## TEACHER SURVEY RESULTS

- Surveys were mailed on March 24, 2000 to 10,919 individuals holding current certifications in one of the following teacher shortage areas: math or computer science, science, exceptional education, or foreign language. A check of public school teachers as of March 1, 2000 indicated that none of the sampled teachers were employed by any of Florida's school districts.
- As of $4 / 18 / 2000,1,974$ surveys had been returned by the Postal Service with undeliverable addresses ( $18.1 \%$ of total). Subtracting these surveys from the number sent leaves an effective sample size of 8,945 potential respondents. Surveys were received from 3,644 of these for a response rate of $40.7 \%$. Of the surveys returned, 322 ( $8.8 \%$ ) were from respondents who had never taught in public school and were dropped from the analysis. 143 respondents ( $3.9 \%$ ) were teaching in a public school when they received the survey, $73(2.0 \%)$ were working in the public schools but not as a teacher, and $763(20.9 \%)$ were teaching but not in a public school in Florida and all of these were also dropped from the analysis. An additional 99 surveys were not processed for a variety of reasons (survey was returned blank, respondent deceased, respondent no longer lives in Florida, etc.) The remaining 2,244 responses were from former teachers and were used in the following analysis.
- Of the former teachers responding, 909 (46.7\%) are not currently working and $844(43.4 \%)$ are working in a non-teaching job. About $6.9 \%$ are furthering their education and $2.9 \%$ are working as a substitute teacher. Respondents holding a certification in exceptional education were more likely to report that they were not currently working (52.3\%).
- "Pregnancy/child rearing" was the main reason reported for leaving teaching ( $\mathrm{n}=552,28.7 \%$ ). "Dissatisfaction with the teaching profession" was the response given by 389 respondents $(20.2 \%)$; a desire for better salary or benefits was given by 274 respondents ( $14.2 \%$ ); and an additional $157(8.2 \%)$ left to pursue another career. Summing these three reasons suggests that nearly $43 \%$ of the former teachers left due to factors related to the teaching profession rather than personal reasons.
- Respondents were asked to mark up to five items (out of eighteen provided on the survey) that would encourage them to return to teaching. "Increased pay" was the most often marked item with $1,361(72.4 \%)$ of the former teachers with valid responses giving this response. "Increased pay" was the most often marked item for three of the four certification groups (science, exceptional education, and foreign language). The salary increase amount most often mentioned was $\$ 10,000$ and the average amount was $\$ 15,545$. Nearly as many respondents marked "Smaller class size" as a factor that would encourage a return to teaching with 1,177 ( $62.6 \%$ ) of the respondents giving this factor. "Fewer disruptive students" was the third most mentioned factor with 998 responses ( $53.1 \%$ of the respondents) followed by "Less paperwork" mentioned by 798 ( $42.4 \%$ of the respondents). "More support from school administration" and "Ability to work part-time" were marked by more than 600 respondents each. The remaining twelve responses were marked by less than $26 \%$ of the respondents. Each of the four certification groups identified the same six top items although the percentages of respondents choosing a particular item varied slightly. For example, 76.4 percent of exceptional education teachers marked "Increased pay" and 74.7 percent of the foreign language teachers gave this response while around $68 \%$ of the other two certification groups chose this item.
- Over 63 percent of the former teachers responding to the survey currently hold one certification ( $\mathrm{n}=1,373$ ) and an additional 624 hold two certifications ( $28.8 \%$ ). The largest certification group is exceptional education, held by 943 of the respondents (29.9\%).
- Nearly 84 percent of the former teachers who responded were female $(\mathrm{n}=1,829)$ and 16 percent were male. Ninety-three percent reported their race as white and 34 percent reported their age as $50-59$. Over 47 percent of the former teachers reported their county of residence as Dade, Broward, Hillsborough, Orange, Palm Beach, Duval, or Pinellas.

Prepared by Office of Economic and Demographic Research, April 18, 2000.

