000 3.7% 4th	\$ 2,070,064,000 0.6% 4th	\$ 1,997,038,000 -3.5% 4th
NA - -	\$ 26,029,000 - 6th	\$ 47,417,000 82.2% 9th	\$ 85,085,000 79.4% 5th	NA - -	NA - -	NA - -
\$ 2,221,000 -29.5% 36th	\$ 10,950,000 393.0% 20th	\$ 12,297,000 12.3% 17th	\$ 11,596,000 -5.7% 16th	\$ 11,306,000 -2.5% 18th	\$ 15,072,000 33.3% 12th	\$ 11,087,000 -26.4% 19th
\$ 129,107,000 18.0% 8th	\$ 135,156,000 4.7% 10th	\$ 145,769,000 7.9% 9th	\$ 97,273,000 -33.3% 10th	\$ 139,188,000 43.1% 8th	\$ 146,053,000 4.9% 6th	\$ 117,898,000 -19.3% 8th
\$ 1,250,000 -8.2% 9th	\$ 1,275,000 2.0% 9th	\$ 1,601,000 25.6% 4th	\$ 1,605,000 0.2% 4th	\$ 1,202,000 -25.1% 7th	\$ 1,206,000 0.3% 7th	\$ 3,423,000 183.8% 6th
\$ 177,643,000 12.6% 4th	Refer to Homeland Security	Refer to Homeland Security	Refer to Homeland Security	Refer to Homeland Security	Refer to Homeland Security	Refer to Homeland Security
\$ 8,355,365,000 13.5% 5th	\$ 9,968,790,000 19.3% 5th	\$ 10,560,497,000 5.9% 5th	\$ 10,393,124,000 -1.6% 5th	\$ 9,689,187,000 -6.8% 5th	\$ 11,025,424,000 13.8% 5th	\$ 11,410,340,000 3.5% 5th
NA - -	\$ 168,027,000 - 4th	\$ 270,326,000 60.9% 4th	\$ 1,612,709,000 496.6% 1st	\$ 1,653,372,000 2.5% 2nd	\$ 617,800,000 -62.6% 2nd	\$ 872,199,000 41.2% 3rd
\$ 1,324,002,000 18.5% 9th	\$ 1,441,227,000 8.9% 9th	\$ 1,404,958,000 -2.5% 9th	\$ 1,036,959,000 -26.2% 9th	\$ 1,499,207,000 44.6% 9th	\$ 1,735,726,000 15.8% 10th	\$ 1,632,819,000 -5.9% 8th
\$ 9,586,000 25.2% 5th	\$ 11,535,000 20.3% 6th	\$ 11,944,000 3.5% 5th	NA - -	NA - -	NA - -	NA - -
\$ 28,356,000 30.5% 23rd	\$ 28,891,000 1.9% 25th	\$ 29,473,000 2.0% 26th	\$ 30,580,000 3.8% 24th	\$ 28,080,000 -8.2% 30th	\$ 32,347,000 15.2% 25th	\$ 33,354,000 3.1% 26th
\$ 278,818,000 1.9% 4th	\$ 238,375,000 -14.5% 3rd	\$ 252,978,000 6.1% 3rd	\$ 146,508,000 -42.1% 9th	\$ 195,626,000 33.5% 7th	\$ 212,836,000 8.8% 3rd	\$ 196,219,000 -7.8% 2nd

**Table 3-16  
Total Federal Grant Expenditures to Florida's State and Local Governments by Federal Agency  
Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal Department / Agency	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
<b>Labor</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 288,756,000	\$ 216,366,000	\$ 259,853,000	\$ 265,255,000	\$ 182,334,000	\$ 260,008,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	-25.1%	20.1%	2.1%	-31.3%	42.6%
FL's Ranking Among the States	6th	6th	6th	6th	7th	7th
<b>National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 897,000	\$ 779,000	\$ 549,000	\$ 773,000	\$ 524,000	\$ 784,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	-13.2%	-29.5%	40.8%	-32.2%	49.6%
FL's Ranking Among the States	12th	7th	17th	4th	33rd	7th
<b>Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 624,000	\$ 808,000	\$ 1,029,000	\$ 1,982,000	\$ 1,596,000	\$ 1,793,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	29.5%	27.4%	92.6%	-19.5%	12.3%
FL's Ranking Among the States	6th	11th	9th	9th	8th	9th
<b>Social Security Administration: Supplemental Security Income</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 915,000	\$ 1,914,000	\$ 2,840,000	\$ 3,014,000	\$ 2,191,000	\$ 1,704,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	109.2%	48.4%	6.1%	-27.3%	-22.2%
FL's Ranking Among the States	10th	9th	5th	2nd	6th	7th
<b>State Justice Institute</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 134,000	\$ 86,000	\$ 74,000	\$ 38,000	\$ 85,000	\$ 36,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	-35.8%	-14.0%	-48.6%	123.7%	-57.6%
FL's Ranking Among the States	13th	11th	16th	27th	14th	19th
<b>Transportation</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 835,953,000	\$ 980,515,000	\$ 933,196,000	\$ 1,085,345,000	\$ 1,415,456,000	\$ 1,837,463,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	17.3%	-4.8%	16.3%	30.4%	29.8%
FL's Ranking Among the States	9th	8th	8th	5th	4th	5th
<b>Treasury</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 6,361,000	\$ 10,419,000	\$ 20,796,000	\$ 42,454,000	\$ 10,658,000	\$ 11,052,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	63.8%	99.6%	104.1%	-74.9%	3.7%
FL's Ranking Among the States	2nd	1st	2nd	1st	4th	2nd
<b>Veterans Affairs</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,711,000	\$ 9,202,000	\$ 9,908,000	\$ 12,291,000	\$ 13,824,000	\$ 5,687,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	437.8%	7.7%	24.1%	12.5%	-58.9%
FL's Ranking Among the States	39th	10th	11th	11th	10th	27th
<b>All Federal Depts. / Agencies</b>						
Total Expenditures	\$ 8,442,417,000	\$ 8,504,474,000	\$ 9,753,762,000	\$ 10,810,960,000	\$ 11,675,656,000	\$ 13,304,398,000
% Change From Prior Year	-	0.7%	14.7%	10.8%	8.0%	13.9%
FL's Ranking Among the States	7th	6th	6th	5th	5th	5th

Note: Florida's rankings among the states in total grant expenditures were calculated by the LCIR staff.

Data Sources:

U.S. Bureau of the Census. Federal Expenditures by State for Fiscal Year 1996-1997 and Federal Aid to States for Fiscal Year 1998-2008 (annual reports).



<b>Table 3-16</b> <b>Total Federal Grant Expenditures to Florida's State and Local Governments by Federal Agency</b> <b>Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008</b>						
2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
\$ 285,281,000 9.7% 7th	\$ 245,011,000 -14.1% 10th	\$ 282,798,000 15.4% 7th	\$ 325,503,000 15.1% 8th	\$ 304,746,000 -6.4% 10th	\$ 256,406,000 -15.9% 9th	\$ 258,976,000 1.0% 9th
\$ 1,098,000 40.1% 3rd	\$ 710,000 -35.3% 20th	\$ 827,000 16.5% 8th	\$ 12,953,000 1466.3% 6th	\$ 11,009,000 -15.0% 6th	\$ 11,130,000 1.1% 6th	\$ 13,884,000 24.7% 4th
\$ 2,031,000 13.3% 9th	\$ 2,433,000 19.8% 6th	\$ 2,242,000 -7.9% 8th	\$ 2,104,000 -6.2% 8th	\$ 2,056,000 -2.3% 8th	\$ 2,390,000 16.2% 6th	\$ 3,481,000 45.6% 12th
\$ 2,172,000 27.5% 7th	\$ 1,253,000 -42.3% 9th	\$ 1,600,000 27.7% 5th	\$ 1,762,000 10.1% 2nd	\$ 2,282,000 29.5% 5th	\$ 2,212,000 -3.1% 3rd	\$ 2,220,000 0.4% 5th
\$ 31,000 -13.9% 24th	\$ 2,000 -93.5% 26th	\$ 2,000 0.0% 33rd	\$ 90,000 4400.0% 6th	\$ 7,000 -92.2% 21st	\$ 12,000 71.4% 25th	\$ 12,000 0.0% 28th
\$ 1,810,837,000 -1.4% 4th	\$ 2,030,052,000 12.1% 4th	\$ 1,981,531,000 -2.4% 4th	\$ 2,174,939,000 9.8% 4th	\$ 2,363,114,000 8.7% 4th	\$ 2,713,240,000 14.8% 3rd	\$ 2,768,353,000 2.0% 4th
\$ 15,927,000 44.1% 1st	\$ 278,106,000 1646.1% 4th	\$ 276,390,000 -0.6% 4th	\$ 6,132,000 -97.8% 5th	\$ 10,558,000 72.2% 2nd	\$ 6,063,000 -42.6% 4th	\$ 5,461,000 -9.9% 7th
\$ 20,024,000 252.1% 6th	\$ 8,958,000 -55.3% 27th	\$ 11,495,000 28.3% 23rd	\$ 14,424,000 25.5% 19th	\$ 13,959,000 -3.2% 16th	\$ 18,504,000 32.6% 12th	\$ 23,860,000 28.9% 7th
<b>\$ 15,044,391,000</b> <b>13.1%</b> <b>5th</b>	<b>\$ 17,256,091,000</b> <b>14.7%</b> <b>4th</b>	<b>\$ 18,174,467,000</b> <b>5.3%</b> <b>4th</b>	<b>\$ 19,045,720,000</b> <b>4.8%</b> <b>4th</b>	<b>\$ 19,114,782,000</b> <b>0.4%</b> <b>4th</b>	<b>\$ 20,033,318,000</b> <b>4.8%</b> <b>4th</b>	<b>\$ 20,658,623,000</b> <b>3.1%</b> <b>4th</b>

**Table 3-17**  
**Per Capita Federal Grant Expenditures to Florida's State and Local Governments by Federal Agency**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 through 2008**

Federal Department / Agency	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>Agriculture</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 50.54	\$ 54.14	\$ 55.63	\$ 57.57	\$ 51.80	\$ 52.67	\$ 58.67	\$ 57.16	\$ 58.43	\$ 59.16	\$ 59.80	\$ 61.23	\$ 69.15
FL's Ranking Among the States	35th	36th	36th	34th	38th	38th	36th	37th	40th	39th	42nd	42nd	40th
<b>Appalachian Regional Commission</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<\$ 0.01	<\$ 0.01	<\$ 0.01	NA
FL's Ranking Among the States	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19th	18th	17th	-
<b>Commerce</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 2.68	\$ 2.33	\$ 1.91	\$ 1.91	\$ 1.82	\$ 2.25	\$ 2.77	\$ 1.42	\$ 2.01	\$ 1.46	\$ 1.31	\$ 0.67	\$ 0.71
FL's Ranking Among the States	26th	34th	36th	32nd	36th	32nd	28th	45th	33rd	42nd	32nd	45th	44th
<b>Corporation for National and Community Service</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	NA	NA	NA	NA	\$ 1.00	\$ 0.68	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.41
FL's Ranking Among the States	-	-	-	-	40th	49th	28th	28th	32nd	30th	28th	33rd	37th
<b>Corporation for Public Broadcasting</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.73	\$ 0.68	\$ 0.65	\$ 0.74	\$ 0.83	\$ 0.88	\$ 0.75	\$ 0.77	\$ 0.75	\$ 0.59	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.52
FL's Ranking Among the States	44th	31st	33rd	34th	33rd	29th	30th	39th	38th	38th	27th	28th	27th
<b>Defense</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.51	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.02	<\$ 0.01	\$ 0.83	\$ 0.63	\$ 1.08	\$ 0.57
FL's Ranking Among the States	44th	23rd	33rd	45th	39th	16th	35th	40th	47th	27th	34th	24th	30th
<b>Education</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 46.57	\$ 50.56	\$ 72.01	\$ 67.57	\$ 72.22	\$ 73.13	\$ 92.94	\$ 96.73	\$ 104.37	\$ 111.73	\$ 113.96	\$ 113.42	\$ 108.96
FL's Ranking Among the States	40th	48th	35th	45th	49th	41st	45th	32nd	34th	31st	35th	31st	37th
<b>Election Assistance Commission</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	\$ 1.53	\$ 2.73	\$ 4.79	NA	NA	NA
FL's Ranking Among the States	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37th	39th	17th	-	-	-
<b>Energy</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.64	\$ 0.71	\$ 0.65	\$ 0.63	\$ 0.83	\$ 0.60
FL's Ranking Among the States	50th	17th	32nd	48th	49th	49th	48th	49th	50th	47th	49th	48th	50th
<b>Environmental Protection Agency</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 5.39	\$ 5.30	\$ 4.81	\$ 6.30	\$ 5.52	\$ 6.67	\$ 7.72	\$ 7.94	\$ 8.38	\$ 5.47	\$ 7.71	\$ 8.00	\$ 6.43
FL's Ranking Among the States	49th	50th	49th	48th	50th	49th	47th	46th	48th	48th	47th	48th	50th
<b>Equal Employment Opportunity Commission</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.19
FL's Ranking Among the States	33rd	36th	35th	41st	28th	34th	35th	37th	31st	32nd	37th	38th	37th
<b>Federal Emergency Management Agency</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 9.57	\$ 6.82	\$ 8.88	\$ 11.18	\$ 13.19	\$ 9.62	\$ 10.63	Refer to Homeland Security	Refer to Homeland Security	Refer to Homeland Security	Refer to Homeland Security	Refer to Homeland Security	Refer to Homeland Security
FL's Ranking Among the States	11th	26th	14th	9th	5th	14th	10th						
<b>Health and Human Services</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 330.93	\$ 309.08	\$ 348.47	\$ 385.49	\$ 398.60	\$ 449.06	\$ 499.93	\$ 585.74	\$ 607.43	\$ 584.93	\$ 536.57	\$ 604.09	\$ 622.55
FL's Ranking Among the States	45th	47th	46th	46th	46th	46th	46th	42nd	45th	46th	46th	46th	46th
<b>Homeland Security</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	\$ 9.87	\$ 15.55	\$ 90.76	\$ 91.56	\$ 33.85	\$ 47.59
FL's Ranking Among the States	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12th	38th	2nd	5th	7th	18th
<b>Housing and Urban Development</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 52.01	\$ 55.22	\$ 65.25	\$ 69.79	\$ 69.89	\$ 68.13	\$ 79.22	\$ 84.68	\$ 80.81	\$ 58.36	\$ 83.02	\$ 95.10	\$ 89.09
FL's Ranking Among the States	50th	43rd	43rd	44th	45th	47th	45th	43rd	46th	42nd	44th	36th	30th
<b>Institute of Museum and Library Services</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.47	\$ 0.47	\$ 0.57	\$ 0.68	\$ 0.69	NA	NA	NA	NA
FL's Ranking Among the States	36th	38th	34th	50th	49th	48th	44th	39th	41st	-	-	-	-

**Table 3-17**  
**Per Capita Federal Grant Expenditures to Florida's State and Local Governments by Federal Agency**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 through 2008**

Federal Department / Agency	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>Interior</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 0.99	\$ 1.69	\$ 1.30	\$ 1.26	\$ 1.28	\$ 1.33	\$ 1.70	\$ 1.70	\$ 1.70	\$ 1.72	\$ 1.56	\$ 1.77	\$ 1.82
FL's Ranking Among the States	47th	46th	46th	48th	47th	48th	46th	47th	47th	48th	49th	47th	48th
<b>Justice</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 8.19	\$ 10.31	\$ 11.40	\$ 19.64	\$ 12.01	\$ 16.69	\$ 16.68	\$ 14.01	\$ 14.55	\$ 8.25	\$ 10.83	\$ 11.66	\$ 10.71
FL's Ranking Among the States	12th	12th	17th	15th	27th	13th	18th	26th	31st	25th	29th	27th	14th
<b>Labor</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 20.05	\$ 14.77	\$ 17.42	\$ 17.55	\$ 11.41	\$ 15.86	\$ 17.07	\$ 14.40	\$ 16.27	\$ 18.32	\$ 16.88	\$ 14.05	\$ 14.13
FL's Ranking Among the States	40th	42nd	48th	50th	50th	50th	50th	49th	50th	50th	50th	48th	50th
<b>National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.73	\$ 0.61	\$ 0.61	\$ 0.76
FL's Ranking Among the States	45th	43rd	48th	44th	49th	47th	41st	46th	49th	48th	47th	50th	44th
<b>Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.19
FL's Ranking Among the States	25th	36th	31st	33rd	29th	33rd	37th	31st	37th	39th	43rd	40th	43rd
<b>Social Security Administration: Supplemental Security Income</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.12
FL's Ranking Among the States	39th	25th	17th	15th	22nd	23rd	26th	28th	23rd	19th	20th	17th	30th
<b>State Justice Institute</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	<\$ 0.01	<\$ 0.01	<\$ 0.01	<\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	<\$ 0.01	<\$ 0.01	<\$ 0.01
FL's Ranking Among the States	26th	25th	32nd	40th	29th	31st	35th	35th	36th	18th	37th	33rd	34th
<b>Transportation</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 58.05	\$ 66.91	\$ 62.56	\$ 71.82	\$ 88.56	\$ 112.06	\$ 108.35	\$ 119.28	\$ 113.98	\$ 122.41	\$ 130.87	\$ 148.66	\$ 151.04
FL's Ranking Among the States	49th	50th	50th	50th	48th	40th	43rd	35th	43rd	39th	40th	35th	37th
<b>Treasury</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.71	\$ 1.39	\$ 2.81	\$ 0.67	\$ 0.67	\$ 0.95	\$ 16.34	\$ 15.90	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.30
FL's Ranking Among the States	2nd	1st	2nd	1st	5th	3rd	3rd	44th	46th	10th	1st	7th	12th
<b>Veterans Affairs</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.63	\$ 0.66	\$ 0.81	\$ 0.86	\$ 0.35	\$ 1.20	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.66	\$ 0.81	\$ 0.77	\$ 1.01	\$ 1.30
FL's Ranking Among the States	45th	36th	36th	35th	33rd	46th	34th	46th	48th	49th	39th	43rd	41st
<b>All Federal Depts. / Agencies</b>													
Per Capita Expenditures	\$ 586.22	\$ 580.35	\$ 653.91	\$ 715.42	\$ 730.53	\$ 811.42	\$ 900.15	\$ 1,013.93	\$ 1,045.38	\$ 1,071.90	\$ 1,058.55	\$ 1,097.64	\$ 1,127.14
FL's Ranking Among the States	48th	49th	48th	48th	48th	47th	47th	45th	47th	43rd	47th	45th	46th

Note: Calculations of Florida's per capita expenditures and rankings among the states were prepared by the LCIR staff.

Data Sources:

U.S. Bureau of the Census. Federal Expenditures by State for Fiscal Year 1996-1997 and Federal Aid to States for Fiscal Year 1998-2008 (annual reports).

**Table 3-18**  
**States' Percentage Share of Federal Grant Expenditures by Agency**  
**Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

State	Population	All Grants	Agriculture	ARC	Commerce	CNCS	CPB	Defense	Education	Energy	EPA	EEOC	HHS
Alabama	1.5%	1.6%	1.8%	13.2%	2.2%	1.1%	2.4%	3.0%	1.7%	0.9%	1.8%	-	1.4%
Alaska	0.2%	0.6%	0.5%	-	10.5%	0.8%	0.9%	< 0.1%	0.4%	0.8%	2.4%	0.3%	0.4%
Arizona	2.1%	2.2%	2.2%	-	0.9%	1.8%	2.9%	0.7%	2.6%	0.7%	1.7%	2.0%	2.5%
Arkansas	0.9%	1.1%	1.3%	-	0.8%	1.7%	1.2%	0.2%	1.1%	0.5%	0.9%	-	1.1%
California	12.1%	12.0%	13.4%	-	7.2%	16.6%	4.7%	4.2%	14.1%	4.1%	8.2%	9.4%	12.4%
Colorado	1.6%	1.2%	1.1%	< 0.1%	2.3%	1.3%	0.4%	0.3%	1.6%	1.8%	1.3%	1.2%	1.0%
Connecticut	1.2%	1.2%	0.8%	-	0.7%	1.1%	0.1%	< 0.1%	1.0%	0.8%	1.1%	3.5%	1.2%
Delaware	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	-	0.4%	0.9%	-	< 0.1%	0.4%	0.8%	1.1%	1.6%	0.3%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>6.0%</b>	<b>4.6%</b>	<b>5.0%</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2.5%</b>	<b>4.1%</b>	<b>6.3%</b>	<b>1.7%</b>	<b>5.7%</b>	<b>1.8%</b>	<b>3.0%</b>	<b>4.6%</b>	<b>4.3%</b>
Georgia	3.2%	2.4%	3.8%	4.0%	2.3%	0.2%	3.8%	0.4%	0.3%	1.5%	2.0%	0.4%	2.5%
Hawaii	0.4%	0.5%	0.5%	-	1.1%	0.5%	-	0.1%	0.6%	0.5%	0.9%	0.5%	0.4%
Idaho	0.5%	0.6%	0.6%	-	0.6%	1.0%	1.0%	< 0.1%	0.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.3%	0.4%
Illinois	4.3%	3.6%	3.6%	0.1%	2.1%	1.1%	3.7%	0.5%	4.8%	3.5%	2.7%	5.2%	3.5%
Indiana	2.1%	1.8%	1.8%	-	1.2%	0.4%	2.4%	2.8%	1.8%	2.1%	1.3%	2.4%	1.9%
Iowa	1.0%	0.9%	1.0%	-	0.8%	1.2%	2.4%	1.1%	1.0%	1.1%	1.5%	3.4%	0.9%
Kansas	0.9%	0.8%	0.9%	-	0.3%	1.1%	1.1%	0.6%	0.3%	0.7%	0.8%	1.5%	0.7%
Kentucky	1.4%	1.5%	1.7%	11.5%	0.8%	2.1%	1.1%	1.0%	1.8%	1.1%	1.5%	0.9%	1.6%
Louisiana	1.5%	2.8%	2.1%	-	3.6%	3.8%	0.6%	38.5%	0.1%	0.6%	1.4%	0.2%	2.0%
Maine	0.4%	0.6%	0.4%	-	1.3%	1.5%	0.1%	-	0.5%	0.5%	1.0%	0.5%	0.7%
Maryland	1.9%	1.7%	1.4%	2.5%	1.2%	3.7%	2.3%	1.0%	1.9%	0.8%	2.3%	1.9%	1.6%
Massachusetts	2.1%	2.5%	1.5%	< 0.1%	4.1%	5.4%	0.4%	0.6%	2.2%	1.9%	2.5%	1.9%	2.7%
Michigan	3.3%	3.0%	3.0%	-	1.5%	3.6%	6.3%	0.8%	3.4%	3.8%	3.9%	2.9%	3.1%
Minnesota	1.7%	1.7%	1.7%	0.1%	1.3%	< 0.1%	1.3%	2.9%	1.5%	1.9%	1.4%	0.8%	1.7%
Mississippi	1.0%	1.7%	1.6%	6.5%	3.1%	4.2%	2.3%	5.2%	1.4%	1.1%	1.2%	-	1.4%
Missouri	1.9%	1.8%	1.8%	-	2.0%	1.7%	4.4%	0.8%	0.3%	1.4%	2.0%	3.4%	2.1%
Montana	0.3%	0.5%	0.5%	-	0.3%	1.8%	1.2%	< 0.1%	0.6%	1.3%	1.3%	1.1%	0.3%
Nebraska	0.6%	0.5%	0.7%	-	0.1%	1.0%	2.0%	1.7%	0.7%	0.5%	0.7%	2.2%	0.5%
Nevada	0.9%	0.5%	0.6%	-	0.9%	0.8%	0.9%	< 0.1%	0.7%	10.4%	0.9%	1.9%	0.4%
New Hampshire	0.4%	0.4%	0.2%	-	0.7%	1.0%	1.2%	0.3%	0.5%	0.4%	0.9%	0.4%	0.3%
New Jersey	2.9%	2.6%	2.0%	-	2.0%	1.7%	2.2%	1.0%	2.7%	1.5%	3.1%	1.6%	2.4%
New Mexico	0.7%	1.2%	1.0%	-	0.9%	1.1%	2.4%	0.2%	1.3%	2.9%	1.5%	1.3%	1.2%
New York	6.4%	9.9%	6.7%	4.3%	2.6%	10.0%	3.2%	5.6%	9.2%	12.7%	6.0%	8.0%	11.1%
North Carolina	3.0%	2.9%	3.2%	9.3%	2.2%	0.3%	3.7%	1.0%	3.1%	1.5%	2.3%	< 0.1%	3.1%
North Dakota	0.2%	0.3%	0.3%	-	0.9%	0.5%	-	1.9%	0.4%	2.4%	0.9%	0.7%	0.2%
Ohio	3.8%	3.4%	3.3%	6.0%	3.5%	3.7%	3.3%	1.5%	0.3%	4.0%	3.3%	4.7%	3.9%
Oklahoma	1.2%	1.3%	1.7%	-	0.7%	0.2%	2.0%	0.3%	1.7%	0.7%	1.5%	2.1%	1.3%
Oregon	1.2%	1.2%	1.6%	-	3.4%	-	1.2%	1.5%	1.4%	1.1%	1.4%	2.0%	1.1%
Pennsylvania	4.1%	4.2%	3.3%	12.7%	2.2%	4.7%	3.5%	5.2%	3.7%	3.8%	4.1%	3.4%	4.4%
Rhode Island	0.3%	0.5%	0.3%	-	1.3%	0.3%	-	2.6%	0.1%	0.2%	0.7%	0.7%	0.5%
South Carolina	1.5%	1.3%	1.6%	6.6%	4.2%	0.7%	1.9%	0.9%	1.7%	3.5%	1.0%	1.2%	1.4%
South Dakota	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%	-	0.6%	< 0.1%	1.5%	0.1%	0.2%	0.4%	0.7%	0.5%	0.3%
Tennessee	2.0%	2.0%	2.1%	10.7%	0.8%	1.9%	0.9%	3.8%	2.1%	1.9%	1.3%	1.0%	2.2%
Texas	8.0%	6.8%	9.7%	-	3.6%	0.2%	4.2%	0.7%	9.7%	3.9%	8.9%	3.5%	6.6%
Utah	0.9%	0.7%	0.8%	-	0.2%	1.4%	3.0%	2.1%	0.9%	1.1%	1.0%	1.3%	0.6%
Vermont	0.2%	0.3%	0.3%	< 0.1%	0.3%	0.8%	-	0.8%	0.3%	0.3%	0.6%	0.3%	0.3%
Virginia	2.6%	1.7%	1.6%	4.0%	2.1%	2.4%	1.0%	1.9%	2.5%	1.6%	1.9%	0.8%	1.5%
Washington	2.2%	1.9%	2.0%	-	8.1%	0.3%	2.7%	< 0.1%	1.8%	4.2%	2.7%	2.7%	1.8%
West Virginia	0.6%	0.8%	0.7%	8.5%	1.1%	0.1%	3.9%	0.3%	0.8%	1.2%	1.2%	0.9%	0.8%
Wisconsin	1.9%	1.6%	1.5%	-	2.1%	4.1%	1.2%	0.1%	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%	7.6%	1.6%
Wyoming	0.2%	0.5%	0.2%	-	0.3%	0.4%	0.8%	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%	0.7%	0.4%	0.2%

