Florida: An Economic Overview

June 17, 2009

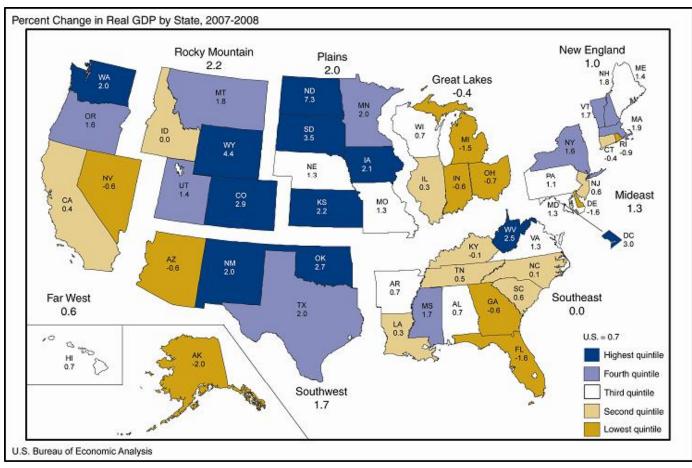
Presented by:



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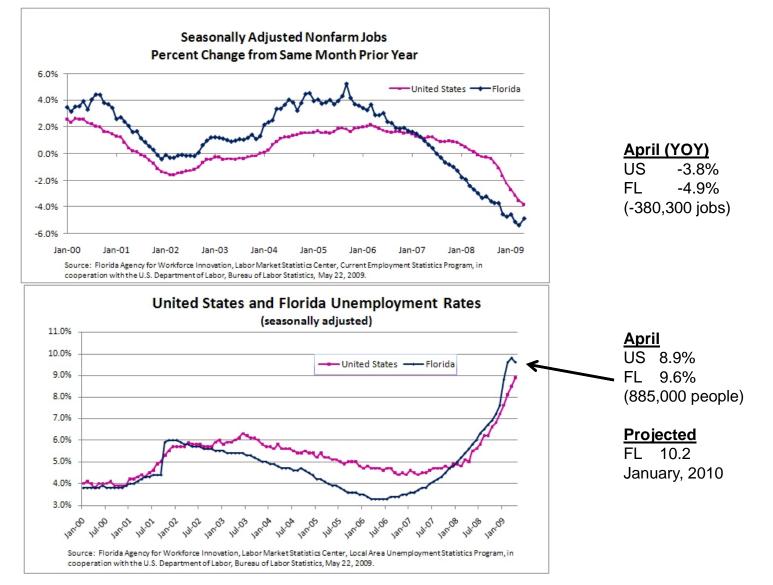
Economy Lost Ground in 2008

• Florida's growth is now declining. State Gross Domestic Product (GDP) ranked us 48th in the nation in real growth with a decline of (-1.6%) in 2008. In 2005, we were ranked 2nd in the nation.