THE FLORIDA SENATE

Dear Former Teacher:
The Florida Senate is in the process of making a series of decisions that will affect the future of the teaching profession in Florida. One of the most important of these decisions is how to address the impending shortage of public school teachers in certain fields. Our plan has three parts: (1) to provide additional incentives for people to enter the teaching profession; (2) to provide additional incentives for our current teachers to continue in the profession; and (3) to provide incentives for former teachers to reenter the profession. Your name has been taken from a list of people with active teaching certificates in one of the fields in which shortages of teachers are predicted. We would like to know what measures might encourage you to resume your teaching career in the public schools. The brief survey included with this letter is designed to help us determine the most effective way of encouraging experienced former teachers back into the profession.

Your anonymous responses to these questions will help us shape public policy and help determine spending on education. However, in order to be useful in this year's appropriations decision-making process, we need to receive your response as soon as possible. Please take a moment now to fill out the form and send it back to us in the enclosed pre-addressed stamped envelope by April $7^{\text {th }}$. Because we will be machine tabulating the responses, please use a number 2 , or softer, pencil to complete the form.

On behalf of the Florida Senate, I appreciate your help in this important issue for the future of Florida school children.

Sincerely,


Locke Burt, Senator
Chairman, Senate Budget Committee


Less emphasis on standardized tests Less pressure to socially promote student

More teacher autonomy

More parental support
More clerical support
More support from school administratior
More control over your classroom
Less paperwork

Safer teaching environment
Fewer disruptive students
More flexible work hours or workdays
More pleasant physical surroundings
Ability to work part-time
Additional benefits

A one-time payment to return to teaching in the public schools

Increased pay

If a one-time payment would encourage you to return--how large
would the payment have to be? $\$$ $\qquad$ $\overline{\text { Yes }}$
$\overline{N o}$
If a salary increase would encourage you to return--How much additional would you need to earn during the nine-month school year? \$ $\qquad$
What is your county of residence?

## RESPONSES FROM ALL FORMER TEACHERS AND BY CERTIFICATION

| CURRENT PROFESSIONAL ACTIVITY | ALL FORMER TEACHERS |  | MATH |  | SCIENCE |  | ESE |  | FOREIGN LANGUAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Substitute teacher | 57 | 2.9\% | 17 | 3.5\% | 11 | 3.0\% | 21 | 2.6\% | 7 | 4.4\% |
| Furthering education/plan to return to teaching | 66 | 3.4\% | 10 | 2.1\% | 10 | 2.7\% | 27 | 3.3\% | 12 | 7.5\% |
| Furthering education/no plans to return to teaching | 69 | 3.5\% | 13 | 2.7\% | 18 | 4.9\% | 32 | 3.9\% | 3 | 1.9\% |
| Working in a non-teaching job | 844 | 43.4\% | 232 | 47.7\% | 178 | 48.0\% | 312 | 38.0\% | 79 | 49.4\% |
| Not currently working | 909 | 46.7\% | 214 | 44.0\% | 154 | 41.5\% | 429 | 52.3\% | 59 | 36.9\% |
| TOTAL | 1,945 | 100.0\% | 486 | 100.0\% | 371 | 100.0\% | 821 | 100.0\% | 160 | 100.0\% |
| Number missing | 299 |  | 59 |  | 74 |  | 122 |  | 30 |  |


| PLANNING TO RETURN TO TEACHING | ALL FORMER TEACHERS |  | MATH |  | SCIENCE |  | ESE |  | FOREIGN LANGUAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Yes | 426 | 19.0\% | 73 | 13.4\% | 76 | 17.1\% | 208 | 22.1\% | 44 | 23.2\% |
| No | 1,818 | 81.0\% | 472 | 86.6\% | 369 | 82.9\% | 735 | 77.9\% | 146 | 76.8\% |
| TOTAL | 2,244 | 100.0\% | 545 | 100.0\% | 445 | 100.0\% | 943 | 100.0\% | 190 | 100.0\% |