Note: The abbreviations used above stand for the following agencies: ARC - Appalachian Regional Commission; CNCS - Corporation for National and Community Service; CPB - Corporation for Public Broadcasting; EPA - Environmental Protection Agency; EEOC - Equal Employment Opportunity Commission; HHS - Department of Health and Human Services; DHS - Department of Homeland Security; HUD - Department of Housing and Urban Development; NFAH - National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities; NRC - Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation; SSA - Social Security Administration; SJJ - State Justice Institute; TVA - Tennessee Valley Authority; DOT - Department of Transportation; VA - Department of Veterans Affairs.

Data Sources:

1) Federal Funding: U.S. Census Bureau, "Federal Aid to States for Fiscal Year 2008." U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009)  
<http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cfr.html>

2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. <http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html>

**Table 3-18**  
**States' Percentage Share of Federal Grant Expenditures by Agency**  
**Federal Fiscal Year 2008**

State	DHS	HUD	Interior	Justice	Labor	NFAH	NRC	SSA	SJI	TVA	DOT	Treasury	VA
Alabama	1.3%	1.2%	0.8%	1.6%	1.3%	1.3%	0.3%	1.5%	0.4%	24.6%	2.4%	< 0.1%	1.9%
Alaska	0.5%	0.3%	3.8%	0.7%	0.7%	1.0%	0.3%	0.2%	0.6%	-	1.5%	< 0.1%	< 0.1%
Arizona	1.2%	1.1%	2.2%	2.2%	1.5%	2.3%	1.2%	1.8%	6.3%	-	1.8%	3.1%	1.3%
Arkansas	1.0%	0.6%	0.7%	0.7%	1.2%	0.8%	0.3%	0.8%	-	-	1.0%	0.1%	0.8%
California	9.3%	11.3%	5.5%	15.6%	12.7%	9.6%	13.4%	17.3%	0.2%	-	9.7%	11.8%	6.6%
Colorado	1.0%	1.1%	4.8%	3.4%	1.3%	1.9%	1.6%	1.2%	2.5%	-	1.6%	< 0.1%	1.8%
Connecticut	0.7%	1.8%	0.2%	0.8%	1.4%	1.4%	0.5%	1.1%	-	-	1.1%	0.5%	1.4%
Delaware	0.4%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.3%	0.6%	0.4%	0.2%	-	-	0.3%	0.1%	0.3%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>7.6%</b>	<b>4.2%</b>	<b>0.7%</b>	<b>7.5%</b>	<b>3.1%</b>	<b>4.9%</b>	<b>1.7%</b>	<b>5.3%</b>	<b>0.5%</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>5.6%</b>	<b>5.6%</b>	<b>3.7%</b>
Georgia	1.8%	2.5%	0.6%	2.9%	2.2%	2.3%	1.0%	3.1%	3.4%	1.5%	3.0%	2.9%	2.0%
Hawaii	0.7%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%	1.0%	0.2%	< 0.1%	0.2%	-	0.7%	0.1%	0.1%
Idaho	0.5%	0.2%	0.8%	0.3%	0.5%	0.8%	0.3%	0.2%	0.6%	-	1.9%	0.1%	0.9%
Illinois	2.7%	4.8%	0.7%	3.7%	4.8%	4.3%	1.7%	1.7%	0.2%	0.1%	2.8%	5.2%	3.9%
Indiana	1.1%	1.2%	0.4%	1.3%	2.2%	2.1%	0.6%	0.3%	1.0%	-	2.3%	0.6%	0.9%
Iowa	1.2%	0.6%	0.4%	0.6%	1.0%	1.5%	1.1%	1.1%	-	-	1.0%	< 0.1%	1.8%
Kansas	3.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.6%	0.8%	1.2%	0.3%	0.9%	1.5%	-	1.1%	0.2%	0.8%
Kentucky	1.0%	1.1%	1.1%	1.4%	1.5%	1.3%	1.0%	3.0%	-	9.4%	1.4%	0.8%	2.2%
Louisiana	12.9%	9.3%	1.6%	1.9%	1.5%	1.5%	0.8%	1.3%	0.1%	-	1.6%	0.6%	2.5%
Maine	0.6%	0.6%	0.4%	0.3%	0.5%	0.8%	0.1%	0.6%	-	-	0.5%	0.1%	2.0%
Maryland	1.5%	2.3%	0.2%	3.4%	2.5%	2.2%	9.6%	2.9%	10.6%	-	1.3%	6.1%	1.9%
Massachusetts	1.3%	4.3%	0.2%	2.1%	2.1%	3.0%	13.4%	3.0%	0.1%	-	1.4%	1.4%	3.4%
Michigan	1.7%	2.4%	1.0%	2.4%	5.6%	3.3%	3.7%	2.7%	0.4%	-	2.9%	1.5%	3.7%
Minnesota	1.1%	1.4%	1.3%	2.8%	1.6%	1.8%	11.3%	2.5%	11.9%	-	1.9%	< 0.1%	2.5%
Mississippi	3.9%	2.8%	0.7%	1.4%	1.4%	1.0%	0.4%	0.9%	0.2%	5.8%	1.9%	0.3%	2.3%
Missouri	2.0%	1.3%	0.6%	2.2%	1.9%	1.7%	1.1%	1.0%	0.9%	-	2.0%	0.2%	5.2%
Montana	0.5%	0.2%	2.5%	0.3%	0.4%	0.6%	0.5%	0.6%	0.9%	-	1.1%	0.1%	1.0%
Nebraska	1.1%	0.4%	0.5%	0.6%	0.4%	0.8%	0.3%	0.2%	0.4%	-	0.6%	< 0.1%	2.2%
Nevada	0.7%	0.4%	1.4%	1.3%	0.6%	1.0%	0.2%	0.4%	3.1%	-	0.9%	1.2%	0.9%
New Hampshire	0.7%	0.4%	0.2%	0.6%	0.4%	0.8%	0.9%	0.5%	0.7%	-	0.4%	0.1%	0.9%
New Jersey	1.9%	3.6%	0.3%	2.5%	2.8%	1.7%	1.0%	1.9%	-	-	3.1%	2.6%	3.0%
New Mexico	1.3%	0.5%	14.3%	0.9%	0.7%	1.0%	0.6%	1.0%	3.4%	-	0.7%	0.2%	0.5%
New York	6.8%	11.7%	0.6%	7.3%	6.0%	7.2%	5.4%	6.0%	12.2%	-	7.2%	10.4%	4.0%
North Carolina	1.4%	2.1%	0.5%	2.0%	3.4%	3.2%	2.2%	1.9%	1.7%	0.6%	2.5%	7.3%	1.1%
North Dakota	0.5%	0.2%	1.6%	0.3%	0.3%	0.5%	0.3%	0.4%	-	-	0.5%	0.4%	0.3%
Ohio	2.0%	3.5%	0.7%	2.4%	4.2%	2.9%	4.6%	6.8%	2.4%	-	3.1%	2.4%	3.0%
Oklahoma	2.1%	0.8%	1.5%	0.7%	0.9%	1.2%	0.3%	1.4%	< 0.1%	-	1.5%	0.1%	5.4%
Oregon	1.1%	0.8%	3.4%	1.4%	1.8%	1.2%	0.9%	1.3%	1.1%	-	1.6%	0.9%	0.8%
Pennsylvania	2.3%	4.3%	1.3%	2.6%	4.1%	3.7%	6.1%	4.5%	0.9%	-	4.4%	2.3%	5.2%
Rhode Island	0.5%	0.6%	0.1%	0.4%	0.4%	0.6%	0.7%	0.1%	-	-	0.4%	0.1%	1.0%
South Carolina	0.9%	1.0%	0.2%	1.3%	2.0%	1.3%	0.4%	1.1%	-	-	0.9%	0.9%	2.3%
South Dakota	0.5%	0.3%	1.3%	0.4%	0.3%	0.7%	0.3%	0.2%	2.1%	-	0.6%	< 0.1%	0.4%
Tennessee	1.1%	1.3%	0.5%	1.6%	2.0%	1.9%	1.8%	0.5%	0.6%	58.0%	1.7%	1.4%	1.8%
Texas	7.2%	4.8%	1.7%	6.4%	6.2%	7.1%	2.4%	8.5%	4.2%	-	6.9%	13.3%	3.7%
Utah	0.6%	0.4%	4.5%	0.7%	0.7%	1.1%	0.2%	1.5%	< 0.1%	-	1.0%	< 0.1%	0.6%
Vermont	0.4%	0.3%	0.2%	0.3%	0.3%	1.0%	1.0%	0.3%	1.2%	-	0.4%	0.2%	0.9%
Virginia	1.6%	2.0%	0.8%	1.6%	2.8%	2.4%	1.3%	2.3%	19.8%	< 0.1%	2.3%	11.2%	0.9%
Washington	2.0%	1.6%	2.3%	1.4%	2.7%	2.0%	0.7%	2.1%	2.3%	-	2.5%	2.5%	2.6%
West Virginia	0.6%	0.5%	1.0%	0.8%	0.6%	0.7%	0.2%	0.9%	1.1%	-	1.0%	0.1%	0.2%
Wisconsin	1.1%	1.1%	0.8%	1.5%	1.9%	1.4%	0.8%	0.9%	0.6%	-	1.5%	1.0%	3.2%
Wyoming	0.4%	0.1%	28.1%	0.2%	0.3%	0.4%	0.3%	0.1%	-	-	0.5%	< 0.1%	0.3%

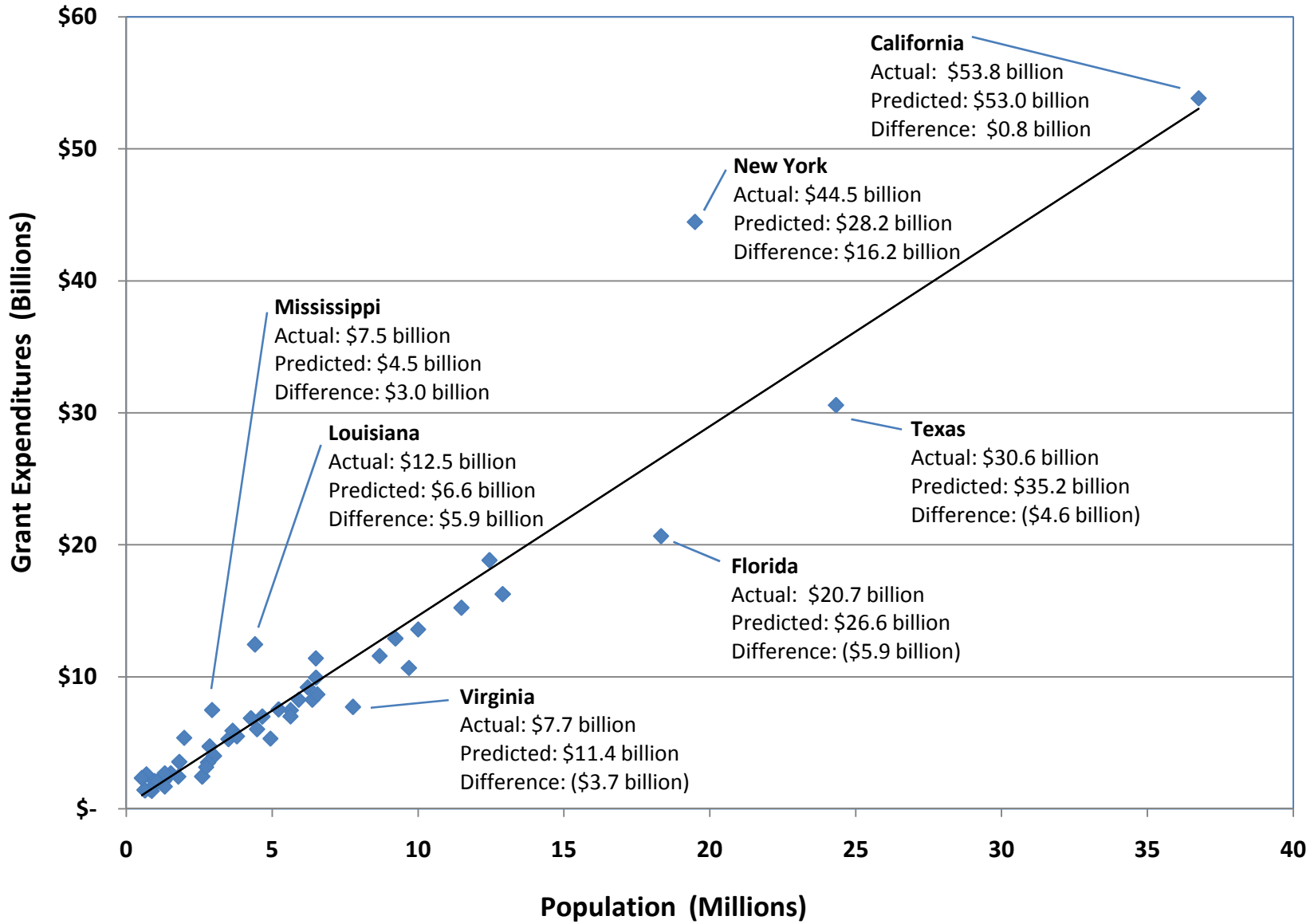
Note: The abbreviations used above stand for the following agencies: ARC - Appalachian Regional Commission; CNCS - Corporation for National and Community Service; CPB - Corporation for Public Broadcasting; EPA - Environmental Protection Agency; EEOC - Equal Employment Opportunity Commission; HHS - Department of Health and Human Services; DHS - Department of Homeland Security; HUD - Department of Housing and Urban Development; NFAH - National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities; NRC - Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation; SSA - Social Security Administration; SJI - State Justice Institute; TVA - Tennessee Valley Authority; DOT - Department of Transportation; VA - Department of Veterans Affairs.

Data Sources:

1) Federal Funding: U.S. Census Bureau, "Federal Aid to States for Fiscal Year 2008." U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 2009 (Issued July 2009)  
<http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/cfr.html>

2) Population Estimates: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, and States, and for Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2008 (NST-EST2008-01) Release Date: December 22, 2008. <http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-EST-ann-est.html>

**Graph 3-1**  
**States' FY 2008 Grants Expenditures Relative to Trend Line**



## **Part Four:**

### **Florida's Per Capita Federal Grant Expenditures by Agency as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditures**

#### **A. Introduction**

The purpose of this part is to illustrate how Florida's per capita federal grant expenditures by agency compare to the national per capita expenditures as well as those of the other states. This part analyzes changes in states' per capita expenditures, relative to national per capita expenditures, during fiscal years 1996 through 2008.

#### **B. Data Sources**

The figures reported in this part were calculated by the LCIR staff from data published in the U.S. Census Bureau publications: *Federal Expenditures to States* (FES) for fiscal years 1996 through 1997 and its successor *Federal Aid to States* (FAS) for fiscal years 1998 through 2008.

#### **C. States' Per Capita Federal Grant Expenditures by Agency**

In analyzing the federal grants data, the LCIR staff calculated per capita expenditures for each state, as well as the per capita expenditures of the fifty states collectively, by federal agency for each of the fiscal years 1996 through 2008. The per capita expenditures of the fifty states is hereafter referred to as the national per capita expenditures.

Each state's per capita expenditures, as a percentage of the national per capita expenditures, are calculated. The per capita expenditures of individual states are either less than, equal to, or greater than the national per capita expenditures. If a state's percentage value in a given year is less than 100 percent, then that state had a per capita expenditure less than the national per capita expenditure. If a state's percentage value is greater than 100 percent, then that state's per capita expenditure exceeded the national per capita expenditure.

Utilizing the data published in the relevant FES and FAS reports, the following tables summarize states' per capita federal grant expenditures as a percentage of national per capita expenditures.

**Table 4-1:** Florida Summary (page 65)

**Table 4-2:** U.S. Department of Agriculture (pages 66-67)

**Table 4-3:** U.S. Department of Commerce (pages 68-69)

**Table 4-4:** Corporation for National and Community Service (pages 70-71)

**Table 4-5:** Corporation for Public Broadcasting (pages 72-73)

**Table 4-6:** U.S. Department of Defense (pages 74-75)

**Table 4-7:** U.S. Department of Education (pages 76-77)

**Table 4-8:** U.S. Department of Energy (pages 78-79)

- Table 4-9:** U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (pages 80-81)
- Table 4-10:** Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (pages 82-83)
- Table 4-11:** Federal Emergency Management Agency (pages 84-85)
- Table 4-12:** U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (pages 86-87)
- Table 4-13:** U.S. Department of Homeland Security (pages 88-89)
- Table 4-14:** U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (pages 90-91)
- Table 4-15:** U.S. Department of Interior (pages 92-93)
- Table 4-16:** U.S. Department of Justice (pages 94-95)
- Table 4-17:** U.S. Department of Labor (pages 96-97)
- Table 4-18:** National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities (pages 98-99)
- Table 4-19:** Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (pages 100-101)
- Table 4-20:** Social Security Administration—Supplemental Security Income (pages 102-103)
- Table 4-21:** State Justice Institute (pages 104-105)
- Table 4-22:** U.S. Department of Transportation (pages 106-107)
- Table 4-23:** U.S. Department of the Treasury (pages 108-109)
- Table 4-24:** U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (pages 110-111)

#### **D. Conclusion**

Part Three of this report discussed several shortcomings in using a per capita measure to evaluate federal grant expenditures to states, and those shortcomings apply here as well. The inherent assumption when comparing states' per capita expenditures is that federal grants are distributed solely on the basis of total population, which is not the case for all individual grant programs. Since grant funding formulas may incorporate variables other than states' total populations, the use of a per capita measure for comparative purposes may not always be appropriate.

However, in spite of these caveats, these analyses may provide some rough measure of how well Florida fares, relative to all other states, in the receipt of grant funding by agency after controlling for population differences among the states. The analyses demonstrate that Florida's per capita expenditures have been below the national per capita expenditures for the majority of federal agencies, in particular those agencies that provide the majority of grant funding to states. During 2008, the state's per capita expenditures were above the national per capita expenditures for only three of the 22 federal agencies (i.e., Corporation for Public Broadcasting, Homeland Security, and Justice) that provided grant funding to Florida, and the combined grant funding provided by those three agencies accounted for only 5.2 percent of total grant funding provided to the state by all 22 agencies. Given the large number of federal grant programs (i.e., 1,536 currently), additional research into these programs would need to be conducted to assess the extent to which Florida's receipt of funding from individual grant programs could be increased in the future.