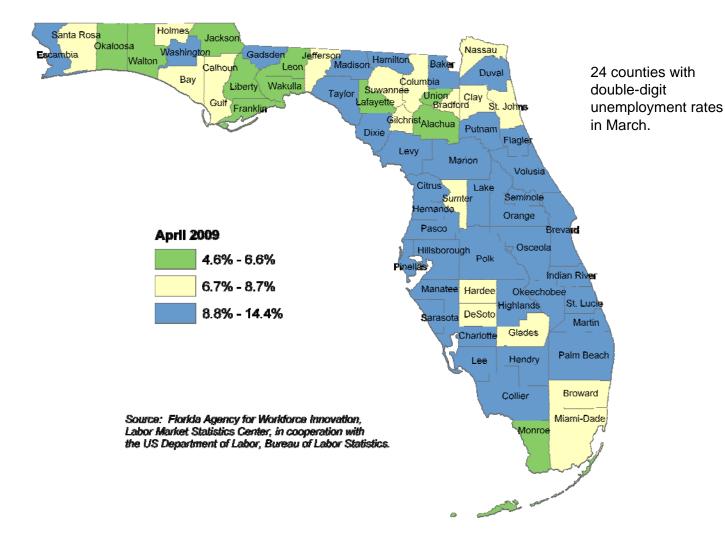


Employment Worsens





Unemployment Rates



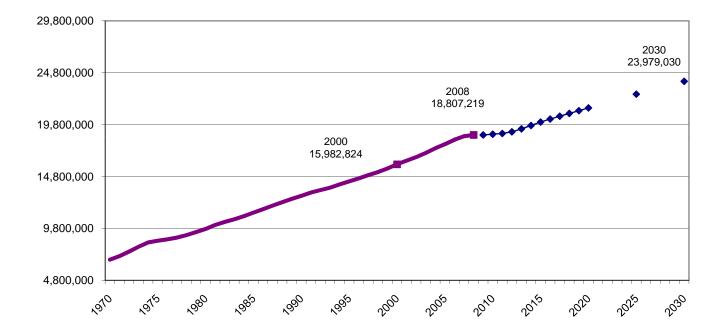


Population Growth Slowing

- Population growth is the state's primary engine of economic growth, fueling both employment and income growth.
- Population growth hovered between 2.0% and 2.6% from the mid 1990's to 2006, then began to slow only reaching 0.7% in 2008. In the short term, population growth is forecast to remain relatively flat averaging 0.4% between 2008 and 2012. Population growth is expected to rebound in the future averaging 1.1% between 2025 and 2030.
- Florida is still on track to break the 20 million mark in 2015, becoming the third most populous state sometime before then – surpassing New York.



Florida's April 1 Population

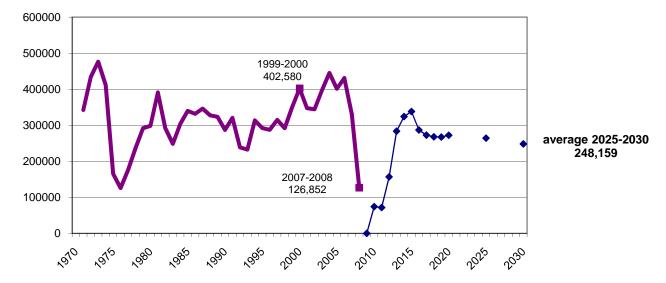


Florida's population:

- was 15,982,824 in 2000
- was 18,807,219 in 2008
- is forecast to grow to 23,979,030 by 2030



Florida's Population Growth



Population increased by:

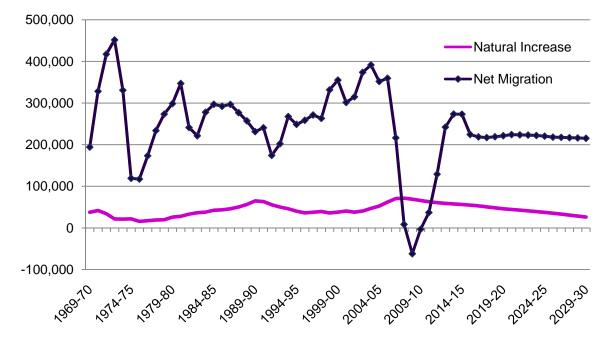
- 445,224 between 2003 and 2004
- 126,852 between 2007 and 2008

Population is forecast to increase on average by:

- -0- between 2008 and 2009
- 74,226 between 2009 and 2010
- 71,705 between 2010 and 2011
- 156,825 between 2011 and 2012
- 283,580 between 2012 and 2013



Population Components



• Typically, most of Florida's population growth is from net migration. However, between 2007 and 2008, net migration represented only 10.5 percent of Florida's population growth.



 In 2030, net migration is forecast to represent 89.2 percent of Florida's population growth.

The Reasons?

- US economy was simultaneously buffeted by three major shocks:
 - Home prices fell at the national level for the first time since the Great Depression (down over 20% from the peak),
 - Financial markets experienced their worst credit crunch since the Great Depression, and
 - The U.S. recession spread globally, causing additional feedback loops.
- Florida has been particularly hit hard by the two housingrelated shocks: home prices and credit tightening.



Recession – Now A Reality

- United States economy has officially been in a recession since December 2007.
- The longest recession now on record and projected to last through September 2009 for a total of 22 months.