| MAIN REASON FOR LEAVING TEACHING | ALL FORMER TEACHERS |  | MATH |  | SCIENCE |  | ESE |  | FOREIGN LANGUAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Family or personal move | 66 | 3.4\% | 12 | 2.5\% | 11 | 3.0\% | 28 | 3.5\% | 6 | 3.9\% |
| Pregnancy/child rearing | 552 | 28.7\% | 118 | 24.6\% | 66 | 18.1\% | 303 | 37.7\% | 24 | 15.6\% |
| Health | 65 | 3.4\% | 23 | 4.8\% | 5 | 1.4\% | 30 | 3.7\% | 7 | 4.5\% |
| To retire | 193 | 10.0\% | 57 | 11.9\% | 51 | 14.0\% | 43 | 5.3\% | 19 | 12.3\% |
| To pursue another career | 157 | 8.2\% | 37 | 7.7\% | 37 | 10.1\% | 54 | 6.7\% | 14 | 9.1\% |
| For better salary or benefits | 274 | 14.2\% | 76 | 15.8\% | 73 | 20.0\% | 87 | 10.8\% | 21 | 13.6\% |
| To take courses to improve career opportunities | 45 | 2.3\% | 7 | 1.5\% | 10 | 2.7\% | 22 | 2.7\% | 3 | 1.9\% |
| School staffing action | 69 | 3.6\% | 13 | 2.7\% | 18 | 4.9\% | 29 | 3.6\% | 11 | 7.1\% |
| Dissatisfied with teaching as a career | 389 | 20.2\% | 107 | 22.3\% | 83 | 22.7\% | 149 | 18.5\% | 38 | 24.7\% |
| Other family or personal reason | 114 | 5.9\% | 30 | 6.3\% | 11 | 3.0\% | 59 | 7.3\% | 11 | 7.1\% |
| TOTAL | 1,924 | 100.0\% | 480 | 100.0\% | 365 | 100.0\% | 804 | 100.0\% | 154 | 100.0\% |
| Number missing | 320 |  | 65 |  | 80 |  | 139 |  | 36 |  |