**Table 4-1**  
**Florida's Per Capita Federal Grant Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditures by Agency**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal Agency	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>All Grants</b>	<b>71%</b>	<b>70%</b>	<b>72%</b>	<b>73%</b>	<b>72%</b>	<b>74%</b>	<b>74%</b>	<b>78%</b>	<b>77%</b>	<b>81%</b>	<b>78%</b>	<b>77%</b>	<b>76%</b>
Agriculture	88%	86%	87%	92%	81%	83%	86%	83%	82%	80%	79%	79%	82%
Appalachian Regional Commission	No expenditures prior to 2007											< 1%	0%
Commerce	94%	68%	71%	70%	62%	74%	84%	45%	66%	50%	66%	34%	42%
Corporation for National and Community Service	No expenditures prior to 2003							34%	26%	21%	70%	77%	67%
Corporation for Public Broadcasting	38%	78%	73%	73%	72%	78%	73%	61%	56%	56%	116%	104%	104%
Defense	15%	73%	36%	2%	3%	91%	14%	3%	0%	79%	47%	72%	29%
Education	83%	78%	94%	83%	79%	84%	84%	98%	100%	100%	97%	100%	95%
Election Assistance Commission	No expenditures prior to 2003							70%	61%	154%	No expenditures		
Energy	17%	109%	65%	26%	17%	20%	16%	30%	26%	34%	28%	36%	30%
Environmental Protection Agency	46%	48%	45%	55%	44%	49%	61%	58%	59%	49%	56%	58%	50%
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission	76%	73%	71%	55%	78%	79%	71%	71%	93%	91%	72%	60%	77%
Federal Emergency Management Agency	182%	37%	162%	163%	187%	112%	96%	Refer to Homeland Security					
Health and Human Services	69%	70%	69%	71%	71%	71%	71%	78%	77%	73%	71%	73%	71%
Homeland Security	Refer to Federal Emergency Management Agency							65%	87%	344%	289%	191%	127%
Housing and Urban Development	63%	67%	68%	65%	63%	61%	64%	65%	61%	63%	62%	61%	69%
Institute for Museum and Library Services	55%	26%	102%	83%	84%	91%	79%	86%	84%	No expenditures after 2004			
Interior	16%	17%	15%	14%	13%	12%	16%	15%	14%	13%	10%	13%	12%
Justice	113%	107%	99%	112%	98%	127%	106%	100%	97%	63%	57%	100%	124%
Labor	83%	76%	72%	68%	64%	62%	62%	56%	58%	67%	56%	52%	51%
National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities	47%	53%	38%	49%	30%	44%	60%	36%	40%	73%	71%	67%	82%
Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation	61%	46%	52%	56%	59%	52%	49%	60%	50%	47%	44%	53%	28%
Social Security Administration - SSI	56%	85%	112%	106%	80%	75%	77%	70%	87%	111%	105%	110%	88%
State Justice Institute	65%	49%	21%	10%	26%	13%	12%	2%	2%	78%	6%	10%	9%
Transportation	66%	68%	63%	69%	80%	89%	84%	91%	85%	88%	86%	96%	92%
Treasury	327%	848%	398%	518%	174%	230%	394%	96%	94%	136%	264%	147%	93%
Veterans Affairs	11%	59%	53%	52%	68%	21%	71%	24%	30%	34%	40%	54%	62%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-2**  
**U.S. Department of Agriculture Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 57.41</b>	<b>\$ 62.80</b>	<b>\$ 63.88</b>	<b>\$ 62.42</b>	<b>\$ 64.02</b>	<b>\$ 63.87</b>	<b>\$ 68.14</b>	<b>\$ 69.28</b>	<b>\$ 71.22</b>	<b>\$ 74.19</b>	<b>\$ 76.00</b>	<b>\$ 77.45</b>	<b>\$ 83.82</b>
Alabama	119%	121%	117%	118%	118%	118%	119%	121%	119%	113%	118%	121%	119%
Alaska	195%	178%	332%	179%	231%	198%	267%	235%	248%	293%	274%	230%	235%
Arizona	109%	105%	108%	108%	106%	102%	106%	102%	112%	102%	100%	103%	100%
Arkansas	140%	140%	138%	138%	139%	129%	124%	129%	134%	136%	138%	137%	137%
California	113%	114%	110%	106%	107%	111%	111%	112%	113%	109%	108%	111%	111%
Colorado	74%	82%	71%	72%	68%	63%	68%	74%	70%	64%	69%	68%	69%
Connecticut	66%	64%	64%	66%	68%	68%	67%	64%	64%	63%	64%	65%	66%
Delaware	112%	121%	111%	108%	112%	104%	95%	101%	105%	107%	101%	104%	116%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>88%</b>	<b>86%</b>	<b>87%</b>	<b>92%</b>	<b>81%</b>	<b>83%</b>	<b>86%</b>	<b>83%</b>	<b>82%</b>	<b>80%</b>	<b>79%</b>	<b>79%</b>	<b>82%</b>
Georgia	113%	113%	116%	118%	106%	113%	111%	115%	115%	113%	115%	119%	118%
Hawaii	111%	121%	120%	133%	118%	117%	118%	127%	142%	113%	106%	119%	107%
Idaho	127%	128%	121%	116%	121%	108%	121%	115%	112%	126%	119%	122%	119%
Illinois	80%	80%	83%	85%	86%	86%	90%	88%	85%	88%	85%	85%	85%
Indiana	75%	77%	73%	74%	76%	79%	79%	76%	82%	76%	83%	83%	87%
Iowa	95%	96%	97%	92%	95%	97%	98%	98%	99%	98%	101%	99%	101%
Kansas	102%	102%	93%	95%	96%	105%	95%	96%	102%	99%	110%	105%	102%
Kentucky	123%	120%	118%	119%	121%	119%	120%	119%	119%	122%	121%	125%	123%
Louisiana	162%	163%	155%	158%	155%	152%	148%	145%	155%	156%	146%	142%	147%
Maine	107%	109%	109%	110%	116%	97%	92%	93%	116%	96%	95%	88%	92%
Maryland	68%	70%	68%	75%	75%	78%	76%	71%	69%	70%	70%	73%	73%
Massachusetts	69%	71%	70%	67%	69%	68%	71%	65%	64%	63%	70%	70%	70%
Michigan	85%	108%	105%	110%	109%	96%	86%	81%	85%	82%	84%	85%	91%
Minnesota	104%	102%	94%	97%	94%	97%	96%	97%	98%	96%	95%	97%	98%
Mississippi	183%	177%	178%	175%	203%	180%	179%	180%	174%	195%	176%	172%	164%
Missouri	93%	89%	98%	92%	95%	92%	96%	97%	93%	96%	92%	91%	91%
Montana	144%	147%	151%	136%	145%	153%	170%	160%	152%	151%	156%	145%	143%
Nebraska	118%	112%	114%	105%	118%	119%	109%	112%	112%	117%	115%	112%	114%
Nevada	67%	64%	65%	69%	62%	60%	61%	63%	68%	67%	67%	67%	66%
New Hampshire	66%	72%	68%	61%	68%	61%	68%	60%	68%	60%	60%	55%	57%
New Jersey	63%	67%	67%	65%	64%	66%	67%	67%	70%	67%	70%	70%	70%
New Mexico	173%	160%	160%	169%	156%	158%	160%	161%	168%	164%	153%	140%	153%
New York	97%	98%	109%	103%	105%	111%	104%	106%	104%	106%	105%	104%	105%
North Carolina	96%	100%	103%	103%	102%	102%	102%	106%	108%	103%	106%	107%	105%
North Dakota	177%	163%	157%	158%	158%	156%	150%	158%	179%	184%	169%	147%	152%
Ohio	83%	79%	75%	74%	72%	78%	81%	79%	86%	88%	85%	85%	87%
Oklahoma	136%	131%	132%	131%	139%	134%	139%	139%	142%	147%	146%	143%	143%
Oregon	158%	151%	152%	156%	189%	147%	173%	164%	162%	162%	158%	149%	131%
Pennsylvania	77%	76%	77%	78%	72%	78%	76%	78%	79%	80%	79%	80%	81%
Rhode Island	77%	77%	78%	86%	82%	85%	85%	82%	85%	79%	85%	89%	85%

**Table 4-2**  
**U.S. Department of Agriculture Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 57.41</b>	<b>\$ 62.80</b>	<b>\$ 63.88</b>	<b>\$ 62.42</b>	<b>\$ 64.02</b>	<b>\$ 63.87</b>	<b>\$ 68.14</b>	<b>\$ 69.28</b>	<b>\$ 71.22</b>	<b>\$ 74.19</b>	<b>\$ 76.00</b>	<b>\$ 77.45</b>	<b>\$ 83.82</b>
South Carolina	118%	115%	113%	110%	113%	121%	111%	115%	108%	109%	108%	105%	106%
South Dakota	181%	166%	168%	165%	173%	168%	166%	157%	168%	156%	157%	149%	148%
Tennessee	99%	104%	100%	101%	104%	106%	108%	102%	107%	103%	105%	110%	104%
Texas	115%	109%	109%	114%	114%	115%	114%	122%	123%	119%	122%	119%	120%
Utah	118%	116%	110%	116%	114%	101%	100%	101%	99%	101%	91%	85%	87%
Vermont	135%	149%	130%	130%	133%	125%	142%	138%	143%	146%	149%	152%	134%
Virginia	77%	71%	74%	71%	73%	71%	69%	55%	12%	72%	71%	67%	64%
Washington	97%	96%	93%	99%	103%	94%	98%	101%	97%	94%	94%	90%	91%
West Virginia	127%	134%	135%	125%	138%	129%	128%	127%	126%	126%	131%	134%	118%
Wisconsin	84%	78%	78%	79%	81%	78%	77%	83%	81%	79%	83%	81%	81%
Wyoming	127%	129%	123%	125%	126%	122%	129%	120%	119%	105%	113%	123%	112%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-3**  
**U.S. Department of Commerce Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
	\$ 2.84	\$ 3.43	\$ 2.69	\$ 2.71	\$ 2.90	\$ 3.06	\$ 3.28	\$ 3.14	\$ 3.05	\$ 2.92	\$ 1.99	\$ 1.97	\$ 1.70
Alabama	51%	64%	74%	54%	70%	98%	95%	165%	124%	141%	187%	199%	146%
Alaska	1172%	1641%	1555%	1506%	2234%	2988%	3216%	2793%	3042%	3509%	3690%	4554%	4659%
Arizona	43%	33%	32%	72%	36%	34%	26%	40%	28%	57%	20%	15%	42%
Arkansas	117%	86%	105%	59%	93%	116%	101%	89%	149%	34%	88%	88%	85%
California	96%	102%	91%	93%	80%	63%	72%	63%	61%	61%	71%	91%	59%
Colorado	307%	484%	466%	403%	409%	331%	350%	83%	89%	99%	81%	27%	140%
Connecticut	86%	72%	142%	68%	61%	90%	91%	92%	103%	149%	93%	58%	62%
Delaware	235%	379%	240%	266%	211%	193%	204%	79%	91%	225%	202%	226%	143%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>94%</b>	<b>68%</b>	<b>71%</b>	<b>70%</b>	<b>62%</b>	<b>74%</b>	<b>84%</b>	<b>45%</b>	<b>66%</b>	<b>50%</b>	<b>66%</b>	<b>34%</b>	<b>42%</b>
Georgia	74%	68%	86%	76%	56%	39%	44%	60%	49%	56%	45%	69%	74%
Hawaii	517%	516%	456%	596%	500%	510%	573%	567%	694%	769%	304%	365%	249%
Idaho	278%	172%	203%	119%	160%	238%	186%	246%	218%	196%	169%	132%	110%
Illinois	43%	42%	59%	39%	32%	41%	30%	36%	41%	39%	30%	55%	49%
Indiana	45%	55%	62%	47%	56%	33%	39%	43%	26%	19%	29%	68%	59%
Iowa	271%	85%	44%	38%	39%	49%	35%	37%	57%	68%	78%	94%	85%
Kansas	67%	59%	79%	64%	63%	63%	61%	73%	28%	38%	27%	27%	28%
Kentucky	110%	53%	77%	168%	149%	140%	179%	106%	118%	117%	91%	89%	60%
Louisiana	141%	103%	155%	134%	163%	126%	111%	192%	244%	152%	277%	290%	245%
Maine	333%	546%	330%	340%	338%	287%	340%	334%	286%	226%	308%	409%	299%
Maryland	86%	131%	105%	119%	107%	106%	108%	101%	149%	127%	65%	125%	64%
Massachusetts	163%	199%	191%	132%	129%	137%	139%	92%	58%	78%	107%	91%	192%
Michigan	66%	74%	74%	68%	45%	64%	47%	70%	66%	72%	38%	38%	44%
Minnesota	88%	73%	71%	73%	80%	91%	46%	90%	62%	65%	67%	50%	75%
Mississippi	124%	130%	230%	132%	177%	222%	278%	369%	268%	274%	277%	268%	316%
Missouri	172%	129%	106%	60%	47%	30%	31%	49%	42%	29%	50%	49%	103%
Montana	66%	161%	332%	129%	477%	141%	134%	175%	234%	169%	46%	212%	99%
Nebraska	100%	47%	44%	30%	37%	49%	48%	110%	101%	65%	58%	126%	21%
Nevada	61%	58%	51%	158%	93%	115%	101%	59%	90%	41%	10%	21%	100%
New Hampshire	539%	352%	188%	470%	742%	647%	650%	229%	70%	197%	439%	269%	166%
New Jersey	69%	72%	64%	73%	86%	147%	48%	33%	63%	74%	158%	33%	70%
New Mexico	128%	102%	96%	152%	216%	136%	91%	231%	175%	154%	118%	218%	138%
New York	47%	55%	63%	49%	63%	52%	61%	52%	41%	38%	40%	55%	41%
North Carolina	93%	113%	85%	74%	87%	115%	82%	147%	117%	109%	74%	93%	74%
North Dakota	351%	224%	640%	368%	458%	255%	258%	254%	139%	195%	177%	221%	430%
Ohio	24%	27%	30%	25%	42%	36%	45%	48%	40%	59%	50%	62%	93%
Oklahoma	115%	94%	100%	105%	126%	127%	130%	162%	126%	106%	54%	41%	59%
Oregon	304%	389%	358%	390%	338%	337%	355%	450%	355%	346%	410%	335%	273%
Pennsylvania	43%	28%	47%	44%	31%	29%	50%	55%	73%	71%	45%	72%	53%
Rhode Island	426%	426%	336%	328%	200%	206%	249%	330%	285%	269%	178%	145%	384%

**Table 4-3**  
**U.S. Department of Commerce Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
	\$ 2.84	\$ 3.43	\$ 2.69	\$ 2.71	\$ 2.90	\$ 3.06	\$ 3.28	\$ 3.14	\$ 3.05	\$ 2.92	\$ 1.99	\$ 1.97	\$ 1.70
South Carolina	217%	188%	159%	223%	230%	317%	355%	238%	473%	415%	192%	296%	287%
South Dakota	330%	164%	197%	380%	224%	165%	96%	222%	105%	109%	135%	210%	232%
Tennessee	32%	42%	25%	72%	55%	61%	64%	62%	52%	52%	70%	78%	41%
Texas	45%	44%	42%	65%	68%	47%	50%	55%	57%	56%	64%	45%	45%
Utah	44%	36%	27%	41%	107%	80%	61%	62%	46%	69%	32%	53%	18%
Vermont	50%	60%	41%	26%	54%	26%	150%	171%	119%	50%	54%	40%	145%
Virginia	82%	69%	80%	90%	80%	95%	76%	73%	91%	81%	122%	91%	82%
Washington	216%	219%	195%	246%	195%	237%	228%	371%	316%	355%	387%	296%	373%
West Virginia	128%	150%	159%	198%	157%	164%	131%	187%	157%	283%	253%	161%	186%
Wisconsin	79%	81%	81%	68%	72%	63%	83%	76%	123%	120%	150%	70%	113%
Wyoming	33%	55%	145%	38%	43%	69%	16%	59%	30%	64%	97%	46%	171%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-4**  
**Corporation for National and Community Service Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.51	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.62
Alabama	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9%	31%	41%	68%	83%	73%
Alaska	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	588%	434%	456%	469%	451%	372%
Arizona	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	122%	154%	103%	114%	99%	86%
Arkansas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	230%	248%	171%	172%	182%	183%
California	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	186%	151%	276%	197%	168%	137%
Colorado	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	166%	182%	105%	75%	176%	80%
Connecticut	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	149%	152%	91%	106%	109%	95%
Delaware	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	418%	423%	381%	386%	252%	322%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>No grant expenditures prior to 2003</b>							<b>34%</b>	<b>26%</b>	<b>21%</b>	<b>70%</b>	<b>77%</b>	<b>67%</b>
Georgia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24%	27%	15%	20%	15%	5%
Hawaii	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	122%	135%	172%	195%	121%	112%
Idaho	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	337%	307%	229%	276%	229%	199%
Illinois	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13%	22%	4%	13%	20%	27%
Indiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10%	6%	1%	1%	15%	18%
Iowa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14%	19%	13%	14%	12%	119%
Kansas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	227%	264%	174%	176%	137%	116%
Kentucky	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	208%	198%	147%	157%	145%	146%
Louisiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%	0%	0%	84%	259%	263%
Maine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	336%	405%	337%	397%	326%	338%
Maryland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	182%	502%	172%	216%	162%	198%
Massachusetts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%	0%	0%	66%	223%	252%
Michigan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	140%	101%	116%	121%	87%	110%
Minnesota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%	1%	2%	1%	1%	0%
Mississippi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	478%	488%	543%	443%	333%	430%
Missouri	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%	0%	0%	23%	101%	85%
Montana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	641%	749%	717%	717%	611%	566%
Nebraska	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%	0%	0%	57%	199%	165%
Nevada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9%	13%	15%	5%	11%	95%
New Hampshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%	0%	0%	52%	207%	232%
New Jersey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113%	61%	109%	56%	148%	59%
New Mexico	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	405%	205%	250%	128%	212%	162%
New York	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	219%	187%	168%	224%	132%	156%
North Carolina	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13%	17%	10%	15%	12%	10%
North Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	150%	266%	248%	295%	284%	235%
Ohio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	138%	163%	113%	121%	124%	97%
Oklahoma	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24%	31%	99%	22%	20%	18%
Oregon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16%	21%	13%	1%	0%	0%
Pennsylvania	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13%	32%	15%	12%	7%	114%
Rhode Island	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	59%	114%	68%	89%	75%	88%

**Table 4-4  
Corporation for National and Community Service Grants:  
States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure  
Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>\$ 0.50</b>	<b>\$ 0.38</b>	<b>\$ 0.52</b>	<b>\$ 0.51</b>	<b>\$ 0.58</b>	<b>\$ 0.62</b>
South Carolina	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%	0%	0%	28%	60%	50%
South Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30%	21%	18%	18%	9%	18%
Tennessee	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	134%	135%	140%	120%	103%	94%
Texas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2%	6%	4%	4%	3%	3%
Utah	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	223%	135%	142%	155%	148%	154%
Vermont	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	337%	429%	395%	324%	335%	367%
Virginia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%	0%	0%	23%	55%	93%
Washington	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47%	36%	24%	38%	14%	12%
West Virginia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16%	18%	14%	15%	12%	11%
Wisconsin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	206%	234%	216%	216%	221%	219%
Wyoming	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%	0%	0%	82%	207%	204%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-5**  
**Corporation for Public Broadcasting Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 0.50</b>	<b>\$ 0.93</b>	<b>\$ 0.93</b>	<b>\$ 0.89</b>	<b>\$ 1.02</b>	<b>\$ 1.08</b>	<b>\$ 1.20</b>	<b>\$ 1.23</b>	<b>\$ 1.36</b>	<b>\$ 1.34</b>	<b>\$ 0.51</b>	<b>\$ 0.48</b>	<b>\$ 0.50</b>
Alabama	47%	54%	45%	48%	46%	49%	46%	46%	42%	42%	122%	138%	154%
Alaska	1107%	768%	704%	727%	832%	1093%	762%	811%	997%	998%	432%	478%	416%
Arizona	62%	55%	66%	60%	64%	101%	58%	70%	53%	51%	132%	136%	134%
Arkansas	23%	47%	43%	46%	53%	53%	50%	50%	46%	46%	123%	122%	132%
California	63%	70%	64%	92%	106%	83%	95%	82%	86%	86%	54%	42%	39%
Colorado	86%	105%	67%	73%	96%	70%	65%	71%	76%	75%	16%	18%	23%
Connecticut	60%	72%	85%	61%	69%	74%	57%	53%	52%	52%	7%	7%	9%
Delaware	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>38%</b>	<b>78%</b>	<b>73%</b>	<b>73%</b>	<b>72%</b>	<b>78%</b>	<b>73%</b>	<b>61%</b>	<b>56%</b>	<b>56%</b>	<b>116%</b>	<b>104%</b>	<b>104%</b>
Georgia	31%	56%	52%	53%	46%	48%	48%	51%	44%	44%	113%	114%	118%
Hawaii	207%	187%	89%	223%	177%	157%	142%	138%	127%	127%	0%	0%	0%
Idaho	47%	131%	87%	126%	96%	83%	112%	81%	120%	119%	234%	238%	209%
Illinois	48%	73%	79%	76%	76%	70%	68%	72%	72%	73%	99%	100%	88%
Indiana	42%	90%	83%	89%	93%	90%	81%	81%	78%	79%	120%	101%	113%
Iowa	121%	85%	75%	89%	91%	97%	89%	95%	98%	98%	252%	258%	247%
Kansas	71%	88%	75%	82%	85%	90%	81%	84%	77%	78%	140%	124%	118%
Kentucky	74%	94%	85%	88%	79%	95%	81%	86%	83%	83%	102%	87%	79%
Louisiana	41%	66%	58%	65%	59%	63%	60%	58%	57%	57%	78%	44%	40%
Maine	73%	152%	111%	116%	103%	108%	100%	98%	93%	93%	13%	13%	13%
Maryland	140%	67%	84%	87%	100%	76%	84%	65%	67%	68%	126%	149%	124%
Massachusetts	170%	280%	184%	195%	205%	184%	234%	151%	163%	163%	16%	20%	17%
Michigan	95%	70%	59%	64%	68%	67%	61%	62%	63%	64%	145%	140%	192%
Minnesota	555%	170%	194%	149%	170%	210%	150%	169%	198%	199%	65%	101%	73%
Mississippi	49%	54%	51%	57%	66%	59%	56%	54%	53%	54%	148%	228%	239%
Missouri	51%	67%	72%	77%	72%	73%	67%	68%	64%	64%	194%	195%	224%
Montana	184%	83%	95%	89%	139%	106%	90%	130%	88%	89%	276%	333%	386%
Nebraska	370%	296%	260%	263%	127%	287%	235%	247%	171%	172%	337%	353%	336%
Nevada	69%	95%	98%	115%	231%	105%	82%	104%	74%	73%	130%	138%	110%
New Hampshire	42%	99%	85%	92%	94%	96%	101%	85%	111%	111%	207%	236%	277%
New Jersey	27%	38%	27%	27%	29%	34%	27%	31%	30%	30%	78%	81%	77%
New Mexico	76%	133%	138%	130%	141%	139%	129%	130%	135%	135%	400%	381%	372%
New York	114%	124%	118%	110%	109%	137%	140%	132%	144%	146%	55%	51%	49%
North Carolina	47%	47%	262%	48%	467%	460%	556%	675%	714%	710%	118%	123%	123%
North Dakota	213%	216%	185%	202%	160%	178%	148%	175%	140%	142%	0%	0%	0%
Ohio	77%	88%	74%	95%	86%	79%	76%	73%	72%	72%	88%	89%	86%
Oklahoma	37%	64%	50%	52%	57%	57%	52%	55%	55%	55%	145%	155%	166%
Oregon	175%	82%	86%	114%	87%	103%	91%	97%	99%	98%	81%	125%	97%
Pennsylvania	51%	81%	77%	80%	72%	73%	66%	69%	70%	70%	68%	63%	86%
Rhode Island	59%	65%	52%	60%	61%	60%	52%	53%	48%	49%	0%	0%	0%