Recession 2001	<u>Duration</u> 8 mos	<u>Recession</u> 1960-1961	<u>Duration</u> 10 mos
1990-1991	8 mos	1957-1958	8 mos
1981-1982	16 mos	1953-1954	10 mos
1980	6 mos	1948-1949	11 mos
1973-1975	16 mos	1945	8 mos
1969-1970	11 mos	1937-1938	13 mos

Recessions since the Great Depression



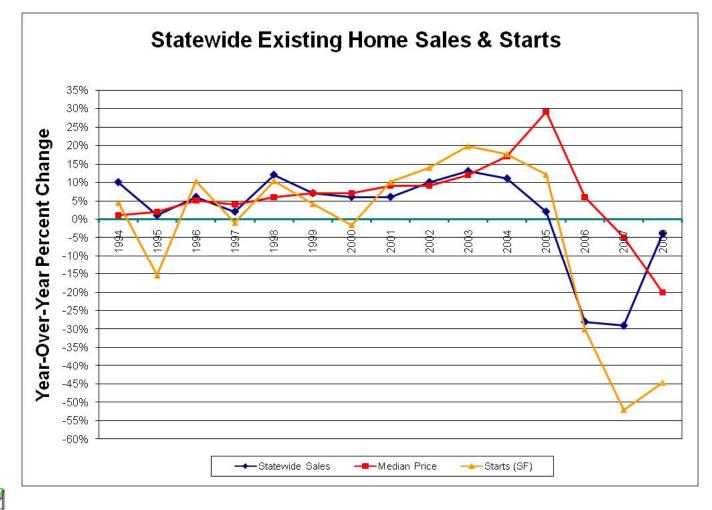
The Economy Will Rebound

By Summer 2010, growth rates will begin a slow return to more typical levels. In the meanwhile...

- The national economic contraction will run its course and, more importantly, the financial markets will recover stability.
- The subsequent turnaround in Florida housing will be led by:
 - Falling home prices that begin to attract buyers and clear the inventory (FL below the national average in March: \$174,900 nationally vs. \$141,300 in Florida...19.2% below)
 - Long-run sustainable demand caused by continued population growth and household formation.
 - Florida's unique demographics and the aging of the babyboom generation.