| FACTORS THAT WOULD ENCOURAGE RESPONDENT TO RETURN TO TEACHING | ALL FORMER TEACHERS |  | MATH |  | SCIENCE |  | ESE |  | FOREIGN LANGUAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of respondents | Percent of respondents | Number of respondents | Percent of respondents | Number of respondents | Percent of respondents | Number of respondents | Percent of respondents | Number of respondents | Percent of respondents |
| Increased pay | 1,361 | 72.4\% | 329 | 67.8\% | 269 | 69.5\% | 579 | 76.4\% | 121 | 74.7\% |
| Smaller class size | 1,177 | 62.6\% | 332 | 68.5\% | 262 | 67.7\% | 436 | 57.5\% | 104 | 64.2\% |
| Fewer disruptive students | 998 | 53.1\% | 333 | 68.7\% | 243 | 62.8\% | 284 | 37.5\% | 101 | 62.3\% |
| Less paperwork | 798 | 42.4\% | 143 | 29.5\% | 115 | 29.7\% | 426 | 56.2\% | 59 | 36.4\% |
| More support from school administration | 652 | 34.7\% | 157 | 32.4\% | 156 | 40.3\% | 269 | 35.5\% | 54 | 33.3\% |
| Ability to work part-time | 616 | 32.7\% | 146 | 30.1\% | 93 | 24.0\% | 292 | 38.5\% | 47 | 29.0\% |
| Less emphasis on standardized tests | 473 | 25.1\% | 133 | 27.4\% | 83 | 21.4\% | 186 | 24.5\% | 26 | 16.0\% |
| More parental support | 419 | 22.3\% | 128 | 26.4\% | 88 | 22.7\% | 144 | 19.0\% | 38 | 23.5\% |
| Safer teaching environment | 392 | 20.8\% | 103 | 21.2\% | 74 | 19.1\% | 157 | 20.7\% | 44 | 27.2\% |
| More control over your classroom | 345 | 18.3\% | 100 | 20.6\% | 74 | 19.1\% | 130 | 17.2\% | 25 | 15.4\% |
| A one-time payment to return to teaching | 339 | 18.0\% | 79 | 16.3\% | 87 | 22.5\% | 143 | 18.9\% | 22 | 13.6\% |
| More flexible work hours or workdays | 316 | 16.8\% | 56 | 11.5\% | 43 | 11.1\% | 165 | 21.8\% | 32 | 19.8\% |
| More teacher autonomy | 288 | 15.3\% | 56 | 11.5\% | 63 | 16.3\% | 125 | 16.5\% | 29 | 17.9\% |
| Additional benefits | 261 | 13.9\% | 63 | 13.0\% | 56 | 14.5\% | 108 | 14.2\% | 27 | 16.7\% |
| Less pressure to socially promote students | 256 | 13.6\% | 114 | 23.5\% | 80 | 20.7\% | 43 | 5.7\% | 20 | 12.3\% |
| Reduction in the number of work hours | 202 | 10.7\% | 54 | 11.1\% | 31 | 8.0\% | 84 | 11.1\% | 24 | 14.8\% |
| More clerical support | 171 | 9.1\% | 23 | 4.7\% | 28 | 7.2\% | 91 | 12.0\% | 15 | 9.3\% |
| More pleasant physical surroundings | 94 | 5.0\% | 22 | 4.5\% | 18 | 4.7\% | 41 | 5.4\% | 9 | 5.6\% |
| TOTAL RESPONSES (Respondent could give up to five responses) | 9,158 |  | 2,371 |  | 1,863 |  | 3,703 |  | 797 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ONE-TIME PAYMENT FOR FORMER TEACHERS ${ }_{\text {a }}$ ALL FORMER TEACHERS |  |  | MATH |  | SCIENCE |  | ESE |  | FOREIGN LANGUAGE |  |
| TO RETURN TO TEACHING <br> \$2,000 or less | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
|  | 21 | 6.9\% | 3 4.3\% |  | 4 4.8\% |  | 9 7.1\% |  | 10.0\% |  |
| \$2,001-\$5,000 | 107 | 35.3\% | 22 31.4\% |  | 26 31.3\% |  | 50 39.7\% |  | $7 \quad 35.0 \%$ |  |
| \$5,001-\$10,000 | 85 | 28.1\% | 19 27.1\% |  | 24 28.9\% |  | 30 23.8\% |  | 6 30.0\% |  |
| \$10,001-\$20,000 | 34 | 11.2\% | 13 18.6\% |  | 10 12.0\% |  | 10 7.9\% |  | 3 15.0\% |  |
| More than \$20,000 | 56 18.5\% |  | 13 18.6\% |  | 19 22.9\% |  | 27 21.4\% |  | 2 10.0\% |  |
| TOTAL* | 303 100.0\% |  | 70 100.0\% |  | 83 100.0\% |  | 126 100.0\% |  | 20 100.0\% |  |
| Number missing | 36 |  | 9 |  | 4 |  | 17 |  | 2 |  |
| Mean | 15,528 |  | \$ 16,550 |  | \$ 18,604 |  | \$ 15,038 |  | \$ 14,720 |  |
| Mode | \$ $\begin{gathered}\text { 5,000 } \\ \\ (\mathrm{n}=79)\end{gathered}$ |  | \$ 5,000 |  | \$ 10,000 |  | \$ $\begin{gathered}\text { ( } \mathrm{n}=35)\end{gathered}$ |  | \$ 10,000 |  |
|  |  |  | ( $\mathrm{n}=15$ ) |  | ( $\mathrm{n}=21$ ) |  |  |  | ( $\mathrm{n}=6$ ) |  |