**Table 4-5**  
**Corporation for Public Broadcasting Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 0.50</b>	<b>\$ 0.93</b>	<b>\$ 0.93</b>	<b>\$ 0.89</b>	<b>\$ 1.02</b>	<b>\$ 1.08</b>	<b>\$ 1.20</b>	<b>\$ 1.23</b>	<b>\$ 1.36</b>	<b>\$ 1.34</b>	<b>\$ 0.51</b>	<b>\$ 0.48</b>	<b>\$ 0.50</b>
South Carolina	39%	156%	105%	103%	84%	94%	68%	69%	58%	58%	143%	140%	127%
South Dakota	101%	226%	159%	137%	146%	142%	122%	158%	136%	137%	465%	463%	565%
Tennessee	48%	76%	66%	143%	132%	73%	65%	65%	63%	63%	50%	53%	44%
Texas	29%	49%	47%	56%	47%	51%	49%	45%	43%	43%	61%	58%	53%
Utah	88%	144%	151%	185%	150%	177%	160%	178%	169%	166%	352%	377%	332%
Vermont	90%	155%	191%	172%	751%	862%	173%	177%	203%	205%	0%	0%	0%
Virginia	907%	550%	633%	563%	15%	18%	126%	135%	85%	85%	47%	43%	41%
Washington	51%	88%	86%	84%	89%	77%	92%	78%	79%	78%	143%	145%	127%
West Virginia	41%	100%	72%	72%	62%	396%	57%	59%	55%	55%	207%	158%	646%
Wisconsin	71%	91%	88%	92%	103%	20%	103%	107%	92%	93%	175%	192%	63%
Wyoming	83%	116%	128%	141%	137%	144%	129%	139%	122%	122%	399%	569%	441%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-6**  
**U.S. Department of Defense Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 0.92</b>	<b>\$ 0.70</b>	<b>\$ 0.63</b>	<b>\$ 0.51</b>	<b>\$ 0.33</b>	<b>\$ 0.44</b>	<b>\$ 0.64</b>	<b>\$ 0.65</b>	<b>\$ 0.91</b>	<b>\$ 1.06</b>	<b>\$ 1.33</b>	<b>\$ 1.51</b>	<b>\$ 1.98</b>
Alabama	54%	118%	227%	84%	2%	9%	19%	225%	114%	144%	228%	153%	194%
Alaska	0%	45%	2%	1%	257%	0%	833%	1%	223%	509%	395%	12%	1%
Arizona	43%	21%	129%	102%	458%	90%	5%	0%	325%	26%	41%	56%	34%
Arkansas	154%	24%	25%	95%	258%	43%	26%	28%	113%	241%	819%	259%	16%
California	17%	13%	66%	58%	2%	8%	1%	47%	44%	79%	79%	21%	34%
Colorado	78%	7%	160%	110%	186%	24%	156%	117%	2%	230%	457%	110%	16%
Connecticut	8%	223%	800%	216%	21%	48%	1%	0%	0%	64%	64%	55%	3%
Delaware	3%	4%	2%	147%	14%	1%	-8%	520%	306%	11%	0%	0%	0%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>15%</b>	<b>73%</b>	<b>36%</b>	<b>2%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>91%</b>	<b>14%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>79%</b>	<b>47%</b>	<b>72%</b>	<b>29%</b>
Georgia	37%	12%	18%	24%	35%	31%	20%	23%	17%	15%	59%	91%	11%
Hawaii	54%	69%	41%	356%	968%	1514%	1145%	440%	1243%	932%	166%	5%	14%
Idaho	118%	29%	12%	428%	200%	2%	0%	533%	232%	11%	3%	4%	-3%
Illinois	19%	7%	8%	22%	17%	149%	59%	13%	26%	23%	59%	44%	13%
Indiana	186%	431%	198%	108%	187%	206%	169%	222%	80%	168%	42%	119%	133%
Iowa	410%	68%	108%	243%	95%	30%	50%	98%	101%	84%	80%	56%	107%
Kansas	325%	335%	98%	94%	85%	22%	46%	54%	267%	371%	77%	72%	68%
Kentucky	133%	483%	247%	97%	241%	329%	36%	32%	85%	87%	131%	122%	70%
Louisiana	74%	66%	15%	105%	32%	1%	1%	64%	183%	207%	168%	1381%	2650%
Maine	108%	19%	622%	68%	0%	32%	167%	844%	121%	863%	336%	21%	0%
Maryland	45%	112%	159%	117%	107%	4%	1%	1%	70%	75%	11%	2%	56%
Massachusetts	51%	36%	1%	5%	3%	2%	284%	37%	1%	72%	65%	148%	28%
Michigan	97%	18%	0%	60%	89%	0%	6%	93%	233%	189%	248%	123%	25%
Minnesota	92%	190%	244%	10%	52%	107%	224%	86%	1%	2%	0%	0%	171%
Mississippi	1017%	1125%	561%	400%	455%	1216%	703%	870%	811%	298%	101%	652%	539%
Missouri	185%	102%	49%	50%	126%	64%	125%	118%	110%	207%	69%	103%	39%
Montana	536%	2317%	555%	1620%	3632%	1903%	1573%	812%	387%	841%	888%	304%	14%
Nebraska	414%	161%	48%	20%	31%	23%	15%	87%	322%	468%	180%	96%	289%
Nevada	274%	734%	131%	3%	0%	327%	285%	208%	28%	1%	241%	176%	0%
New Hampshire	0%	1%	1%	1%	2%	2%	1%	1451%	694%	83%	243%	405%	61%
New Jersey	13%	42%	52%	30%	3%	28%	130%	21%	2%	0%	0%	0%	33%
New Mexico	54%	192%	458%	141%	343%	41%	2%	0%	0%	3%	0%	0%	26%
New York	2%	12%	1%	1%	0%	24%	34%	109%	14%	25%	70%	93%	87%
North Carolina	36%	39%	2%	1%	0%	63%	157%	0%	3%	187%	65%	57%	34%
North Dakota	402%	420%	44%	223%	2243%	464%	1790%	597%	57%	597%	661%	754%	900%
Ohio	46%	41%	96%	22%	1%	1%	1%	0%	0%	43%	144%	58%	41%
Oklahoma	309%	145%	144%	70%	541%	263%	387%	244%	110%	30%	11%	46%	26%
Oregon	483%	272%	214%	49%	70%	491%	265%	123%	111%	179%	59%	11%	116%
Pennsylvania	47%	33%	138%	371%	9%	19%	14%	68%	22%	53%	130%	283%	126%
Rhode Island	332%	11%	158%	28%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	742%

**Table 4-6**  
**U.S. Department of Defense Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 0.92</b>	<b>\$ 0.70</b>	<b>\$ 0.63</b>	<b>\$ 0.51</b>	<b>\$ 0.33</b>	<b>\$ 0.44</b>	<b>\$ 0.64</b>	<b>\$ 0.65</b>	<b>\$ 0.91</b>	<b>\$ 1.06</b>	<b>\$ 1.33</b>	<b>\$ 1.51</b>	<b>\$ 1.98</b>
South Carolina	319%	353%	475%	353%	117%	7%	313%	174%	49%	3%	2%	101%	59%
South Dakota	888%	590%	765%	807%	421%	43%	634%	1579%	1997%	463%	16%	243%	20%
Tennessee	249%	300%	195%	243%	23%	20%	134%	177%	94%	32%	68%	8%	183%
Texas	48%	17%	18%	22%	31%	15%	7%	58%	74%	11%	3%	5%	9%
Utah	154%	84%	13%	502%	21%	12%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	69%	233%
Vermont	287%	2%	191%	1244%	1416%	764%	1400%	172%	4%	631%	2618%	1526%	410%
Virginia	16%	1%	38%	32%	14%	63%	19%	4%	192%	190%	186%	64%	75%
Washington	29%	24%	14%	1%	3%	593%	448%	79%	35%	35%	68%	10%	0%
West Virginia	852%	343%	9%	374%	1726%	1338%	606%	1050%	2261%	846%	107%	24%	57%
Wisconsin	257%	16%	5%	90%	6%	17%	193%	136%	114%	80%	13%	66%	4%
Wyoming	244%	592%	2589%	4441%	4239%	442%	0%	-45%	0%	0%	0%	340%	195%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-7**  
**U.S. Department of Education Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 55.96</b>	<b>\$ 65.08</b>	<b>\$ 76.70</b>	<b>\$ 81.45</b>	<b>\$ 91.14</b>	<b>\$ 86.75</b>	<b>\$ 110.81</b>	<b>\$ 98.23</b>	<b>\$ 104.25</b>	<b>\$ 112.00</b>	<b>\$ 117.05</b>	<b>\$ 113.79</b>	<b>\$ 115.03</b>
Alabama	118%	123%	113%	109%	123%	107%	106%	106%	111%	116%	118%	110%	107%
Alaska	362%	330%	318%	427%	397%	413%	385%	222%	215%	208%	186%	170%	192%
Arizona	128%	118%	146%	117%	123%	121%	121%	127%	124%	118%	122%	119%	121%
Arkansas	113%	118%	112%	108%	108%	109%	112%	120%	122%	113%	122%	116%	115%
California	99%	93%	106%	93%	100%	97%	102%	124%	118%	135%	116%	118%	116%
Colorado	80%	84%	72%	79%	82%	76%	81%	95%	98%	95%	91%	96%	100%
Connecticut	80%	78%	66%	87%	88%	83%	88%	95%	97%	94%	92%	89%	89%
Delaware	122%	125%	112%	110%	116%	117%	110%	131%	138%	139%	134%	126%	129%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>83%</b>	<b>78%</b>	<b>94%</b>	<b>83%</b>	<b>79%</b>	<b>84%</b>	<b>84%</b>	<b>98%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>97%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>95%</b>
Georgia	93%	88%	92%	95%	80%	95%	94%	10%	10%	9%	8%	9%	9%
Hawaii	110%	139%	131%	158%	146%	120%	141%	144%	177%	161%	153%	171%	153%
Idaho	108%	96%	58%	99%	108%	107%	101%	109%	111%	113%	105%	112%	107%
Illinois	99%	97%	100%	94%	93%	88%	94%	112%	115%	104%	104%	110%	114%
Indiana	85%	86%	85%	85%	87%	83%	82%	84%	84%	81%	83%	85%	87%
Iowa	76%	86%	73%	94%	94%	91%	90%	107%	115%	109%	108%	94%	101%
Kansas	103%	107%	115%	104%	107%	116%	114%	47%	46%	44%	40%	41%	30%
Kentucky	119%	124%	124%	120%	114%	109%	107%	126%	130%	34%	31%	31%	125%
Louisiana	139%	139%	149%	131%	129%	121%	115%	9%	9%	7%	9%	8%	9%
Maine	137%	112%	119%	113%	115%	114%	109%	131%	136%	122%	114%	118%	118%
Maryland	83%	71%	89%	83%	84%	81%	82%	98%	100%	95%	99%	103%	100%
Massachusetts	90%	104%	68%	110%	94%	89%	96%	122%	108%	114%	116%	94%	102%
Michigan	109%	105%	113%	104%	101%	104%	103%	117%	113%	109%	103%	108%	104%
Minnesota	77%	87%	95%	84%	86%	84%	84%	20%	20%	19%	86%	87%	85%
Mississippi	145%	149%	153%	139%	133%	137%	127%	142%	138%	142%	226%	164%	146%
Missouri	52%	103%	104%	110%	92%	99%	90%	16%	16%	16%	15%	15%	16%
Montana	191%	185%	194%	184%	205%	190%	185%	208%	215%	196%	187%	188%	181%
Nebraska	100%	103%	116%	117%	100%	103%	105%	118%	118%	123%	118%	121%	121%
Nevada	69%	60%	48%	59%	59%	59%	69%	70%	83%	77%	78%	84%	87%
New Hampshire	80%	78%	84%	81%	82%	77%	78%	95%	106%	100%	98%	108%	104%
New Jersey	85%	86%	89%	87%	83%	78%	85%	100%	103%	100%	97%	103%	96%
New Mexico	191%	185%	168%	224%	230%	215%	227%	194%	217%	191%	173%	170%	195%
New York	100%	111%	58%	107%	101%	126%	116%	137%	135%	149%	136%	144%	143%
North Carolina	88%	94%	96%	86%	88%	85%	87%	99%	105%	105%	102%	101%	103%
North Dakota	172%	184%	147%	176%	200%	200%	187%	214%	215%	210%	203%	212%	203%
Ohio	102%	91%	100%	86%	88%	84%	86%	9%	7%	7%	6%	6%	7%
Oklahoma	128%	116%	102%	112%	129%	130%	131%	149%	147%	150%	144%	148%	138%
Oregon	105%	104%	106%	100%	94%	95%	97%	103%	117%	108%	122%	113%	112%
Pennsylvania	96%	88%	100%	88%	103%	92%	87%	102%	90%	96%	95%	97%	91%
Rhode Island	111%	114%	91%	128%	104%	99%	103%	19%	15%	15%	13%	16%	17%

**Table 4-7**  
**U.S. Department of Education Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 55.96</b>	<b>\$ 65.08</b>	<b>\$ 76.70</b>	<b>\$ 81.45</b>	<b>\$ 91.14</b>	<b>\$ 86.75</b>	<b>\$ 110.81</b>	<b>\$ 98.23</b>	<b>\$ 104.25</b>	<b>\$ 112.00</b>	<b>\$ 117.05</b>	<b>\$ 113.79</b>	<b>\$ 115.03</b>
South Carolina	110%	101%	111%	87%	101%	92%	104%	27%	24%	21%	115%	116%	118%
South Dakota	233%	179%	211%	223%	199%	202%	194%	94%	88%	97%	79%	80%	82%
Tennessee	99%	96%	105%	95%	93%	97%	84%	96%	108%	109%	98%	103%	104%
Texas	104%	107%	123%	110%	106%	109%	105%	124%	123%	125%	132%	127%	121%
Utah	121%	95%	107%	90%	101%	96%	104%	107%	103%	96%	105%	94%	105%
Vermont	156%	143%	154%	156%	145%	142%	138%	196%	167%	192%	184%	176%	168%
Virginia	81%	79%	44%	82%	85%	82%	87%	94%	98%	93%	100%	99%	98%
Washington	82%	94%	101%	85%	95%	95%	96%	88%	96%	89%	89%	89%	83%
West Virginia	137%	137%	71%	131%	139%	132%	118%	122%	121%	127%	138%	132%	127%
Wisconsin	97%	101%	102%	100%	96%	93%	90%	115%	117%	110%	102%	104%	112%
Wyoming	173%	173%	116%	204%	196%	180%	174%	211%	225%	229%	222%	223%	204%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-8**  
**U.S. Department of Energy Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 0.79</b>	<b>\$ 0.31</b>	<b>\$ 0.54</b>	<b>\$ 0.65</b>	<b>\$ 0.73</b>	<b>\$ 0.95</b>	<b>\$ 0.82</b>	<b>\$ 2.18</b>	<b>\$ 2.71</b>	<b>\$ 1.92</b>	<b>\$ 2.26</b>	<b>\$ 2.28</b>	<b>\$ 2.01</b>
Alabama	68%	63%	88%	88%	95%	84%	73%	64%	45%	56%	42%	57%	61%
Alaska	178%	220%	333%	282%	1233%	1411%	1159%	212%	534%	1024%	386%	400%	336%
Arizona	31%	7%	50%	38%	66%	40%	31%	72%	79%	31%	35%	25%	34%
Arkansas	124%	32%	50%	69%	20%	46%	100%	33%	28%	47%	47%	72%	58%
California	35%	23%	23%	34%	25%	20%	52%	30%	60%	33%	22%	32%	34%
Colorado	151%	1112%	741%	622%	214%	588%	145%	115%	174%	61%	92%	105%	113%
Connecticut	81%	15%	7%	57%	97%	88%	126%	161%	123%	63%	45%	48%	67%
Delaware	150%	174%	71%	86%	331%	207%	282%	155%	223%	68%	45%	60%	264%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>17%</b>	<b>109%</b>	<b>65%</b>	<b>26%</b>	<b>17%</b>	<b>20%</b>	<b>16%</b>	<b>30%</b>	<b>26%</b>	<b>34%</b>	<b>28%</b>	<b>36%</b>	<b>30%</b>
Georgia	42%	121%	20%	247%	136%	53%	36%	68%	51%	57%	37%	42%	46%
Hawaii	37%	4%	69%	320%	387%	314%	369%	69%	87%	56%	96%	108%	108%
Idaho	120%	217%	351%	610%	423%	1019%	460%	197%	280%	270%	365%	219%	294%
Illinois	105%	8%	34%	28%	14%	98%	31%	110%	97%	104%	68%	78%	81%
Indiana	147%	11%	2%	114%	139%	89%	88%	117%	76%	31%	78%	70%	98%
Iowa	150%	194%	104%	39%	246%	22%	48%	152%	131%	68%	96%	109%	116%
Kansas	113%	78%	162%	161%	68%	98%	29%	80%	67%	105%	75%	95%	73%
Kentucky	145%	115%	104%	95%	29%	99%	19%	76%	58%	102%	89%	107%	75%
Louisiana	48%	174%	114%	65%	47%	35%	73%	30%	27%	60%	39%	45%	44%
Maine	240%	98%	42%	47%	243%	221%	287%	220%	106%	169%	141%	166%	121%
Maryland	86%	16%	112%	51%	43%	31%	70%	35%	73%	53%	37%	42%	45%
Massachusetts	122%	33%	85%	240%	51%	101%	153%	207%	145%	96%	104%	91%	91%
Michigan	158%	106%	197%	123%	159%	117%	159%	154%	110%	109%	113%	116%	115%
Minnesota	241%	194%	48%	50%	140%	39%	15%	149%	169%	116%	102%	97%	109%
Mississippi	106%	66%	80%	104%	125%	81%	64%	54%	69%	82%	49%	221%	116%
Missouri	136%	-1%	14%	91%	124%	66%	123%	93%	64%	84%	75%	65%	74%
Montana	530%	266%	379%	343%	367%	269%	337%	197%	256%	278%	273%	402%	406%
Nebraska	180%	46%	223%	742%	125%	162%	216%	100%	87%	112%	69%	237%	82%
Nevada	1066%	2108%	2917%	627%	1888%	1619%	1731%	854%	622%	692%	1332%	1149%	1212%
New Hampshire	118%	0%	129%	77%	192%	116%	128%	106%	100%	64%	112%	80%	87%
New Jersey	81%	35%	75%	61%	71%	54%	103%	209%	72%	46%	37%	53%	52%
New Mexico	121%	733%	301%	189%	422%	203%	593%	874%	1052%	1129%	448%	592%	441%
New York	135%	21%	6%	23%	95%	77%	37%	78%	177%	161%	245%	211%	198%
North Carolina	64%	13%	27%	22%	35%	21%	13%	45%	42%	54%	46%	41%	49%
North Dakota	380%	397%	535%	450%	108%	170%	473%	223%	219%	589%	922%	947%	1144%
Ohio	118%	97%	74%	30%	75%	65%	47%	119%	93%	129%	114%	104%	105%
Oklahoma	64%	103%	132%	93%	118%	82%	119%	51%	56%	59%	50%	46%	56%
Oregon	105%	2%	38%	131%	86%	173%	217%	104%	406%	163%	83%	100%	84%
Pennsylvania	119%	40%	60%	112%	19%	106%	33%	139%	82%	115%	102%	79%	92%
Rhode Island	159%	73%	59%	107%	141%	95%	197%	87%	31%	90%	59%	90%	56%

**Table 4-8**  
**U.S. Department of Energy Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 0.79</b>	<b>\$ 0.31</b>	<b>\$ 0.54</b>	<b>\$ 0.65</b>	<b>\$ 0.73</b>	<b>\$ 0.95</b>	<b>\$ 0.82</b>	<b>\$ 2.18</b>	<b>\$ 2.71</b>	<b>\$ 1.92</b>	<b>\$ 2.26</b>	<b>\$ 2.28</b>	<b>\$ 2.01</b>
South Carolina	41%	899%	125%	144%	133%	273%	96%	97%	100%	143%	455%	223%	235%
South Dakota	302%	0%	382%	190%	80%	261%	702%	188%	177%	181%	132%	134%	145%
Tennessee	79%	167%	152%	68%	167%	110%	190%	96%	63%	112%	68%	97%	92%
Texas	27%	13%	23%	43%	33%	30%	42%	39%	49%	51%	41%	39%	49%
Utah	133%	86%	426%	489%	290%	199%	202%	142%	135%	177%	94%	104%	124%
Vermont	365%	-2%	108%	218%	326%	260%	280%	157%	140%	151%	105%	142%	135%
Virginia	64%	36%	109%	84%	73%	64%	73%	52%	35%	68%	58%	58%	63%
Washington	108%	24%	50%	124%	132%	159%	306%	193%	192%	152%	163%	211%	195%
West Virginia	64%	13%	15%	181%	189%	114%	158%	119%	99%	390%	297%	272%	196%
Wisconsin	181%	47%	167%	157%	87%	48%	25%	92%	31%	97%	105%	100%	113%
Wyoming	229%	118%	275%	315%	165%	283%	300%	162%	138%	731%	238%	283%	251%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-9**  
**U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 11.67</b>	<b>\$ 10.94</b>	<b>\$ 10.70</b>	<b>\$ 11.46</b>	<b>\$ 12.53</b>	<b>\$ 13.58</b>	<b>\$ 12.62</b>	<b>\$ 13.73</b>	<b>\$ 14.25</b>	<b>\$ 11.21</b>	<b>\$ 13.85</b>	<b>\$ 13.75</b>	<b>\$ 12.89</b>
Alabama	48%	71%	73%	60%	89%	85%	67%	59%	80%	104%	104%	78%	120%
Alaska	335%	310%	669%	714%	1124%	726%	736%	872%	1088%	747%	749%	911%	1054%
Arizona	60%	58%	96%	101%	71%	101%	67%	53%	90%	70%	72%	82%	80%
Arkansas	69%	84%	62%	44%	51%	54%	97%	89%	91%	100%	88%	100%	99%
California	105%	77%	83%	69%	49%	70%	57%	52%	55%	63%	64%	76%	67%
Colorado	61%	63%	83%	116%	126%	95%	96%	86%	90%	83%	79%	76%	81%
Connecticut	76%	91%	87%	78%	73%	113%	88%	100%	59%	82%	113%	109%	99%
Delaware	234%	256%	188%	153%	172%	177%	210%	156%	275%	261%	235%	323%	371%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>46%</b>	<b>48%</b>	<b>45%</b>	<b>55%</b>	<b>44%</b>	<b>49%</b>	<b>61%</b>	<b>58%</b>	<b>59%</b>	<b>49%</b>	<b>56%</b>	<b>58%</b>	<b>50%</b>
Georgia	41%	56%	57%	63%	53%	58%	43%	44%	69%	62%	54%	46%	64%
Hawaii	127%	140%	106%	141%	143%	58%	220%	92%	71%	96%	166%	395%	213%
Idaho	163%	140%	107%	186%	168%	187%	235%	176%	202%	239%	247%	246%	290%
Illinois	70%	100%	62%	91%	89%	89%	89%	111%	91%	46%	54%	73%	63%
Indiana	75%	81%	89%	91%	206%	221%	111%	55%	101%	35%	32%	114%	62%
Iowa	118%	139%	120%	107%	123%	118%	170%	216%	163%	213%	197%	133%	149%
Kansas	98%	111%	119%	132%	147%	103%	87%	110%	117%	118%	124%	78%	91%
Kentucky	104%	107%	79%	81%	52%	59%	96%	91%	84%	90%	81%	130%	106%
Louisiana	94%	85%	150%	112%	114%	85%	87%	70%	115%	85%	85%	99%	97%
Maine	128%	154%	248%	227%	180%	158%	224%	257%	190%	211%	210%	199%	219%
Maryland	140%	114%	141%	165%	125%	139%	155%	117%	122%	109%	109%	131%	123%
Massachusetts	304%	362%	237%	206%	176%	168%	116%	165%	128%	137%	126%	106%	119%
Michigan	134%	144%	153%	145%	161%	101%	104%	112%	106%	107%	111%	88%	119%
Minnesota	71%	94%	70%	125%	178%	97%	121%	162%	92%	111%	100%	135%	81%
Mississippi	92%	88%	93%	90%	96%	84%	135%	120%	129%	79%	96%	116%	123%
Missouri	116%	93%	97%	143%	84%	116%	121%	169%	128%	117%	109%	128%	103%
Montana	160%	179%	239%	275%	280%	265%	365%	435%	306%	317%	322%	301%	399%
Nebraska	137%	124%	121%	123%	139%	153%	162%	89%	165%	134%	130%	102%	113%
Nevada	68%	66%	68%	76%	121%	113%	90%	119%	87%	184%	169%	93%	102%
New Hampshire	79%	122%	231%	262%	248%	153%	183%	225%	197%	200%	193%	174%	202%
New Jersey	104%	96%	90%	62%	76%	74%	115%	115%	124%	165%	149%	100%	107%
New Mexico	97%	151%	124%	117%	140%	142%	205%	237%	159%	147%	152%	192%	230%
New York	153%	167%	144%	52%	145%	156%	114%	103%	119%	127%	109%	86%	93%
North Carolina	69%	74%	64%	70%	74%	72%	99%	69%	76%	97%	100%	80%	77%
North Dakota	177%	190%	272%	397%	217%	345%	402%	512%	299%	362%	402%	514%	416%
Ohio	122%	62%	86%	108%	100%	114%	93%	78%	102%	120%	114%	96%	88%
Oklahoma	90%	103%	123%	137%	90%	123%	123%	121%	117%	116%	134%	147%	128%
Oregon	60%	76%	133%	238%	136%	83%	127%	116%	128%	130%	124%	79%	114%
Pennsylvania	85%	73%	93%	86%	87%	88%	104%	91%	89%	85%	86%	101%	99%
Rhode Island	144%	159%	192%	175%	177%	179%	226%	272%	219%	251%	224%	232%	207%