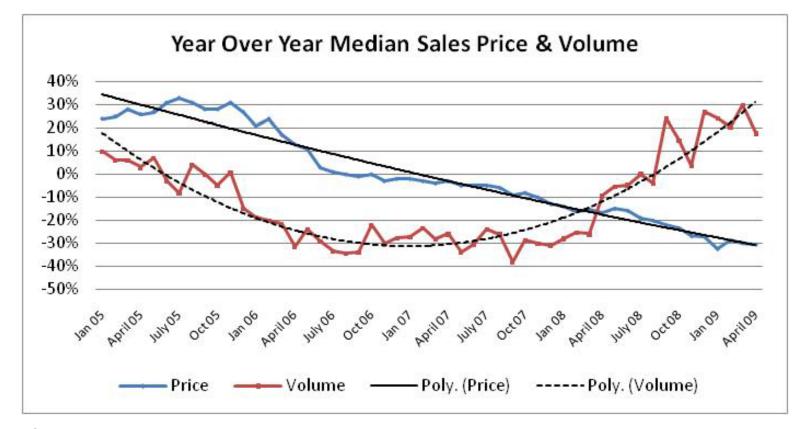


Florida Housing is Improving



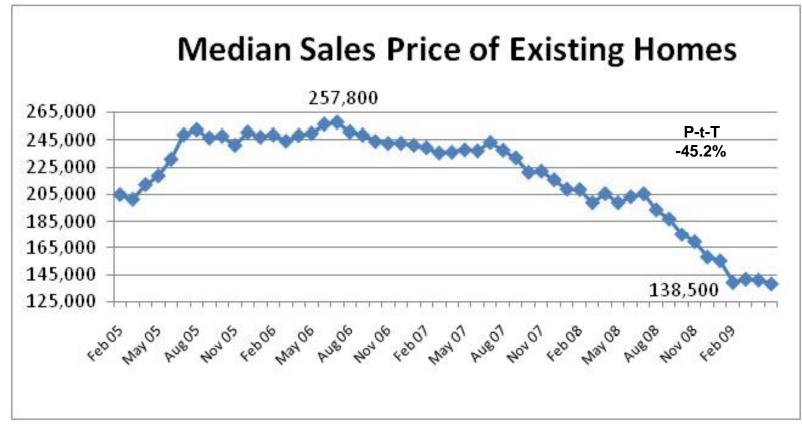


Existing Homes Sales Growing



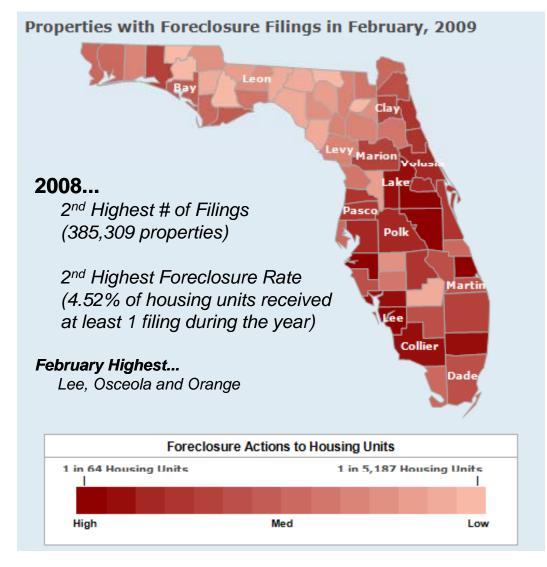


Existing Home Prices Flattening



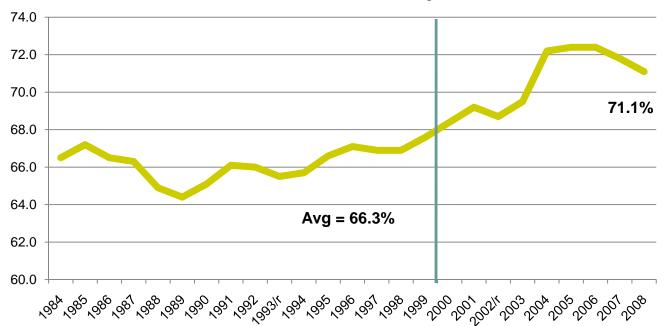


Foreclosure Filings Bottomed?





Vulnerability

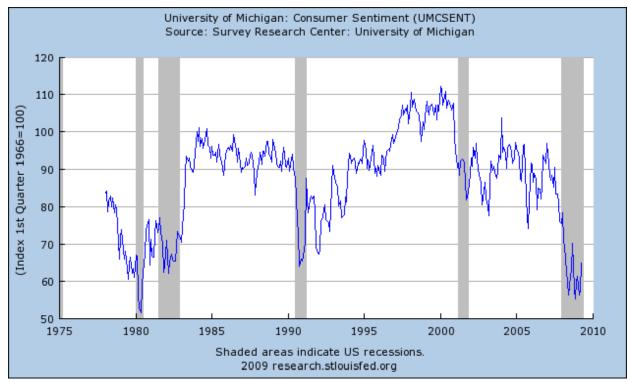


Florida Homeownership Rate

If the 2008 rate dropped immediately back to the long-run average, 359,990 homeowners would be affected and over \$74 billion of value.