| SALARY INCREASE TO RETURN TO TEACHING | ALL FORMER TEACHERS |  | MATH |  | SCIENCE |  | ESE |  | FOREIGN LANGUAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| \$2,000 or less | 18 | 1.6\% | 3 | 1.1\% | 5 | 2.2\% | 8 | 1.8\% | 1 | 1.0\% |
| \$2,001-\$5,000 | 229 | 20.7\% | 48 | 18.0\% | 35 | 15.1\% | 108 | 23.9\% | 22 21.4\% |  |
| \$5,001-\$10,000 | 413 | 37.3\% | 102 | 38.2\% | 76 32.8\% |  | 169 | 37.4\% | 47 45.6\% |  |
| \$10,001-\$15,000 | 130 | 11.8\% | 33 | 12.4\% | 37 15.9\% |  | 43 9.5\% |  | 15 14.6\% |  |
| \$15,001-\$20,000 | 121 | 10.9\% | 32 12.0\% |  | 28 12.1\% |  | 53 11.7\% |  | 5 4.9\% |  |
| More than \$20,000 | 195 | 17.6\% | 49 18.4\% |  | 51 22.0\% |  | 71 15.7\% |  | 13 12.6\% |  |
| TOTAL* | 1,106 | 100.0\% | 267 100.0\% |  | 232 100.0\% |  | 452 100.0\% |  | 103 100.0\% |  |
| Number missing | 255 |  | 62 |  | 37 |  | 127 |  | 18 |  |
| Mean | \$ 15,545 |  | \$ 15,626 |  | \$ 17,752 |  | \$ 14,944 |  | \$ 13,859 |  |
| Mode | \$ 10,000 |  | \$ 10,000 |  | \$ $\begin{gathered}10,000 \\ (n=52)\end{gathered}$ |  | \$ 10,000 |  | \$ 10,000 |  |
|  | ( $\mathrm{n}=279$ ) |  | ( $\mathrm{n}=74$ ) |  |  |  | ( $\mathrm{n}=109$ ) |  | ( $\mathrm{n}=31$ ) |  |


| NUMBER OF CURRENT CERTIFICATIONS | ALL FORMER TEACHERS |  | MATH |  | SCIENCE |  | ESE |  | FOREIGN LANGUAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| One | 1,373 | 63.3\% | 342 | 62.8\% | 265 | 59.6\% | 522 | 55.4\% | 117 | 61.6\% |
| Two | 624 | 28.8\% | 149 | 27.3\% | 133 | 29.9\% | 319 | 33.8\% | 54 | 28.4\% |
| Three | 164 | 7.6\% | 47 | 8.6\% | 40 | 9.0\% | 96 | 10.2\% | 17 | 8.9\% |
| Four | 7 | 0.3\% | 6 | 1.1\% | 5 | 1.1\% | 4 | 0.4\% | 1 | 0.5\% |
| Five | 2 | 0.1\% | 1 | 0.2\% | 2 | 0.4\% | 2 | 0.2\% | 1 | 0.5\% |
| TOTAL | 2,170 | 100.0\% | 545 | 100.0\% | 445 | 100.0\% | 943 | 100.0\% | 190 | 100.0\% |
| Number missing | 74 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| CURRENT CERTIFICATIONS | ALL FORMER TEACHERS |  | MATH |  | SCIENCE |  | ESE |  | FOREIGN LANGUAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Elementary | 535 | 17.0\% | 95 | 11.7\% | 49 | 7.2\% | 312 | 21.2\% | 22 | 7.8\% |
| Math/Computer Science | 545 | 17.3\% | 545 | 67.3\% | 60 | 8.8\% | 20 | 1.4\% | 7 | 2.5\% |
| Science | 445 | 14.1\% | 60 | 7.4\% | 445 | 65.3\% | 15 | 1.0\% | 3 | 1.1\% |
| Exceptional education | 943 | 29.9\% | 20 | 2.5\% | 15 | 2.2\% | 943 | 64.0\% | 12 | 4.3\% |
| Foreign language | 190 | 6.0\% | 7 | 0.9\% | 3 | 0.4\% | 12 | 0.8\% | 190 | 67.4\% |
| Vocational education | 37 | 1.2\% | 19 | 2.3\% | 13 | 1.9\% | 3 | 0.2\% | 2 | 0.7\% |
| Other | 456 | 14.5\% | 64 | 7.9\% | 96 | 14.1\% | 169 | 11.5\% | 46 | 16.3\% |
| TOTAL (Respondent could give multiple responses) | 3,151 | 100.0\% | 810 | 100.0\% | 681 | 100.0\% | 1,474 | 100.0\% | 282 | 100.0\% |