**Table 4-9**  
**U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 11.67</b>	<b>\$ 10.94</b>	<b>\$ 10.70</b>	<b>\$ 11.46</b>	<b>\$ 12.53</b>	<b>\$ 13.58</b>	<b>\$ 12.62</b>	<b>\$ 13.73</b>	<b>\$ 14.25</b>	<b>\$ 11.21</b>	<b>\$ 13.85</b>	<b>\$ 13.75</b>	<b>\$ 12.89</b>
South Carolina	64%	71%	41%	97%	108%	97%	71%	77%	78%	98%	94%	61%	66%
South Dakota	176%	297%	242%	275%	245%	200%	220%	353%	331%	366%	360%	243%	255%
Tennessee	62%	79%	72%	61%	56%	46%	51%	61%	81%	95%	94%	53%	63%
Texas	62%	55%	61%	72%	63%	63%	67%	70%	81%	62%	87%	103%	111%
Utah	257%	213%	117%	101%	93%	133%	130%	101%	82%	100%	99%	107%	114%
Vermont	193%	184%	244%	408%	390%	228%	330%	309%	295%	333%	359%	319%	285%
Virginia	80%	80%	96%	88%	62%	112%	111%	88%	86%	93%	92%	74%	76%
Washington	94%	93%	125%	112%	78%	81%	128%	125%	97%	139%	125%	110%	125%
West Virginia	170%	188%	232%	279%	330%	315%	198%	254%	179%	255%	235%	171%	193%
Wisconsin	84%	113%	79%	150%	84%	69%	108%	180%	157%	107%	101%	126%	113%
Wyoming	255%	396%	327%	247%	224%	216%	349%	440%	358%	283%	332%	318%	377%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-10**  
**Equal Employment Opportunity Commission Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
U.S. Per Cap. Exp.	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.24
Alabama	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Alaska	333%	292%	299%	508%	379%	289%	158%	281%	227%	234%	247%	269%	133%
Arizona	99%	98%	75%	107%	119%	64%	74%	73%	62%	69%	81%	76%	96%
Arkansas	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
California	98%	85%	85%	124%	95%	65%	83%	82%	89%	41%	71%	96%	78%
Colorado	111%	123%	160%	151%	55%	506%	92%	130%	92%	63%	63%	69%	72%
Connecticut	165%	87%	156%	110%	179%	151%	225%	174%	217%	224%	272%	264%	308%
Delaware	117%	148%	57%	80%	169%	290%	149%	115%	327%	1428%	965%	454%	555%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>76%</b>	<b>73%</b>	<b>71%</b>	<b>55%</b>	<b>78%</b>	<b>79%</b>	<b>71%</b>	<b>71%</b>	<b>93%</b>	<b>91%</b>	<b>72%</b>	<b>60%</b>	<b>77%</b>
Georgia	20%	16%	13%	13%	12%	16%	20%	21%	21%	14%	30%	5%	13%
Hawaii	103%	81%	162%	170%	182%	84%	111%	110%	0%	115%	169%	39%	116%
Idaho	224%	216%	201%	205%	153%	178%	266%	241%	220%	165%	247%	173%	267%
Illinois	104%	126%	112%	153%	162%	104%	173%	174%	123%	64%	122%	97%	122%
Indiana	86%	63%	42%	55%	53%	87%	81%	80%	69%	95%	80%	55%	112%
Iowa	144%	251%	206%	267%	115%	202%	560%	560%	286%	229%	240%	263%	345%
Kansas	157%	158%	163%	147%	77%	155%	110%	110%	130%	114%	141%	122%	165%
Kentucky	56%	63%	65%	76%	49%	53%	12%	37%	38%	49%	43%	60%	65%
Louisiana	7%	7%	0%	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	10%	13%	8%	11%
Maine	181%	236%	217%	342%	235%	893%	188%	187%	164%	193%	132%	130%	109%
Maryland	167%	133%	146%	94%	127%	159%	112%	111%	147%	167%	97%	116%	103%
Massachusetts	185%	174%	183%	205%	321%	23%	198%	198%	176%	220%	154%	279%	90%
Michigan	101%	174%	129%	126%	21%	40%	57%	57%	89%	92%	132%	95%	89%
Minnesota	63%	78%	118%	122%	76%	94%	296%	299%	132%	100%	101%	89%	47%
Mississippi	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Missouri	56%	108%	141%	138%	72%	106%	116%	116%	196%	70%	151%	151%	172%
Montana	186%	344%	362%	259%	297%	248%	252%	246%	222%	291%	414%	207%	354%
Nebraska	254%	341%	270%	295%	443%	116%	357%	517%	250%	314%	404%	263%	378%
Nevada	407%	330%	277%	377%	325%	395%	297%	288%	104%	540%	33%	248%	219%
New Hampshire	52%	107%	93%	82%	34%	65%	65%	79%	59%	75%	106%	69%	103%
New Jersey	63%	81%	66%	67%	92%	60%	29%	29%	103%	58%	60%	48%	55%
New Mexico	92%	133%	67%	115%	117%	154%	146%	145%	194%	96%	183%	67%	191%
New York	107%	64%	140%	83%	68%	87%	108%	105%	139%	108%	130%	110%	124%
North Carolina	23%	28%	5%	7%	23%	23%	16%	16%	12%	7%	9%	11%	1%
North Dakota	3801%	3750%	2752%	232%	232%	192%	223%	223%	284%	230%	201%	257%	313%
Ohio	0%	0%	0%	189%	178%	190%	150%	150%	82%	224%	124%	281%	123%
Oklahoma	120%	119%	100%	107%	70%	119%	106%	109%	94%	114%	112%	86%	179%
Oregon	213%	124%	173%	172%	109%	125%	161%	159%	149%	130%	144%	134%	157%
Pennsylvania	105%	128%	115%	70%	213%	175%	116%	116%	171%	240%	98%	164%	82%
Rhode Island	130%	153%	125%	66%	63%	194%	98%	97%	176%	187%	191%	149%	194%
South Carolina	152%	98%	132%	135%	163%	169%	138%	137%	168%	202%	208%	105%	83%
South Dakota	244%	288%	218%	234%	183%	254%	256%	255%	174%	210%	255%	139%	181%
Tennessee	70%	46%	60%	42%	46%	40%	57%	58%	76%	33%	49%	42%	51%
Texas	38%	61%	43%	36%	49%	47%	27%	27%	21%	45%	37%	36%	43%
Utah	99%	175%	87%	114%	153%	121%	125%	124%	136%	145%	92%	146%	148%

**Table 4-10**  
**Equal Employment Opportunity Commission Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

<b>Federal FY</b>	<b>1996</b>	<b>1997</b>	<b>1998</b>	<b>1999</b>	<b>2000</b>	<b>2001</b>	<b>2002</b>	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 0.09</b>	<b>\$ 0.09</b>	<b>\$ 0.11</b>	<b>\$ 0.11</b>	<b>\$ 0.09</b>	<b>\$ 0.11</b>	<b>\$ 0.11</b>	<b>\$ 0.11</b>	<b>\$ 0.10</b>	<b>\$ 0.10</b>	<b>\$ 0.09</b>	<b>\$ 0.11</b>	<b>\$ 0.24</b>
Vermont	57%	59%	107%	110%	62%	81%	106%	100%	97%	99%	117%	82%	136%
Virginia	62%	59%	37%	27%	14%	38%	23%	27%	24%	28%	90%	67%	29%
Washington	146%	148%	120%	120%	70%	136%	114%	107%	89%	112%	94%	105%	124%
West Virginia	52%	75%	108%	97%	101%	88%	68%	68%	177%	140%	103%	97%	151%
Wisconsin	198%	80%	232%	85%	237%	176%	183%	126%	228%	44%	305%	124%	407%
Wyoming	146%	198%	173%	210%	273%	271%	67%	137%	225%	194%	125%	213%	216%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-11**  
**Federal Emergency Management Agency Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 5.24</b>	<b>\$ 18.62</b>	<b>\$ 5.49</b>	<b>\$ 6.85</b>	<b>\$ 7.01</b>	<b>\$ 8.58</b>	<b>\$ 11.09</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alabama	231%	55%	175%	210%	184%	132%	54%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alaska	366%	157%	284%	94%	130%	69%	92%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arizona	29%	44%	75%	35%	46%	13%	23%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arkansas	96%	79%	59%	91%	40%	759%	70%	-	-	-	-	-	-
California	261%	339%	138%	241%	220%	168%	140%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Colorado	27%	24%	32%	30%	38%	38%	41%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Connecticut	10%	21%	13%	14%	16%	8%	8%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Delaware	123%	3%	106%	60%	72%	60%	30%	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Florida</b>	<b>182%</b>	<b>37%</b>	<b>162%</b>	<b>163%</b>	<b>187%</b>	<b>112%</b>	<b>96%</b>	<b>Refer to Homeland Security</b>					
Georgia	108%	198%	181%	103%	123%	47%	32%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaii	322%	116%	266%	61%	53%	82%	31%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Idaho	186%	205%	195%	60%	53%	32%	20%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Illinois	51%	52%	58%	53%	29%	27%	11%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indiana	30%	22%	49%	45%	11%	18%	14%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Iowa	106%	36%	110%	107%	119%	57%	45%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kansas	73%	8%	68%	112%	54%	48%	146%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kentucky	81%	180%	199%	53%	59%	39%	46%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Louisiana	97%	22%	69%	130%	60%	157%	44%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maine	54%	61%	449%	226%	111%	67%	34%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maryland	81%	9%	26%	16%	29%	37%	16%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts	60%	47%	39%	27%	29%	34%	27%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Michigan	11%	19%	72%	39%	21%	82%	7%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Minnesota	36%	336%	520%	219%	133%	109%	77%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mississippi	40%	12%	26%	151%	95%	126%	71%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Missouri	97%	16%	41%	42%	30%	16%	96%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Montana	70%	29%	121%	32%	291%	200%	199%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nebraska	151%	-57%	354%	117%	65%	50%	32%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nevada	20%	132%	47%	39%	32%	16%	8%	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Hampshire	42%	40%	103%	119%	44%	50%	33%	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Jersey	75%	18%	12%	9%	74%	41%	86%	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Mexico	33%	13%	29%	21%	45%	52%	26%	-	-	-	-	-	-
New York	46%	42%	56%	50%	55%	124%	580%	-	-	-	-	-	-
North Carolina	65%	298%	120%	137%	509%	341%	133%	-	-	-	-	-	-
North Dakota	355%	2415%	2088%	2001%	1536%	1236%	532%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ohio	22%	47%	43%	32%	19%	14%	9%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oklahoma	42%	7%	20%	188%	66%	468%	315%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oregon	157%	97%	133%	90%	79%	48%	37%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pennsylvania	124%	17%	37%	20%	37%	19%	12%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rhode Island	77%	23%	20%	6%	29%	37%	16%	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Table 4-11**  
**Federal Emergency Management Agency Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 5.24</b>	<b>\$ 18.62</b>	<b>\$ 5.49</b>	<b>\$ 6.85</b>	<b>\$ 7.01</b>	<b>\$ 8.58</b>	<b>\$ 11.09</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Carolina	57%	24%	26%	23%	111%	38%	16%	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Dakota	426%	757%	454%	250%	123%	162%	85%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tennessee	22%	21%	83%	103%	82%	35%	28%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Texas	23%	11%	10%	82%	35%	130%	76%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Utah	62%	17%	73%	55%	39%	51%	32%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vermont	188%	62%	362%	254%	119%	97%	56%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Virginia	74%	35%	33%	39%	61%	34%	34%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Washington	186%	148%	274%	84%	92%	40%	37%	-	-	-	-	-	-
West Virginia	282%	130%	143%	114%	79%	130%	248%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wisconsin	36%	40%	36%	53%	36%	39%	47%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wyoming	46%	11%	50%	52%	53%	78%	85%	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-12**  
**U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 476.83</b>	<b>\$ 443.12</b>	<b>\$ 505.74</b>	<b>\$ 539.57</b>	<b>\$ 559.47</b>	<b>\$ 630.44</b>	<b>\$ 701.89</b>	<b>\$ 753.65</b>	<b>\$ 793.04</b>	<b>\$ 803.82</b>	<b>\$ 752.80</b>	<b>\$ 828.85</b>	<b>\$ 872.90</b>
Alabama	89%	94%	91%	94%	95%	96%	93%	98%	95%	95%	100%	99%	90%
Alaska	114%	129%	127%	147%	256%	265%	173%	170%	181%	182%	177%	142%	165%
Arizona	80%	75%	78%	80%	78%	81%	91%	101%	104%	110%	111%	110%	117%
Arkansas	100%	111%	104%	104%	99%	104%	110%	110%	111%	119%	123%	121%	120%
California	101%	92%	99%	102%	98%	99%	95%	100%	96%	97%	96%	99%	103%
Colorado	65%	70%	63%	62%	63%	61%	62%	62%	60%	60%	62%	59%	61%
Connecticut	124%	111%	120%	123%	115%	109%	106%	97%	104%	100%	103%	102%	104%
Delaware	88%	92%	82%	91%	87%	90%	86%	86%	86%	92%	96%	94%	98%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>69%</b>	<b>70%</b>	<b>69%</b>	<b>71%</b>	<b>71%</b>	<b>71%</b>	<b>71%</b>	<b>78%</b>	<b>77%</b>	<b>73%</b>	<b>71%</b>	<b>73%</b>	<b>71%</b>
Georgia	88%	85%	78%	78%	83%	86%	89%	86%	84%	79%	80%	79%	77%
Hawaii	98%	99%	87%	82%	80%	75%	79%	77%	89%	84%	96%	94%	97%
Idaho	68%	74%	72%	77%	81%	83%	83%	80%	88%	85%	87%	84%	84%
Illinois	87%	92%	84%	85%	86%	81%	80%	78%	82%	80%	77%	81%	83%
Indiana	77%	72%	74%	79%	84%	88%	83%	79%	84%	81%	89%	84%	92%
Iowa	79%	83%	84%	85%	90%	83%	101%	86%	88%	90%	94%	89%	88%
Kansas	68%	71%	72%	78%	82%	85%	83%	77%	77%	80%	76%	78%	78%
Kentucky	109%	119%	117%	119%	120%	117%	120%	114%	114%	114%	118%	116%	113%
Louisiana	147%	142%	127%	125%	121%	133%	139%	125%	132%	133%	140%	144%	139%
Maine	139%	151%	150%	141%	155%	147%	140%	154%	163%	169%	152%	152%	152%
Maryland	80%	98%	83%	83%	112%	99%	79%	84%	82%	80%	85%	86%	88%
Massachusetts	118%	110%	127%	122%	122%	115%	123%	115%	121%	122%	124%	129%	128%
Michigan	96%	94%	97%	103%	97%	98%	97%	92%	92%	92%	84%	91%	94%
Minnesota	97%	103%	95%	93%	90%	93%	96%	94%	99%	95%	98%	98%	100%
Mississippi	124%	122%	125%	121%	121%	135%	139%	139%	144%	139%	159%	143%	146%
Missouri	94%	96%	97%	102%	104%	110%	108%	105%	109%	110%	111%	107%	108%
Montana	98%	93%	92%	88%	106%	112%	102%	98%	100%	100%	104%	97%	103%
Nebraska	80%	86%	85%	95%	96%	94%	95%	88%	92%	88%	92%	85%	85%
Nevada	52%	47%	46%	47%	44%	44%	48%	52%	48%	51%	50%	49%	48%
New Hampshire	90%	88%	80%	84%	85%	79%	76%	74%	78%	79%	75%	75%	78%
New Jersey	96%	98%	93%	87%	92%	89%	100%	88%	84%	85%	91%	91%	85%
New Mexico	121%	130%	117%	120%	126%	135%	134%	142%	150%	149%	149%	143%	182%
New York	195%	193%	205%	187%	183%	180%	184%	191%	184%	188%	185%	175%	173%
North Carolina	98%	113%	98%	102%	100%	101%	96%	96%	101%	106%	105%	106%	102%
North Dakota	102%	105%	105%	106%	121%	111%	108%	103%	104%	102%	103%	99%	103%
Ohio	101%	96%	97%	95%	99%	100%	103%	103%	107%	103%	109%	114%	104%
Oklahoma	80%	81%	82%	88%	95%	104%	96%	95%	92%	96%	100%	104%	105%
Oregon	89%	85%	91%	101%	96%	104%	90%	91%	85%	89%	88%	84%	88%
Pennsylvania	104%	111%	103%	115%	109%	106%	109%	108%	113%	118%	114%	116%	108%
Rhode Island	136%	149%	142%	147%	147%	138%	137%	141%	150%	145%	144%	147%	142%

**Table 4-12**  
**U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 476.83</b>	<b>\$ 443.12</b>	<b>\$ 505.74</b>	<b>\$ 539.57</b>	<b>\$ 559.47</b>	<b>\$ 630.44</b>	<b>\$ 701.89</b>	<b>\$ 753.65</b>	<b>\$ 793.04</b>	<b>\$ 803.82</b>	<b>\$ 752.80</b>	<b>\$ 828.85</b>	<b>\$ 872.90</b>
South Carolina	103%	105%	104%	104%	106%	106%	104%	103%	105%	102%	101%	96%	96%
South Dakota	91%	86%	94%	95%	98%	101%	101%	97%	94%	98%	97%	92%	100%
Tennessee	107%	110%	115%	115%	117%	121%	114%	119%	125%	124%	106%	109%	107%
Texas	83%	84%	83%	81%	77%	74%	78%	79%	76%	76%	80%	82%	82%
Utah	70%	66%	68%	70%	68%	69%	65%	67%	72%	70%	69%	66%	65%
Vermont	121%	113%	125%	138%	136%	142%	140%	140%	145%	143%	145%	153%	154%
Virginia	51%	54%	52%	55%	55%	56%	59%	53%	54%	54%	57%	56%	57%
Washington	92%	92%	93%	90%	94%	91%	94%	89%	86%	86%	80%	82%	85%
West Virginia	135%	137%	139%	129%	134%	138%	133%	141%	138%	142%	141%	138%	138%
Wisconsin	89%	88%	94%	88%	91%	99%	99%	99%	91%	90%	84%	87%	86%
Wyoming	71%	80%	76%	75%	76%	86%	79%	87%	92%	89%	76%	85%	93%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-13**  
**U.S. Department of Homeland Security Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ 15.17	\$ 17.89	\$ 26.36	\$ 31.68	\$ 17.70	\$ 37.57
Alabama	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	76%	103%	249%	129%	99%	83%
Alaska	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54%	259%	161%	187%	221%	243%
Arizona	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13%	60%	32%	19%	23%	55%
Arkansas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	88%	155%	90%	85%	50%	109%
California	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99%	145%	78%	50%	55%	77%
Colorado	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23%	70%	100%	27%	38%	64%
Connecticut	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19%	91%	37%	27%	32%	63%
Delaware	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33%	190%	92%	174%	80%	154%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>Refer to Federal Emergency Management Agency</b>							<b>65%</b>	<b>87%</b>	<b>344%</b>	<b>289%</b>	<b>191%</b>	<b>127%</b>
Georgia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19%	59%	42%	23%	31%	56%
Hawaii	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22%	114%	95%	38%	32%	155%
Idaho	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12%	103%	56%	31%	33%	95%
Illinois	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%	56%	38%	28%	32%	63%
Indiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16%	69%	52%	18%	28%	53%
Iowa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28%	87%	56%	23%	74%	125%
Kansas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36%	89%	94%	620%	600%	372%
Kentucky	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	55%	125%	60%	35%	41%	70%
Louisiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	227%	114%	333%	1406%	1678%	886%
Maine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27%	139%	88%	53%	109%	147%
Maryland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26%	105%	46%	28%	27%	79%
Massachusetts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28%	101%	74%	34%	23%	61%
Michigan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%	57%	31%	24%	26%	53%
Minnesota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48%	86%	38%	19%	43%	65%
Mississippi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	59%	92%	139%	952%	1031%	407%
Missouri	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43%	90%	40%	34%	142%	104%
Montana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24%	215%	158%	43%	54%	170%
Nebraska	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28%	116%	76%	57%	254%	191%
Nevada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%	107%	72%	410%	25%	80%
New Hampshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38%	126%	69%	79%	196%	156%
New Jersey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30%	89%	33%	21%	22%	68%
New Mexico	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38%	157%	58%	16%	126%	199%
New York	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	840%	111%	278%	50%	102%	105%
North Carolina	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	92%	117%	59%	35%	38%	45%
North Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	160%	316%	941%	172%	127%	229%
Ohio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19%	67%	56%	23%	32%	54%
Oklahoma	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	65%	97%	61%	48%	146%	174%
Oregon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57%	121%	76%	38%	53%	87%
Pennsylvania	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13%	67%	60%	25%	44%	55%
Rhode Island	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29%	126%	87%	33%	50%	148%



**Table 4-13**  
**U.S. Department of Homeland Security Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ 15.17	\$ 17.89	\$ 26.36	\$ 31.68	\$ 17.70	\$ 37.57
South Carolina	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17%	80%	39%	29%	24%	61%
South Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	59%	183%	103%	115%	94%	204%
Tennessee	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16%	98%	47%	33%	32%	52%
Texas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	69%	76%	57%	166%	66%	89%
Utah	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20%	99%	64%	72%	25%	70%
Vermont	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32%	214%	120%	73%	45%	216%
Virginia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15%	188%	53%	26%	48%	63%
Washington	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34%	101%	62%	31%	48%	90%
West Virginia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	77%	195%	121%	53%	45%	103%
Wisconsin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17%	64%	38%	19%	23%	57%
Wyoming	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	81%	227%	130%	52%	89%	240%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-14**  
**U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 82.35</b>	<b>\$ 82.16</b>	<b>\$ 95.96</b>	<b>\$ 107.55</b>	<b>\$ 110.59</b>	<b>\$ 111.46</b>	<b>\$ 123.44</b>	<b>\$ 129.76</b>	<b>\$ 132.02</b>	<b>\$ 92.04</b>	<b>\$ 134.89</b>	<b>\$ 154.91</b>	<b>\$ 129.59</b>
Alabama	87%	101%	100%	90%	87%	92%	92%	88%	89%	105%	88%	87%	80%
Alaska	141%	274%	234%	266%	298%	271%	220%	251%	185%	318%	197%	184%	118%
Arizona	66%	77%	68%	63%	59%	72%	73%	69%	63%	64%	56%	43%	53%
Arkansas	94%	78%	73%	69%	72%	71%	71%	74%	81%	73%	66%	63%	59%
California	96%	92%	98%	96%	92%	93%	97%	97%	99%	82%	93%	88%	93%
Colorado	93%	69%	71%	73%	91%	80%	75%	81%	73%	62%	75%	61%	65%
Connecticut	116%	141%	142%	146%	140%	146%	140%	147%	146%	146%	162%	147%	159%
Delaware	73%	95%	100%	100%	101%	109%	104%	99%	103%	108%	99%	88%	84%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>63%</b>	<b>67%</b>	<b>68%</b>	<b>65%</b>	<b>63%</b>	<b>61%</b>	<b>64%</b>	<b>65%</b>	<b>61%</b>	<b>63%</b>	<b>62%</b>	<b>61%</b>	<b>69%</b>
Georgia	95%	87%	83%	90%	94%	81%	84%	81%	78%	82%	90%	78%	80%
Hawaii	120%	129%	138%	123%	132%	105%	93%	112%	100%	100%	108%	93%	91%
Idaho	93%	45%	53%	52%	55%	45%	45%	50%	48%	49%	39%	36%	43%
Illinois	146%	134%	128%	130%	124%	128%	130%	122%	130%	142%	133%	118%	113%
Indiana	68%	65%	69%	70%	73%	73%	71%	71%	72%	69%	70%	61%	57%
Iowa	88%	61%	55%	58%	62%	69%	59%	64%	63%	61%	65%	55%	59%
Kansas	79%	55%	50%	49%	55%	58%	56%	62%	62%	61%	60%	48%	47%
Kentucky	90%	90%	90%	89%	88%	108%	97%	91%	96%	101%	88%	76%	77%
Louisiana	102%	92%	96%	96%	95%	101%	103%	98%	96%	104%	104%	769%	639%
Maine	194%	109%	118%	115%	138%	124%	112%	121%	118%	132%	136%	114%	127%
Maryland	107%	116%	104%	113%	116%	105%	104%	108%	114%	125%	129%	11%	121%
Massachusetts	194%	174%	178%	190%	187%	204%	190%	216%	221%	218%	227%	205%	201%
Michigan	65%	71%	71%	77%	78%	76%	73%	73%	72%	81%	74%	71%	73%
Minnesota	83%	88%	92%	91%	94%	95%	92%	95%	94%	103%	94%	83%	80%
Mississippi	102%	80%	84%	81%	85%	82%	81%	82%	82%	88%	85%	429%	287%
Missouri	109%	88%	79%	80%	80%	98%	84%	97%	94%	79%	78%	71%	67%
Montana	90%	113%	106%	100%	121%	111%	96%	92%	101%	111%	97%	83%	63%
Nebraska	88%	81%	72%	66%	70%	74%	70%	71%	71%	73%	66%	57%	60%
Nevada	89%	83%	70%	62%	65%	63%	70%	64%	58%	53%	57%	51%	50%
New Hampshire	129%	80%	89%	88%	86%	92%	87%	99%	95%	84%	104%	89%	100%
New Jersey	117%	137%	135%	141%	146%	145%	130%	134%	132%	134%	151%	126%	126%
New Mexico	87%	92%	97%	86%	87%	79%	78%	79%	76%	70%	72%	60%	70%
New York	173%	211%	210%	207%	193%	198%	220%	217%	213%	209%	217%	188%	182%
North Carolina	68%	70%	76%	71%	80%	76%	74%	73%	74%	76%	72%	63%	68%
North Dakota	139%	131%	223%	197%	181%	115%	109%	108%	132%	110%	105%	96%	118%
Ohio	88%	103%	99%	97%	105%	105%	104%	105%	106%	111%	105%	103%	92%
Oklahoma	91%	102%	96%	103%	104%	102%	106%	102%	101%	99%	88%	70%	65%
Oregon	88%	79%	79%	81%	85%	82%	83%	76%	79%	73%	71%	63%	66%
Pennsylvania	124%	124%	127%	124%	124%	121%	119%	112%	117%	126%	111%	99%	106%
Rhode Island	233%	192%	193%	197%	215%	190%	183%	211%	187%	207%	241%	185%	178%