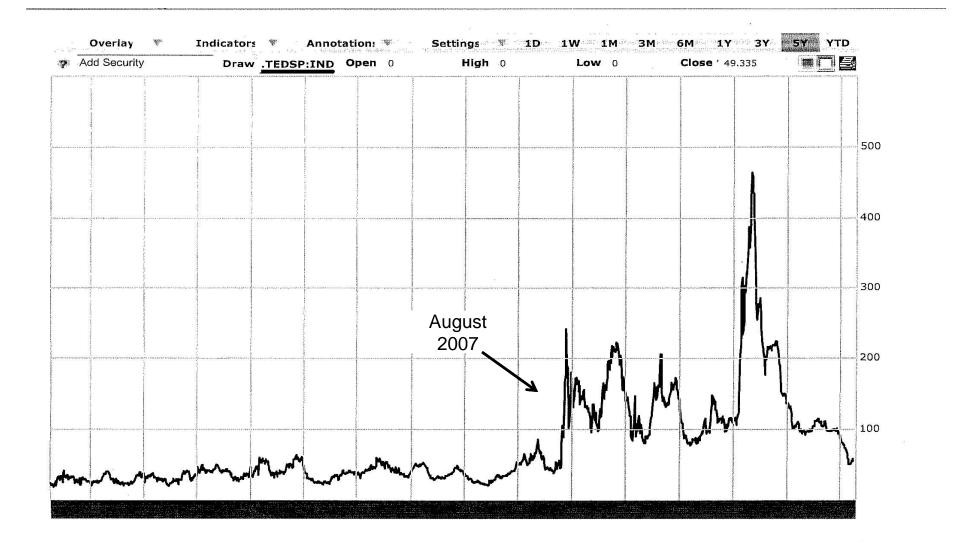
Sentiment is Stabilizing



- Consumer sentiment can be a leading indicator of recession: nationally, it is improving from near the lowest levels ever obtained (65.1 in April versus 51.7 in May 1980).
- Florida's consumer confidence (April: 71 versus record low 59 in June) is following the national trend.



Credit Market Thawing

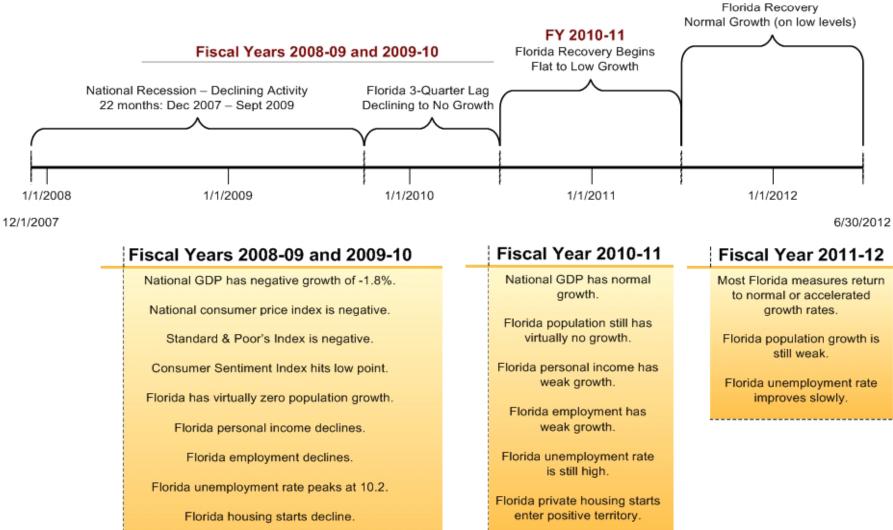


Revenue: Bringing It Together

- Drags are more persistent relative to some past events, and strength will be slow to return.
- Credit Market, while improving, remains sluggish and still above historic norms.
- Global recessionary conditions affect international migration, tourism and spending decisions, as well as exports.
- U.S. Consumers are responding to massive wealth destruction and tighter credit conditions.
- Recovery in the Florida housing market is not anticipated to begin until the latter half of Fiscal Year 2010-11.



Florida Recovery Timeline Spring 2009 Projections



Florida registration of new light vehicles declines.

Florida visitors decline.

FY 2011-12

Lower General Revenue Estimate

	Old	March 2009	Forecast	Percentage	Incremental	
Fiscal Year	Forecast	Forecast	Difference	Reduction	Growth	Growth
2005-06	27074.8	27074.8				8.4%
2006-07	26404.1	26404.1				-2.5%
2007-08	24112.1	24112.1				-8.7%
2008-09	22018.0	20944.6	-1073.4	-4.9%	-3167.5	-13.1%
2009-10	22365.8	19998.4	-2367.4	-10.6%	-946.2	-4.5%
2010-11	24323.1	21091.2	-3231.9	-13.3%	1092.8	5.5%
2011-12	26536.0	23007.9	-3528.1	-13.3%	1916.7	9.1%
2012-13	28556.3	24950.6	-3605.7	-12.6%	1942.7	8.4%

Level does not return to 2005-06 banner year during the forecast horizon.