| GENDER | ALL FORMER TEACHERS |  | MATH |  | SCIENCE |  | ESE |  | FOREIGN LANGUAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Female | 1,829 | 83.7\% | 411 | 75.7\% | 290 | 65.3\% | 889 | 94.5\% | 161 | 86.1\% |
| Male | 356 | 16.3\% | 132 | 24.3\% | 154 | 34.7\% | 52 | 5.5\% | 26 | 13.9\% |
| TOTAL | 2,185 | 100.0\% | 543 | 100.0\% | 444 | 100.0\% | 941 | 100.0\% | 187 | 100.0\% |
| Number missing | 59 |  | 2 |  | 1 |  | 2 |  | 3 |  |


| RACE | ALL FORMER TEACHERS |  | MATH |  | SCIENCE |  | ESE |  | FOREIGN LANGUAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| White | 2,004 | 93.0\% | 493 | 91.5\% | 403 | 92.0\% | 875 | 94.5\% | 163 | 89.1\% |
| Black | 76 | 3.5\% | 26 | 4.8\% | 19 | 4.3\% | 23 | 2.5\% | 7 | 3.8\% |
| Other | 74 | 3.4\% | 20 | 3.7\% | 16 | 3.7\% | 28 | 3.0\% | 13 | 7.1\% |
| TOTAL | 2,154 | 100.0\% | 539 | 100.0\% | 438 | 100.0\% | 926 | 100.0\% | 183 | 100.0\% |
| Number missing | 90 |  | 6 |  | 7 |  | 17 |  | 7 |  |


| AGE | ALL FORMER TEACHERS |  | MATH |  | SCIENCE |  | ESE |  | FOREIGN LANGUAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| 20-29 | 166 | 7.6\% | 40 | 7.4\% | 30 | 6.8\% | 74 | 7.9\% | 8 | 4.3\% |
| 30-39 | 602 | 27.6\% | 131 | 24.2\% | 102 | 23.0\% | 307 | 32.7\% | 43 | 23.0\% |
| 40-49 | 649 | 29.7\% | 150 | 27.7\% | 114 | 25.7\% | 322 | 34.3\% | 52 | 27.8\% |
| 50-59 | 743 | 34.0\% | 216 | 39.9\% | 194 | 43.7\% | 230 | 24.5\% | 80 | 42.8\% |
| 60 and older | 23 | 1.1\% | 4 | 0.7\% | 4 | 0.9\% | 6 | 0.6\% | 4 | 2.1\% |
| TOTAL | 2,183 | 100.0\% | 541 | 100.0\% | 444 | 100.0\% | 939 | 100.0\% | 187 | 100.0\% |
| Number missing | 61 |  | 4 |  | 1 |  | 4 |  | 3 |  |


| HISPANIC ORIGIN | ALL FORMER TEACHERS |  | MATH |  | SCIENCE |  | ESE |  | FOREIGN LANGUAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Hispanic | 135 | 7.1\% | 29 | 6.3\% | 17 | 4.5\% | 44 | 5.4\% | 44 | 25.3\% |
| Not Hispanic | 1,759 | 92.9\% | 435 | 93.8\% | 365 | 95.5\% | 766 | 94.6\% | 130 | 74.7\% |
| TOTAL | 1,894 | 100.0\% | 464 | 100.0\% | 382 | 100.0\% | 810 | 100.0\% | 174 | 100.0\% |
| Number missing | 350 |  | 81 |  | 63 |  | 133 |  | 16 |  |