**Table 4-14**  
**U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 82.35</b>	<b>\$ 82.16</b>	<b>\$ 95.96</b>	<b>\$ 107.55</b>	<b>\$ 110.59</b>	<b>\$ 111.46</b>	<b>\$ 123.44</b>	<b>\$ 129.76</b>	<b>\$ 132.02</b>	<b>\$ 92.04</b>	<b>\$ 134.89</b>	<b>\$ 154.91</b>	<b>\$ 129.59</b>
South Carolina	79%	68%	68%	70%	69%	70%	69%	68%	69%	75%	69%	63%	67%
South Dakota	129%	149%	160%	150%	157%	118%	115%	125%	123%	143%	115%	96%	103%
Tennessee	84%	85%	85%	84%	79%	84%	88%	81%	78%	92%	81%	70%	62%
Texas	72%	65%	68%	70%	71%	68%	64%	63%	65%	60%	67%	56%	60%
Utah	63%	41%	40%	45%	55%	45%	47%	43%	52%	41%	41%	32%	39%
Vermont	133%	88%	90%	106%	113%	128%	122%	129%	111%	105%	140%	101%	128%
Virginia	73%	75%	68%	73%	73%	72%	77%	71%	75%	84%	88%	77%	79%
Washington	70%	76%	79%	75%	77%	72%	82%	86%	86%	84%	77%	68%	73%
West Virginia	114%	86%	85%	91%	95%	110%	105%	94%	90%	121%	87%	79%	80%
Wisconsin	76%	74%	68%	71%	73%	78%	69%	72%	72%	75%	72%	59%	60%
Wyoming	120%	63%	64%	68%	88%	62%	59%	61%	57%	58%	56%	50%	48%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-15**  
**U.S. Department of Interior Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 6.34</b>	<b>\$ 10.04</b>	<b>\$ 8.79</b>	<b>\$ 8.97</b>	<b>\$ 9.69</b>	<b>\$ 11.24</b>	<b>\$ 10.30</b>	<b>\$ 11.63</b>	<b>\$ 12.24</b>	<b>\$ 12.99</b>	<b>\$ 15.26</b>	<b>\$ 13.34</b>	<b>\$ 15.66</b>
Alabama	47%	38%	82%	77%	73%	73%	58%	59%	64%	59%	59%	62%	55%
Alaska	1094%	1965%	2587%	2350%	3307%	2458%	2435%	2569%	1985%	2271%	1637%	1832%	1663%
Arizona	188%	587%	373%	578%	353%	372%	466%	343%	294%	142%	118%	101%	101%
Arkansas	74%	49%	54%	56%	49%	50%	63%	61%	59%	72%	60%	71%	73%
California	40%	36%	53%	59%	59%	51%	57%	52%	38%	27%	33%	40%	46%
Colorado	252%	255%	235%	234%	207%	250%	180%	219%	250%	234%	339%	343%	297%
Connecticut	26%	18%	23%	22%	21%	13%	27%	15%	13%	28%	19%	14%	18%
Delaware	91%	58%	68%	63%	65%	42%	78%	53%	64%	53%	38%	36%	53%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>16%</b>	<b>17%</b>	<b>15%</b>	<b>14%</b>	<b>13%</b>	<b>12%</b>	<b>16%</b>	<b>15%</b>	<b>14%</b>	<b>13%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>13%</b>	<b>12%</b>
Georgia	30%	18%	11%	18%	19%	13%	16%	17%	14%	15%	14%	15%	18%
Hawaii	43%	44%	48%	51%	53%	36%	54%	60%	154%	136%	57%	181%	105%
Idaho	316%	276%	289%	257%	250%	265%	279%	258%	242%	198%	184%	210%	163%
Illinois	22%	24%	17%	17%	21%	16%	22%	17%	15%	16%	15%	16%	16%
Indiana	47%	31%	23%	22%	40%	20%	28%	29%	21%	25%	24%	22%	21%
Iowa	46%	38%	32%	45%	29%	30%	39%	31%	32%	35%	36%	32%	40%
Kansas	90%	59%	51%	58%	60%	44%	57%	60%	52%	51%	48%	47%	42%
Kentucky	73%	91%	117%	104%	109%	73%	112%	86%	89%	84%	54%	83%	78%
Louisiana	105%	37%	92%	72%	89%	107%	59%	85%	99%	79%	70%	84%	109%
Maine	79%	142%	143%	118%	126%	103%	163%	115%	130%	87%	92%	88%	84%
Maryland	27%	26%	20%	21%	18%	14%	30%	18%	20%	15%	12%	17%	13%
Massachusetts	15%	12%	12%	14%	12%	10%	15%	11%	20%	16%	18%	12%	11%
Michigan	40%	41%	36%	40%	41%	38%	39%	37%	38%	37%	34%	37%	31%
Minnesota	104%	112%	119%	88%	129%	86%	106%	85%	81%	73%	66%	69%	73%
Mississippi	138%	121%	86%	65%	57%	49%	52%	49%	60%	48%	41%	52%	68%
Missouri	55%	107%	49%	37%	37%	26%	31%	27%	31%	27%	33%	35%	29%
Montana	1112%	1091%	1126%	978%	960%	1201%	1196%	1121%	1188%	904%	830%	782%	797%
Nebraska	69%	87%	87%	92%	100%	84%	96%	92%	97%	76%	63%	71%	92%
Nevada	222%	206%	244%	291%	244%	225%	248%	316%	377%	783%	662%	222%	159%
New Hampshire	49%	36%	45%	48%	43%	47%	42%	48%	37%	49%	40%	35%	47%
New Jersey	11%	8%	8%	12%	8%	9%	9%	8%	7%	9%	9%	8%	12%
New Mexico	1681%	1804%	1769%	1651%	1780%	2453%	1550%	1845%	2029%	1971%	2152%	2324%	2181%
New York	7%	8%	11%	11%	6%	12%	7%	13%	7%	8%	11%	8%	10%
North Carolina	43%	31%	24%	19%	18%	19%	26%	26%	21%	17%	17%	18%	16%
North Dakota	1130%	1094%	837%	868%	824%	763%	816%	906%	830%	623%	590%	430%	734%
Ohio	24%	21%	19%	18%	21%	16%	17%	20%	28%	20%	20%	20%	18%
Oklahoma	109%	198%	241%	190%	224%	225%	221%	173%	161%	137%	123%	137%	129%
Oregon	523%	357%	311%	298%	272%	75%	382%	347%	320%	326%	287%	327%	274%
Pennsylvania	73%	50%	52%	43%	42%	33%	29%	37%	40%	40%	37%	43%	31%
Rhode Island	71%	61%	67%	67%	49%	51%	67%	59%	49%	41%	39%	59%	30%

**Table 4-15**  
**U.S. Department of Interior Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 6.34</b>	<b>\$ 10.04</b>	<b>\$ 8.79</b>	<b>\$ 8.97</b>	<b>\$ 9.69</b>	<b>\$ 11.24</b>	<b>\$ 10.30</b>	<b>\$ 11.63</b>	<b>\$ 12.24</b>	<b>\$ 12.99</b>	<b>\$ 15.26</b>	<b>\$ 13.34</b>	<b>\$ 15.66</b>
South Carolina	30%	23%	27%	30%	24%	17%	19%	19%	23%	26%	17%	28%	17%
South Dakota	1596%	1659%	1204%	1712%	1196%	1145%	1498%	1467%	1344%	651%	770%	313%	503%
Tennessee	38%	16%	25%	24%	26%	22%	27%	28%	25%	31%	25%	27%	25%
Texas	27%	22%	31%	30%	32%	31%	23%	22%	27%	21%	19%	22%	21%
Utah	433%	290%	342%	325%	328%	450%	348%	429%	375%	388%	582%	573%	504%
Vermont	108%	87%	91%	78%	71%	63%	89%	81%	86%	87%	64%	102%	88%
Virginia	48%	36%	35%	37%	34%	28%	30%	31%	29%	31%	25%	29%	30%
Washington	161%	211%	193%	168%	172%	200%	183%	160%	154%	128%	106%	130%	107%
West Virginia	311%	251%	238%	237%	254%	192%	229%	213%	235%	208%	181%	170%	164%
Wisconsin	89%	85%	93%	69%	86%	73%	80%	69%	65%	42%	41%	45%	41%
Wyoming	7843%	5926%	6867%	6541%	7561%	8864%	7937%	8905%	10006%	14119%	14587%	14124%	15981%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-16**  
**U.S. Department of Justice Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 7.21</b>	<b>\$ 9.61</b>	<b>\$ 11.57</b>	<b>\$ 17.54</b>	<b>\$ 12.23</b>	<b>\$ 13.12</b>	<b>\$ 15.71</b>	<b>\$ 14.00</b>	<b>\$ 14.95</b>	<b>\$ 13.09</b>	<b>\$ 19.16</b>	<b>\$ 11.71</b>	<b>\$ 8.60</b>
Alabama	104%	80%	80%	72%	75%	66%	64%	87%	79%	84%	23%	99%	102%
Alaska	128%	131%	177%	207%	276%	240%	221%	302%	345%	1562%	225%	410%	299%
Arizona	173%	141%	136%	125%	94%	99%	119%	100%	105%	52%	52%	115%	104%
Arkansas	102%	77%	86%	72%	93%	74%	72%	85%	101%	40%	23%	61%	71%
California	101%	193%	172%	168%	102%	138%	158%	100%	107%	47%	59%	98%	129%
Colorado	87%	85%	87%	94%	105%	110%	98%	97%	83%	377%	35%	96%	209%
Connecticut	79%	56%	51%	84%	65%	102%	87%	88%	166%	149%	284%	72%	69%
Delaware	149%	141%	196%	138%	163%	147%	92%	112%	99%	48%	105%	104%	91%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>113%</b>	<b>107%</b>	<b>99%</b>	<b>112%</b>	<b>98%</b>	<b>127%</b>	<b>106%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>97%</b>	<b>63%</b>	<b>57%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>124%</b>
Georgia	90%	84%	77%	80%	109%	125%	119%	141%	135%	97%	29%	144%	90%
Hawaii	68%	73%	78%	96%	90%	93%	90%	93%	102%	101%	248%	153%	83%
Idaho	98%	85%	81%	84%	88%	87%	108%	96%	103%	41%	26%	107%	55%
Illinois	109%	87%	99%	89%	82%	91%	85%	81%	66%	35%	31%	87%	86%
Indiana	77%	67%	55%	53%	44%	68%	50%	89%	72%	21%	112%	51%	63%
Iowa	75%	72%	79%	72%	83%	84%	81%	88%	82%	167%	35%	71%	65%
Kansas	70%	61%	104%	70%	79%	73%	80%	108%	101%	40%	81%	73%	70%
Kentucky	77%	65%	68%	65%	82%	85%	77%	104%	108%	109%	53%	91%	101%
Louisiana	96%	74%	93%	84%	99%	85%	75%	89%	79%	44%	95%	94%	132%
Maine	74%	62%	88%	87%	130%	88%	104%	111%	100%	85%	252%	114%	71%
Maryland	83%	99%	85%	89%	112%	88%	95%	165%	131%	630%	84%	187%	182%
Massachusetts	121%	91%	103%	116%	93%	96%	101%	102%	83%	60%	36%	108%	100%
Michigan	87%	57%	75%	81%	106%	74%	60%	80%	71%	126%	157%	57%	72%
Minnesota	79%	59%	70%	70%	80%	74%	85%	78%	90%	49%	37%	75%	164%
Mississippi	99%	65%	81%	114%	86%	71%	55%	112%	115%	40%	169%	122%	146%
Missouri	142%	98%	101%	76%	86%	62%	70%	89%	80%	36%	56%	89%	114%
Montana	101%	107%	154%	85%	154%	176%	163%	262%	226%	2539%	1071%	168%	95%
Nebraska	95%	88%	76%	94%	128%	87%	83%	113%	121%	140%	49%	132%	99%
Nevada	72%	79%	127%	95%	140%	144%	140%	125%	132%	112%	225%	136%	149%
New Hampshire	76%	77%	98%	91%	119%	91%	146%	223%	155%	357%	449%	146%	136%
New Jersey	131%	77%	81%	97%	82%	64%	65%	89%	95%	41%	39%	78%	88%
New Mexico	158%	125%	126%	112%	108%	138%	160%	213%	219%	179%	61%	138%	144%
New York	123%	147%	133%	128%	202%	146%	151%	113%	147%	67%	56%	115%	114%
North Carolina	71%	69%	86%	90%	95%	84%	70%	86%	69%	33%	38%	74%	66%
North Dakota	176%	109%	170%	156%	138%	155%	115%	164%	190%	197%	82%	214%	118%
Ohio	92%	63%	72%	66%	72%	64%	56%	60%	71%	31%	29%	59%	64%
Oklahoma	90%	65%	83%	80%	92%	76%	87%	107%	90%	54%	84%	97%	61%
Oregon	75%	95%	87%	115%	107%	108%	82%	94%	93%	49%	63%	80%	111%
Pennsylvania	64%	63%	63%	56%	60%	60%	59%	76%	65%	31%	79%	103%	62%
Rhode Island	108%	110%	96%	120%	104%	95%	140%	118%	133%	204%	137%	202%	123%

**Table 4-16**  
**U.S. Department of Justice Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 7.21</b>	<b>\$ 9.61</b>	<b>\$ 11.57</b>	<b>\$ 17.54</b>	<b>\$ 12.23</b>	<b>\$ 13.12</b>	<b>\$ 15.71</b>	<b>\$ 14.00</b>	<b>\$ 14.95</b>	<b>\$ 13.09</b>	<b>\$ 19.16</b>	<b>\$ 11.71</b>	<b>\$ 8.60</b>
South Carolina	105%	77%	104%	91%	102%	102%	81%	108%	116%	47%	52%	118%	88%
South Dakota	142%	121%	95%	95%	151%	178%	193%	310%	343%	132%	553%	200%	134%
Tennessee	111%	80%	86%	83%	86%	73%	70%	86%	80%	125%	35%	137%	79%
Texas	95%	99%	85%	94%	74%	92%	90%	71%	70%	50%	342%	69%	80%
Utah	134%	91%	97%	117%	155%	89%	150%	89%	101%	25%	46%	60%	74%
Vermont	95%	119%	141%	317%	246%	176%	204%	236%	218%	128%	90%	226%	139%
Virginia	97%	71%	71%	63%	108%	102%	101%	164%	149%	116%	137%	155%	63%
Washington	109%	94%	107%	98%	105%	102%	106%	98%	106%	56%	222%	99%	67%
West Virginia	94%	80%	89%	93%	162%	137%	119%	170%	132%	34%	53%	295%	130%
Wisconsin	81%	62%	76%	68%	63%	75%	77%	80%	82%	39%	72%	91%	81%
Wyoming	81%	110%	27%	140%	231%	158%	180%	195%	145%	5690%	515%	105%	105%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-17**  
**U.S. Department of Labor Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 24.18</b>	<b>\$ 19.50</b>	<b>\$ 24.35</b>	<b>\$ 25.71</b>	<b>\$ 17.78</b>	<b>\$ 25.46</b>	<b>\$ 27.47</b>	<b>\$ 25.77</b>	<b>\$ 28.12</b>	<b>\$ 27.22</b>	<b>\$ 29.98</b>	<b>\$ 27.18</b>	<b>\$ 27.61</b>
Alabama	86%	92%	89%	87%	103%	108%	106%	107%	108%	101%	81%	82%	83%
Alaska	303%	230%	310%	290%	352%	396%	325%	397%	307%	296%	283%	300%	306%
Arizona	91%	100%	95%	92%	81%	101%	93%	82%	86%	77%	70%	64%	71%
Arkansas	89%	98%	89%	99%	110%	127%	92%	102%	94%	96%	90%	98%	123%
California	144%	155%	139%	140%	135%	130%	125%	123%	118%	105%	101%	102%	105%
Colorado	87%	82%	78%	73%	81%	75%	76%	76%	80%	82%	76%	85%	83%
Connecticut	135%	122%	119%	126%	115%	106%	109%	108%	107%	110%	104%	111%	117%
Delaware	101%	87%	111%	117%	126%	107%	106%	97%	94%	109%	92%	141%	91%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>83%</b>	<b>76%</b>	<b>72%</b>	<b>68%</b>	<b>64%</b>	<b>62%</b>	<b>62%</b>	<b>56%</b>	<b>58%</b>	<b>67%</b>	<b>56%</b>	<b>52%</b>	<b>51%</b>
Georgia	71%	66%	68%	71%	95%	71%	71%	70%	69%	69%	61%	76%	68%
Hawaii	119%	139%	157%	163%	171%	179%	154%	158%	135%	124%	125%	112%	123%
Idaho	119%	119%	126%	127%	135%	129%	136%	113%	153%	124%	90%	101%	109%
Illinois	101%	93%	99%	101%	102%	98%	112%	107%	107%	107%	105%	111%	113%
Indiana	67%	61%	79%	74%	67%	66%	74%	62%	74%	89%	75%	105%	103%
Iowa	72%	79%	87%	90%	73%	75%	75%	76%	83%	83%	85%	96%	101%
Kansas	67%	65%	69%	76%	77%	78%	72%	79%	73%	70%	71%	104%	83%
Kentucky	82%	93%	94%	91%	95%	97%	93%	99%	109%	112%	96%	110%	105%
Louisiana	95%	97%	105%	113%	94%	98%	97%	104%	99%	105%	363%	106%	103%
Maine	124%	138%	132%	138%	110%	126%	144%	125%	163%	147%	116%	134%	115%
Maryland	88%	75%	102%	97%	100%	94%	102%	135%	121%	92%	110%	125%	134%
Massachusetts	109%	103%	95%	95%	92%	79%	98%	94%	94%	103%	101%	92%	100%
Michigan	102%	99%	83%	87%	108%	98%	111%	107%	120%	128%	130%	171%	171%
Minnesota	83%	82%	77%	83%	81%	74%	110%	87%	87%	88%	78%	92%	94%
Mississippi	92%	93%	91%	90%	105%	103%	134%	109%	107%	114%	252%	162%	148%
Missouri	88%	77%	76%	78%	81%	79%	81%	75%	77%	92%	78%	91%	95%
Montana	124%	119%	135%	160%	175%	196%	142%	119%	156%	123%	110%	127%	123%
Nebraska	67%	53%	83%	83%	78%	81%	82%	55%	68%	76%	71%	71%	75%
Nevada	115%	109%	119%	118%	108%	91%	95%	83%	92%	89%	70%	72%	71%
New Hampshire	91%	98%	87%	92%	84%	74%	90%	84%	83%	77%	71%	76%	82%
New Jersey	109%	111%	115%	113%	102%	103%	96%	71%	83%	103%	90%	90%	97%
New Mexico	102%	114%	125%	126%	142%	132%	134%	132%	109%	94%	89%	102%	108%
New York	106%	104%	111%	104%	110%	115%	103%	113%	98%	102%	92%	94%	93%
North Carolina	71%	72%	79%	82%	71%	83%	94%	89%	114%	122%	127%	126%	111%
North Dakota	140%	139%	160%	160%	266%	157%	155%	114%	138%	139%	120%	119%	128%
Ohio	88%	82%	87%	85%	87%	94%	89%	97%	81%	106%	95%	107%	110%
Oklahoma	92%	97%	96%	99%	74%	82%	71%	80%	80%	79%	71%	78%	72%
Oregon	116%	125%	128%	124%	146%	163%	160%	137%	139%	148%	153%	147%	141%
Pennsylvania	106%	114%	107%	108%	98%	105%	110%	109%	107%	117%	107%	104%	101%
Rhode Island	154%	173%	143%	135%	122%	138%	116%	118%	100%	121%	121%	131%	129%