## COUNTY OF RESIDENCE

| ALL FORMER TEACHERS |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| County | Number | Percent |
| Dade | 182 | $8.5 \%$ |
| Broward | 163 | $7.7 \%$ |
| Hillsborough | 138 | $6.5 \%$ |
| Orange | 138 | $6.5 \%$ |
| Palm Beach | 135 | $6.3 \%$ |
| Duval | 128 | $6.0 \%$ |
| Pinellas | 126 | $5.9 \%$ |
| Seminole | 94 | $4.4 \%$ |
| Brevard | 89 | $4.2 \%$ |
| Leon | 78 | $3.7 \%$ |
| Volusia | 75 | $3.5 \%$ |
| Polk | 76 | $3.6 \%$ |
| Alachua | 56 | $2.6 \%$ |
| Escambia | 54 | $2.5 \%$ |
| St. Johns | 41 | $1.9 \%$ |
| All other | 557 | $26.2 \%$ |
| TOTAL | 2,130 | $100.0 \%$ |
|  |  |  |
| Number missing | 114 |  |


| MATH |  |  | SCIENCE |  |  | EXCEPTIONAL EDUCATION |  |  | FOREIGN LANGUAGE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| County | Number | Percent | County | Number | Percent | County | Number | Percent | County | Number | Percent |
| Broward | 43 | 8.4\% | Orange | 33 | 7.8\% | Dade | 83 | 9.2\% | Dade | 26 | 14.3\% |
| Hillsborough | 42 | 8.2\% | Broward | 31 | 7.3\% | Pinellas | 70 | 7.8\% | Palm Beach | 15 | 8.2\% |
| Dade | 36 | 7.0\% | Dade | 29 | 6.8\% | Broward | 63 | 7.0\% | Hillsborough | 13 | 7.1\% |
| Palm Beach | 31 | 6.0\% | Hillsborough | 27 | 6.4\% | Duval | 60 | 6.7\% | Duval | 12 | 6.6\% |
| Duval | 30 | 5.8\% | Palm Beach | 22 | 5.2\% | Orange | 60 | 6.7\% | Broward | 11 | 6.0\% |
| Seminole | 28 | 5.4\% | Duval | 21 | 4.9\% | Palm Beach | 59 | 6.5\% | Orange | 11 | 6.0\% |
| Brevard | 27 | 5.3\% | Pinellas | 20 | 4.7\% | Hillsborough | 55 | 6.1\% | Seminole | 10 | 5.5\% |
| Orange | 26 | 5.1\% | Seminole | 20 | 4.7\% | Brevard | 41 | 4.6\% | Brevard | 8 | 4.4\% |
| Pinellas | 25 | 4.9\% | Polk | 19 | 4.5\% | Leon | 35 | 3.9\% | Leon | 8 | 4.4\% |
| Volusia | 19 | 3.7\% | Volusia | 19 | 4.5\% | Polk | 33 | 3.7\% | Escambia | 7 | 3.8\% |
| Leon | 17 | 3.3\% | Leon | 18 | 4.2\% | Seminole | 31 | 3.4\% | Volusia | 7 | 3.8\% |
| Polk | 17 | 3.3\% | Escambia | 17 | 4.0\% | Volusia | 25 | 2.8\% | Lee | 6 | 3.3\% |
| Escambia | 14 | 2.7\% | Alachua | 16 | 3.8\% | Lee | 23 | 2.6\% | Pinellas | 6 | 3.3\% |
| Alachua | 13 | 2.5\% | Brevard | 12 | 2.8\% | Escambia | 21 | 2.3\% | Martin | 5 | 2.7\% |
| St. Johns | 10 | 1.9\% | Lake | 7 | 1.6\% | Pasco | 21 | 2.3\% | Polk | 5 | 2.7\% |
| All other | 136 | 26.5\% | All other | 114 | 26.8\% | All other | 221 | 24.5\% | All other | 32 | 17.6\% |
| TOTAL | 514 | 100.0\% | TOTAL | 425 | 100.0\% | TOTAL | 901 | 100.0\% | TOTAL | 182 | 100.0\% |
| Number missing | 31 |  | Number missing | 20 |  | Number missing | 42 |  |  | 8 |  |

[^0]
[^0]:    Prepared by Office of Economic and Demographic Research, April 18, 2000.