**Table 4-17**  
**U.S. Department of Labor Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 24.18</b>	<b>\$ 19.50</b>	<b>\$ 24.35</b>	<b>\$ 25.71</b>	<b>\$ 17.78</b>	<b>\$ 25.46</b>	<b>\$ 27.47</b>	<b>\$ 25.77</b>	<b>\$ 28.12</b>	<b>\$ 27.22</b>	<b>\$ 29.98</b>	<b>\$ 27.18</b>	<b>\$ 27.61</b>
South Carolina	90%	98%	86%	88%	93%	87%	86%	84%	92%	101%	101%	134%	135%
South Dakota	104%	87%	115%	117%	137%	162%	127%	149%	157%	133%	122%	115%	105%
Tennessee	65%	73%	78%	73%	95%	93%	74%	90%	98%	83%	86%	95%	96%
Texas	84%	84%	87%	84%	80%	89%	84%	82%	86%	82%	87%	74%	78%
Utah	102%	93%	84%	113%	108%	91%	89%	90%	82%	108%	82%	85%	77%
Vermont	134%	142%	150%	162%	127%	155%	105%	147%	145%	111%	116%	1129%	149%
Virginia	74%	72%	78%	78%	73%	73%	67%	135%	117%	85%	110%	32%	108%
Washington	129%	135%	132%	139%	129%	129%	141%	157%	151%	138%	122%	126%	125%
West Virginia	144%	134%	133%	141%	136%	162%	156%	129%	106%	134%	110%	294%	101%
Wisconsin	85%	78%	82%	79%	92%	94%	111%	104%	133%	120%	109%	45%	105%
Wyoming	160%	130%	144%	157%	205%	165%	156%	148%	142%	149%	165%	144%	147%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-18**  
**National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 0.13</b>	<b>\$ 0.10</b>	<b>\$ 0.10</b>	<b>\$ 0.10</b>	<b>\$ 0.11</b>	<b>\$ 0.11</b>	<b>\$ 0.11</b>	<b>\$ 0.12</b>	<b>\$ 0.12</b>	<b>\$ 1.00</b>	<b>\$ 0.86</b>	<b>\$ 0.91</b>	<b>\$ 0.93</b>
Alabama	129%	137%	110%	119%	168%	124%	121%	131%	129%	86%	94%	83%	82%
Alaska	720%	776%	752%	886%	527%	716%	618%	982%	755%	533%	364%	483%	434%
Arizona	178%	125%	129%	150%	120%	102%	136%	103%	120%	103%	120%	89%	105%
Arkansas	180%	163%	188%	182%	170%	147%	156%	315%	155%	83%	102%	95%	89%
California	38%	39%	43%	46%	39%	32%	33%	26%	45%	73%	70%	71%	79%
Colorado	73%	119%	110%	132%	125%	107%	115%	145%	180%	97%	117%	116%	118%
Connecticut	125%	107%	192%	17%	62%	376%	7%	321%	36%	130%	104%	109%	122%
Delaware	1132%	510%	566%	417%	742%	569%	771%	395%	688%	205%	235%	214%	224%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>47%</b>	<b>53%</b>	<b>38%</b>	<b>49%</b>	<b>30%</b>	<b>44%</b>	<b>60%</b>	<b>36%</b>	<b>40%</b>	<b>73%</b>	<b>71%</b>	<b>67%</b>	<b>82%</b>
Georgia	87%	69%	68%	11%	131%	59%	47%	50%	49%	76%	71%	83%	71%
Hawaii	399%	421%	537%	537%	353%	407%	372%	401%	381%	261%	223%	264%	245%
Idaho	393%	336%	371%	493%	348%	398%	357%	426%	390%	178%	159%	137%	151%
Illinois	57%	45%	52%	54%	53%	53%	50%	50%	45%	113%	105%	143%	102%
Indiana	90%	81%	82%	87%	73%	106%	112%	101%	93%	74%	84%	99%	98%
Iowa	215%	135%	186%	192%	202%	202%	154%	171%	195%	174%	149%	142%	149%
Kansas	208%	254%	187%	169%	102%	179%	166%	121%	233%	111%	145%	98%	128%
Kentucky	114%	134%	146%	131%	127%	136%	135%	157%	140%	81%	91%	87%	92%
Louisiana	111%	92%	115%	136%	127%	124%	175%	113%	149%	102%	106%	97%	101%
Maine	269%	342%	293%	357%	446%	371%	456%	360%	519%	182%	213%	254%	180%
Maryland	87%	128%	57%	114%	100%	129%	83%	92%	93%	87%	103%	87%	118%
Massachusetts	89%	106%	61%	101%	85%	88%	109%	102%	104%	136%	131%	117%	142%
Michigan	2%	115%	22%	106%	62%	62%	105%	64%	50%	88%	91%	92%	101%
Minnesota	80%	114%	111%	70%	135%	103%	117%	110%	118%	95%	107%	89%	103%
Mississippi	160%	191%	134%	248%	148%	269%	227%	216%	166%	88%	103%	97%	108%
Missouri	112%	124%	109%	90%	108%	93%	79%	74%	89%	115%	112%	108%	85%
Montana	566%	338%	411%	719%	413%	742%	533%	638%	503%	241%	311%	262%	200%
Nebraska	364%	237%	283%	202%	408%	344%	312%	324%	347%	191%	177%	136%	139%
Nevada	297%	257%	255%	288%	234%	242%	242%	253%	175%	105%	143%	107%	117%
New Hampshire	369%	327%	512%	356%	437%	313%	374%	405%	363%	165%	158%	190%	190%
New Jersey	86%	103%	65%	52%	107%	19%	103%	77%	47%	81%	83%	98%	59%
New Mexico	285%	292%	230%	258%	249%	233%	42%	385%	205%	103%	196%	129%	158%
New York	39%	36%	30%	24%	61%	51%	29%	30%	42%	110%	103%	96%	111%
North Carolina	96%	53%	91%	90%	82%	86%	99%	74%	99%	92%	103%	76%	104%
North Dakota	563%	618%	691%	731%	777%	772%	750%	800%	794%	267%	224%	458%	252%
Ohio	71%	32%	81%	78%	33%	66%	82%	47%	51%	89%	84%	75%	78%
Oklahoma	131%	174%	134%	201%	136%	93%	138%	156%	139%	172%	104%	121%	101%
Oregon	183%	41%	274%	166%	135%	155%	129%	70%	140%	104%	91%	134%	95%
Pennsylvania	34%	74%	52%	59%	49%	47%	51%	36%	74%	109%	111%	110%	90%
Rhode Island	453%	153%	478%	588%	0%	907%	470%	402%	513%	204%	196%	229%	171%

**Table 4-18**  
**National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 0.13</b>	<b>\$ 0.10</b>	<b>\$ 0.10</b>	<b>\$ 0.10</b>	<b>\$ 0.11</b>	<b>\$ 0.11</b>	<b>\$ 0.11</b>	<b>\$ 0.12</b>	<b>\$ 0.12</b>	<b>\$ 1.00</b>	<b>\$ 0.86</b>	<b>\$ 0.91</b>	<b>\$ 0.93</b>
South Carolina	217%	239%	122%	105%	174%	126%	142%	197%	195%	86%	118%	87%	90%
South Dakota	292%	1010%	583%	451%	665%	539%	781%	921%	722%	230%	266%	266%	265%
Tennessee	138%	81%	121%	36%	90%	67%	160%	88%	55%	154%	88%	102%	91%
Texas	43%	42%	47%	18%	54%	14%	45%	30%	52%	67%	66%	89%	89%
Utah	201%	225%	137%	294%	237%	244%	217%	214%	224%	110%	136%	121%	127%
Vermont	602%	900%	662%	683%	192%	748%	804%	767%	141%	306%	385%	381%	488%
Virginia	59%	51%	139%	78%	71%	93%	15%	105%	82%	93%	90%	88%	93%
Washington	110%	99%	102%	87%	85%	85%	88%	110%	91%	94%	90%	100%	91%
West Virginia	225%	214%	244%	276%	242%	242%	251%	302%	270%	128%	134%	127%	121%
Wisconsin	79%	109%	105%	119%	103%	87%	109%	87%	107%	102%	107%	81%	77%
Wyoming	1053%	717%	880%	1429%	1443%	1076%	754%	833%	1016%	247%	515%	314%	227%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-19**  
**Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 0.07</b>	<b>\$ 0.12</b>	<b>\$ 0.13</b>	<b>\$ 0.23</b>	<b>\$ 0.17</b>	<b>\$ 0.21</b>	<b>\$ 0.25</b>	<b>\$ 0.24</b>	<b>\$ 0.26</b>	<b>\$ 0.25</b>	<b>\$ 0.26</b>	<b>\$ 0.25</b>	<b>\$ 0.67</b>
Alabama	38%	67%	29%	31%	49%	26%	14%	13%	16%	17%	21%	20%	21%
Alaska	746%	395%	551%	816%	431%	346%	393%	269%	374%	331%	406%	318%	111%
Arizona	98%	94%	66%	98%	55%	44%	46%	67%	55%	65%	54%	43%	56%
Arkansas	0%	28%	62%	81%	101%	77%	77%	97%	49%	62%	23%	42%	28%
California	256%	207%	220%	176%	196%	178%	160%	168%	196%	170%	157%	161%	111%
Colorado	95%	118%	173%	220%	275%	289%	336%	138%	189%	207%	151%	133%	100%
Connecticut	197%	334%	162%	246%	192%	109%	147%	141%	133%	147%	103%	125%	44%
Delaware	0%	0%	0%	28%	42%	43%	23%	15%	307%	313%	324%	210%	156%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>61%</b>	<b>46%</b>	<b>52%</b>	<b>56%</b>	<b>59%</b>	<b>52%</b>	<b>49%</b>	<b>60%</b>	<b>50%</b>	<b>47%</b>	<b>44%</b>	<b>53%</b>	<b>28%</b>
Georgia	60%	28%	18%	17%	26%	31%	33%	41%	59%	109%	103%	89%	32%
Hawaii	0%	79%	34%	119%	73%	140%	105%	42%	76%	96%	113%	128%	45%
Idaho	146%	365%	341%	431%	453%	236%	239%	538%	156%	116%	140%	126%	60%
Illinois	63%	59%	69%	62%	76%	71%	53%	30%	54%	37%	44%	36%	40%
Indiana	71%	47%	46%	75%	50%	54%	85%	60%	70%	71%	62%	60%	27%
Iowa	46%	58%	92%	145%	123%	92%	51%	38%	49%	51%	89%	119%	109%
Kansas	11%	85%	88%	42%	54%	87%	101%	81%	97%	104%	100%	84%	34%
Kentucky	13%	73%	11%	46%	26%	37%	74%	46%	33%	47%	99%	131%	70%
Louisiana	67%	39%	57%	83%	19%	11%	53%	43%	9%	27%	141%	104%	58%
Maine	0%	0%	42%	9%	47%	31%	19%	44%	67%	51%	143%	89%	31%
Maryland	348%	435%	345%	208%	167%	130%	123%	144%	98%	86%	118%	110%	517%
Massachusetts	243%	146%	201%	157%	251%	187%	273%	202%	270%	270%	209%	199%	625%
Michigan	82%	78%	91%	92%	40%	36%	28%	20%	16%	15%	25%	34%	112%
Minnesota	164%	82%	117%	81%	75%	52%	72%	79%	79%	123%	157%	155%	656%
Mississippi	8%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	13%	13%	32%	44%	175%	131%	40%
Missouri	117%	97%	70%	58%	71%	51%	77%	53%	80%	39%	82%	88%	56%
Montana	139%	181%	331%	367%	603%	218%	336%	153%	151%	203%	155%	302%	171%
Nebraska	42%	118%	51%	41%	11%	39%	23%	52%	68%	45%	84%	67%	58%
Nevada	25%	10%	36%	39%	45%	37%	22%	28%	39%	53%	22%	21%	19%
New Hampshire	116%	149%	204%	278%	315%	350%	260%	531%	336%	407%	393%	369%	217%
New Jersey	10%	13%	23%	20%	22%	25%	25%	14%	29%	28%	21%	28%	34%
New Mexico	331%	235%	270%	276%	199%	256%	186%	177%	174%	116%	197%	140%	88%
New York	115%	122%	111%	123%	143%	183%	153%	165%	150%	174%	150%	145%	85%
North Carolina	15%	22%	43%	52%	32%	52%	71%	103%	73%	64%	58%	68%	73%
North Dakota	0%	0%	0%	0%	61%	167%	108%	314%	115%	193%	174%	191%	155%
Ohio	52%	75%	74%	99%	86%	95%	121%	144%	131%	149%	179%	188%	122%
Oklahoma	74%	50%	92%	86%	124%	174%	131%	121%	102%	99%	77%	81%	25%
Oregon	55%	70%	45%	36%	45%	59%	94%	79%	115%	136%	146%	160%	70%
Pennsylvania	35%	69%	42%	61%	50%	53%	30%	25%	28%	36%	29%	33%	150%
Rhode Island	166%	48%	223%	147%	269%	295%	292%	451%	265%	357%	470%	343%	191%

**Table 4-19**  
**Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 0.07</b>	<b>\$ 0.12</b>	<b>\$ 0.13</b>	<b>\$ 0.23</b>	<b>\$ 0.17</b>	<b>\$ 0.21</b>	<b>\$ 0.25</b>	<b>\$ 0.24</b>	<b>\$ 0.26</b>	<b>\$ 0.25</b>	<b>\$ 0.26</b>	<b>\$ 0.25</b>	<b>\$ 0.67</b>
South Carolina	8%	19%	0%	0%	30%	30%	6%	0%	0%	0%	16%	47%	28%
South Dakota	25%	238%	126%	139%	122%	173%	141%	152%	107%	133%	173%	174%	107%
Tennessee	12%	23%	62%	126%	111%	116%	172%	108%	97%	78%	74%	67%	90%
Texas	58%	69%	68%	61%	82%	84%	65%	85%	77%	63%	54%	49%	30%
Utah	92%	124%	104%	187%	73%	137%	94%	70%	56%	57%	68%	111%	25%
Vermont	475%	878%	1160%	736%	770%	1583%	915%	1229%	1294%	1334%	951%	920%	506%
Virginia	42%	58%	47%	52%	59%	55%	116%	101%	127%	97%	75%	94%	52%
Washington	27%	12%	13%	10%	7%	27%	54%	44%	47%	59%	51%	84%	32%
West Virginia	121%	208%	206%	140%	29%	81%	215%	182%	110%	120%	118%	111%	42%
Wisconsin	102%	114%	71%	147%	63%	81%	81%	109%	68%	73%	100%	69%	45%
Wyoming	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	49%	199%	202%	156%	162%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-20**  
**Social Security Administration - Supplemental Security Income Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 0.11</b>	<b>\$ 0.15</b>	<b>\$ 0.17</b>	<b>\$ 0.19</b>	<b>\$ 0.17</b>	<b>\$ 0.14</b>	<b>\$ 0.17</b>	<b>\$ 0.11</b>	<b>\$ 0.11</b>	<b>\$ 0.09</b>	<b>\$ 0.12</b>	<b>\$ 0.11</b>	<b>\$ 0.14</b>
Alabama	129%	104%	60%	141%	164%	105%	136%	91%	162%	123%	109%	58%	97%
Alaska	265%	33%	295%	72%	170%	239%	35%	254%	147%	291%	56%	89%	90%
Arizona	67%	85%	45%	144%	108%	93%	71%	45%	34%	79%	63%	60%	82%
Arkansas	27%	53%	77%	85%	41%	67%	23%	44%	40%	67%	52%	35%	84%
California	53%	27%	104%	191%	116%	141%	130%	134%	158%	158%	135%	152%	143%
Colorado	21%	60%	37%	26%	23%	16%	9%	54%	32%	107%	33%	71%	73%
Connecticut	54%	105%	85%	85%	97%	49%	80%	85%	66%	52%	170%	105%	99%
Delaware	60%	47%	21%	78%	81%	123%	84%	76%	109%	187%	122%	136%	54%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>56%</b>	<b>85%</b>	<b>112%</b>	<b>106%</b>	<b>80%</b>	<b>75%</b>	<b>77%</b>	<b>70%</b>	<b>87%</b>	<b>111%</b>	<b>105%</b>	<b>110%</b>	<b>88%</b>
Georgia	18%	78%	33%	69%	0%	0%	224%	156%	63%	109%	98%	54%	99%
Hawaii	3%	24%	6%	1%	0%	12%	17%	22%	17%	75%	27%	43%	7%
Idaho	108%	87%	137%	127%	57%	106%	96%	58%	52%	73%	33%	71%	41%
Illinois	183%	174%	129%	89%	76%	117%	88%	119%	79%	124%	47%	71%	39%
Indiana	112%	136%	92%	112%	72%	29%	76%	41%	9%	23%	3%	11%	14%
Iowa	40%	62%	34%	122%	16%	74%	72%	116%	110%	124%	178%	167%	115%
Kansas	116%	105%	93%	58%	14%	23%	118%	162%	90%	177%	96%	102%	96%
Kentucky	148%	246%	128%	175%	183%	118%	203%	212%	152%	229%	229%	146%	214%
Louisiana	78%	150%	172%	105%	111%	84%	30%	167%	111%	111%	207%	123%	91%
Maine	131%	106%	312%	139%	74%	229%	177%	107%	207%	238%	349%	196%	143%
Maryland	117%	121%	48%	81%	111%	101%	112%	161%	84%	210%	110%	153%	159%
Massachusetts	101%	93%	147%	85%	79%	49%	62%	71%	151%	39%	146%	172%	140%
Michigan	117%	149%	17%	153%	70%	43%	82%	166%	103%	97%	85%	112%	80%
Minnesota	210%	76%	108%	83%	99%	128%	65%	103%	118%	101%	145%	220%	144%
Mississippi	126%	137%	150%	158%	121%	54%	80%	46%	70%	161%	76%	74%	90%
Missouri	100%	89%	47%	55%	76%	116%	80%	40%	140%	77%	116%	87%	50%
Montana	77%	73%	131%	114%	171%	52%	62%	113%	56%	153%	98%	101%	195%
Nebraska	47%	0%	65%	38%	29%	31%	56%	42%	19%	0%	19%	14%	27%
Nevada	60%	106%	92%	88%	30%	97%	48%	52%	26%	20%	113%	96%	50%
New Hampshire	86%	45%	83%	60%	6%	19%	30%	10%	31%	0%	0%	8%	118%
New Jersey	61%	50%	12%	37%	32%	24%	52%	42%	64%	15%	27%	21%	67%
New Mexico	156%	113%	81%	70%	50%	62%	154%	107%	181%	87%	82%	501%	157%
New York	150%	110%	59%	34%	177%	111%	90%	65%	169%	71%	103%	32%	93%
North Carolina	89%	178%	255%	85%	112%	97%	157%	113%	60%	36%	62%	59%	61%
North Dakota	21%	2%	0%	49%	6%	41%	0%	1%	61%	123%	143%	78%	172%
Ohio	162%	198%	127%	141%	360%	396%	234%	193%	202%	167%	185%	151%	179%
Oklahoma	64%	73%	38%	102%	61%	56%	126%	114%	59%	64%	39%	102%	117%
Oregon	72%	52%	87%	33%	18%	28%	26%	7%	7%	53%	6%	147%	103%
Pennsylvania	111%	150%	195%	93%	110%	213%	173%	179%	149%	105%	122%	182%	110%
Rhode Island	50%	71%	87%	0%	83%	28%	66%	36%	21%	10%	104%	68%	28%

**Table 4-20**  
**Social Security Administration - Supplemental Security Income Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 0.11</b>	<b>\$ 0.15</b>	<b>\$ 0.17</b>	<b>\$ 0.19</b>	<b>\$ 0.17</b>	<b>\$ 0.14</b>	<b>\$ 0.17</b>	<b>\$ 0.11</b>	<b>\$ 0.11</b>	<b>\$ 0.09</b>	<b>\$ 0.12</b>	<b>\$ 0.11</b>	<b>\$ 0.14</b>
South Carolina	101%	72%	108%	91%	63%	73%	49%	134%	91%	175%	105%	50%	76%
South Dakota	166%	174%	98%	90%	230%	85%	179%	243%	100%	142%	127%	226%	63%
Tennessee	174%	265%	232%	63%	75%	97%	83%	60%	53%	69%	34%	22%	24%
Texas	109%	87%	99%	75%	65%	69%	58%	66%	59%	71%	97%	82%	106%
Utah	68%	23%	49%	35%	73%	51%	11%	76%	97%	13%	84%	58%	170%
Vermont	240%	119%	142%	213%	78%	78%	230%	321%	239%	213%	306%	221%	165%
Virginia	108%	52%	116%	102%	81%	75%	48%	65%	40%	85%	83%	94%	89%
Washington	59%	49%	45%	108%	93%	42%	94%	32%	68%	76%	78%	76%	98%
West Virginia	185%	31%	43%	47%	52%	78%	159%	105%	56%	18%	64%	18%	155%
Wisconsin	101%	55%	113%	43%	124%	35%	53%	18%	16%	27%	55%	53%	48%
Wyoming	37%	20%	37%	68%	12%	73%	56%	66%	130%	24%	35%	16%	76%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-21**  
**State Justice Institute Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
U.S. Per Cap. Exp.	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01
Alabama	87%	123%	4%	34%	26%	26%	13%	33%	8%	7%	0%	3%	23%
Alaska	255%	1009%	231%	321%	151%	232%	499%	23%	971%	673%	660%	92%	252%
Arizona	176%	210%	225%	173%	395%	38%	46%	40%	18%	26%	10%	49%	293%
Arkansas	8%	3%	0%	2%	19%	2%	0%	11%	0%	6%	0%	0%	0%
California	53%	80%	32%	43%	20%	68%	55%	1%	19%	25%	28%	5%	2%
Colorado	598%	740%	347%	166%	273%	453%	301%	86%	690%	109%	60%	0%	151%
Connecticut	0%	46%	69%	116%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Delaware	77%	11%	185%	1422%	273%	23%	156%	0%	21%	146%	19%	0%	0%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>65%</b>	<b>49%</b>	<b>21%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>26%</b>	<b>13%</b>	<b>12%</b>	<b>2%</b>	<b>2%</b>	<b>78%</b>	<b>6%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>9%</b>
Georgia	136%	59%	30%	7%	81%	13%	1%	3%	41%	19%	17%	62%	106%
Hawaii	41%	63%	14%	14%	214%	449%	5%	155%	109%	0%	0%	24%	41%
Idaho	18%	7%	11%	106%	415%	551%	108%	55%	582%	323%	11%	31%	122%
Illinois	29%	10%	262%	302%	291%	58%	53%	53%	12%	61%	358%	251%	4%
Indiana	12%	8%	1%	1%	6%	13%	63%	2%	17%	7%	13%	0%	46%
Iowa	350%	93%	30%	12%	17%	8%	13%	5%	29%	150%	38%	94%	0%
Kansas	30%	0%	39%	69%	87%	2%	5%	6%	38%	17%	151%	164%	166%
Kentucky	72%	113%	0%	19%	28%	116%	63%	4%	83%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Louisiana	286%	76%	38%	2%	15%	1%	1%	0%	0%	3%	4%	7%	9%
Maine	226%	1107%	290%	83%	129%	114%	234%	69%	0%	268%	24%	12%	0%
Maryland	457%	267%	2%	40%	307%	150%	169%	174%	208%	399%	630%	304%	570%
Massachusetts	85%	1%	28%	48%	22%	75%	26%	35%	3%	2%	0%	0%	4%
Michigan	153%	307%	90%	189%	166%	296%	223%	322%	347%	452%	452%	39%	11%
Minnesota	20%	16%	2%	3%	14%	16%	67%	18%	132%	12%	12%	48%	689%
Mississippi	8%	9%	58%	48%	5%	34%	97%	234%	0%	11%	11%	5%	18%
Missouri	75%	2%	40%	43%	50%	7%	1%	3%	0%	3%	8%	0%	45%
Montana	24%	28%	34%	122%	0%	0%	0%	131%	0%	247%	68%	556%	289%
Nebraska	132%	15%	0%	42%	61%	43%	248%	0%	0%	44%	0%	326%	67%
Nevada	466%	124%	1232%	1169%	635%	764%	519%	7%	562%	159%	160%	61%	359%
New Hampshire	568%	785%	47%	179%	189%	636%	168%	0%	80%	177%	390%	12%	172%
New Jersey	11%	10%	12%	20%	16%	12%	1%	45%	38%	18%	4%	38%	0%
New Mexico	136%	361%	699%	935%	567%	508%	945%	753%	181%	16%	148%	0%	524%
New York	120%	114%	71%	95%	56%	33%	49%	131%	96%	215%	152%	148%	189%
North Carolina	65%	23%	60%	8%	1%	19%	15%	0%	0%	30%	40%	257%	56%
North Dakota	22%	0%	210%	124%	179%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	25%	122%	0%
Ohio	68%	31%	11%	22%	22%	4%	1%	0%	24%	12%	8%	197%	63%
Oklahoma	2%	0%	1%	1%	12%	11%	5%	0%	0%	9%	0%	9%	4%
Oregon	296%	146%	8%	20%	3%	23%	43%	8%	0%	8%	43%	63%	84%
Pennsylvania	17%	17%	9%	9%	17%	9%	19%	1%	31%	12%	18%	54%	21%
Rhode Island	7%	17%	13%	63%	19%	0%	236%	251%	304%	315%	30%	0%	0%



**Table 4-21**  
**State Justice Institute Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
U.S. Per Cap. Exp.	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01
South Carolina	295%	50%	52%	63%	1%	6%	5%	0%	8%	14%	11%	89%	0%
South Dakota	0%	114%	118%	0%	86%	73%	66%	255%	157%	0%	0%	511%	779%
Tennessee	182%	369%	260%	144%	418%	222%	268%	1359%	841%	540%	326%	219%	30%
Texas	11%	25%	8%	10%	6%	17%	10%	2%	1%	40%	42%	0%	52%
Utah	52%	0%	222%	119%	98%	8%	90%	0%	29%	62%	31%	77%	5%
Vermont	1113%	621%	796%	411%	262%	399%	245%	582%	722%	124%	232%	126%	579%
Virginia	144%	268%	1132%	920%	813%	1206%	1503%	1010%	598%	773%	717%	1106%	775%
Washington	24%	84%	127%	42%	65%	134%	24%	2%	133%	20%	13%	97%	108%
West Virginia	12%	27%	2%	50%	61%	14%	7%	572%	419%	59%	186%	320%	176%
Wisconsin	54%	19%	27%	17%	2%	9%	25%	0%	100%	0%	0%	6%	33%
Wyoming	15%	17%	9%	336%	152%	0%	88%	0%	0%	181%	0%	30%	0%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-22**  
**U.S. Department of Transportation Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 88.43</b>	<b>\$ 98.54</b>	<b>\$ 98.59</b>	<b>\$ 104.30</b>	<b>\$ 110.60</b>	<b>\$ 125.68</b>	<b>\$ 129.26</b>	<b>\$ 130.51</b>	<b>\$ 134.26</b>	<b>\$ 139.86</b>	<b>\$ 151.42</b>	<b>\$ 155.32</b>	<b>\$ 163.48</b>
Alabama	88%	79%	80%	96%	118%	136%	145%	118%	101%	113%	136%	129%	158%
Alaska	579%	643%	518%	528%	605%	592%	611%	759%	647%	677%	606%	688%	665%
Arizona	77%	90%	87%	113%	101%	89%	91%	83%	88%	80%	83%	72%	84%
Arkansas	113%	127%	132%	111%	107%	94%	136%	142%	124%	124%	121%	106%	104%
California	86%	93%	87%	87%	86%	86%	88%	94%	79%	76%	82%	78%	80%
Colorado	108%	72%	97%	111%	89%	93%	92%	86%	109%	94%	101%	102%	96%
Connecticut	134%	139%	122%	121%	124%	117%	132%	106%	115%	86%	105%	79%	93%
Delaware	139%	130%	150%	153%	153%	136%	126%	119%	91%	106%	99%	97%	117%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>66%</b>	<b>68%</b>	<b>63%</b>	<b>69%</b>	<b>80%</b>	<b>89%</b>	<b>84%</b>	<b>91%</b>	<b>85%</b>	<b>88%</b>	<b>86%</b>	<b>96%</b>	<b>92%</b>
Georgia	86%	85%	79%	98%	100%	96%	95%	85%	85%	81%	80%	102%	93%
Hawaii	196%	191%	149%	97%	98%	156%	110%	94%	95%	121%	117%	117%	159%
Idaho	132%	146%	124%	143%	139%	146%	151%	155%	158%	138%	136%	165%	370%
Illinois	99%	91%	85%	79%	91%	87%	81%	83%	63%	90%	92%	95%	66%
Indiana	81%	88%	88%	94%	99%	96%	81%	91%	87%	85%	82%	81%	108%
Iowa	113%	99%	109%	110%	108%	102%	107%	110%	100%	96%	98%	92%	102%
Kansas	110%	82%	86%	128%	111%	81%	114%	113%	113%	98%	86%	136%	122%
Kentucky	83%	92%	100%	98%	134%	117%	116%	120%	99%	101%	109%	125%	100%
Louisiana	89%	79%	80%	92%	99%	15%	93%	110%	104%	100%	129%	123%	111%
Maine	95%	106%	111%	124%	129%	112%	111%	125%	122%	113%	108%	106%	114%
Maryland	105%	109%	98%	83%	90%	93%	103%	94%	84%	109%	121%	107%	68%
Massachusetts	256%	212%	194%	126%	88%	90%	81%	88%	99%	80%	75%	78%	67%
Michigan	69%	78%	79%	86%	90%	86%	78%	72%	75%	83%	81%	86%	89%
Minnesota	80%	79%	84%	88%	99%	100%	92%	84%	98%	87%	93%	98%	111%
Mississippi	93%	79%	78%	105%	93%	93%	124%	124%	119%	114%	209%	226%	197%
Missouri	90%	105%	98%	105%	136%	120%	118%	119%	120%	113%	106%	114%	103%
Montana	253%	217%	245%	302%	310%	265%	291%	55%	305%	238%	91%	267%	342%
Nebraska	115%	117%	96%	116%	116%	95%	104%	113%	127%	119%	114%	110%	101%
Nevada	93%	135%	108%	135%	94%	100%	83%	98%	102%	84%	109%	103%	103%
New Hampshire	93%	103%	98%	111%	103%	101%	118%	110%	82%	95%	99%	119%	99%
New Jersey	130%	129%	106%	104%	117%	114%	94%	87%	116%	113%	104%	125%	108%
New Mexico	136%	132%	117%	146%	145%	147%	139%	127%	130%	114%	98%	128%	107%
New York	122%	116%	137%	105%	99%	105%	88%	88%	101%	111%	106%	111%	111%
North Carolina	54%	72%	103%	101%	94%	97%	101%	90%	97%	94%	81%	81%	84%
North Dakota	186%	247%	291%	285%	298%	267%	298%	257%	286%	303%	281%	273%	253%
Ohio	86%	82%	88%	71%	77%	79%	79%	79%	82%	86%	95%	84%	83%
Oklahoma	82%	91%	89%	87%	97%	85%	96%	108%	118%	112%	112%	106%	127%
Oregon	146%	165%	166%	127%	95%	109%	131%	135%	139%	109%	93%	112%	126%
Pennsylvania	99%	108%	100%	91%	94%	122%	109%	113%	109%	106%	121%	102%	107%
Rhode Island	173%	127%	165%	175%	146%	164%	160%	125%	128%	162%	183%	177%	130%

**Table 4-22**  
**U.S. Department of Transportation Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 88.43</b>	<b>\$ 98.54</b>	<b>\$ 98.59</b>	<b>\$ 104.30</b>	<b>\$ 110.60</b>	<b>\$ 125.68</b>	<b>\$ 129.26</b>	<b>\$ 130.51</b>	<b>\$ 134.26</b>	<b>\$ 139.86</b>	<b>\$ 151.42</b>	<b>\$ 155.32</b>	<b>\$ 163.48</b>
South Carolina	84%	76%	75%	85%	90%	84%	91%	94%	131%	132%	130%	93%	61%
South Dakota	233%	237%	257%	238%	241%	263%	245%	253%	220%	246%	231%	208%	221%
Tennessee	92%	85%	100%	100%	93%	82%	82%	88%	95%	89%	93%	94%	85%
Texas	89%	79%	76%	95%	98%	91%	97%	107%	109%	115%	100%	69%	86%
Utah	105%	111%	120%	142%	134%	119%	107%	94%	101%	104%	95%	112%	110%
Vermont	171%	173%	228%	320%	200%	220%	183%	154%	174%	163%	190%	201%	173%
Virginia	75%	78%	86%	92%	81%	103%	110%	88%	83%	62%	66%	79%	90%
Washington	85%	109%	101%	105%	107%	104%	99%	107%	108%	121%	90%	119%	116%
West Virginia	162%	145%	178%	166%	182%	212%	187%	196%	177%	196%	183%	169%	161%
Wisconsin	78%	76%	88%	92%	47%	96%	97%	96%	93%	92%	83%	91%	81%
Wyoming	321%	307%	302%	410%	373%	315%	406%	430%	403%	423%	297%	312%	282%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-23**  
**U.S. Department of Treasury Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 0.13</b>	<b>\$ 0.08</b>	<b>\$ 0.35</b>	<b>\$ 0.54</b>	<b>\$ 0.38</b>	<b>\$ 0.29</b>	<b>\$ 0.24</b>	<b>\$ 17</b>	<b>\$ 17</b>	<b>\$ 0.25</b>	<b>\$ 0.22</b>	<b>\$ 0.23</b>	<b>\$ 0.32</b>
Alabama	22%	12%	20%	7%	16%	33%	27%	100%	99%	33%	1%	19%	1%
Alaska	60%	0%	25%	11%	13%	9%	31%	227%	226%	5%	93%	265%	13%
Arizona	131%	101%	155%	102%	130%	170%	90%	95%	93%	414%	24%	43%	145%
Arkansas	3%	0%	1%	11%	4%	3%	20%	98%	98%	1%	0%	29%	6%
California	102%	30%	71%	87%	149%	79%	67%	96%	96%	69%	30%	86%	98%
Colorado	26%	0%	17%	26%	21%	33%	25%	95%	94%	18%	8%	31%	1%
Connecticut	49%	0%	11%	9%	60%	35%	20%	98%	98%	3%	50%	26%	43%
Delaware	0%	0%	106%	55%	38%	15%	14%	180%	179%	5%	2%	28%	25%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>327%</b>	<b>848%</b>	<b>398%</b>	<b>518%</b>	<b>174%</b>	<b>230%</b>	<b>394%</b>	<b>96%</b>	<b>94%</b>	<b>136%</b>	<b>264%</b>	<b>147%</b>	<b>93%</b>
Georgia	11%	43%	40%	11%	26%	35%	169%	95%	93%	47%	96%	32%	92%
Hawaii	0%	0%	131%	50%	108%	87%	32%	117%	118%	63%	212%	211%	23%
Idaho	9%	2%	7%	27%	14%	28%	28%	108%	106%	207%	16%	50%	23%
Illinois	105%	2%	58%	125%	112%	121%	59%	99%	100%	38%	108%	79%	121%
Indiana	12%	9%	40%	8%	22%	27%	29%	98%	99%	57%	27%	26%	30%
Iowa	0%	0%	16%	8%	7%	0%	1%	100%	100%	27%	19%	3%	4%
Kansas	5%	0%	17%	5%	8%	19%	25%	99%	99%	10%	2%	5%	22%
Kentucky	17%	0%	13%	26%	9%	14%	49%	98%	99%	138%	27%	32%	57%
Louisiana	21%	11%	28%	28%	31%	21%	421%	99%	100%	17%	149%	17%	40%
Maine	84%	34%	1%	67%	7%	2%	0%	113%	113%	13%	26%	221%	12%
Maryland	128%	0%	91%	93%	174%	77%	75%	99%	97%	133%	143%	124%	331%
Massachusetts	0%	0%	63%	24%	15%	43%	92%	100%	101%	43%	22%	65%	65%
Michigan	26%	0%	30%	10%	60%	63%	144%	99%	100%	50%	122%	47%	45%
Minnesota	7%	1%	1%	7%	4%	14%	9%	97%	97%	1%	39%	5%	1%
Mississippi	95%	0%	8%	15%	9%	55%	43%	99%	99%	62%	101%	6%	27%
Missouri	3%	0%	20%	68%	24%	56%	29%	98%	98%	7%	22%	19%	8%
Montana	26%	5%	468%	302%	292%	10%	19%	161%	160%	48%	91%	61%	31%
Nebraska	28%	0%	105%	62%	36%	58%	30%	101%	100%	15%	9%	20%	2%
Nevada	0%	0%	22%	51%	22%	48%	24%	90%	87%	18%	0%	27%	136%
New Hampshire	0%	5%	3%	2%	1%	48%	56%	114%	114%	0%	19%	5%	28%
New Jersey	179%	379%	109%	96%	189%	91%	52%	99%	100%	139%	129%	53%	91%
New Mexico	49%	1%	69%	78%	124%	62%	80%	98%	97%	30%	7%	3%	29%
New York	474%	351%	349%	313%	396%	420%	238%	102%	102%	325%	228%	266%	162%
North Carolina	73%	37%	121%	65%	39%	32%	107%	96%	96%	191%	136%	138%	242%
North Dakota	12%	0%	6%	9%	36%	273%	492%	232%	233%	1%	2%	0%	170%
Ohio	0%	0%	12%	31%	25%	53%	19%	99%	101%	25%	10%	104%	64%
Oklahoma	5%	0%	44%	4%	5%	4%	3%	98%	99%	17%	6%	4%	8%
Oregon	42%	29%	13%	55%	51%	89%	127%	98%	97%	99%	65%	86%	74%
Pennsylvania	11%	1%	78%	41%	26%	70%	25%	99%	100%	26%	120%	29%	56%
Rhode Island	0%	0%	0%	3%	12%	227%	30%	137%	138%	219%	65%	32%	23%

**Table 4-23**  
**U.S. Department of Treasury Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 0.13</b>	<b>\$ 0.08</b>	<b>\$ 0.35</b>	<b>\$ 0.54</b>	<b>\$ 0.38</b>	<b>\$ 0.29</b>	<b>\$ 0.24</b>	<b>\$ 17</b>	<b>\$ 17</b>	<b>\$ 0.25</b>	<b>\$ 0.22</b>	<b>\$ 0.23</b>	<b>\$ 0.32</b>
South Carolina	0%	42%	24%	10%	13%	18%	22%	98%	98%	97%	19%	51%	58%
South Dakota	74%	0%	0%	24%	3%	4%	9%	192%	193%	6%	6%	1%	4%
Tennessee	62%	0%	42%	56%	70%	199%	123%	98%	98%	33%	167%	7%	69%
Texas	146%	82%	191%	144%	144%	69%	67%	96%	96%	197%	225%	278%	166%
Utah	59%	35%	15%	27%	29%	24%	30%	95%	93%	16%	55%	34%	4%
Vermont	53%	0%	31%	43%	95%	33%	178%	237%	240%	61%	26%	26%	92%
Virginia	5%	15%	22%	30%	60%	109%	59%	97%	96%	202%	174%	109%	437%
Washington	21%	103%	15%	13%	21%	67%	76%	97%	96%	37%	56%	296%	116%
West Virginia	1%	1%	32%	107%	4%	44%	5%	100%	101%	82%	27%	12%	16%
Wisconsin	33%	0%	32%	20%	55%	139%	108%	98%	99%	8%	10%	90%	53%
Wyoming	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	7%	189%	293%	294%	53%	26%	46%	5%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Table 4-24**  
**U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 1.13</b>	<b>\$ 1.07</b>	<b>\$ 1.25</b>	<b>\$ 1.55</b>	<b>\$ 1.26</b>	<b>\$ 1.65</b>	<b>\$ 1.69</b>	<b>\$ 2.23</b>	<b>\$ 2.20</b>	<b>\$ 2.38</b>	<b>\$ 1.94</b>	<b>\$ 1.89</b>	<b>\$ 2.12</b>
Alabama	104%	115%	98%	84%	106%	82%	91%	84%	133%	94%	108%	117%	126%
Alaska	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	15%	0%	152%	0%	151%	3%
Arizona	5%	35%	29%	39%	51%	127%	38%	38%	46%	39%	32%	55%	59%
Arkansas	29%	43%	36%	30%	34%	161%	27%	25%	39%	96%	29%	45%	84%
California	68%	98%	83%	27%	33%	24%	28%	59%	59%	41%	37%	64%	55%
Colorado	84%	114%	96%	143%	103%	383%	95%	119%	86%	80%	99%	122%	113%
Connecticut	140%	147%	125%	95%	121%	97%	111%	83%	101%	86%	464%	119%	118%
Delaware	490%	530%	468%	340%	445%	334%	538%	2%	205%	972%	1%	0%	93%
<b>Florida</b>	<b>11%</b>	<b>59%</b>	<b>53%</b>	<b>52%</b>	<b>68%</b>	<b>21%</b>	<b>71%</b>	<b>24%</b>	<b>30%</b>	<b>34%</b>	<b>40%</b>	<b>54%</b>	<b>62%</b>
Georgia	83%	107%	89%	72%	145%	76%	74%	60%	58%	64%	67%	76%	63%
Hawaii	166%	0%	0%	0%	9%	0%	0%	0%	722%	690%	0%	36%	30%
Idaho	149%	184%	154%	125%	149%	121%	106%	370%	357%	163%	207%	194%	189%
Illinois	34%	56%	48%	46%	62%	40%	77%	67%	89%	83%	83%	96%	92%
Indiana	103%	63%	53%	51%	66%	81%	48%	49%	48%	39%	34%	70%	41%
Iowa	466%	505%	431%	388%	566%	188%	25%	211%	208%	179%	224%	237%	184%
Kansas	41%	61%	375%	298%	62%	62%	90%	186%	178%	69%	78%	97%	86%
Kentucky	86%	113%	96%	376%	298%	208%	156%	119%	121%	122%	174%	148%	155%
Louisiana	49%	70%	50%	77%	105%	74%	216%	73%	307%	368%	156%	150%	174%
Maine	232%	351%	304%	261%	659%	278%	527%	623%	260%	274%	366%	414%	457%
Maryland	0%	140%	4%	46%	68%	136%	46%	40%	35%	48%	56%	14%	102%
Massachusetts	64%	144%	92%	112%	162%	106%	133%	236%	181%	189%	141%	154%	157%
Michigan	94%	94%	80%	80%	116%	90%	101%	77%	77%	74%	101%	104%	111%
Minnesota	585%	537%	130%	99%	140%	111%	154%	132%	123%	113%	265%	156%	148%
Mississippi	57%	90%	77%	152%	216%	167%	165%	183%	214%	194%	202%	247%	234%
Missouri	163%	166%	394%	126%	194%	294%	556%	172%	233%	228%	256%	256%	266%
Montana	177%	219%	187%	52%	367%	193%	244%	201%	152%	157%	188%	247%	303%
Nebraska	344%	362%	813%	674%	422%	1361%	1074%	268%	308%	567%	277%	318%	367%
Nevada	0%	6%	645%	559%	18%	0%	23%	119%	102%	167%	153%	112%	102%
New Hampshire	425%	164%	139%	122%	210%	132%	593%	133%	173%	182%	168%	219%	212%
New Jersey	389%	89%	71%	62%	96%	72%	108%	259%	80%	109%	129%	127%	104%
New Mexico	99%	133%	113%	80%	114%	83%	100%	85%	74%	76%	87%	117%	83%
New York	49%	57%	97%	148%	60%	50%	53%	49%	55%	55%	175%	77%	62%
North Carolina	84%	0%	0%	0%	17%	36%	19%	21%	23%	23%	31%	56%	37%
North Dakota	92%	176%	151%	204%	330%	262%	273%	235%	113%	301%	284%	128%	142%
Ohio	43%	64%	44%	44%	68%	56%	113%	54%	63%	62%	81%	88%	78%
Oklahoma	482%	423%	471%	575%	476%	1042%	447%	369%	341%	360%	410%	466%	452%
Oregon	256%	0%	0%	33%	42%	38%	36%	31%	37%	45%	41%	60%	64%
Pennsylvania	80%	101%	86%	154%	125%	163%	124%	90%	112%	114%	108%	132%	127%
Rhode Island	296%	323%	310%	262%	358%	259%	342%	300%	216%	208%	257%	319%	281%

**Table 4-24**  
**U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs Grants:**  
**States' Per Capita Expenditures as a Percentage of the National Per Capita Expenditure**  
**Federal Fiscal Years 1996 to 2008**

Federal FY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>U.S. Per Cap. Exp.</b>	<b>\$ 1.13</b>	<b>\$ 1.07</b>	<b>\$ 1.25</b>	<b>\$ 1.55</b>	<b>\$ 1.26</b>	<b>\$ 1.65</b>	<b>\$ 1.69</b>	<b>\$ 2.23</b>	<b>\$ 2.20</b>	<b>\$ 2.38</b>	<b>\$ 1.94</b>	<b>\$ 1.89</b>	<b>\$ 2.12</b>
South Carolina	95%	105%	89%	77%	107%	74%	80%	270%	72%	66%	66%	116%	155%
South Dakota	272%	271%	231%	186%	260%	200%	201%	111%	188%	74%	85%	151%	163%
Tennessee	18%	50%	41%	63%	87%	69%	76%	42%	162%	141%	37%	60%	86%
Texas	0%	0%	57%	98%	0%	3%	19%	58%	67%	59%	50%	44%	46%
Utah	230%	53%	45%	14%	84%	67%	68%	45%	61%	54%	48%	68%	63%
Vermont	335%	363%	359%	225%	287%	222%	235%	214%	233%	198%	245%	263%	452%
Virginia	56%	38%	32%	28%	39%	30%	29%	69%	122%	116%	32%	35%	34%
Washington	94%	112%	94%	86%	109%	89%	93%	301%	86%	88%	94%	93%	122%
West Virginia	19%	22%	19%	21%	36%	32%	38%	432%	40%	35%	33%	40%	33%
Wisconsin	128%	122%	92%	136%	211%	152%	124%	187%	297%	282%	133%	154%	172%
Wyoming	179%	229%	195%	95%	283%	221%	230%	175%	89%	109%	93%	123%	186%

Note: The percentages listed in this table were calculated by the Committee staff based on data published in the sources referenced below.

Data Sources:

"Federal Aid to States" annual reports. U.S. Bureau of the Census.

"State Population Estimates" annual estimates, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

**Appendix:**

**Websites of Federal Agencies & Departments**



U.S. Department of Agriculture .....	<a href="http://www.usda.gov/wps/portal/usdahome">www.usda.gov/wps/portal/usdahome</a>
Appalachian Regional Commission .....	<a href="http://www.arc.gov/index.jsp">www.arc.gov/index.jsp</a>
U.S. Department of Commerce.....	<a href="http://www.commerce.gov/">www.commerce.gov/</a>
Corporation for National and Community Service .....	<a href="http://www.nationalservice.gov/">www.nationalservice.gov/</a>
Corporation for Public Broadcasting .....	<a href="http://www.cpb.org/">www.cpb.org/</a>
U.S. Department of Defense .....	<a href="http://www.defenselink.mil/">www.defenselink.mil/</a>
U.S. Department of Education.....	<a href="http://www.ed.gov/index.jhtml">www.ed.gov/index.jhtml</a>
Election Assistance Commission.....	<a href="http://www.eac.gov/index_html1">www.eac.gov/index_html1</a>
U.S. Department of Energy .....	<a href="http://www.energy.gov/">www.energy.gov/</a>
Environmental Protection Agency .....	<a href="http://www.epa.gov/">www.epa.gov/</a>
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.....	<a href="http://www.eeoc.gov/">www.eeoc.gov/</a>
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services .....	<a href="http://www.hhs.gov/">www.hhs.gov/</a>
U.S. Department of Homeland Security .....	<a href="http://www.dhs.gov/index.shtm">www.dhs.gov/index.shtm</a>
Federal Emergency Management Agency .....	<a href="http://www.fema.gov/">www.fema.gov/</a>
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development .....	<a href="http://www.hud.gov/">www.hud.gov/</a>
Institute for Museum and Library Services .....	<a href="http://www.ims.gov/">www.ims.gov/</a>
U.S. Department of Interior .....	<a href="http://www.doi.gov/">www.doi.gov/</a>
U.S. Department of Justice.....	<a href="http://www.justice.gov/">www.justice.gov/</a>
U.S. Department of Labor.....	<a href="http://www.dol.gov/">www.dol.gov/</a>
National Foundation on the Arts and Humanities	
National Endowment for the Arts .....	<a href="http://www.arts.endow.gov/">www.arts.endow.gov/</a>
National Endowment for the Humanities.....	<a href="http://www.neh.gov/">www.neh.gov/</a>

**Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation ..... [www.nw.org/network/home.asp](http://www.nw.org/network/home.asp)**

**Social Security Administration.....[www.ssa.gov/](http://www.ssa.gov/)**

**State Justice Institute.....[www.sji.gov/](http://www.sji.gov/)**

**Tennessee Valley Authority ..... [www.tva.gov/](http://www.tva.gov/)**

**U.S. Department of Transportation ..... [www.dot.gov/new/index.htm](http://www.dot.gov/new/index.htm)**

**U.S. Department of Treasury.....[www.ustreas.gov/](http://www.ustreas.gov/)**

**U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs ..... [www.va.gov/](http://www.va.gov/)**